



Controls, Start-Up, Operation, Service and Troubleshooting

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment. Untrained personnel can perform the basic maintenance functions of replacing filters. Trained service personnel should perform all other operations.

When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply. Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguishers available for all brazing operations.

⚠ WARNING

Before performing service or maintenance operation on unit turn off and lock off main power switch to unit. Electrical shock can cause personal injury and death. Shut off all power to this equipment during installation and service. The unit may have an internal non-fused disconnect or a field-installed disconnect. Note that the unit may also be equipped with a convenience outlet, that this outlet is wired to the line side of the unitmounted disconnect and will remain hot when the disconnect in the unit is off. There is a separate fuse/ disconnect for the convenience outlet.

⚠ CAUTION

Puron® refrigerant (R-410A) systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on Puron refrigerant equipment. If service equipment is not rated for Puron refrigerant, equipment damage or personal injury may result.

A CAUTION

This unit uses a microprocessor-based electronic control system. *Do not* use jumpers or other tools to short out components or to bypass or otherwise depart from recommended procedures. Any short-to-ground of the control board or accompanying wiring may destroy the electronic modules or electrical components.

↑ WARNING

- Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury, or loss of life. Refer to the User's Information Manual provided with this unit for more details.
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

What to do if you smell gas:

- 1. DO NOT try to light any appliance.
- 2. DO NOT touch any electrical switch, or use any phone in your building.
- 3. IMMEDIATELY call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier call the fire department.

⚠ WARNING

DO NOT USE TORCH to remove any component. System contains oil and refrigerant under pressure.

To remove a component, wear protective gloves and goggles and proceed as follows:

- a. Shut off electrical power to unit.
- b. Recover refrigerant to relieve all pressure from system using both high-pressure and low pressure ports.
- c. Traces of vapor should be displaced with nitrogen and the work area should be well ventilated. Refrigerant in contact with an open flame produces toxic
- d. Cut component connection tubing with tubing cutter and remove component from unit. Use a pan to catch any oil that may come out of the lines and as a gage for how much oil to add to the system.
- e. Carefully unsweat remaining tubing stubs when necessary. Oil can ignite when exposed to torch flame.

Failure to follow these procedures may result in personal injury or death.

A CAUTION

DO NOT re-use compressor oil or any oil that has been exposed to the atmosphere. Dispose of oil per local codes and regulations. DO NOT leave refrigerant system open to air any longer than the actual time required to service the equipment. Seal circuits being serviced and charge with dry nitrogen to prevent oil contamination when timely repairs cannot be completed. Failure to follow these procedures may result in damage to equipment.

GENERAL

This book contains Start-Up, Controls Operation, Troubleshooting and Service information for the 48/50A Series rooftop units. See Table 1. These units are equipped with *Comfort*Link controls.

Use this guide in conjunction with the separate installation instructions packaged with the unit. Refer to the Wiring Diagrams literature for more detailed wiring information.

Table 1 — A Series Product Line

UNIT	APPLICATION
48AJ	CV Unit with Gas Heat, Vertical Supply
48AK	VAV Units with Gas Heat, Vertical Supply
48AW	CV Unit with Gas Heat, Horizontal Supply
48AY	VAV Unit with Gas Heat, Horizontal Supply
48A2	CV Unit with Gas Heat, Vertical Supply with MCHX Coil
48A3	VAV Unit with Gas Heat, Vertical Supply with MCHX Coil
48A4	CV Unit with Gas Heat, Horizontal Supply with MCHX Coil
48A5	VAV Unit with Gas Heat, Horizontal Supply with MCHX Coil
50AJ	CV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Vertical Supply
50AK	VAV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Vertical Supply
50AW	CV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Horizontal Supply
50AY	VAV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Horizontal Supply
50A2	CV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Vertical Supply with MCHX Coil
50A3	VAV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Vertical Supply with MCHX Coil
50A4	CV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Horizontal Supply with MCHX Coil
50A5	VAV Unit with Optional Electric Heat, Horizontal Supply with MCHX Coil

LEGEND

Constant Volume

MCHX — Microchannel Heat Exchanger
VAV — Variable Air Volume

1012

3

The A Series units provide ventilation, cooling, and heating (when equipped) in variable air volume (VAV), variable volume and temperature (VVT®), and constant volume (CV) applications. The A Series units contain the factory-installed ComfortLink control system which provides full system management. The main base board (MBB) stores hundreds of unit configuration settings and 8 time of day schedules. The MBB also performs self diagnostic tests at unit start-up, monitors the operation of the unit, and provides alarms and alert information. The system also contains other optional boards that are connected to the MBB through the Local Equipment Network (LEN). Information on system operation and status are sent to the MBB processor by various sensors and optional boards that are located at the unit. Access to the unit controls for configuration, set point selection, schedule creation, and service can be done through a unit-mounted scrolling marquee. Access can also be done through the Carrier Comfort Network® (CCN) system using the ComfortVIEWTM software, the accessory NavigatorTM handheld display, or the System PilotTM interface.

The *Comfort*Link system controls all aspects of the rooftop. It controls the supply-fan motor, compressors, and economizers to maintain the proper temperature conditions. The controls also cycle condenser fans to maintain suitable head pressure. All VAV units are equipped with a standard VFD (variable frequency drive) for supply fan speed control and supply duct pressure control. The ComfortLink controls adjust the speed of the VFD based on a static pressure sensor input. Constant volume (CV) units can be equipped with optional VFD for staged air volume (SAVTM) control. The indoor fan will operate at low speed for energy savings and high speed when required. In addition, the *Comfort*Link controls can raise or lower the building pressure using multiple power exhaust fans controlled from economizer damper position or from a building pressure sensor. The control safeties are continuously monitored to ensure safe operation under all conditions. Sensors include suction pressure transducers, discharge pressure transducers, and saturated condensing temperature sensors which allow for display of operational pressures and saturation temperatures.

A scheduling function, programmed by the user, controls the unit occupied/unoccupied schedule. Up to 8 different schedules can be programmed.

The controls also allow the service person to operate a quick test so that all the controlled components can be checked for proper operation.

Conventions Used in This Manual — The following conventions for discussing configuration points for the local display (scrolling marquee or Navigator accessory) will be

Point names will be written with the Mode name first, then any sub-modes, then the point name, each separated by an arrow symbol (\rightarrow) . Names will also be shown in bold and italics. As an example, the IAQ Economizer Override Position which is located in the Configuration mode, Indoor Air Quality Configuration sub-mode, and the Air Quality Set Points sub-sub-mode, would be written as *Configuration*→ $IAQ \rightarrow IAQ.SP \rightarrow IQ.O.P$. A list of point names can be found in Appendix A.

This path name will show the user how to navigate through the local display to reach the desired configuration. The user would scroll through the modes and submodes using the and keys. The arrow symbol in the path name represents pressing ENTER to move into the next level of the menu structure.

When a value is included as part of the path name, it will be shown at the end of the path name after an equals sign. If the value represents a configuration setting, an explanation will be shown in parentheses after the value. As an example, Configuration $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow IQ.AC = 1$ (IAQ Analog Input).

Pressing the ESCAPE and ENTER keys simultaneously at any time will display an expanded text description of the four-character point name. The expanded description is shown in the local display tables (Appendix A).

The CCN point names are also referenced in the local display tables for users configuring the unit with CCN software instead of the local display. The CCN tables are located in Appendix B of this manual.

BASIC CONTROL USAGE

ComfortLink Controls — The *Comfort*Link control system is a comprehensive unit-management system. The control system is easy to access, configure, diagnose and trouble-shoot.

The control is flexible, providing two types of constant volume cooling control sequences, two variable air volume cooling control sequences, and heating control sequences for two-stage electric and gas systems, and for multiple-stage gas heating, in both Occupied and Unoccupied schedule modes. This control also manages:

- VAV duct pressure (through optional VFD), with reset
- Building pressure through two different power exhaust schemes
- Condenser fan cycling for mild ambient head pressure control
- Space ventilation control, in Occupied and Unoccupied periods, using CO₂ sensors or external signals, with ventilation defined by damper position
- Smoke control functions
- Occupancy schedules
- Occupancy or start/stop sequences based on third party signals
- Alarm status and history and run time data
- Management of a complete unit service test sequence

System diagnostics are enhanced by the use of multiple external sensors for air temperatures, air pressures, refrigerant temperatures, and refrigerant pressures. Unit-mounted actuators provide digital feedback data to the unit control.

The *Comfort*Link control system is fully communicating and cable-ready for connection to the Carrier Comfort Network® (CCN) building management system. The control provides high-speed communications for remote monitoring via the Internet. Multiple units can be linked together (and to other *Comfort*Link control equipped units) using a 3-wire communication bus.

The *Comfort*Link control system is easy to access through the use of a unit-mounted display module. There is no need to bring a separate computer to this unit for start-up. Access to control menus is simplified by the ability to quickly select from 11 menus. A scrolling readout provides detailed explanations of control information. Only four, large, easy-to-use buttons are required to maneuver through the entire controls menu.

For added service flexibility, an accessory hand-held Navigator module is also available. This portable device has an extended communication cable that can be plugged into the unit's communication network either at the main control box or at the opposite end of the unit, at a remote modular plug. The Navigator display provides the same menu structure, control access and display data as is available at the unit-mounted scrolling marquee display.

Scrolling Marquee — This device is the standard interface used to access the control information, read sensor values, and test the unit. The scrolling marquee is located in the main control box. The scrolling marquee display is a 4-key, 4-character LED (light-emitting diode) display module. The display also contains an Alarm Status LED. See Fig. 1. The display is easy to operate using 4 buttons and a group of 11 LEDs that

indicate the following menu structures, referred to as modes (see Appendix A):

- Run Status
- Service Test
- Temperatures
- Pressures
- Set points
- Inputs
- Outputs
- Configuration
- Timeclock
- Operating Modes
- Alarms

Through the scrolling marquee, the user can access all of the inputs and outputs to check on their values and status, configure operating parameters plus evaluate the current decision status for operating modes. Because the A Series units are equipped with suction pressure and saturated condensing temperature transducers, the scrolling marquee can also display refrigerant circuit pressures typically obtained from service gages. The control also includes an alarm history which can be accessed from the display. In addition, through the scrolling marquee, the user can access a built-in test routine that can be used at start-up commissioning to diagnose operational problems with the unit.

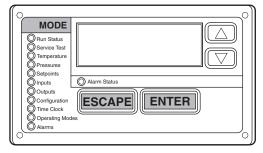


Fig. 1 — Scrolling Marquee

Accessory NavigatorTM Display — The accessory hand-held Navigator display can be used with the A Series units. See Fig. 2. The Navigator display operates the same way as the scrolling marquee device. The Navigator display is plugged into the RJ-14 (LEN) jack in the main control box on the COMM board. The Navigator display can also be plugged into the RJ-14 jack located on the ECB (economizer control board) located in the auxiliary control box.



Fig. 2 — Accessory Navigator Display

Operation — All units are shipped from the factory with the scrolling marquee display, which is located in the main control box. See Fig. 1. In addition, the *Comfort*Link controls also support the use of the handheld Navigator display.

Both displays provide the user with an interface to the *Comfort*Link control system. The displays have and and arrow keys, an ESCAPE key and an ENTER key. These keys are used to navigate through the different modes of the display structure. The Navigator and the scrolling marquee displays operate in the same manner, except that the Navigator display has multiple lines of display and the scrolling marquee has a single line. All further discussions and examples in this document will be based on the scrolling marquee display. See Table 2 for the menu structure.

The four keys are used to navigate through the display structure, which is organized in a tiered mode structure. If the buttons have not been used for a period, the display will default to the AUTO VIEW display category as shown under the RUN STATUS category. To show the top-level display, press the ESCAPE key until a blank display is shown. Then use the and arrow keys to scroll through the top-level categories (modes). These are listed in Appendix A and will be indicated on the scrolling marquee by the LED next to each mode listed on the face of the display.

When a specific mode or sub-mode is located, push the ENTER key to enter the mode. Depending on the mode, there may be additional tiers. Continue to use the A and very keys and the ENTER keys until the desired display item is found. At any time, the user can move back a mode level by pressing the ESCAPE key. Once an item has been selected the display will flash showing the item, followed by the item value and then followed by the item units (if any).

Items in the Configuration and Service Test modes are password protected. The display will flash PASS and WORD when required. Use the <u>ENTER</u> and arrow keys to enter the four digits of the password. The default password is 1111.

Pressing the ESCAPE and ENTER keys simultaneously will scroll an expanded text description across the display indicating the full meaning of each display point. Pressing the ESCAPE and ENTER keys when the display is blank (MODE LED level) will return the display to its default menu of rotating AUTO VIEW display items. In addition, the password will need to be entered again before changes can be made.

Changing item values or testing outputs is accomplished in the same manner. Locate and display the desired item. If the display is in rotating auto-view, press the ENTER key to stop the display at the desired item. Press the ENTER key again so that the item value flashes. Use the arrow keys to change the value of state of an item and press the ENTER key to accept it. Press the ESCAPE key and the item, value or units display will resume. Repeat the process as required for other items.

If the user needs to force a variable, follow the same process as when editing a configuration parameter. A forced variable will be displayed with a blinking "f" following its value. For example, if supply fan requested (*FAN.F*) is forced, the display shows "YESf", where the "f" is blinking to signify a force on the point. Remove the force by selecting the point that is forced with the ENTER key and then pressing the and arrow keys simultaneously.

Depending on the unit model, factory-installed options and field-installed accessories, some of the items in the various Mode categories may not apply.

System PilotTM Interface — The System Pilot (33PILOT-01) device is a component of Carrier's 3VTM system and serves as a user-interface and configuration tool for all Carrier communicating devices. The System Pilot device can be used to install and commission a 3V zoning system, linkage compatible air source, universal controller, and all other devices operating on the CCN system.

Additionally, the System Pilot device can serve as a wall-mounted temperature sensor for space temperature measurement. The occupant can use the System Pilot device to change set points. A security feature is provided to limit access of features for unauthorized users. See Fig. 3 for System Pilot details

CCN Tables and Display — In addition to the unit-mounted scrolling marquee display, the user can also access the same information through the CCN tables by using the Service Tool or other CCN programs. Details on the CCN tables are summarized in Appendix B. The variable names used for the CCN tables and the scrolling marquee tables may be different and more items are displayed in the CCN tables. As a reference, the CCN variable names are included in the scrolling marquee tables and the scrolling marquee names are included in the local display tables in Appendix B.

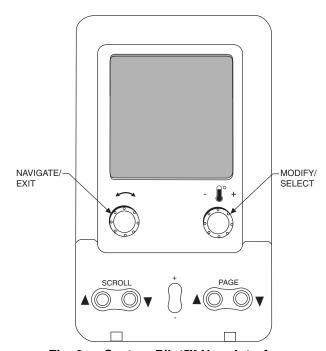


Fig. 3 — System Pilot™ User Interface

Table 2 — Scrolling Marquee Menu Display Structure (*Comfort*Link Display Modes)

RUN STATUS	SERVICE TEST	TEMPERATURES	PRESSURES	SETPOINTS	INPUTS	OUTPUTS	CONFIGURATION	TIME CLOCK	OPERATING MODES	ALARMS
Auto View of Run Status (VIEW)	Service Test Mode (TEST)	Air Temperatures (AIR.T) ↓	Air Pressures (AIR.P) ↓	Occupied Heat Setpoint (OHSP)	General Inputs (GEN.I) ↓	Fans (FANS)	Unit Configuration (UNIT) ↓	Time of Day (TIME) ↓	System Mode (SYS.M)	Currently Active Alarms (CURR)
Econ Run Status (ECON)	Software Command Disable (STOP)	Refrigerant Temperatures (REF.T)	Refrigerant Pressures (REF.P)	Occupied Cool Setpoint (OCSP)	Compressor Feedback (FD.BK) ↓	Cooling (COOL)	Cooling Configuration (COOL)	Month, Date, Day and Year (DATE) ↓	HVAC Mode (HVAC) ↓	Reset All Current Alarms
Cooling Information (COOL)	Soft Stop Request (S.STP)			Unoccupied Heat Setpoint (UHSP)	Thermostat Inputs (STAT) ↓	Heating (HEAT)	Evap/Discharge Temp. Reset (EDT.R)	Local Time Schedule (SCH.L)	Control Type (CTRL) ↓	(R.CUR) ↓ Alarm
↓ Mode Trip Helper (TRIP) ↓	↓ Supply Fan Request (FAN.F) ↓			Unoccupied Cool Setpoint (UCSP)	Fire-Smoke Modes (FIRE) ↓	(ECON) ↓ General Outputs	↓ Heating Configuration (HEAT) ↓	Local Holiday Schedules (HOL.L)	Mode Controlling Unit (MODE)	History (HIST)
CCN Linkage (LINK) ↓	4 in. Filter Change Mode (F.4.CH)			Heat - Cool Setpoint (GAP)	Relative Humidity (REL.H)	(GEN.O)	Supply Static Press. Config. (SP)	Daylight Savings Time (DAY.S)		
Compressor Run Hours (HRS)	Test Independent Outputs (INDP)			VAV Occ Cool On (V.C.ON)	Air Quality Sensors (AIR.Q) ↓		Economizer Configuration (ECON)			
Compressor Starts (STRT)	Test Fans (FANS) ↓			VAV Occ Cool Off (V.C.OF)	(RSET) ↓ 4-20 Milliamp		Building Press. Configs (BP) ↓			
Timeguards (TMGD) ↓	Test Cooling (COOL) ↓ Test Heating			Supply Air Setpoint (SASP)	Inputs (4-20)		Cool/Heat Setpt. Offsets (D.LV.T)			
Software Version Numbers (VERS)	(HEAT)			Supply Air Setpoint Hi (SA.HI)			Demand Limit Config. (DMD.L)			
				Supply Air Setpoint Lo (SA.LO)			Indoor Air Quality Cfg. (IAQ) ↓			
				Heating Supply Air Setpoint (SA.HT)			Dehumidification Config. (DEHU) ↓			
				Tempering Purge SASP (T.PRG) ↓			CCN Configuration (CCN) ↓			
				Tempering in Cool SASP (T.CL) ↓			Alert Limit Config. (ALLM) ↓			
				Tempering in Vent Occ SASP (T.V.OC)			Sensor Trim Config. (TRIM) ↓			
				Tempering in Vent Unocc. SASP (T.V.UN)			Switch Logic (SW.LG)			
							Display Configuration (DISP)			

GENERICS STATUS DISPLAY TABLE — The GENERICS points table allows the service/installer the ability to create a custom table in which up to 20 points from the 5 CCN categories (Points, Config, Service-Config, Set Point, and Maintenance) may be collected and displayed.

In the Service-Config table section, there is a table named "generics." This table contains placeholders for up to 20 CCN point names and allows the user to decide which points are displayed in the GENERICS points table under the local display. Each one of these placeholders allows the input of an 8-character ASCII string. Using a CCN interface, enter the Edit mode for the Service-Config table "generics" and enter the CCN name for each point to be displayed in the custom points table in the order they will be displayed. When done entering point names, download the table to the rooftop unit control.

IMPORTANT: The computer system software (ComfortVIEWTM, Service Tool, etc.) that is used to interact with CCN controls always saves a template of items it considers as static (e.g., limits, units, forcibility, 24-character text strings, and point names) after the software uploads the tables from a control. Thereafter, the software is only concerned with run time data like value and hardware/force status. With this in mind, it is important that anytime a change is made to the Service-Config table "generics" (which in turn changes the points contained in the GENERICS point table), that a complete new upload be performed. This requires that any previous table database be completely removed first. Failure to do this will not allow the user to display the new points that have been created and the CCN interface will have a different table database than the unit control.

START-UP

IMPORTANT: Do not attempt to start unit, even momentarily, until all items on the Start-Up Checklist and the following steps have been completed.

Unit Preparation — Check that unit has been installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.

Unit Setup — Make sure that the economizer hoods have been installed and that the outdoor filters are properly installed.

Internal Wiring — Ensure that all electrical connections in the control box are tightened as required. If the unit has staged gas heat make sure that the leaving air temperature (LAT) sensors have been routed to the supply ducts as required.

Accessory Installation — Check to make sure that all accessories including space thermostats and sensors have been installed and wired as required by the instructions and unit wiring diagrams.

Crankcase Heaters — Crankcase heaters are energized as long as there is power to the unit, except when the compressors are running.

IMPORTANT: Unit power must be on for 24 hours prior to start-up of compressors. Otherwise damage to compressors may result.

Evaporator Fan — Fan belt and fixed pulleys are factory-installed. See Tables 3-38 for fan performance. Remove tape from fan pulley, and be sure that fans rotate in the proper direction. See Table 39 for motor limitations. See Tables 40A and 40B for air quantity limits. Static pressure drop for power exhaust is negligible. To alter fan performance, see Evaporator Fan Performance Adjustment section on page 131.

Controls — Use the following steps for the controls:

IMPORTANT: The unit is shipped with the unit control disabled. To enable the control, set Local Machine Disable (*Service Test—STOP*) to No.

- Set any control configurations that are required (fieldinstalled accessories, etc.). The unit is factory configured for all appropriate factory-installed options.
- Enter unit set points. The unit is shipped with the set point default values. If a different set point is required use the scrolling marquee, NavigatorTM accessory or Service Tool software to change the configuration valves.
- 3. If the internal unit schedules are going to be used configure the Occupancy schedule.
- 4. Verify that the control time periods programmed meet current requirements.
- Using Service Test mode, verify operation of all major components.
- 6. If the unit is a VAV unit make sure to configure the VFD static pressure set point using the display. To checkout the VFD use the VFD instructions shipped with the unit.

Gas Heat — Verify gas pressure before turning on gas heat as follows:

- 1. Turn off field-supplied manual gas stop, located external to the unit.
- 2. Connect pressure gages to supply gas tap, located at field-supplied manual shutoff valves.
- Connect pressure gages to manifold pressure tap on unit gas valve.
- 4. Supply gas pressure must not exceed 13.5 in. wg. Check pressure at field-supplied shut-off valve.
- 5. Turn on manual gas stop and initiate a heating demand. Jumper R to W1 in the control box to initiate heat.
- 6. Use the Service Test procedure to verify heat operation.
- 7. After the unit has run for several minutes, verify that incoming pressure is 6.0 in. wg or greater and that the manifold pressure is 3.5 in wg. If manifold pressure must be adjusted refer to Gas Valve Adjustment section.

Table 3 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK020,025 and 48A2,A3020 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTER	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0.	.2	0	.4	0.	.6	0.	.8	1.	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	328	0.62	406	0.84	472	1.07	529	1.30	580	1.54	626	1.78	668	2.02	708	2.27	745	2.51	780	2.76
5,000	369	0.97	439	1.19	500	1.43	554	1.69	604	1.95	650	2.21	692	2.48	731	2.74	769	3.01	804	3.28
6,000	415	1.43	477	1.65	533	1.90	584	2.17	631	2.45	676	2.73	717	3.01	756	3.30	793	3.59	828	3.88
7,000	463	2.01	519	2.25	570	2.50	618	2.78	662	3.06	704	3.36	744	3.65	782	3.96	818	4.27	852	4.58
7,500	488	2.36	541	2.60	590	2.86	636	3.13	679	3.42	720	3.72	759	4.02	796	4.33	832	4.65	866	4.96
8,000	513	2.74	564	2.98	611	3.24	655	3.52	697	3.81	737	4.11	775	4.42	811	4.74	846	5.06	879	5.38
9,000	564	3.61	612	3.87	655	4.13	696	4.42	735	4.71	772	5.02	808	5.33	843	5.65	876	5.98	909	6.32
10,000	616	4.64	661	4.91	701	5.18	739	5.47	776	5.77	811	6.08	845	6.40	878	6.72	909	7.06	940	7.40
11,000	669	5.84	711	6.11	749	6.40	785	6.69	819	6.99	852	7.30	884	7.63	915	7.96	945	8.30	975	8.65
12,000	723	7.20	762	7.49	798	7.78	831	8.08	864	8.39	895	8.71	925	9.04	955	9.37	984	9.72	1012	10.07
12,500	750	7.95	788	8.25	823	8.54	855	8.85	887	9.16	917	9.48	947	9.81	976	10.15	1004	10.49	1031	10.84
13,000	777	8.75	814	9.05	848	9.35	880	9.66	910	9.97	940	10.30	969	10.63	997	10.97	1024	11.31	1051	11.67

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	RESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3.	4	3	.6	3.	.8	4.	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	814	3.01	845	3.26	876	3.51	905	3.76	934	4.02	961	4.28	987	4.54	1013	4.80	1038	5.06	1062	5.32
5,000	837	3.55	869	3.82	900	4.10	929	4.37	958	4.64	985	4.92	1012	5.20	1038	5.48	1063	5.76	1087	6.04
6,000	861	4.17	893	4.46	923	4.76	953	5.05	981	5.35	1009	5.65	1036	5.94	1062	6.24	1087	6.54	1111	6.84
7,000	885	4.89	917	5.20	947	5.51	977	5.83	1005	6.14	1033	6.46	1059	6.78	1085	7.09	1110	7.41	1135	7.73
7,500	898	5.28	930	5.61	960	5.93	989	6.25	1017	6.58	1045	6.90	1071	7.23	1097	7.56	1122	7.88	1147	8.21
8,000	912	5.71	943	6.04	973	6.37	1002	6.70	1030	7.04	1057	7.37	1083	7.71	1109	8.04	1134	8.38	1159	8.72
9,000	940	6.66	970	7.00	999	7.35	1028	7.69	1055	8.04	1082	8.39	1109	8.75	1134	9.10	1159	9.45	1183	9.81
10,000	971	7.75	1000	8.10	1028	8.46	1056	8.82	1083	9.18	1109	9.54	1135	9.91	1160	10.28	1185	10.65	_	_
11,000	1004	9.00	1032	9.36	1059	9.73	1086	10.09	1112	10.46	1138	10.84	1163	11.22	1188	11.60	_	_	_	_
12,000	1039	10.42	1066	10.79	1093	11.16	1119	11.53	1144	11.91	1169	12.30	1193	12.68	_	_	_	_	_	_
12,500	1058	11.20	1085	11.57	1110	11.94	1136	12.32	1161	12.70	1185	13.09	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
13,000	1077	12.03	1103	12.40	1129	12.77	1154	13.15	1178	13.54	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Table 4 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK027,030 and 48A2,A3025-030 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0.	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1.	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	331	0.63	408	0.85	474	1.08	531	1.31	581	1.55	627	1.79	670	2.03	709	2.28	746	2.52	781	2.77
5,000	374	0.98	443	1.20	503	1.45	558	1.70	607	1.96	653	2.23	695	2.49	734	2.76	771	3.03	806	3.30
6,000	421	1.45	482	1.68	538	1.93	589	2.20	636	2.47	680	2.75	721	3.04	759	3.33	796	3.62	831	3.91
7,000	471	2.04	526	2.28	576	2.54	623	2.81	668	3.10	710	3.39	749	3.69	787	4.00	823	4.31	857	4.62
8,000	522	2.78	572	3.03	619	3.29	662	3.57	704	3.86	743	4.16	781	4.47	817	4.79	851	5.11	885	5.44
9,000	574	3.66	621	3.92	664	4.19	704	4.47	743	4.77	780	5.08	815	5.40	850	5.72	883	6.05	915	6.39
10,000	628	4.71	671	4.97	711	5.25	748	5.54	784	5.84	819	6.15	853	6.47	885	6.81	917	7.14	948	7.49
11,000	682	5.91	722	6.19	759	6.48	795	6.77	828	7.08	861	7.40	893	7.72	924	8.06	954	8.40	983	8.75
12,000	736	7.30	774	7.59	809	7.88	842	8.18	874	8.49	905	8.82	935	9.15	965	9.48	993	9.83	1021	10.19
13,000	791	8.86	827	9.16	860	9.46	891	9.78	922	10.09	951	10.42	979	10.75	1007	11.10	1034	11.45	1061	11.80
14,000	846	10.61	880	10.93	912	11.24	941	11.56	970	11.88	998	12.21	1025	12.56	1052	12.90	1078	13.26	1103	13.62
15,000	902	12.56	934	12.89	964	13.21	992	13.54	1020	13.87	1046	14.21	1072	14.55	1098	14.91	1122	15.26	1147	15.63

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3.	.8	4	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	815	3.02	847	3.27	877	3.52	906	3.77	935	4.03	962	4.29	988	4.55	1014	4.81	1039	5.07	1063	5.33
5,000	839	3.57	871	3.84	902	4.11	931	4.39	960	4.66	987	4.94	1014	5.22	1039	5.50	1064	5.78	1089	6.06
6,000	864	4.20	896	4.49	926	4.79	956	5.08	984	5.38	1012	5.68	1038	5.97	1064	6.27	1089	6.57	1114	6.87
7,000	890	4.93	921	5.24	951	5.55	980	5.87	1009	6.18	1036	6.50	1063	6.82	1088	7.14	1114	7.45	1138	7.77
8,000	917	5.76	948	6.09	977	6.42	1006	6.76	1034	7.09	1061	7.43	1088	7.76	1113	8.10	1138	8.43	1163	8.77
9,000	946	6.73	976	7.07	1005	7.42	1033	7.76	1061	8.11	1088	8.46	1114	8.82	1139	9.17	1164	9.52	1188	9.88
10,000	978	7.84	1007	8.19	1035	8.55	1063	8.91	1089	9.27	1116	9.63	1141	10.00	1166	10.37	1191	10.74	_	I —
11,000	1012	9.10	1040	9.47	1067	9.83	1094	10.20	1120	10.57	1145	10.95	1170	11.33	1195	11.71	_	_	_	l —
12,000	1048	10.54	1075	10.91	1102	11.28	1127	11.66	1152	12.04	1177	12.42	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —
13,000	1087	12.17	1113	12.54	1138	12.91	1163	13.30	1187	13.68	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	I —
14,000	1128	13.98	1153	14.36	1177	14.74	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	I —
15,000	1171	16.00	1194	16.38	_	_		_	_	_	_					_				

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower edb — Entering Dry Bulb ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

3. Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

Table 5 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK,A2,A3035 Units

								AVAILAB	LE EXTI	RNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wo	J)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	2.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	534	2.46	584	2.80	630	3.13	674	3.48	716	3.82	756	4.16	793	4.50	829	4.83	863	5.17	896	5.49
8,000	590	3.27	635	3.63	677	3.99	718	4.35	757	4.72	794	5.08	830	5.45	864	5.81	897	6.18	929	6.54
9,000	646	4.23	687	4.62	726	5.00	764	5.38	800	5.76	835	6.15	869	6.54	902	6.93	934	7.31	964	7.70
10,000	704	5.35	742	5.77	778	6.17	812	6.57	846	6.97	879	7.38	911	7.78	942	8.19	972	8.60	1002	9.01
10,500	733	5.97	769	6.40	804	6.82	837	7.23	870	7.64	902	8.05	933	8.46	963	8.88	992	9.30	1021	9.72
11,000	762	6.63	797	7.08	830	7.51	863	7.93	894	8.35	925	8.77	955	9.19	984	9.62	1013	10.04	1041	10.47
12,000	820	8.09	853	8.56	884	9.01	915	9.46	944	9.90	973	10.34	1001	10.78	1029	11.22	1056	11.66	1083	12.10
13,000	879	9.72	909	10.22	939	10.70	968	11.17	996	11.63	1023	12.09	1050	12.55	1076	13.01	1102	13.46	1127	13.92
14,000	938	11.54	967	12.07	995	12.58	1022	13.07	1048	13.55	1074	14.03	1099	14.51	1124	14.98	1149	15.46	1173	15.93
15,000	997	13.56	1024	14.11	1051	14.64	1076	15.16	1102	15.67	1126	16.17	1150	16.66	1174	17.16	1197	17.65	1220	18.14
16,000	1056	15.78	1082	16.35	1107	16.91	1132	17.45	1156	17.98	1179	18.50	1202	19.02	1225	19.53	1247	20.04	1269	20.55
17,000	1116	18.20	1140	18.80	1164	19.38	1188	19.95	1210	20.50	1233	21.05	1255	21.58	1276	22.11	1298	22.64	l —	l —
17,500	1145	19.49	1170	20.10	1193	20.70	1216	21.28	1238	21.84	1260	22.40	1282	22.94	_	_	_	_	l —	l —

								AVAILAB	LE EXTI	RNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wg	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	927	5.81	956	6.13	985	6.45	1012	6.76	1039	7.06	1065	7.37	1090	7.67	1114	7.97	1138	8.26	1161	8.56
8,000	960	6.89	989	7.25	1018	7.60	1045	7.94	1072	8.29	1098	8.63	1122	8.96	1147	9.29	1170	9.62	1193	9.95
9,000	994	8.09	1023	8.47	1051	8.85	1078	9.23	1104	9.61	1130	9.98	1155	10.35	1179	10.71	1203	11.08	1226	11.44
10,000	1030	9.42	1058	9.82	1085	10.23	1112	10.64	1138	11.04	1163	11.44	1188	11.84	1212	12.24	1235	12.64	1258	13.03
10,500	1049	10.14	1077	10.56	1103	10.97	1129	11.39	1155	11.81	1180	12.23	1204	12.64	1228	13.05	1251	13.46	1274	13.87
11,000	1069	10.90	1095	11.33	1122	11.76	1147	12.18	1173	12.61	1197	13.04	1221	13.47	1245	13.89	1268	14.31	1291	14.73
12,000	1109	12.55	1135	13.00	1160	13.44	1185	13.89	1209	14.34	1233	14.79	1256	15.24	1279	15.69	_	_	_	l —
13,000	1152	14.38	1176	14.84	1200	15.31	1224	15.77	1248	16.24	1271	16.70	1293	17.17	_	_	l —	_	_	l —
14,000	1196	16.41	1220	16.88	1243	17.36	1266	17.84	1288	18.32	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —
15,000	1243	18.63	1265	19.12	1287	19.61	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	l — I	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —
16,000	1290	21.06	l —	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	l —
17,000	_	l —	l —	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	l —
17,500	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_		_	_	_	_	

Table 6 — Fan Performance — 48AJ, AK036 Units

AUDE: 6W				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	454	2.15	508	2.52	557	2.90	605	3.29	650	3.69
8,000	502	2.90	550	3.30	596	3.71	639	4.12	680	4.54
9,000	552	3.81	595	4.24	637	4.67	677	5.11	715	5.55
10,000	602	4.89	642	5.34	680	5.80	717	6.26	752	6.73
11,000	653	6.15	689	6.62	725	7.11	759	7.59	792	8.08
12,000	704	7.60	738	8.09	771	8.60	803	9.11	834	9.63
13,000	756	9.24	788	9.76	818	10.29	848	10.83	878	11.36
14,000	808	11.10	838	11.64	867	12.19	895	12.74	922	13.30
15,000	861	13.18	888	13.74	915	14.31	942	14.88	968	15.46
16,000	914	15.49	940	16.06	965	16.65	990	17.24	1015	17.85
17,000	967	18.03	991	18.62	1015	19.23	1039	19.85	1062	20.47
17,500	993	19.40	1017	20.00	1040	20.61	1064	21.24	1086	21.87

				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1.	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	693	4.09	734	4.52	773	4.95	811	5.39	847	5.83
8,000	720	4.97	759	5.40	796	5.85	832	6.31	867	6.77
9,000	752	6.00	788	6.45	823	6.92	857	7.39	890	7.87
10,000	787	7.20	821	7.67	854	8.16	886	8.64	917	9.14
11,000	825	8.58	856	9.07	887	9.57	918	10.08	947	10.59
12,000	865	10.14	895	10.66	924	11.18	952	11.71	980	12.24
13,000	906	11.90	935	12.44	962	12.99	989	13.53	1016	14.08
14,000	950	13.87	976	14.43	1002	15.00	1028	15.57	1053	16.14
15,000	994	16.05	1019	16.63	1044	17.22	1068	17.81	1093	18.40
16,000	1039	18.45	1063	19.06	1087	19.67	1110	20.28	1133	20.89
17,000	1086	21.09	1109	21.72	1131	22.35	1153	22.98	1175	23.61
17,500	1109	22.50	1131	23.14	1154	23.78	1175	24.42	1197	25.07

4 I D E I 6 I I I				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	881	6.29	914	6.74	946	7.21	977	7.68	1006	8.15
8,000	901	7.24	933	7.72	965	8.20	995	8.69	1024	9.19
9,000	923	8.35	954	8.85	985	9.35	1014	9.86	1043	10.37
10,000	948	9.64	978	10.15	1007	10.66	1036	11.19	1064	11.71
11,000	976	11.11	1005	11.63	1033	12.16	1061	12.70	1088	13.24
12,000	1008	12.77	1035	13.31	1062	13.86	1088	14.41	1114	14.97
13,000	1042	14.64	1068	15.19	1093	15.76	1118	16.32	1143	16.89
14,000	1078	16.71	1103	17.28	1127	17.86	1151	18.45	1174	19.03
15,000	1116	19.00	1140	19.59	1163	20.19	1186	20.79	1208	21.40
16,000	1156	21.51	1178	22.12	1200	22.74	1222	23.36	1244	23.98
17,000	1197	24.25	1218	24.89	1240	25.52	1261	26.17	1281	26.81
17,500	1218	25.71	1239	26.36	1260	27.00	1280	27.66		-

11051 011				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	3.	.2	3	.4	3.	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	1035	8.63	1062	9.11	1089	9.60	1115	10.09	1140	10.58
8,000	1053	9.69	1081	10.19	1108	10.70	1134	11.21	1159	11.73
9,000	1072	10.89	1099	11.41	1126	11.94	1152	12.47	1177	13.00
10,000	1092	12.25	1119	12.78	1145	13.33	1171	13.88	1196	14.43
11,000	1114	13.79	1140	14.34	1166	14.90	1191	15.46	1216	16.03
12,000	1139	15.53	1164	16.09	1189	16.67	1213	17.24	1237	17.83
13,000	1167	17.47	1191	18.05	1215	18.64	1238	19.23	1262	19.82
14,000	1198	19.63	1221	20.22	1244	20.82	1266	21.43	1288	22.04
15,000	1230	22.00	1253	22.62	1274	23.23	1296	23.85	_	_
16,000	1265	24.61	1286	25.24	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,500	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower

edb — Entering Dry Bulb

ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Watts = Motor efficiency

NOTES:

1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 7 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK,A2,A3040 Units

Ram Bhp Rpm					AVAILABI	E EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURI	(in. wa)			
					0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4			2.0
10,000 1000 2000 2000 21.00 21.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 11.00 22.00 22.00 11.00 22.00	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	502 2.90 552 3.81 602 4.89 653 6.15 704 7.60 756 9.24 808 11.10 861 13.18 914 15.49	550 3.30 595 4.24 642 5.34 689 6.62 738 8.09 788 9.76 838 11.64 888 13.74 940 16.06	596 3.71 637 4.67 680 5.80 725 7.11 771 8.60 818 10.29 867 12.19 915 14.31 965 16.65	639 4.12 677 5.11 717 6.26 759 7.59 803 9.11 848 10.83 895 12.74 942 14.88 990 17.24	680 4.54 715 5.55 752 6.73 792 8.08 834 9.63 878 11.36 922 13.30 968 15.46 1015 17.85	720 4.97 752 6.00 787 7.20 825 8.58 865 10.14 906 11.90 950 13.87 994 16.05 1039 18.45	759 5.40 788 6.45 821 7.67 856 9.07 895 10.66 935 12.44 976 14.43 1019 16.63 1063 19.06	796 5.85 823 6.92 854 8.16 887 9.57 924 11.18 962 12.99 1002 15.00 1044 17.22 1087 19.67	832 6.31 857 7.39 886 8.64 918 10.08 952 11.71 989 13.53 1028 15.57 1068 17.81 1110 20.28	Rpm Bhp 867 6.77 890 7.87 917 9.14 947 10.59 980 12.24 1016 14.08 1053 16.14 1093 18.40 1133 20.89 1175 23.61
AIRFLOW	18,000 19,000 20,000	1020 20.82 1073 23.87	1043 21.43 1095 24.50	1066 22.06 1117 25.14	1088 22.69 1138 25.79 1188 29.15	1111 23.33 1159 26.44 — —	1133 23.97 1180 27.11 — —	1155 24.62 1201 27.77 — —	1176 25.27	1197 25.92	1219 26.58
					2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4			4.0 Rpm Bhp
AIRFLOW (Cfm) Rpm Bhp	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000	901 7.24 923 8.35 948 9.64 976 11.11 1008 12.77 1042 14.64 1078 16.71 1116 19.00 1156 21.51 1197 24.25	933 7.72 954 8.85 978 10.15 1005 11.63 1035 13.31 1068 15.19 1103 17.28 1140 19.59 1178 22.12 1218 24.89	965 8.20 985 9.35 1007 10.66 1033 12.16 1062 13.86 1093 15.76 1163 20.19 1200 22.74 1240 25.52	995 8.69 1014 9.86 1036 11.19 1061 12.70 1088 14.41 1118 16.32 1151 18.45 1186 20.79 1222 23.36	1024 9.19 1043 10.37 1064 11.71 1088 13.24 1114 14.97 1143 16.89 1174 19.03 1208 21.40 1244 23.98	1053 9.69 1072 10.89 1092 12.25 1114 13.79 1139 15.53 1167 17.47 1198 19.63 1230 22.00 1265 24.61	1081 10.19 1099 11.41 1119 12.78 1140 14.34 1164 16.09 1191 18.05 1221 20.22 1253 22.62 1286 25.24	1108 10.70 1126 11.94 1145 13.33 1166 14.90 1189 16.67 1215 18.64 1244 20.82 1274 23.23	1134 11.21 1152 12.47 1171 13.88 1191 15.46 1213 17.24 1238 19.23 1266 21.43 1296 23.85	1159 11.73 1177 13.00 1196 14.43 1216 16.03 1237 17.83 1262 19.82 1288 22.04 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
AIRFLOW				Table 8 –	- Fan Perf	ormance -	— 48AJ,AK	041 Units			
Room			0.2	1 0					.8	1 1	.0
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp 4.54
1.4	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000	552 602 653 704 756 808 861 914 967 1020 1073	3.81 4.89 6.15 7.60 9.24 11.10 13.18 15.49 18.03 20.82 23.87	595 642 689 738 788 838 888 940 991 1043 1095	4.24 5.34 6.62 8.09 9.76 11.64 13.74 16.06 18.62 21.43 24.50	637 680 725 771 818 867 915 965 1015 1066	4.67 5.80 7.11 8.60 10.29 12.19 14.31 16.65 19.23 22.06	677 717 759 803 848 895 942 990 1039 1088 1138	5.11 6.26 7.59 9.11 10.83 12.74 14.88 17.24 19.85 22.69 25.79	715 752 792 834 878 922 968 1015 1062 1111	5.55 6.73 8.08 9.63 11.36 13.30 15.46 17.85 20.47 23.33 26.44
Rym Bhp Rym			1.2	1					.8	2	.0
Right Righ	8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000	Rpm 720 752 787 825 865 906 950 994 1039 1086 1133	8hp 4.97 6.00 7.20 8.58 10.14 11.90 13.87 16.05 18.45 21.09 23.97	759 788 821 856 895 935 976 1019 1063 1109 1155	5.40 6.45 7.67 9.07 10.66 12.44 14.43 16.63 19.06 21.72 24.62	Rpm 796 823 854 887 924 962 1002 1044 1087 1131	8hp 5.85 6.92 8.16 9.57 11.18 12.99 15.00 17.22 19.67 22.35 25.27	Rpm 832 857 886 918 952 989 1028 1068 1110 1153 1197	8hp 6.31 7.39 8.64 10.08 11.71 13.53 15.57 17.81 20.28 22.98 25.92	867 890 917 947 980 1016 1053 1093 1133 1175	Bhp 6.77 7.87 9.14 10.59 12.24 14.08 16.14 18.40 20.89 23.61 26.58
8,000 901 7.24 933 7.72 965 8.20 995 8.69 1024 9,000 923 8.35 954 8.85 985 9.35 1014 9.86 1043 10,000 948 9.64 978 10.15 1007 10.66 1036 11.19 1064 11,000 976 11.11 1005 11.63 1033 12.16 1061 12.70 1088 12.000 1008 12.77 1035 13.31 1062 13.86 1088 14.41 1114 13,000 1042 14.64 1068 15.19 1093 15.76 1118 16.32 1143 14,000 1078 16.71 1103 17.28 1127 17.86 1151 18.45 1174 15,000 1116 19.00 1140 19.59 1163 20.19 1186 20.79 1208 16,000 1156 21.51 1178 22.12 1200 22.74 1222 23.36 1244 17,000 1239 27.24 1260 27.89 1280 28.55 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					AVAILAE	LE EXTERNAL :	OTATIO DEFOULE	= (:)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm) 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.8 4.0 Rpm Rpm Bhp R							2.6	2			
(Cfm) 3.2 3.4 3.5 3.8 4.0 8,000 1053 9.69 1081 10.19 1108 10.70 1134 11.21 1159 9,000 1072 10.89 1099 11.41 1126 11.94 1152 12.47 1177 10,000 1092 12.25 1119 12.78 1145 13.33 1171 13.88 196 11,000 1114 13.79 1140 14.34 1166 14.90 1191 15.46 1216 12,000 1139 15.53 1164 16.09 1189 16.67 1213 17.24 1237 13,000 1167 17.47 1191 18.05 1215 18.64 1238 19.23 1262 14,000 1198 19.63 1221 20.22 1244 20.82 1266 21.43 1288 15,000 1230 22.00 1253 22.62 1274 23.23 1296 </th <th>9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000</th> <th>901 923 948 976 1008 1042 1078 1116 1156 1197 1239</th> <th>8hp 7.24 8.35 9.64 11.11 12.77 14.64 16.71 19.00 21.51 24.25 27.24</th> <th>Rpm 933 954 978 1005 1035 1068 1103 1140 1178 1218</th> <th>8hp 7.72 8.85 10.15 11.63 13.31 15.19 17.28 19.59 22.12 24.89 27.89</th> <th>Rpm 965 985 1007 1033 1062 1093 1127 1163 1200 1240 1280</th> <th>2.6 Bhp 8.20 9.35 10.66 12.16 13.86 15.76 17.86 20.19 22.74 25.52 28.55</th> <th>995 1014 1036 1061 1088 1118 1151 1186 1222 1261</th> <th>8.69 9.86 11.19 12.70 14.41 16.32 18.45 20.79 23.36 26.17</th> <th>Rpm 1024 1043 1064 1088 1114 1143 1174 1208 1244 1281</th> <th>9.19 9.19 10.37 11.71 13.24 14.97 16.89 19.03 21.40 23.98 26.81</th>	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000	901 923 948 976 1008 1042 1078 1116 1156 1197 1239	8hp 7.24 8.35 9.64 11.11 12.77 14.64 16.71 19.00 21.51 24.25 27.24	Rpm 933 954 978 1005 1035 1068 1103 1140 1178 1218	8hp 7.72 8.85 10.15 11.63 13.31 15.19 17.28 19.59 22.12 24.89 27.89	Rpm 965 985 1007 1033 1062 1093 1127 1163 1200 1240 1280	2.6 Bhp 8.20 9.35 10.66 12.16 13.86 15.76 17.86 20.19 22.74 25.52 28.55	995 1014 1036 1061 1088 1118 1151 1186 1222 1261	8.69 9.86 11.19 12.70 14.41 16.32 18.45 20.79 23.36 26.17	Rpm 1024 1043 1064 1088 1114 1143 1174 1208 1244 1281	9.19 9.19 10.37 11.71 13.24 14.97 16.89 19.03 21.40 23.98 26.81
9,000 1072 10.89 1099 11.41 1126 11.94 1152 12.47 1177 10,000 1092 12.25 1119 12.78 1145 13.33 1171 13.88 1196 11,000 1114 13.79 1140 14.34 1166 14.90 1191 15.46 1216 12,000 1139 15.53 1164 16.09 1189 16.67 1213 17.24 1237 13,000 1167 17.47 1191 18.05 1215 18.64 1238 19.23 1262 14,000 1198 19.63 1221 20.22 1244 20.82 1266 21.43 1288 15,000 1230 22.00 1253 22.62 1274 23.23 1296 23.85 —	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000	901 923 948 976 1008 1042 1078 1116 1156 1197 1239	8hp 7.24 8.35 9.64 11.11 12.77 14.64 16.71 19.00 21.51 24.25 27.24	Rpm 933 954 978 1005 1035 1068 1103 1140 1178 1218	Bhp 7.72 8.85 10.15 11.63 13.31 15.19 17.28 19.59 22.12 24.89 27.89	Rpm 965 985 1007 1033 1062 1093 1127 1163 1200 1240 1280	2.6 Bhp 8.20 9.35 10.66 12.16 13.86 15.76 17.86 20.19 22.74 25.52 28.55 ———	Ppm 995 1014 1036 1061 1088 1118 1151 1186 1222 1261 — — —	8.69 9.86 11.19 12.70 14.41 16.32 18.45 20.79 23.36 26.17	Rpm 1024 1043 1064 1088 1114 1143 1174 1208 1244 1281	9.19 10.37 11.71 13.24 14.97 16.89 19.03 21.40 23.98 26.81
17,000	9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	901 923 948 976 1008 1042 1078 1116 1156 1197 1239 —	Bhp 7.24 8.35 9.64 11.11 12.77 14.64 16.71 19.00 21.51 24.25 27.24 — — 3.2	Rpm 933 954 978 1005 1035 1068 1103 1140 1178 1218 1260 — — Rpm	## Bhp 7.72 8.85 10.15 11.63 13.31 15.19 17.28 19.59 22.12 24.89 27.89 — ## AVAILAB	Rpm 965 985 1007 1033 1062 1093 1127 1163 1200 1240 1280 — LE EXTERNAL	2.6 8.20 9.35 10.66 12.16 13.86 15.76 17.86 20.19 22.74 25.52 28.55 — STATIC PRESSUR 3.6 Bhp	Page 1	8.69 9.86 11.19 12.70 14.41 16.32 18.45 20.79 23.36 26.17	Rpm 1024 1043 1064 1088 1114 1143 1174 1208 1244 1281 — — Rpm	Bhp 9.19 10.37 11.71 13.24 14.97 16.89 19.03 21.40 23.98 26.81

Table 9 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK,A2,A3050 Units

								AVAILA	BLE EXT	ERNAL S	TATIC PR	RESSURE	(in. wg)							
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6).8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	2.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	512	2.98	560	3.38	604	3.79	647	4.20	688	4.62	728	5.05	766	5.49	803	5.94	839	6.40	874	6.86
9,000	561	3.90	604	4.33	645	4.77	685	5.20	723	5.65	760	6.10	796	6.55	831	7.02	864	7.49	897	7.97
10,000	611	5.00	651	5.45	689	5.91	725	6.37	761	6.84	795	7.31	829	7.79	861	8.27	893	8.76	925	9.26
11,000	662	6.27	699	6.75	734	7.23	768	7.72	801	8.21	833	8.71	865	9.20	895	9.71	925	10.21	955	10.73
12,000	714	7.74	748	8.24	780	8.75	812	9.26	843	9.77	873	10.29	903	10.81	932	11.33	960	11.86	988	12.39
13,000	766	9.41	798	9.93	828	10.46	858	11.00	887	11.54	916	12.08	944	12.62	971	13.16	998	13.71	1024	14.26
14,000	819	11.29	848	11.84	877	12.39	905	12.95	932	13.51	959	14.07	986	14.63	1012	15.20	1037	15.77	1062	16.34
15,000	872	13.40	899	13.96	926	14.54	953	15.11	979	15.70	1004	16.28	1029	16.87	1054	17.46	1078	18.05	1102	18.64
16,000	925	15.74	951	16.32	976	16.91	1001	17.51	1026	18.12	1050	18.72	1074	19.33	1097	19.94	1121	20.55	1143	21.17
17,000	979	18.32	1003	18.92	1027	19.53	1051	20.15	1074	20.77	1097	21.40	1120	22.03	1142	22.66	1164	23.29	1186	23.93
18,000	1032	21.15	1055	21.77	1078	22.40	1100	23.04	1123	23.68	1145	24.33	1166	24.98	1188	25.63	1209	26.28	1230	26.93
19,000	1086	24.24	1108	24.88	1129	25.52	1151	26.18	1172	26.84	1193	27.51	1214	28.18	1234	28.85	1255	29.52	1275	30.19
20,000	1140	27.60	1161	28.25	1181	28.92	1202	29.59	1222	30.27	1242	30.95	1262	31.64	1281	32.33	_	_		_

								AVAILA	BLE EXT	ERNAL S	TATIC PE	ESSURE	(in. wg)							
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	2.2	2	2.4	2	2.6	2	.8	3	3.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	907	7.34	940	7.81	971	8.30	1001	8.79	1030	9.29	1059	9.79	1086	10.29	1113	10.80	1139	11.31	1164	11.83
9,000	930	8.46	961	8.95	991	9.46	1021	9.97	1050	10.48	1078	11.00	1105	11.52	1131	12.05	1157	12.58	1183	13.12
10,000	955	9.76	985	10.27	1014	10.79	1043	11.31	1071	11.84	1098	12.37	1125	12.91	1151	13.46	1177	14.01	1202	14.56
11,000	984	11.25	1012	11.77	1040	12.30	1068	12.84	1095	13.38	1121	13.93	1147	14.49	1172	15.05	1197	15.61	1222	16.18
12,000	1016	12.93	1043	13.47	1069	14.02	1095	14.57	1121	15.13	1147	15.69	1172	16.26	1196	16.83	1220	17.41	1244	18.00
13,000	1050	14.82	1076	15.38	1101	15.94	1126	16.51	1151	17.08	1175	17.66	1199	18.24	1223	18.83	1246	19.42	1269	20.02
14,000	1087	16.92	1111	17.49	1136	18.07	1159	18.66	1183	19.25	1206	19.84	1229	20.44	1252	21.04	1274	21.64	1296	22.25
15,000	1126	19.23	1149	19.83	1172	20.43	1195	21.03	1217	21.64	1239	22.25	1261	22.86	1283	23.48	_	_	_	_
16,000	1166	21.78	1188	22.40	1210	23.01	1232	23.64	1253	24.26	1275	24.89	1296	25.52	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,000	1208	24.56	1229	25.20	1250	25.84	1271	26.48	1291	27.12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
18,000	1250	27.59	1271	28.25	1291	28.91	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
19,000	1294	30.87	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 10 — Fan Performance — 48AJ, AK051 Units

				AVAILAI	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
10,000	419	2.89	483	3.54	538	4.25	587	5.00	632	5.79
12,000	476	4.33	534	5.04	585	5.78	632	6.56	674	7.39
13,000	506	5.21	561	5.94	610	6.70	655	7.50	697	8.34
14,000	536	6.18	588	6.96	636	7.74	680	8.56	720	9.41
15,000	566	7.28	617	8.09	662	8.90	704	9.73	744	10.59
16,000	597	8.48	645	9.34	689	10.17	730	11.02	768	11.90
17,000	628	9.80	674	10.71	717	11.58	756	12.45	793	13.34
18,000	659	11.25	704	12.21	745	13.11	783	14.00	819	14.91
19,000	691	12.82	734	13.84	773	14.77	810	15.69	845	16.62
20,000	723	14.53	764	15.60	802	16.57	838	17.52	872	18.47
21,000	755	16.37	794	17.49	831	18.51	866	19.49	899	20.47
22,000	787	18.35	825	19.53	861	20.59	894	21.60	927	22.61
23,000	819	20.48	856	21.71	890	22.81	923	23.87	954	24.90
24,000	851	22.75	887	24.04	920	25.19	952	26.28	983	27.34
25.000	883	25.17	918	26.52	951	27.72	982	28.84	1011	29.94

				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1	.2	1.	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
10,000	673	6.60	711	7.42	747	8.26	782	9.10	815	9.96
12,000	714	8.24	751	9.12	786	10.02	819	10.92	851	11.85
13,000	735	9.22	772	10.11	806	11.03	839	11.97	870	12.92
14,000	758	10.30	793	11.21	827	12.15	859	13.11	890	14.08
15,000	781	11.50	816	12.43	849	13.38	881	14.35	911	15.35
16,000	804	12.82	839	13.76	871	14.73	902	15.72	932	16.73
17,000	829	14.27	862	15.23	894	16.21	925	17.21	954	18.24
18,000	853	15.85	886	16.82	918	17.82	948	18.84	977	19.88
19,000	879	17.58	911	18.56	942	19.57	971	20.60	1000	21.65
20,000	905	19.44	936	20.44	966	21.45	995	22.50	1023	23.57
21,000	931	21.46	961	22.47	991	23.50	1019	24.55	1047	25.63
22,000	958	23.62	987	24.64	1016	25.69	1044	26.76	1071	27.84
23,000	985	25.93	1014	26.97	1042	28.03	1069	29.11	1096	30.21
24,000	1012	28.40	1041	29.46	1068	30.54	1095	31.63	1121	32.74
25,000	1040	31.02	1068	32.11	1095	33.21	1121	34.31	1147	35.44

				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
10,000	846	10.82	876	11.69	906	12.56	934	13.44	961	14.32
12,000	881	12.78	911	13.72	939	14.67	967	15.62	993	16.58
13,000	900	13.88	929	14.85	957	15.82	984	16.81	1011	17.80
14,000	920	15.06	948	16.06	976	17.07	1003	18.08	1029	19.11
15,000	940	16.36	968	17.38	996	18.41	1022	19.45	1048	20.50
16,000	961	17.76	989	18.80	1016	19.86	1042	20.92	1067	22.00
17,000	983	19.28	1010	20.34	1036	21.42	1062	22.51	1087	23.60
18,000	1005	20.94	1032	22.01	1058	23.11	1083	24.21	1108	25.33
19,000	1027	22.72	1054	23.81	1080	24.92	1105	26.04	1129	27.18
20,000	1050	24.65	1076	25.76	1102	26.88	1126	28.01	1151	29.17
21,000	1073	26.73	1099	27.84	1124	28.97	1149	30.13	1173	31.29
22,000	1097	28.95	1123	30.08	1147	31.22	1172	32.39	1195	33.56
23,000	1122	31.33	1147	32.47	1171	33.63	1195	34.80	_	_
24,000	1146	33.87	1171	35.02	1195	36.19			_	_
25,000	1171	36.58	1196	37.74	_	_	_	_	_	_

25,000	1171	30.36	1190	37.74	_	_	_	_	_	_
				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	STATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	3	3.2	3	3.4	3	3.6	3	.8	4	1.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
10,000	988	15.21	1014	16.09	1039	16.98	1063	17.88	1087	18.77
12,000	1019	17.54	1045	18.51	1069	19.48	1093	20.45	1117	21.43
13,000	1036	18.80	1061	19.80	1086	20.81	1109	21.82	1133	22.84
14,000	1054	20.13	1079	21.17	1103	22.21	1126	23.26	1149	24.31
15,000	1073	21.56	1097	22.63	1121	23.70	1144	24.78	1167	25.86
16,000	1092	23.08	1116	24.17	1140	25.28	1162	26.38	1185	27.49
17,000	1112	24.71	1135	25.83	1159	26.95	1181	28.09	_	
18,000	1132	26.46	1156	27.60	1178	28.74			_	_
19,000	1153	28.33	1176	29.48	1199	30.65	_	_	_	_
20,000	1174	30.33	1197	31.50	1100	00.00	_		_	_
21,000	1196	32.47	1137	31.30	_	_		_	_	
22,000	1190	32.47	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
23,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
24,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
25,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Bhp — Brake Horsepower
edb — Entering Dry Bulb
ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Motor efficiency

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 11 — Fan Performance — 48AJ,AK,A2,A3060 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(0)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
12,000	476	4.33	534	5.04	585	5.78	632	6.56	674	7.39	714	8.24	751	9.12	786	10.02	819	10.93	851	11.85
14,000	536	6.19	588	6.96	636	7.74	680	8.56	720	9.41	758	10.30	793	11.21	827	12.15	859	13.11	890	14.08
15,000	566	7.28	617	8.09	662	8.90	704	9.73	744	10.59	781	11.50	816	12.42	849	13.38	881	14.36	911	15.35
16,000	597	8.48	645	9.34	689	10.17	730	11.02	768	11.90	804	12.82	839	13.76	871	14.73	902	15.72	932	16.73
17,000	628	9.80	674	10.71	717	11.58	756	12.45	793	13.34	829	14.27	862	15.23	894	16.21	925	17.21	954	18.24
18,000	659	11.25	704	12.21	745	13.11	783	14.00	819	14.91	853	15.85	886	16.82	918	17.82	948	18.84	977	19.88
19,000	691	12.82	734	13.84	773	14.77	810	15.69	845	16.62	879	17.58	911	18.56	942	19.57	971	20.60	1000	21.65
20,000	723	14.53	764	15.60	802	16.57	838	17.52	872	18.47	905	19.44	936	20.44	966	21.45	995	22.50	1023	23.57
21,000	755	16.37	794	17.49	831	18.51	866	19.49	899	20.47	931	21.46	961	22.47	991	23.50	1019	24.55	1047	25.63
22,000	787	18.35	825	19.53	861	20.59	894	21.60	927	22.61	958	23.62	987	24.64	1016	25.69	1044	26.76	1071	27.84
23,000	819	20.48	856	21.71	890	22.81	923	23.87	954	24.90	985	25.93	1014	26.97	1042	28.03	1069	29.11	1096	30.21
24,000	851	22.75	887	24.04	920	25.19	952	26.28	983	27.34	1012	28.40	1041	29.46	1068	30.54	1095	31.63	1121	32.74
25,000	883	25.17	918	26.52	951	27.72	982	28.84	1011	29.94	1040	31.02	1068	32.11	1095	33.21	1121	34.31	1147	35.44
26,000	916	27.76	950	29.15	981	30.40	1011	31.57	1040	32.70	1068	33.81	1095	34.92	1122	36.04	1147	37.16	1172	38.30
27,000	948	30.49	981	31.95	1012	33.24	1041	34.46	1070	35.62	1097	36.76	1123	37.90	1149	39.04	1174	40.18	1199	41.34

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(0)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
12,000	881	12.78	911	13.72	939	14.67	967	15.62	993	16.58	1019	17.54	1045	18.51	1069	19.48	1093	20.45	1117	21.43
14,000	920	15.06	948	16.06	976	17.07	1003	18.08	1029	19.11	1054	20.13	1079	21.17	1103	22.21	1126	23.26	1149	24.31
15,000	940	16.36	968	17.38	996	18.41	1022	19.45	1048	20.50	1073	21.56	1097	22.63	1121	23.70	1144	24.78	1167	25.86
16,000	961	17.76	989	18.80	1016	19.86	1042	20.92	1067	22.00	1092	23.08	1116	24.17	1140	25.28	1162	26.38	1185	27.49
17,000	983	19.28	1010	20.34	1036	21.42	1062	22.51	1087	23.60	1112	24.71	1135	25.83	1159	26.95	1181	28.09	l —	_
18,000	1005	20.94	1032	22.01	1058	23.11	1083	24.21	1108	25.33	1132	26.46	1156	27.60	1178	28.74	_	_	l —	_
19,000	1027	22.72	1054	23.81	1080	24.92	1105	26.04	1129	27.18	1153	28.33	1176	29.48	1199	30.65	_	_	<u> </u>	_
20,000	1050	24.65	1076	25.76	1102	26.88	1126	28.01	1151	29.17	1174	30.33	1197	31.50	_	<u> </u>	_	_	<u> </u>	_
21,000	1073	26.73	1099	27.84	1124	28.97	1149	30.13	1173	31.29	1196	32.47	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —	_
22,000	1097	28.95	1123	30.08	1147	31.22	1172	32.39	1195	33.56	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	<u> </u>	_
23,000	1122	31.33	1147	32.47	1171	33.63	1195	34.80	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	—	_
24,000	1146	33.87	1171	35.02	1195	36.19	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —	_
25,000	1171	36.58	1196	37.74	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	l —	<u> </u>
26,000	1197	39.46	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	l —	<u> </u>
27,000	_				_						_		_			_	_		_	

Table 12 — Fan Performance — 50AJ,AK020,025 and 50A2,A3020 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTER	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0.	.2	0	.4	0.	.6	0.	.8	1.	.0	1.	.2	1.	.4	1.	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	311	0.54	390	0.71	457	0.88	515	1.05	567	1.21	613	1.38	656	1.55	696	1.71	733	1.88	768	2.04
5,000	347	0.84	417	1.02	480	1.21	536	1.40	587	1.59	633	1.78	676	1.97	716	2.16	753	2.34	788	2.52
6,000	387	1.25	450	1.43	507	1.63	560	1.84	609	2.05	654	2.26	696	2.47	735	2.68	773	2.88	808	3.09
7,000	430	1.77	488	1.96	540	2.17	588	2.38	634	2.61	677	2.83	718	3.06	756	3.29	793	3.51	828	3.74
7,500	452	2.07	507	2.27	557	2.48	604	2.70	648	2.93	690	3.16	730	3.40	768	3.63	804	3.87	839	4.10
8,000	474	2.41	528	2.61	576	2.82	620	3.04	663	3.28	704	3.52	743	3.76	780	4.00	816	4.24	850	4.48
9,000	519	3.19	570	3.39	614	3.60	656	3.83	696	4.07	734	4.32	771	4.57	806	4.82	840	5.08	873	5.34
10,000	565	4.10	613	4.31	655	4.53	694	4.76	731	5.00	767	5.26	802	5.51	835	5.78	868	6.04	900	6.31
11,000	611	5.17	657	5.37	697	5.60	734	5.84	769	6.08	803	6.34	836	6.60	868	6.87	899	7.15	929	7.42
12,000	658	6.39	702	6.60	741	6.83	776	7.07	809	7.32	841	7.58	872	7.85	902	8.12	932	8.40	960	8.68
12,500	681	7.06	725	7.27	763	7.50	797	7.74	830	8.00	861	8.26	891	8.53	920	8.80	949	9.08	977	9.37
13,000	705	7.77	748	7.98	785	8.21	819	8.46	850	8.71	881	8.98	910	9.25	939	9.53	967	9.81	994	10.10

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	802	2.21	833	2.38	864	2.55	893	2.71	921	2.88	949	3.06	975	3.23	1001	3.40	1026	3.58	1050	3.75
5,000	822	2.71	854	2.89	885	3.08	914	3.26	943	3.45	970	3.64	997	3.82	1023	4.01	1048	4.20	1072	4.39
6,000	842	3.29	874	3.50	905	3.70	934	3.90	963	4.10	991	4.31	1017	4.51	1043	4.71	1069	4.91	1093	5.12
7,000	862	3.96	894	4.19	924	4.41	954	4.63	983	4.85	1010	5.07	1037	5.29	1063	5.51	1089	5.72	1113	5.94
7,500	872	4.33	904	4.56	934	4.79	964	5.02	993	5.25	1020	5.48	1047	5.71	1073	5.94	1099	6.16	1123	6.39
8,000	883	4.73	914	4.97	945	5.21	974	5.45	1003	5.68	1030	5.92	1057	6.16	1083	6.39	1108	6.63	1133	6.87
9,000	905	5.60	936	5.85	966	6.11	995	6.37	1023	6.62	1051	6.88	1077	7.13	1103	7.38	1129	7.64	1153	7.89
10,000	931	6.58	961	6.85	990	7.13	1018	7.40	1046	7.67	1073	7.94	1099	8.21	1124	8.48	1149	8.75	1174	9.02
11,000	958	7.70	987	7.99	1015	8.27	1043	8.55	1070	8.84	1096	9.12	1122	9.41	1147	9.69	1171	9.98	1195	10.26
12,000	989	8.97	1016	9.26	1043	9.55	1070	9.85	1096	10.14	1121	10.44	1146	10.73	1171	11.03	1195	11.33	<u> </u>	_
12,500	1005	9.66	1032	9.95	1058	10.25	1084	10.55	1110	10.85	1135	11.15	1159	11.45	1183	11.75	_	_	l —	_
13,000	1021	10.39	1048	10.69	1074	10.99	1099	11.29	1124	11.59	1149	11.90	1173	12.20	1197	12.51	_	_	_	

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower edb — Entering Dry Bulb ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

 Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters. 2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

 Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 13 — Fan Performance — 50AJ,AK027,030 and 50A2,A3025-030 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0.	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1.	.4	1.	.6	1.	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	314	0.54	394	0.72	460	0.89	517	1.05	569	1.22	615	1.39	658	1.55	697	1.72	734	1.88	769	2.05
5,000	352	0.85	422	1.03	484	1.22	540	1.42	590	1.61	636	1.79	678	1.98	718	2.17	755	2.35	791	2.54
6,000	394	1.26	456	1.45	513	1.65	565	1.86	613	2.07	658	2.28	700	2.49	739	2.70	776	2.90	811	3.11
7,000	438	1.79	495	1.98	546	2.19	594	2.41	640	2.64	682	2.86	723	3.09	761	3.32	798	3.54	833	3.77
8,000	483	2.44	536	2.64	583	2.85	628	3.08	670	3.32	710	3.55	749	3.80	786	4.04	821	4.28	855	4.52
9,000	530	3.23	579	3.43	623	3.65	664	3.88	704	4.12	741	4.37	778	4.62	813	4.88	847	5.13	880	5.39
10,000	577	4.15	624	4.36	665	4.58	703	4.82	740	5.06	776	5.32	810	5.58	843	5.84	876	6.11	907	6.38
11,000	625	5.22	669	5.44	708	5.67	744	5.91	779	6.16	813	6.41	845	6.68	877	6.95	907	7.22	937	7.50
12,000	674	6.45	715	6.67	753	6.90	787	7.15	820	7.40	851	7.67	882	7.93	912	8.21	941	8.49	970	8.78
13,000	722	7.85	762	8.07	798	8.30	831	8.55	862	8.81	892	9.08	921	9.35	950	9.63	977	9.92	1005	10.21
14,000	771	9.41	810	9.64	844	9.88	875	10.13	905	10.39	934	10.66	962	10.94	989	11.22	1015	11.51	1041	11.81
15,000	821	11.15	857	11.38	890	11.62	921	11.88	949	12.14	977	12.42	1004	12.70	1030	12.99	1055	13.28	1080	13.58

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4.	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	803	2.22	835	2.38	865	2.55	894	2.72	923	2.89	950	3.06	976	3.24	1002	3.41	1027	3.58	1051	3.76
5,000	824	2.72	856	2.91	887	3.09	916	3.28	945	3.46	972	3.65	999	3.83	1024	4.02	1049	4.21	1074	4.40
6,000	845	3.31	877	3.52	908	3.72	937	3.92	966	4.12	993	4.32	1020	4.53	1046	4.73	1071	4.93	1096	5.14
7,000	866	3.99	898	4.21	928	4.43	958	4.66	986	4.88	1014	5.10	1041	5.31	1067	5.53	1092	5.75	1116	5.97
8,000	888	4.77	919	5.01	950	5.25	979	5.49	1007	5.72	1035	5.96	1061	6.20	1087	6.43	1113	6.67	1137	6.90
9,000	912	5.65	942	5.90	972	6.16	1001	6.42	1029	6.67	1056	6.93	1083	7.18	1108	7.43	1134	7.69	1158	7.94
10,000	938	6.65	968	6.92	997	7.19	1025	7.46	1052	7.73	1079	8.00	1105	8.27	1130	8.54	1155	8.81	1180	9.08
11,000	967	7.78	995	8.07	1023	8.35	1051	8.63	1077	8.92	1103	9.20	1129	9.49	1154	9.77	1178	10.06	_	_
12,000	998	9.07	1025	9.35	1052	9.65	1078	9.94	1104	10.24	1130	10.54	1154	10.83	1179	11.13	l —	_	_	_
13,000	1031	10.50	1058	10.80	1083	11.10	1109	11.40	1133	11.71	1158	12.01	1182	12.32	_	_	_	_	_	_
14,000	1067	12.10	1092	12.41	1117	12.71	1141	13.02	1165	13.33	1188	13.65	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15,000	1104	13.88	1128	14.19	1152	14.50	1175	14.81	1198	15.13			_	_		_	_		_	_

Table 14 — Fan Performance — 50AJ,AKA2,A3035 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	503	1.96	553	2.22	601	2.47	646	2.72	689	2.97	730	3.22	768	3.46	804	3.70	839	3.94	872	4.17
8,000	553	2.62	599	2.89	643	3.16	684	3.43	724	3.70	763	3.97	799	4.23	834	4.50	868	4.76	901	5.02
9,000	605	3.39	647	3.68	687	3.97	726	4.26	763	4.55	798	4.83	833	5.12	867	5.40	899	5.68	930	5.96
10,000	657	4.29	696	4.61	733	4.91	769	5.22	803	5.52	837	5.82	870	6.12	901	6.42	932	6.72	962	7.02
10,500	684	4.80	721	5.12	757	5.43	791	5.75	825	6.06	857	6.37	889	6.68	920	6.98	950	7.29	979	7.60
11,000	710	5.33	747	5.66	781	5.99	814	6.31	847	6.63	878	6.95	909	7.26	939	7.58	968	7.89	997	8.21
12,000	764	6.52	798	6.86	830	7.21	861	7.54	891	7.88	921	8.21	950	8.54	978	8.87	1006	9.20	1033	9.53
13,000	818	7.85	849	8.21	880	8.57	909	8.92	938	9.27	966	9.62	993	9.97	1020	10.31	1046	10.66	1072	11.00
14,000	872	9.33	901	9.71	930	10.09	958	10.45	985	10.82	1012	11.19	1037	11.55	1063	11.91	1088	12.27	1113	12.63
15,000	926	10.98	954	11.37	981	11.76	1008	12.15	1033	12.53	1059	12.91	1083	13.28	1108	13.66	1131	14.03	1155	14.40
16,000	980	12.79	1007	13.20	1033	13.60	1058	14.00	1082	14.40	1106	14.79	1130	15.18	1153	15.57	1176	15.96	1199	16.35
17,000	1035	14.77	1060	15.19	1085	15.61	1109	16.03	1132	16.44	1155	16.84	1178	17.25	1200	17.65	1222	18.05	1243	18.46
17,500	1062	15.83	1087	16.25	1111	16.68	1134	17.10	1157	17.52	1180	17.94	1202	18.35	1224	18.76	1245	19.17	1266	19.58

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	903	4.40	933	4.62	962	4.84	990	5.06	1017	5.27	1043	5.48	1068	5.69	1092	5.89	1116	6.09	1139	6.28
8,000	932	5.27	962	5.52	991	5.77	1019	6.02	1045	6.26	1071	6.50	1097	6.73	1121	6.96	1145	7.19	1168	7.42
9,000	961	6.24	990	6.52	1019	6.79	1047	7.06	1073	7.33	1099	7.59	1125	7.85	1149	8.11	1173	8.37	1196	8.62
10,000	992	7.32	1020	7.62	1048	7.91	1075	8.20	1102	8.49	1127	8.78	1152	9.07	1177	9.35	1201	9.63	1224	9.91
10,500	1008	7.90	1036	8.21	1063	8.51	1090	8.82	1116	9.12	1142	9.41	1166	9.71	1191	10.01	1214	10.30	1238	10.59
11,000	1025	8.52	1052	8.84	1079	9.15	1105	9.46	1131	9.77	1156	10.08	1181	10.39	1205	10.69	1228	10.99	1252	11.29
12,000	1060	9.86	1086	10.19	1112	10.52	1137	10.85	1162	11.17	1187	11.50	1211	11.82	1234	12.15	1257	12.47	1280	12.79
13,000	1097	11.35	1122	11.69	1147	12.03	1171	12.37	1195	12.72	1219	13.06	1242	13.40	1265	13.74	1287	14.08	l —	_
14,000	1137	12.98	1161	13.34	1184	13.69	1208	14.05	1231	14.41	1253	14.76	1276	15.12	1298	15.47	_	_	—	_
15,000	1178	14.77	1201	15.15	1223	15.51	1246	15.88	1268	16.25	1289	16.62	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
16,000	1221	16.73	1243	17.11	1264	17.50	1286	17.88	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
17,000	1265	18.85	1286	19.25	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
17,500	1287	19.98	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower edb — Entering Dry Bulb ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Watts = $\frac{\text{Bhp x 746}}{\text{Motor efficiency}}$

Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 15 — Fan Performance — 50AJ, AK036 Units

				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	STATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	C).6	0	.8	1	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	431	1.99	484	2.35	534	2.72	580	3.08	625	3.46
8,000	475	2.69	523	3.08	569	3.47	612	3.86	653	4.26
9,000	521	3.53	565	3.94	606	4.36	646	4.78	684	5.20
10,000	568	4.52	608	4.96	646	5.40	683	5.84	719	6.29
11,000	615	5.68	652	6.14	687	6.60	722	7.07	755	7.55
12,000	663	7.01	697	7.49	730	7.98	762	8.47	794	8.97
13,000	712	8.53	743	9.03	774	9.54	804	10.05	834	10.57
14,000	760	10.24	790	10.76	819	11.29	847	11.82	875	12.36
15,000	809	12.15	837	12.69	864	13.24	891	13.79	917	14.35
16,000	859	14.27	885	14.83	910	15.40	936	15.97	960	16.55
17,000	908	16.61	933	17.19	957	17.77	981	18.36	1004	18.96
17,500	933	17.87	957	18.45	981	19.04	1004	19.64	1027	20.25

AUDEL 6111				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1.	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	667	3.85	707	4.24	746	4.65	783	5.07	819	5.49
8,000	692	4.66	730	5.07	767	5.49	802	5.92	836	6.36
9,000	721	5.63	757	6.06	791	6.49	825	6.94	857	7.39
10,000	753	6.74	787	7.20	819	7.65	851	8.11	882	8.58
11,000	788	8.02	819	8.50	850	8.97	880	9.46	909	9.94
12,000	824	9.47	854	9.96	883	10.47	912	10.97	939	11.48
13,000	862	11.09	891	11.61	918	12.13	945	12.66	972	13.19
14,000	902	12.90	929	13.45	955	13.99	981	14.54	1006	15.09
15,000	943	14.91	968	15.48	993	16.04	1018	16.62	1042	17.18
16,000	985	17.13	1009	17.71	1033	18.30	1056	18.89	1079	19.48
17,000	1028	19.56	1051	20.16	1073	20.77	1096	21.38	1118	21.99
17,500	1049	20.86	1072	21.47	1094	22.09	1116	22.71	1137	23.33

11051 011				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	854	5.93	887	6.37	919	6.82	950	7.28	980	7.74
8,000	870	6.81	902	7.26	933	7.73	964	8.20	993	8.67
9,000	889	7.85	920	8.31	950	8.79	979	9.27	1008	9.75
10,000	912	9.05	941	9.53	970	10.02	998	10.51	1026	11.00
11,000	938	10.43	966	10.92	993	11.42	1020	11.93	1047	12.44
12,000	967	11.98	993	12.49	1020	13.01	1046	13.53	1071	14.05
13,000	998	13.72	1023	14.25	1049	14.78	1073	15.32	1098	15.86
14,000	1031	15.64	1055	16.19	1079	16.75	1103	17.30	1126	17.86
15,000	1066	17.76	1089	18.33	1112	18.90	1135	19.48	1157	20.06
16,000	1102	20.08	1124	20.67	1147	21.26	1168	21.86	1190	22.46
17,000	1140	22.61	1161	23.22	1182	23.84	1203	24.45	1224	25.07
17,500	1159	23.95	1180	24.58	1201	25.21	1221	25.83	1242	26.46

				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	3	3.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	1009	8.21	1037	8.69	1064	9.17	1091	9.65	1116	10.14
8,000	1022	9.16	1050	9.65	1077	10.14	1104	10.64	1129	11.15
9,000	1036	10.25	1064	10.75	1090	11.26	1117	11.77	1142	12.29
10,000	1053	11.51	1080	12.02	1106	12.54	1131	13.06	1157	13.59
11,000	1073	12.95	1099	13.47	1124	14.00	1149	14.53	1173	15.07
12,000	1096	14.58	1121	15.11	1145	15.65	1169	16.19	1192	16.74
13,000	1121	16.40	1145	16.95	1168	17.50	1191	18.06	1214	18.62
14,000	1149	18.42	1172	18.98	1195	19.55	1217	20.12	1239	20.69
15,000	1179	20.63	1201	21.21	1223	21.80	1244	22.38	1265	22.97
16,000	1211	23.06	1232	23.66	1253	24.26	1274	24.86	1294	25.46
17,000	1245	25.69	1265	26.31	1285	26.93	l —	_	_	
17,500	1262	27.09	1282	27.71			_	_	_	_

Table 16 — Fan Performance — 50AJ,AK,A2,A3040 Units

AUDEL OU								AVAILAB	LE EXTI	RNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wo	J)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	475	2.69	523	3.08	569	3.47	612	3.86	653	4.26	692	4.66	730	5.07	767	5.49	802	5.92	836	6.36
9,000	521	3.53	565	3.94	606	4.36	646	4.78	684	5.20	721	5.63	757	6.06	791	6.49	825	6.94	857	7.39
10,000	568	4.52	608	4.96	646	5.40	683	5.84	719	6.29	753	6.74	787	7.20	819	7.65	851	8.11	882	8.58
11,000	615	5.68	652	6.14	687	6.60	722	7.07	755	7.55	788	8.02	819	8.50	850	8.97	880	9.46	909	9.94
12,000	663	7.01	697	7.49	730	7.98	762	8.47	794	8.97	824	9.47	854	9.96	883	10.47	912	10.97	939	11.48
13,000	712	8.53	743	9.03	774	9.54	804	10.05	834	10.57	862	11.09	891	11.61	918	12.13	945	12.66	972	13.19
14,000	760	10.24	790	10.76	819	11.29	847	11.82	875	12.36	902	12.90	929	13.45	955	13.99	981	14.54	1006	15.09
15,000	809	12.15	837	12.69	864	13.24	891	13.79	917	14.35	943	14.91	968	15.48	993	16.04	1018	16.62	1042	17.18
16,000	859	14.27	885	14.83	910	15.40	936	15.97	960	16.55	985	17.13	1009	17.71	1033	18.30	1056	18.89	1079	19.48
17,000	908	16.61	933	17.19	957	17.77	981	18.36	1004	18.96	1028	19.56	1051	20.16	1073	20.77	1096	21.38	1118	21.99
18,000	958	19.18	981	19.77	1004	20.37	1027	20.98	1049	21.60	1071	22.22	1093	22.84	1115	23.46	1136	24.09	1157	24.72
19,000	1007	21.98	1030	22.59	1052	23.21	1073	23.84	1095	24.47	1116	25.10	1137	25.74	1157	26.39	1178	27.04	1198	27.68
20,000	1057	25.02	1079	25.65	1099	26.29	1120	26.93	1140	27.58	1161	28.23	1181	28.89	_	_	l —	_	l —	_

								AVAILAB	LE EXT	ERNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wo	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	3.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	3.6	3	.8	4	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	870	6.81	902	7.26	933	7.73	964	8.20	993	8.67	1022	9.16	1050	9.65	1077	10.14	1104	10.64	1129	11.15
9,000	889	7.85	920	8.31	950	8.79	979	9.27	1008	9.75	1036	10.25	1064	10.75	1090	11.26	1117	11.77	1142	12.29
10,000	912	9.05	941	9.53	970	10.02	998	10.51	1026	11.00	1053	11.51	1080	12.02	1106	12.54	1131	13.06	1157	13.59
11,000	938	10.43	966	10.92	993	11.42	1020	11.93	1047	12.44	1073	12.95	1099	13.47	1124	14.00	1149	14.53	1173	15.07
12,000	967	11.98	993	12.49	1020	13.01	1046	13.53	1071	14.05	1096	14.58	1121	15.11	1145	15.65	1169	16.19	1192	16.74
13,000	998	13.72	1023	14.25	1049	14.78	1073	15.32	1098	15.86	1121	16.40	1145	16.95	1168	17.50	1191	18.06	1214	18.62
14,000	1031	15.64	1055	16.19	1079	16.75	1103	17.30	1126	17.86	1149	18.42	1172	18.98	1195	19.55	1217	20.12	1239	20.69
15,000	1066	17.76	1089	18.33	1112	18.90	1135	19.48	1157	20.06	1179	20.63	1201	21.21	1223	21.80	1244	22.38	1265	22.97
16,000	1102	20.08	1124	20.67	1147	21.26	1168	21.86	1190	22.46	1211	23.06	1232	23.66	1253	24.26	1274	24.86	1294	25.46
17,000	1140	22.61	1161	23.22	1182	23.84	1203	24.45	1224	25.07	1245	25.69	1265	26.31	1285	26.93	_	_	_	_
18,000	1178	25.36	1199	25.99	1219	26.63	1240	27.26	1260	27.90	1279	28.54	1299	29.18	_	l —	_	_	_	_
19,000	1218	28.34	1238	28.99	_	_	_	_	l —	l —	l —	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_
20,000	_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower
edb — Entering Dry Bulb
ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Watts = Motor efficiency

3. Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

			Table 17 –	– Fan Perl	ormance -	— 50AJ,AI	K041 Units	6		
AIRFLOW					LE EXTERNAL S				1	
(Cfm)	Rpm	0.2 Bhp	Rpm 0	.4 Bhp	Rpm 0	.6 Bhp	Rpm 0	.8 Bhp	Rpm 1	.0 Bhp
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	475 521 568 615 663 712 760 809 859 908 958 1007	2.69 3.53 4.52 5.68 7.01 8.53 10.24 12.15 14.27 16.61 19.18 21.98 25.02	523 565 608 652 697 743 790 837 885 933 981 1030 1079	3.08 3.94 4.96 6.14 7.49 9.03 10.76 12.69 14.83 17.19 19.77 22.59 25.65	569 606 646 646 687 730 774 819 864 910 957 1004 1052 1099	3.47 4.36 5.40 6.60 7.98 9.54 11.29 13.24 15.40 17.77 20.37 23.21 26.29	612 646 683 722 762 804 847 891 936 981 1027 1073 1120	3.86 4.78 5.84 7.07 8.47 10.05 11.82 13.79 15.97 18.36 20.98 23.84 26.93	653 684 719 755 794 834 875 917 960 1004 1049 1095	4.26 5.20 6.29 7.55 8.97 10.57 12.36 14.35 16.55 18.96 21.60 24.47 27.58
AIRFLOW	1	1.2	1	AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR		.8	1 2	.0
(Cfm)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	692 721 753 788 824 862 902 943 985 1028 1071 1116	4.66 5.63 6.74 8.02 9.47 11.09 12.90 14.91 17.13 19.56 22.22 25.10 28.23	730 757 787 819 854 891 929 968 1009 1051 1093 1137	5.07 6.06 7.20 8.50 9.96 11.61 13.45 15.48 17.71 20.16 22.84 25.74 28.89	767 791 819 850 883 918 955 993 1033 1073 1115	5.49 6.49 7.65 8.97 10.47 12.13 13.99 16.04 18.30 20.77 23.46 26.39	802 825 851 880 912 945 981 1018 1056 1096 1136	5.92 6.94 8.11 9.46 10.97 12.66 14.54 16.62 18.89 21.38 24.09 27.04	836 857 882 909 939 972 1006 1042 1079 1118 1157 1198	6.36 7.39 8.58 9.94 11.48 13.19 15.09 17.18 19.48 21.99 24.72 27.68
				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	RE (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		2.2		.4		.6		.8		.0
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	Rpm 870 889 912 938 967 998 1031 1066 1102 1140 1178 1218	8hp 6.81 7.85 9.05 10.43 11.98 13.72 15.64 17.76 20.08 22.61 25.36 28.34	Rpm 902 920 941 966 993 1023 1055 1089 1124 1161 1199 1238 —	8hp 7.26 8.31 9.53 10.92 12.49 14.25 16.19 18.33 20.67 23.22 25.99	Rpm 933 950 970 970 1020 1049 1079 1112 1147 1182 1219	8hp 7.73 8.79 10.02 11.42 13.01 14.78 16.75 18.90 21.26 23.84 26.63	Rpm 964 979 998 1020 1046 1073 1103 1135 1168 1203 1240	8.20 9.27 10.51 11.93 13.53 15.32 17.30 19.48 21.86 24.45 27.26	Rpm 993 1008 1026 1047 1071 1098 1126 1157 1190 1224 1260 —	8hp 8.67 9.75 11.00 12.44 14.05 15.86 20.06 22.46 25.07 27.90 —
AIRFLOW					LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR				
(Cfm)		3.2		.4 Db=		.6		.8		.0
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	Rpm 1022 1036 1053 1073 1096 1121 1149 1179 1211 1245 1279 —	8hp 9.16 10.25 11.51 12.95 14.58 16.40 18.42 20.63 23.06 25.69 28.54	Rpm 1050 1064 1080 1099 1121 1145 1172 1201 1232 1265 1299	9.65 10.75 12.02 13.47 15.11 16.95 18.98 21.21 23.66 26.31 29.18	Rpm 1077 1090 1106 1124 1145 1168 1195 1223 1253 1285	Bhp 10.14 11.26 12.54 14.00 15.65 17.50 19.55 21.80 24.26 26.93	Rpm 1104 1117 1131 1149 1169 1191 1217 1244 1274	Bhp 10.64 11.77 13.06 14.53 16.19 18.06 20.12 22.38 24.86	Rpm 1129 1142 1157 1173 1192 1214 1239 1265 1294	Bhp 11.15 12.29 13.59 15.07 16.74 18.62 20.69 22.97 25.46 — — —
		Tab	le 18 — Fa		nance — 5			nits		
AIRFLOW	0.2	0.4	0.6	AVAILABI 0.8	E EXTERNAL ST	TATIC PRESSURE 1.2	E (in. wg) 1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000	Rpm Bhp 485 2.76 530 3.62 577 4.62 625 5.80 673 7.15 722 8.69 771 10.43 821 12.37 870 14.52 920 16.89 971 19.50 1021 22.35 1071 25.43	Rpm Bhp 532 3.15 574 4.03 617 5.06 661 6.26 707 7.63 753 9.19 800 10.95 848 12.91 896 15.08 945 17.48 994 20.10 1043 22.96	Rpm Bhp 577 3.54 615 4.45 655 5.50 697 6.73 740 8.12 784 9.70 829 11.48 875 13.46 922 15.65 969 18.06 1017 20.71 1065 23.59 1113 26.71	Rpm Bhp 620 3.94 655 4.87 692 5.95 731 7.20 772 8.62 857 12.01 901 14.01 947 16.22 993 18.65 1039 21.32 1086 24.21 1133 27.36	Rpm Bhp 661 4.34 692 5.29 727 6.40 764 7.67 803 9.11 843 10.74 885 12.55 928 14.57 971 16.80 1016 19.25 1061 21.93 1107 24.85 1154 28.01	Rpm Bhp 700 4.74 729 5.72 761 6.85 796 8.14 833 9.61 872 11.26 912 13.10 953 15.14 996 17.39 1039 19.86 1083 22.55 1174 28.66	Rpm Bhp 737 5.16 764 6.15 794 7.30 827 8.62 863 10.11 900 11.78 938 13.64 978 15.70 1020 17.97 1062 20.46 1105 23.18 1149 26.13 1194 29.33	Rpm Bhp 774 5.58 798 6.59 827 7.76 858 9.10 891 10.61 927 12.31 964 14.19 1003 16.27 1043 18.56 1084 21.07 1126 23.80 1170 26.78 1213 29.99	Rpm Bhp 809 6.01 832 7.03 858 8.22 888 9.58 920 11.12 954 12.83 990 14.74 1028 16.84 1066 19.15 1107 21.68 1148 24.44 1190 27.42 1233 30.65	Rpm Bhp 843 6.45 864 7.49 889 8.69 917 10.07 947 11.62 980 13.36 1015 15.29 1052 17.41 1089 19.75 1129 22.30 1169 25.07 1210 28.08 1252 31.33

(Cfm)	2	2.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp																		
8,000	876	6.90	908	7.35	939	7.82	970	8.29	999	8.77	1027	9.25	1055	9.74	1082	10.24	1109	10.74	1134	11.25
9,000	896	7.95	926	8.41	956	8.89	986	9.37	1014	9.86	1042	10.36	1069	10.86	1096	11.37	1122	11.88	1148	12.40
10,000	919	9.17	948	9.64	977	10.13	1005	10.62	1032	11.12	1059	11.63	1086	12.14	1112	12.66	1137	13.18	1162	13.71
11,000	945	10.56	973	11.05	1001	11.55	1027	12.06	1054	12.57	1080	13.09	1105	13.61	1130	14.14	1155	14.67	1179	15.21
12,000	975	12.13	1001	12.64	1027	13.16	1053	13.68	1078	14.21	1103	14.74	1128	15.27	1152	15.81	1176	16.35	1199	16.90
13,000	1006	13.89	1032	14.42	1057	14.96	1081	15.49	1105	16.03	1129	16.58	1153	17.12	1176	17.68	1199	18.23	1221	18.80
14,000	1040	15.84	1064	16.39	1088	16.94	1112	17.50	1135	18.06	1158	18.62	1180	19.18	1203	19.75	1225	20.32	1246	20.90
15,000	1075	17.99	1098	18.56	1121	19.13	1144	19.71	1166	20.29	1188	20.86	1210	21.45	1231	22.03	1253	22.62	1274	23.21
16,000	1112	20.34	1134	20.93	1156	21.53	1178	22.12	1199	22.72	1221	23.32	1241	23.92	1262	24.52	1283	25.13	l —	_
17,000	1150	22.91	1172	23.52	1193	24.14	1214	24.76	1234	25.37	1255	25.99	1275	26.61	1295	27.23	_	_	l —	_
18,000	1190	25.70	1210	26.34	1230	26.97	1250	27.61	1270	28.25	1290	28.89	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
19,000	1230	28.73	1250	29.38	1269	30.04	1289	30.70	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
20,000	1271	31.99	1290	32.67	_		_		_	_	_		_				_	_	_	

AIRFLOW (Cfm)

2.2

2.6

2.8

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

20
3.2
3.4

3.6

3.8

4.0

Table 19 — Fan Performance — 50AJ,AK051 Units

	I							AVAIL	ABLE EX	TERNAL		RESSURE	(in. wg)							
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		450 4.03 50					0.4	Bhp		Rpm	0.6	Bhp		lpm).8	3hp		1 pm	.0	Shp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000		397		2.69		461 509 533 558 584 610 637 664 692 719 748 776 804 803 803 862		3.31 4.71 5.55 6.49 7.53 8.68 9.95 11.33 12.84 14.47 16.24 18.14 20.18 22.36 24.68		516 5560 582 606 630 655 680 706 7732 7758 785 812 840 8867	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	3.96 5.41 6.27 7.24 8.32 9.50 0.79 2.20 3.74 5.40 7.19 9.11 11.17 3.38 5.72		664 605 627 649 672 696 672 6744 769 699 691 691 691 691 691 691 691 691 6	11 11 11 11 11 11 21 22	4.63 6.12 7.01 8.01 9.11 9.32 1.64 3.07 4.64 6.32 8.14 0.09 2.17 4.40 6.78	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	608 647 668 889 671 673 675 781 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605	12 12 13 15 15 22 22	5.33 5.36 5.36 5.777 3.79 3.99 1.14 2.249 3.96 5.54 7.25 9.09 1.07 3.18 5.43
AIRFLOW	1		1.2				1.4	AVAIL	ABLE EX		STATIC F	RESSURE	in. wg)	1	1.8			2	.0	
(Cfm) 10,000		Rpm 649	_	Bhp 6.06		Rpm 686		Bhp 6.82	ı	Rpm 722	_	Bhp 7.60		1 pm 755	Е	3hp 8.40		pm 787	В	3 hp 9.23
12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000		686 706 727 748 770 792 815 838 862 8911 935 961 986		7.62 8.55 9.59 9.10 11.98 13.35 14.84 16.45 18.19 20.05 22.06 24.19		723 742 762 782 803 825 847 870 893 917 940 965 989		8.40 9.35 10.40 11.56 12.84 14.23 15.74 17.37 19.13 21.02 23.05 22.521 27.51 29.95		757 776 795 815 836 857 878 900 923 946 969 993 017 041	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7.90 7.90 9.21 9.21 9.21 1.24 2.41 3.71 5.12 6.65 8.30 9.08 9.00 14.04 6.23 8.55 11.02	1 1	790 808 827 846 866 887 9908 930 952 974 994 9020 044	10 11 11 11 11 11 11 22 22 22 22	0.04 1.01 2.09 3.28 4.59 6.02 7.57 9.24 1.04 2.98 5.7.25 9.60 2.09	11 11 11 11	321 339 357 376 396 396 3937 3937 3958 3979 301 3024 3046 3070	10 11 12 14 15 16 18 20 22 23 26 28	1.89 1.87 2.96 4.17 5.49 5.50 0.19 2.01 3.97 6.06 3.28 0.65
AIRFLOW			28.89 10 2.2 Bhp R 10.06 8				2.4	AVAIL	ABLE EX		STATIC F 2.6	RESSURE	(in. wg)		2.8			3	.0	
(Cfm) 10,000		Rpm 818	2.2 Bhp Rpn 10.06 847 11.75 886 12.75 899					Bhp 10.92		Rpm 875		Bhp 1.80		902	E	3hp 2.68		pm 929	В	3.59
12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 17,000 17,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000		851 868 886 905 924 944 964 985 1006 1028 1050 1072 1095 1118		24.19 965 26.47 989 28.89 1014 Bhp Rpm 10.06 847 11.75 880				10.92 12.63 13.64 14.76 15.99 17.34 18.81 20.41 22.13 23.98 25.97 28.10 30.37 32.78	1	907 924 942 960 978 997 017 037 057 078 099 121 1143	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	3.53 4.55 5.68 6.92 8.28 9.77 1.38 3.12 4.99 6.99 9.14 1.42 3.85 6.42	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	902 934 951 968 986 004 023 042 061 102 123 144 166 188	14 1! 1! 1! 2! 2: 2: 2: 2: 3: 3:	2.405 5.48 6.62 7.87 9.25 0.74 2.36 4.11 6.00 8.02 0.18 2.48 7.52	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	960 976 993 901 9029 9047 9066 9085 105 1126 1146 1146 1189	15 16 17 18 20 25 25 25 25 33	5.38 5.42 7.57 7.87 3.83 5.22 1.73 3.36 5.13 7.03 9.06 1.24 3.55 5.02
AIRFLOW				01.20			•		•	TERNAL	STATIC F	RESSURE	•			7.02			ı	
(Cfm)		Rpm	3.2	Bhp		Rpm	3.4	Bhp	1	Rpm	3.6	Bhp	F	lpm	3.8 E	3hp	R	pm	.0 B	hp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000		954 985 1001 1018 1035 1053 1071 1090 1109 1128 1148 1169 1190 —		14.50 16.32 17.38 18.54 19.81 21.21 22.73 24.37 26.15 28.06 30.11 32.30 34.64		979 1010 1026 1042 1059 1077 1095 1113 1132 1151 1151 1171		15.42 17.28 18.35 19.52 20.81 22.21 23.74 25.40 27.19 29.11 31.17 33.38		003 033 049 066 082 1100 117 1136 1154 1173 1193	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	6.36 8.24 9.32 0.51 1.1.81 3.22 4.76 6.43 8.24 0.17 2.25 —	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	027 057 072 078 105 122 140 158 176 195 —	1! 2: 2: 2: 2: 2: 2: 3:	7.30 9.22 1.52 2.82 4.25 5.80 7.48 9.29 1.24	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	050 079 095 1111 127 144 161 179 197 —	20 21 22 25 26 26 26 30	3.26 0.22 1.32 2.53 3.85 5.29 5.85 3.54 0.36
				Tal	ble 2	0 — F	an P	erfori	nanc	:е — !	50AJ	,AK,A	2,A3	060 U	nits					
AIRFLOW		.2		0.4	,	0.6		AVAILA		ERNAL S		RESSURE		.4		1.6		.8		2.0
(Cfm)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
12,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000 26,000 27,000	450 505 533 561 590 619 648 678 707 737 767 797 827 857 888	4.02 5.74 6.75 7.88 9.12 10.48 11.96 13.57 15.30 17.18 19.20 21.35 23.66 26.11 28.72	509 558 584 610 637 664 692 719 748 776 804 833 862 891 920	4.71 6.49 7.53 8.68 9.95 11.33 12.84 14.47 16.24 18.14 20.18 22.36 24.68 27.16 29.79	560 606 630 655 680 706 732 758 785 812 840 867 895 923	5.41 7.24 8.32 9.50 10.79 12.20 13.74 15.40 17.19 19.11 21.17 23.38 25.72 28.23 30.88	605 649 672 696 720 744 769 795 821 847 873 900 927 954 982	6.12 8.01 9.11 10.32 11.64 13.07 14.64 16.32 18.14 20.09 22.17 24.40 26.78 29.30 31.97	647 689 711 734 757 781 805 829 854 879 905 931 957 984 1011	6.86 8.79 9.91 11.14 12.49 13.96 15.54 17.25 19.09 21.07 23.18 25.43 27.83 30.38 33.08	686 727 748 770 792 815 838 862 886 911 935 961 986 1012	7.62 9.59 10.73 11.98 13.35 14.84 16.45 18.19 20.05 22.06 24.19 26.47 28.89 31.46 34.19	723 762 782 803 825 847 870 893 917 940 965 989 1014 1040 1065	8.40 10.40 11.56 12.84 14.23 15.74 17.37 19.13 21.02 23.05 25.21 27.51 29.95 32.55 35.29	757 795 815 836 857 878 900 923 946 969 993 1017 1041 1066 1091	9.21 11.24 12.41 13.71 15.12 16.65 18.30 20.08 22.00 24.04 26.23 28.55 31.02 33.64 36.40	790 827 846 866 887 908 930 952 974 997 1020 1044 1068 1092	10.04 12.09 13.28 14.59 16.02 17.57 19.24 21.04 22.98 25.05 27.25 29.60 32.09 34.73 37.52	821 857 876 896 916 937 958 979 1001 1024 1046 1070 1093 1117	10.89 12.96 14.17 15.49 16.94 18.50 20.19 22.01 23.97 26.06 28.28 30.65 33.17 35.83 38.64
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	2.4	2	2.6	2	AVAILA 2.8		ERNAL S		RESSURE 3.2		.4	3	3.6	3	1.8	4	1.0
(Cfm) 12,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 24,000 24,000 25,000 26,000 27,000	851 886 905 924 944 964 985 1006 1022 1072 1095 1118 1141 1165	13.57 719 14.47 758 15.4 15.30 748 16.24 785 17.1 17.18 776 18.14 812 19.1 19.20 804 20.18 840 21.1 21.35 833 22.36 867 23.3 23.66 862 24.68 895 25.7 26.11 891 27.16 923 28.2 28.72 920 29.79 952 30.8				Bhp 13.53 15.68 16.92 18.28 19.77 21.38 23.12 24.99 26.99 29.14 31.42 33.85 36.42 39.15	934 968 986 1004 1023 1042 1061 1081 1102 1123 1144 1166 1188	Bhp 14.45 16.62 17.87 19.25 20.74 22.36 24.11 26.00 28.02 30.18 32.48 34.93 37.52	960 993 1011 1029 1047 1066 1085 1105 1126 1146 1167 1189	Bhp 15.38 17.57 18.83 20.22 21.73 23.36 25.13 27.03 29.06 31.24 33.55 36.02	Rpm 985 1018 1035 1053 1071 1090 1109 1128 1148 1169	Bhp 16.32 18.54 19.81 21.21 22.73 24.37 26.15 28.06 30.11 32.30 34.64 ———————————————————————————————————	Rpm 1010 1042 1059 1077 1095 1113 1132 1151 1171 1191	Bhp 17.28 19.52 20.81 22.21 23.74 25.40 27.19 29.11 31.17 33.38 — — —	Rpm 1033 1066 1082 1100 1117 1136 1154 1173 1193	Bhp 18.24 20.51 21.81 23.22 24.76 26.43 28.24 30.17 32.25	Rpm 1057 1088 1105 1122 1140 1158 1176 1195	Bhp 19.22 21.52 22.82 24.25 25.80 27.48 29.29 31.24 — — — —	Rpm 1079 1111 1127 1144 1161 1179	Bhp 20.22 22.53 23.85 25.29 26.85 28.54 30.36

Table 21 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY020,025 and 48A4,A5020 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0.	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1.	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1.	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	339	0.71	414	0.97	478	1.25	534	1.54	585	1.84	631	2.14	674	2.44	714	2.75	751	3.06	787	3.37
5,000	384	1.10	452	1.37	510	1.66	563	1.96	611	2.28	656	2.60	698	2.93	738	3.27	775	3.60	811	3.94
6,000	433	1.61	494	1.89	548	2.19	597	2.51	643	2.84	686	3.18	726	3.52	764	3.88	800	4.23	835	4.60
7,000	484	2.27	540	2.56	590	2.87	636	3.19	679	3.53	719	3.88	757	4.24	794	4.61	829	4.98	863	5.36
7,500	511	2.66	563	2.95	612	3.26	656	3.59	698	3.94	737	4.29	775	4.66	810	5.03	845	5.41	877	5.79
8,000	538	3.09	588	3.38	634	3.70	678	4.03	718	4.38	756	4.74	793	5.11	827	5.49	861	5.87	893	6.26
9,000	593	4.07	639	4.37	682	4.69	722	5.03	760	5.39	796	5.76	831	6.13	864	6.52	896	6.91	927	7.32
10,000	649	5.23	691	5.54	731	5.87	769	6.21	805	6.58	839	6.95	872	7.34	904	7.73	934	8.13	964	8.54
11,000	706	6.58	744	6.89	782	7.23	817	7.58	851	7.95	884	8.33	915	8.72	945	9.12	975	9.53	1003	9.95
12,000	763	8.12	799	8.45	834	8.79	867	9.14	899	9.52	930	9.90	960	10.30	989	10.71	1017	11.12	1045	11.54
12,500	792	8.97	827	9.30	860	9.64	893	10.00	924	10.38	954	10.77	983	11.16	1012	11.57	1039	11.99	1066	12.42
13,000	821	9.87	855	10.20	887	10.55	918	10.91	949	11.29	978	11.68	1007	12.08	1034	12.49	1062	12.92	1088	13.35

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	820	3.68	852	3.99	883	4.30	912	4.62	940	4.93	967	5.25	993	5.57	1019	5.89	1043	6.21	1067	6.53
5,000	844	4.28	877	4.63	907	4.97	937	5.31	966	5.66	993	6.01	1020	6.35	1046	6.70	1071	7.05	1095	7.40
6,000	869	4.96	901	5.33	931	5.70	961	6.07	990	6.44	1017	6.81	1044	7.19	1070	7.57	1096	7.94	1121	8.32
7,000	895	5.74	926	6.13	956	6.52	986	6.91	1014	7.30	1042	7.70	1068	8.10	1094	8.50	1120	8.90	1145	9.30
7,500	909	6.18	940	6.57	970	6.97	999	7.37	1027	7.78	1054	8.18	1081	8.59	1107	9.00	1132	9.41	1157	9.82
8,000	925	6.66	955	7.06	984	7.46	1013	7.87	1040	8.28	1067	8.69	1094	9.11	1119	9.53	1144	9.95	1169	10.37
9,000	957	7.72	986	8.13	1015	8.55	1042	8.97	1069	9.39	1096	9.82	1121	10.25	1146	10.69	1171	11.12	1195	11.56
10,000	993	8.96	1021	9.38	1048	9.80	1075	10.23	1101	10.67	1126	11.11	1151	11.55	1176	12.00	1200	12.45	_	_
11,000	1031	10.37	1058	10.80	1084	11.23	1110	11.67	1135	12.12	1160	12.56	1184	13.02	_	l —	_	l —	_	_
12,000	1071	11.97	1097	12.41	1123	12.85	1148	13.30	1172	13.75	1196	14.21	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	—
12,500	1092	12.85	1118	13.29	1143	13.74	1167	14.19	1191	14.64	_	_	l —	l —	_	l —	_	l —	_	l —
13,000	1113	13.78	1139	14.22	1163	14.67	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Table 22 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY027,030 and 48A4,A5025-030 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	IRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0	.2	0	.4	0.	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1.	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	342	0.72	417	0.98	480	1.26	536	1.55	587	1.85	633	2.15	676	2.45	715	2.76	753	3.07	788	3.38
5,000	389	1.11	456	1.38	514	1.68	566	1.98	614	2.30	659	2.62	701	2.95	740	3.29	777	3.62	813	3.96
6,000	439	1.64	499	1.92	553	2.22	602	2.54	647	2.87	689	3.21	730	3.56	768	3.91	804	4.27	838	4.63
7,000	492	2.31	546	2.60	596	2.91	641	3.24	684	3.58	724	3.93	762	4.29	798	4.66	833	5.03	867	5.41
8,000	546	3.14	596	3.43	642	3.75	684	4.09	724	4.44	762	4.80	798	5.17	833	5.55	866	5.93	898	6.32
9,000	602	4.13	647	4.43	690	4.76	730	5.10	768	5.46	803	5.83	838	6.21	871	6.60	903	7.00	933	7.40
10,000	659	5.31	701	5.62	740	5.95	777	6.30	813	6.67	847	7.04	880	7.43	911	7.83	942	8.23	971	8.64
11,000	717	6.67	755	6.99	792	7.33	827	7.68	860	8.06	893	8.44	924	8.83	954	9.24	983	9.65	1011	10.07
12,000	775	8.23	811	8.56	845	8.90	878	9.27	909	9.64	940	10.03	970	10.43	999	10.84	1026	11.26	1054	11.69
13,000	834	9.99	867	10.33	899	10.68	930	11.05	960	11.44	989	11.83	1017	12.24	1045	12.65	1072	13.08	1098	13.51
14,000	893	11.97	924	12.32	954	12.68	983	13.06	1012	13.44	1039	13.85	1066	14.26	1093	14.68	1118	15.11	1143	15.54
15,000	953	14.17	982	14.53	1010	14.90	1037	15.28	1064	15.68	1091	16.08	1116	16.50	1142	16.93	1166	17.36	1190	17.80

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	RESSU	IRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3.	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	821	3.69	853	4.00	884	4.31	913	4.63	941	4.95	968	5.26	994	5.58	1020	5.90	1044	6.22	1068	6.55
5,000	846	4.31	879	4.65	909	4.99	939	5.34	968	5.68	995	6.03	1022	6.38	1048	6.73	1073	7.08	1097	7.43
6,000	872	5.00	903	5.36	934	5.73	964	6.10	992	6.48	1020	6.85	1047	7.22	1073	7.60	1098	7.98	1123	8.36
7,000	899	5.79	930	6.18	960	6.57	989	6.96	1018	7.36	1045	7.75	1072	8.15	1098	8.55	1123	8.95	1148	9.35
8,000	930	6.72	960	7.12	989	7.53	1017	7.94	1045	8.35	1072	8.76	1098	9.18	1124	9.60	1148	10.02	1173	10.44
9,000	963	7.80	992	8.22	1020	8.63	1048	9.06	1075	9.48	1101	9.91	1126	10.34	1151	10.78	1176	11.21	1200	11.65
10,000	1000	9.06	1028	9.48	1055	9.91	1081	10.34	1107	10.77	1133	11.22	1157	11.66	1182	12.11	_	l —	_	l —
11,000	1039	10.49	1066	10.92	1092	11.36	1117	11.80	1142	12.24	1167	12.69	1191	13.15	_	l —	_	l —	_	l —
12,000	1080	12.12	1106	12.56	1131	13.00	1156	13.45	1180	13.90	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_
13,000	1123	13.95	1148	14.39	1172	14.84	1196	15.30	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_
14,000	1168	15.99	1192	16.44	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	<u> </u>	_	_
15,000	_	_	l —	—	_	l —	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	<u> </u>	_	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower edb — Entering Dry Bulb ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Watts = Motor efficiency

3. Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

NOTES:
1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

Table 23 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY,A4,A5035 Units

								AVAILAB	LE EXT	RNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wg	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0).4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	553	2.59	602	2.92	648	3.26	691	3.61	732	3.95	770	4.29	807	4.63	842	4.96	875	5.29	907	5.62
8,000	612	3.45	656	3.81	698	4.17	738	4.53	776	4.90	812	5.27	847	5.63	881	6.00	913	6.36	944	6.72
9,000	672	4.47	712	4.86	750	5.24	787	5.62	823	6.01	857	6.39	890	6.78	922	7.17	953	7.56	983	7.95
10,000	733	5.67	769	6.08	805	6.48	839	6.88	872	7.28	904	7.69	935	8.10	966	8.51	995	8.92	1024	9.33
10,500	763	6.33	798	6.75	832	7.17	865	7.58	897	7.99	929	8.40	959	8.82	989	9.24	1017	9.66	1046	10.08
11,000	794	7.04	828	7.47	861	7.90	892	8.32	923	8.74	954	9.16	983	9.59	1012	10.01	1040	10.44	1067	10.87
12,000	855	8.60	887	9.06	918	9.51	948	9.95	977	10.39	1005	10.83	1033	11.27	1060	11.71	1087	12.16	1113	12.60
13,000	917	10.36	947	10.84	976	11.31	1004	11.77	1031	12.23	1058	12.69	1084	13.14	1110	13.60	1135	14.06	1160	14.52
14,000	980	12.32	1008	12.82	1035	13.31	1061	13.79	1087	14.27	1112	14.75	1137	15.22	1161	15.70	1185	16.17	1209	16.65
15,000	1042	14.49	1069	15.01	1094	15.52	1119	16.03	1143	16.53	1167	17.02	1191	17.51	1214	18.01	1237	18.50	1260	18.99
16,000	1105	16.88	1130	17.42	1154	17.96	1178	18.48	1201	19.00	1224	19.51	1246	20.02	1268	20.53	1290	21.04	_	_
17,000	1168	19.49	1191	20.06	1214	20.61	1237	21.16	1259	21.69	1281	22.23	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,500	1200	20.88	1222	21.46	1245	22.03	1267	22.58	1288	23.13	_				_	_	_	_	_	_
								AVAILAB	LE EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wg	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	2.4	2	2.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
								i		Bhp		D		5	9	Ē		i		Bhp
()	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Бпр	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	קום
7,000	Rpm 937	=	Rpm 967	Bhp 6.26	Rpm 995	Bhp 6.57	Rpm 1022	Bnp 6.87	1048	7.18	1073	5 7.48	нрт 1098	впр 7.78	1122	8.07	нрт 1145	8.36	1168	8.66
7,000 8,000		Bhp 5.94 7.08	_	6.26 7.43	995 1031	6.57 7.77	1022 1058	6.87 8.12	1048 1084	7.18 8.46	1073 1109	7.48 8.79	1098 1134	7.78 9.13	1122 1158		_		•	8.66 10.11
7,000 8,000 9,000	937 974 1012	5.94 7.08 8.33	967 1003 1041	6.26 7.43 8.72	995 1031 1068	6.57 7.77 9.10	1022 1058 1094	6.87 8.12 9.47	1048 1084 1120	7.18 8.46 9.85	1073 1109 1145	7.48 8.79 10.22	1098 1134 1169	7.78 9.13 10.58	1122 1158 1193	8.07 9.46 10.95	1145 1181 1216	8.36 9.78 11.31	1168 1204 1239	8.66 10.11 11.66
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000	937 974 1012 1052	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74	967 1003 1041 1080	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15	995 1031 1068 1106	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55	1022 1058 1094 1132	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96	1048 1084 1120 1157	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36	1073 1109 1145 1182	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76	1098 1134 1169 1206	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16	1122 1158 1193 1229	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55	1145 1181 1216 1252	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95	1168 1204 1239 1275	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500	937 974 1012 1052 1073	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50	967 1003 1041 1080 1100	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92	995 1031 1068 1106 1126	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82	1168 1204 1239	8.66 10.11 11.66
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87	1122 1158 1193 1229	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55	1145 1181 1216 1252	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95	1168 1204 1239 1275	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59 14.40	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196 1236	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000 13,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138 1184	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05 14.99	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163 1208	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50 15.45	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188 1232	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95 15.92	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212 1255	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84 16.85	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87 15.74	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248 1266	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41 14.30	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271 1289	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82 14.72	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138 1184 1232	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05 14.99 17.13	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163 1208 1255	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50 15.45 17.61	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188 1232 1278	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95 15.92 18.09	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212 1255	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59 14.40 16.39	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196 1236 1278	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84 16.85	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45 15.30	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243 1282	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87 15.74	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248 1266 —	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41 14.30	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271 1289	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82 14.72	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138 1184 1232 1282	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05 14.99 17.13 19.48	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163 1208 1255	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50 15.45 17.61	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188 1232 1278	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95 15.92 18.09	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212 1255 —	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59 14.40 16.39	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196 1236 1278	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84 16.85	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45 15.30	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243 1282 —	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87 15.74	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248 1266 — —	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41 14.30	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271 1289 — —	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82 14.72 —	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293 — — — —	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000 14,000 15,000 16,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138 1184 1232 1282	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05 14.99 17.13	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163 1208 1255	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50 15.45 17.61	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188 1232 1278	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95 15.92 18.09	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212 1255 —	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59 14.40 16.39	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196 1236 1278	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84 16.85	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45 15.30	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243 1282 — —	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87 15.74	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248 1266 —	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41 14.30	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271 1289 — — —	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82 14.72	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293 — — —	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 10,500 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	937 974 1012 1052 1073 1094 1138 1184 1232 1282	5.94 7.08 8.33 9.74 10.50 11.30 13.05 14.99 17.13 19.48	967 1003 1041 1080 1100 1120 1163 1208 1255	6.26 7.43 8.72 10.15 10.92 11.73 13.50 15.45 17.61	995 1031 1068 1106 1126 1146 1188 1232 1278	6.57 7.77 9.10 10.55 11.34 12.16 13.95 15.92 18.09	1022 1058 1094 1132 1151 1171 1212 1255 —	6.87 8.12 9.47 10.96 11.75 12.59 14.40 16.39	1048 1084 1120 1157 1176 1196 1236 1278	7.18 8.46 9.85 11.36 12.17 13.02 14.84 16.85	1073 1109 1145 1182 1201 1220 1259	7.48 8.79 10.22 11.76 12.59 13.45 15.30	1098 1134 1169 1206 1224 1243 1282 —	7.78 9.13 10.58 12.16 13.00 13.87 15.74	1122 1158 1193 1229 1248 1266 — —	8.07 9.46 10.95 12.55 13.41 14.30	1145 1181 1216 1252 1271 1289 — —	8.36 9.78 11.31 12.95 13.82 14.72 —	1168 1204 1239 1275 1293 — — — —	8.66 10.11 11.66 13.34

			Гable 24 –	- Fan Perf	ormance -	– 48AW,A	Y036 Units	S		
			÷.	AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0.	.6	0.	.8	1.	.0
(,	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	475	2.29	527	2.66	576	3.05	622	3.44	666	3.84
8,000 9,000	526 579	3.10 4.08	573 621	3.50 4.51	617 662	3.91 4.95	660 701	4.33 5.39	700 738	4.75 5.83
10,000	633	5.24	671	5.70	709	6.16	744	6.62	779	7.09
11,000	687	6.59	723	7.07	757	7.56	790	8.05	823	8.54
12,000	742	8.15	775	8.65	807	9.17	838	9.68	868	10.20
13,000 14,000	797 852	9.92 11.92	827 881	10.45 12.47	857 909	10.98 13.03	887 936	11.52 13.59	915 963	12.07 14.15
15,000 16,000 17,000	908	14.15	935	14.72	961	15.31	987	15.89	1013	16.48
16,000	964	16.63 19.37	989	17.23	1014	15.31 17.83	1039	18.43	1063	19.04
17,000 17,500	1021 1049	19.37 20.84	1044 1072	19.98 21.46	1068 1095	20.60 22.09	1091 1117	18.43 21.23 22.73	1114 1139	21.86 23.36
17,000	1040	20.04	1072			TATIC PRESSUR		22.70	1100	20.00
AIRFLOW	1	.2	1	.4	1.		` 0/	.8	2	.0
(Cfm)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000 8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000	709	4.25	749	4.68	788	5.11	825	5.55	860	6.00
8,000 9,000	1.2 Rpm Bhp 709 4.25 740 5.18 775 6.28 813 7.57		778 810	5.62 6.74	814 845	6.07 7.21	850 878	6.53 7.69	884 911	7.00 8.17
10.000	Rpm Bhp 709 4.25 740 5.18 775 6.28 813 7.57		846	8.05	879	8.53	910	9.03	941	9.53
11,000	854	9.04	846 885	9.54	916	7.21 8.53 10.05	945	9.03 10.56	941 974	11.08
12,000 13,000	898 943	10.72 12.61	927 970	11.24 13.15	955 997	11.77 13.70	983 1024	12.30 14.25	1011 1050	12.84 14.81
14,000	990	14.72	1016	15.29	1041	15.86	1066	16.43	1091	17.01
15,000	1038	17.06	1062	17.65	1086	18.25	1110	18.84	1134	19.44
16,000	1086	19.65 22.49	1110 1158	20.26 23.12	1133 1180	20.88 23.76	1156 1202	21.49 24.39	1178 1223	22.11 25.03
17,000 17,500	1136 1161	24.01	1183	24.65	1205	25.30	1202	25.94	1247	26.59
				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3.	.0
` '	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	894	6.46	927	6.92	958	7.38	988	7.85	1017	8.33
8,000 9,000	917 942	7.48 8.66	949 973	7.96 9.16	980 1003	8.44 9.66	1010 1033	8.93 10.17	1039 1061	9.43 10.69
10,000	971	10.03	1001	10.55	1030	11.06	1058	11.59	1086	12.12
11,000	1003	11.60	1031	12.13	1059	12.67	1086	13.21	1112	13.75
12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	1038 1075	13.38 15.37	1065 1101	13.92 15.93	1091 1126	14.47 16.50	1117 1150	15.03 17.07	1142 1175	15.59 17.65
14,000	1115	17.59	1139	18.17	1163	18.75	1186	19.34	1210	19.94
15,000	1157	20.04 22.73	1180	20.64	1202	21.24	1225	21.85	1247	22.46
16,000 17,000	1200 1245	22.73 25.67	1222 1266	23.35 26.32	1243 1286	23.97 26.96	1265	24.60	1286	25.23
17,500	1267	27.24	1288	27.89	— —				_	_
				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		.2	_	.4	3.		3.			.0
7.000	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000 8,000	1046 1067	8.81 9.93	1073 1094	9.29 10.44	1099 1121	9.78 10.95	1125 1147	10.27 11.46	1150 1172	10.76 11.98
9,000	1089	11.21	1116	11.73	1142	12.26	1168	12.80	1193	13.33
40.000	1113	12.66	1139	13.20	1165	13.75	1190	14.30	1215	14.86
10,000	1139	14.31	1164 1192	14.86 16.73	1189 1216	15.43 17.31	1214 1240	15.99 17.89	1238 1264	16.56 18.48
11,000				10.70	1246	19.41	1269	20.00	1291	20.61
11,000 12,000 13.000	1167 1199	16.16 18.23	1222	18.82	1240					
11,000 12,000 13,000	1167 1199 1232	18.23 20.53	1222 1255	21.14	1277	21.74	1300	22.35	_	_
11,000 12,000 13,000	1167 1199	18.23	1222 1255 1290		1277 —	21.74 —		22.35 —	_	=
11,000 12,000 13.000	1167 1199 1232	18.23 20.53	1222 1255	21.14	1277 — — —	21.74 — — —		22.35 — — —		_ _ _

See legend on page 17.

Table 25 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY,A4,A5040 Units

		Tab	ie 25 — F	an Perforn	iance — 4	OAW,AI,A	4,A5040 C	iiitə		
AIRFLOW						TATIC PRESSURI	` •,	- 10	- 10	
(Cfm)	0.2 Rpm Bhp	0.4 Rpm Bhp	0.6 Rpm Bhp	0.8 Rpm Bhp	1.0 Rpm Bhp	1.2 Rpm Bhp	1.4 Rpm Bhp	1.6 Rpm Bhp	1.8 Rpm Bhp	2.0 Rpm Bhp
8,000 9,000	526 3.10 579 4.08	573 3.50 621 4.51	617 3.91 662 4.95	660 4.33 701 5.39	700 4.75 738 5.83	740 5.18 775 6.28	778 5.62 810 6.74	814 6.07 845 7.21	850 6.53 878 7.69	884 7.00 911 8.17
10,000	633 5.24	671 5.70	709 6.16	744 6.62	779 7.09	813 7.57	846 8.05	879 8.53	910 9.03	941 9.53
11,000 12,000	687 6.59 742 8.15	723 7.07 775 8.65	757 7.56 807 9.17	790 8.05 838 9.68	823 8.54 868 10.20	854 9.04 898 10.72	885 9.54 927 11.24	916 10.05 955 11.77	945 10.56 983 12.30	974 11.08 1011 12.84
13,000 14,000	797 9.92 852 11.92	827 10.45 881 12.47	857 10.98 909 13.03	887 11.52 936 13.59	915 12.07 963 14.15	943 12.61 990 14.72	970 13.15 1016 15.29	997 13.70 1041 15.86	1024 14.25 1066 16.43	1050 14.81 1091 17.01
15,000 16,000	908 14.15 964 16.63	935 14.72 989 17.23	961 15.31 1014 17.83	987 15.89 1039 18.43	1013 16.48 1063 19.04	1038 17.06 1086 19.65	1062 17.65 1110 20.26	1086 18.25 1133 20.88	1110 18.84 1156 21.49	1134 19.44 1178 22.11
17,000 18,000	1021 19.37 1077 22.37	1044 19.98 1099 23.01	1068 20.60 1122 23.64	1091 21.23 1144 24.29	1114 21.86 1165 24.94	1136 22.49 1187 25.59	1158 23.12 1208 26.25	1180 23.76 1229 26.90	1202 24.39 1250 27.56	1223 25.03 1270 28.22
19,000 20,000	1133 25.65 1190 29.21	1155 26.30	1176 26.96	1197 27.62	1217 28.29	1238 28.96				
20,000	1190 29.21			AVAII ABI		TATIC PRESSURI		_ [_]		
AIRFLOW	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0
(Cfm)	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp	Rpm Bhp
8,000 9,000	917 7.48 942 8.66	949 7.96 973 9.16	980 8.44 1003 9.66	1010 8.94 1033 10.17	1039 9.43 1061 10.69	1067 9.93 1089 11.21	1094 10.44 1116 11.73	1121 10.95 1142 12.26	1147 11.46 1168 12.80	1172 11.98 1193 13.33
10,000 11,000	971 10.03 1003 11.60	1001 10.55 1031 12.13	1030 11.06 1059 12.67	1058 11.59 1086 13.21	1086 12.12 1112 13.75	1113 12.66 1139 14.31	1139 13.20 1164 14.86	1165 13.75 1189 15.43	1190 14.30 1214 15.99	1215 14.86 1238 16.56
12,000 13,000	1038 13.38 1075 15.37	1065 13.92 1101 15.93	1091 14.47 1126 16.50	1117 15.03 1150 17.07	1142 15.59 1175 17.65	1167 16.16 1199 18.23	1192 16.73 1222 18.82	1216 17.31 1246 19.41	1240 17.89 1269 20.00	1264 18.48 1291 20.61
14,000 15,000	1115 17.59 1157 20.04	1139 18.17 1180 20.64	1163 18.75 1202 21.24	1186 19.34 1225 21.85	1210 19.94 1247 22.46	1232 20.53 1269 23.07	1255 21.14 1290 23.69	1277 21.74	1300 22.35	
16,000 17,000	1200 22.73 1245 25.67	1222 23.35 1266 26.32	1243 23.97 1286 26.96	1265 24.60	1286 25.23					
18,000	1290 28.88								= $ $ $=$ $ $	
19,000 20,000			= =					= =		
			Table 26 -	– Fan Perf	ormance -	– 48AW.A	Y041 Unit	s		
						STATIC PRESSUR				
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		0.2		0.4		0.6		.8	1.	
8,000	Rpm 526	Bhp 3.10	Rpm 573	Bhp 3.50	Rpm 617	Bhp 3.91	Rpm 660	Bhp 4.33	Rpm 700	Bhp 4.75
9,000 10,000	579 633	4.08 5.24	621 671	4.51 5.70	662 709	4.95 6.16	701 744	5.39 6.62	738 779	5.83 7.09
11,000 12,000	687 742	6.59 8.15	723 775	7.07 8.65	757 807	7.56 9.17	790 838	8.05 9.68	823 868	8.54 10.20
13,000	797	9.92	827	10.45	857 909	10.98	887	11.52	915	12.07
14,000 15,000	852 908	11.92 14.15	881 935	12.47 14.72	961	13.03 15.31	936 987	13.59 15.89	963 1013	14.15 16.48
16,000 17,000	964 1021	16.63 19.37	989 1044	17.23 19.98	1014 1068	17.83 20.60	1039 1091	18.43 21.23	1063 1114	19.04 21.86
18,000 19,000	1077 1133	22.37 25.65	1099 1155	23.01 26.30	1122 1176	23.64 26.96	1144 1197	24.29 27.62	1165 1217	24.94 28.29
20,000	1190	29.21	_			TATIC PRESSUR	——————————————————————————————————————	_	_	
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		1.2		1.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	
8,000	Rpm 740	Bhp 5.18	Rpm 778	Bhp 5.62	Rpm 814	Bhp 6.07	Rpm 850	Bhp 6.53	Rpm 884	Bhp 7.00
9,000 10,000	775 813	6.28 7.57	810 846	6.74 8.05	845 879	7.21 8.53	878 910	7.69 9.03	911 941	8.17 9.53
11,000 12,000	854 898	9.04 10.72	885 927	9.54 11.24	916 955	10.05 11.77	945 983	10.56 12.30	974 1011	11.08 12.84
13,000 14,000	943 990	12.61 14.72	970 1016	13.15	997 1041	13.70 15.86	1024	14.25 16.43	1050 1091	14.81 17.01
15,000	1038	17.06	1062	15.29 17.65	1086	18.25	1066 1110	18.84	1134	19.44
16,000 17,000	1086 1136	19.65 22.49	1110 1158	20.26 23.12	1133 1180	20.88 23.76	1156 1202	21.49 24.39	1178 1223	22.11 25.03
18,000 19,000	1187 1238	25.59 28.96	1208 —	26.25 —	1229 —	26.90 —	1250 —	27.56 —	1270 —	28.22 —
20,000	<u> </u>		_	ΔΛΑΙΙ ΔΕ	I F FXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in wa)	_	_	
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	Rpm	2.2 Bhp	Rpm	2.4 Bhp		2.6 Bhp		.8 Bhp	Rpm 3.	.0 Bhp
8,000	917	7.48	949	7.96	980	8.44	1010	8.94	1039	9.43
9,000 10,000	942 971	8.66 10.03	973 1001	9.16 10.55	1003 1030	9.66 11.06	1033 1058	10.17 11.59	1061 1086	10.69 12.12
11,000 12,000	1003 1038	11.60 13.38	1031 1065	12.13 13.92	1059 1091	12.67 14.47	1086 1117	13.21 15.03	1112 1142	13.75 15.59
13,000 14,000	1075 1115	15.37 17.59	1101 1139	15.93 18.17	1126 1163	16.50 18.75	1150 1186	17.07 19.34	1175 1210	17.65 19.94
15,000		20.04	1180 1222	20.64 23.35	1202 1243	21.24 23.97	1225 1265	21.85 24.60	1247 1286	22.46 25.23
16,000	1157			20.00			1200	24.00	1200	
16,000 17,000	1200 1245	22.73 25.67	1266	26.32	1286	26.96	_	_	_	
16,000	1200	22.73		26.32 — — —	1286 — — —	26.96 — — —	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	1200 1245 1290 —	22.73 25.67 28.88 —	1266 — — — —	AVAILAE	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	 EE (in. wg)	_		
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1200 1245 1290 ————————————————————————————————————	22.73 25.67 28.88 —————————————————————————————————	1266 ———————————————————————————————————	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp	LE EXTERNAL S	ETATIC PRESSUR	— 	.8 Bhp		.0 Bhp
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1200 1245 1290 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	22.73 25.67 28.88 —————————————————————————————————	1266 ———————————————————————————————————	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp	ELE EXTERNAL S Rpm 1121	ETATIC PRESSUR 3.6 Bhp 10.95	E (in. wg) Rpm 1147	.8 Bhp	4. Rpm 1172	.0 Bhp
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 9,000	1200 1245 1290 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	22.73 25.67 28.88 —————————————————————————————————	1266 ———————————————————————————————————	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20	Rpm 1121 1142 1165	3.6 Bhp 10.95 12.26 13.75	EE (in. wg) Rpm 1147 1168 1190	.8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30	4. Rpm 1172 1193 1215	.0 Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 11,000	1200 1245 1290 — — Rpm 1067 1089 1113 1139 1167	22.73 25.67 28.88 —————————————————————————————————	1266 ———————————————————————————————————	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20 14.86 16.73	Rpm 1121 1142 1165 1189 1216	5TATIC PRESSUR 3.6 Bhp 10.95 12.26 13.75 15.43 17.31	E (in. wg) 3 Rpm 1147 1168 1190 1214 1240	.8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30 15.99 17.89	4. Rpm 1172 1193 1215 1238 1264	.0 Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86 16.56 18.48
16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000	1200 1245 1290 — — Rpm 1067 1089 1113 1139 1167 1199 1232	3.2 Bhp 9.93 11.21 12.66 14.31 16.16 18.23 20.53	1266	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20 14.86 16.73 18.82 21.14	Rpm 1121 1142 1165 1189 1216 1246 1277		EE (in. wg) Rpm 1147 1168 1190 1214	8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30 15.99 17.89 20.00 22.35	4. Rpm 1172 1193 1215 1238 1264 1291 —	.0 Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86 16.56 18.48 20.61
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000	Rpm 1089 1139 1139 1167 1199 1232 1269	22.73 25.67 28.88 —————————————————————————————————	1266 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20 14.86 16.73 18.82	Rpm 1121 1142 1165 1189 1216 1246	ETATIC PRESSUR 5.6 Bhp 10.95 12.26 13.75 15.43 17.31 19.41	RE (in. wg) Rpm 1147 1168 1190 1214 1240 1269 1300 —	.8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30 15.99 17.89 20.00 22.35 —	4. Rpm 1172 1193 1215 1238 1264	.0 Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86 16.56 18.48 20.61
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000	Rpm 1067 1089 1113 1139 1167 1199 1232 1269	3.2 Bhp 9.93 11.21 12.66 14.31 16.16 18.23 20.53	1266 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20 14.86 16.73 18.82 21.14	Rpm 1121 1142 1165 1189 1216 1246 1277	3.5TATIC PRESSUR 3.6 Bhp 10.95 12.95 12.96 13.75 15.43 17.31 19.41 21.74		8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30 15.99 17.89 20.00 22.35 — — — —	4. Rpm 1172 1193 1215 1238 1264 1291 —	.0 Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86 16.56 18.48 20.61
16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 AIRFLOW (Cfm) 8,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000	1200 1245 1290 — — Rpm 1067 1089 1113 1139 1167 1199 1232 1269 — —	3.2 Bhp 9.93 11.21 12.66 14.31 16.16 18.23 20.53 23.07 —	1266 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	AVAILAE 3.4 Bhp 10.44 11.73 13.20 14.86 16.73 18.82 21.14 23.69 —	Rpm 1121 1142 1165 1189 1216 1246 1277	### Company of the co	Re (in. wg) Rpm 1147 1168 1190 1214 1240 1269 1300 — —	.8 Bhp 11.46 12.80 14.30 15.99 17.89 20.00 22.35	Rpm 1172 1193 1215 1238 1264 1291 — —	Bhp 11.98 13.33 14.86 16.56 18.48 20.61

See legend on page 17.

Table 27 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY,A4,A5050 Units

					JIE 21									030 0	,,,,,					
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0.).4		.6		.8	1	ERNAL S	1	.2	1	.4		.6		.8		.0
8,000 9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000	8pm 536 588 642 696 751 807 863 919 975 1032 1089 1146 1203	3.18 4.17 5.35 6.72 8.29 10.09 12.12 14.38 16.90 19.67 22.71 26.04 29.65	582 630 680 732 784 837 891 946 1000 1056 1111 1167 1224	3.58 4.60 5.80 7.20 8.80 10.62 12.67 14.96 17.49 20.29 23.35 26.69 30.32	626 670 717 766 816 867 919 972 1025 1079 1134 1188 1244	3.99 5.04 6.27 7.69 9.32 11.16 13.23 15.54 18.09 20.91 23.99 27.35 31.00	668 709 753 799 847 896 946 997 1049 1102 1155 1209 1263	8hp 4.41 5.48 6.73 8.18 9.83 11.70 13.79 16.12 18.70 21.54 24.64 24.64 28.02 31.69	708 746 787 831 877 924 973 1023 1073 1125 1177 1230 1283	8hp 4.83 5.93 7.20 8.67 10.35 12.24 14.36 16.71 19.31 22.17 25.29 28.69 32.38	747 782 821 863 906 952 999 1047 1097 1147 1198 1250	5.27 6.38 7.68 9.17 10.87 12.78 14.92 17.30 19.92 22.80 25.95 29.37	785 818 854 893 935 979 1025 1072 1120 1169 1219 1270	5.71 6.84 8.16 9.68 11.40 13.33 15.49 17.89 20.53 23.44 26.60 30.04	821 852 886 923 964 1050 1096 1143 1191 1240 1290	8hp 6.16 7.31 8.65 10.18 11.92 13.88 16.06 18.48 21.15 24.07 27.26 30.72	857 885 917 953 991 1075 1120 1165 1213 1261	8hp 6.63 7.79 9.14 10.70 12.46 14.43 16.64 19.08 21.76 24.71 27.92	891 918 948 982 1019 1058 1100 1143 1188 1234 1281	7.09 8.28 9.65 11.21 12.99 14.99 17.21 19.68 22.38 25.35 28.58
AIRFLOW	2.			2.4		2.6			BLE EXT	ERNAL S		ESSURE		.4		.6		3.8		.0
(Cfm) 8,000	923	Bhp 7.57	Rpm 955	Bhp 8.05	Rpm 986	8.54	Rpm 1016	Bhp 9.03	Rpm 1045	.u Bhp 9.53	Rpm 1073	Bhp 10.03	Rpm 1100	Bhp 10.54	Rpm 1126	Bhp 11.05	Rpm 1152	Bhp 11.56	Rpm 1177	Bhp 12.08
9,000 10,000 11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000	949 8.77 980 978 10.15 10.85 1010 11.74 10.38 1010 11.74 10.38 1014 15.55 1109 1124 17.79 1148 1166 20.27 1189 1210 23.00 1231 1255 25.99 1276			9.27 10.67 12.27 14.08 16.11 18.38 20.88 23.62 26.63	1010 1036 1066 1098 1134 1171 1211 1253 1296	9.77 11.19 12.81 14.63 16.68 18.97 21.49 24.25 27.27	1016 1039 1064 1093 1124 1158 1195 1234 1274 —	9.03 10.28 11.72 13.35 15.19 17.26 19.55 22.09 24.88	1045 1067 1092 1119 1149 1182 1218 1256 1295 —	19.53 10.80 12.25 13.90 15.76 17.84 20.15 22.71 25.51 —	1073 1095 1119 1145 1174 1206 1241 1277 —	11.32 12.79 14.45 16.32 18.42 20.75 23.32	1100 1122 1145 1171 1199 1230 1263 1299 — —	11.84 11.85 13.33 15.01 16.90 19.01 21.35 23.94 ————————————————————————————————————	1126 1148 1171 1196 1223 1253 1285 — — — —	12.38 13.88 15.57 17.48 19.60 21.96 — — —	1174 1174 1196 1220 1247 1276 — — — —	12.91 14.43 16.14 18.06 20.20 — — — —	1177 1199 1221 1245 1270 1299 — — — — —	13.45 14.99 16.72 18.65 20.80 — — — — —
	0.2 Rpm Bhp 450 3.19 516 4.81				Tabl	e 28 –	– Faı	n Perf	orma	ance -	— 48	AW,A	Y051	Unit	s					
AIRFLOW (Cfm)						0.4				0.6			C	0.8				.0		
10,000	1	450	+-	3.19		Rpm 509 569		3.86 5.54		Rpm 561 617		3 hp 4.58 6.30		608 660		5.34 7.10		pm 651 701	6	hp 5.14 7.93
12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000	Rpm Bhp 450 3.19 516 4.81			5.80 6.90 8.13 9.49 10.99 12.64 14.43 16.37 18.47 20.74		569 600 632 664 697 730 764 798 833 867 902 937	1 1 1 1 1 1 2	5.54 6.56 7.69 8.96 0.36 1.90 3.58 5.41 7.39 9.54 1.84		617 646 676 706 737 769 801 834 867 901 934 968	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	5.30 7.34 8.50 9.79 1.22 2.79 4.51 6.37 8.39 6.290 5.40		668 716 745 775 806 837 868 900 932 965 998	10 12 13 15 15 17 19 22	7.10 9.33 9.65 9.10 9.69 9.43 7.32 9.37 1.57 9.48		701 727 754 782 811 840 870 990 931 9931 995	10 11 13 14 16 18 20 22 24	.93 0.00 0.20 0.53 0.00 0.61 0.38 0.36 0.36 0.59
24,000 25,000		942	1	25.78		973 1008	2	6.95 9.77	1	003 037	3	8.08 0.93	1	032 065	29	9.18 2.07	10	059 092	30	0.28 3.20
AIRFLOW (Cfm)			1.2				1.4				1.6			1	.8				.0	
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000	1 1 1	055 086		23.61 26.03 28.62 31.38		728 774 799 824 850 877 904 933 961 991 1020 1051 1113 11144	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	7.80 9.68 9.69 9.02 3.38 6.53 8.32 0.27 2.38 4.65 9.70 9.70 9.70 9.48	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	764 808 832 857 882 908 935 962 990 019 048 077 107 138 169	11 11 11 11 11 12 22 22 22 23 33 33	8hp 3.66 0.59 1.72 2.97 4.35 6.586 7.52 9.33 1.29 3.42 5.71 3.17 0.79 3.59 6.58	1 1 1 1 1 1	797 797 841 864 888 9912 9938 964 990 018 046 074 103 133 163 193	20 24 26 29 33	9.53 1.52 2.67 3.94 5.36 3.54 0.36 2.34 4.48 5.78 9.26 9.29 4.72	10 11 11 11 11 11	9829 872 894 917 9941 9966 992 018 0045 072 100 1129 1157 1187	10 12 13 14 16 17 19 21 25 25 27 30 33	hp 1.42 2.46 3.64 3.92 3.34 3.88 9.58 41 3.40 5.56 3.87 9.36 9.36
AIRFLOW (Cfm)			_				2.4				2.6		Ì	2	2.8				.0	
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000	992 23.61 1023 26.03 1055 28.62 1086 31.38 1119 34.32 2.2 Rpm Bhp 860 11.31 901 13.42 923 14.62 946 15.92 970 17.36 994 18.93 1019 20.63 1045 22.48 1071 24.49 1098 26.66 1125 28.99 1153 31.49		11.31 13.42 14.62 15.92 17.36 18.93 20.63 22.48 24.49 26.66 28.99		890 930 952 974 997 1021 1045 1070 1198 1150 1177 —	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	2.21 4.38 5.61 6.94 8.40 9.98 1.70 3.57 5.59 7.7.7 0.12 2.63	1 1 1 1 1 1	918 958 979 9001 024 047 071 096 121 147 173 —	1: 1: 1: 1: 2: 2: 2: 2: 2: 3:	3.11 5.36 6.61 7.97 9.45 1.05 2.79 4.67 6.71 8.90 1.26	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	946 985 006 0027 049 072 096 1145 171 197	14 16 17 19 20 22 25 25 30 32	4.02 5.34 7.62 9.01 9.51 2.14 3.89 5.79 7.84 9.05 2.42	10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11	pm 973 011 031 052 074 097 120 144 169 194	14 17 18 20 21 23 25 26 28 31	hp .94 .33 .64 .06 .58 .23 .01 .99 .21	
25,000	<u> </u> 				<u> </u>			_		— TERNAL S		_	(in. wa)	_			<u> </u>			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	F		_	Bhp		Rpm	3.4	Bhp			3.6	Bhp			3.8 E	hp	R	pm 4	.0 B	hp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 15,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000	1045 1071 1098 1125 1153 1181			15.86 18.33 19.67 21.12 22.67 24.34 26.13 28.07 30.16 —		1024 1061 1081 1101 1122 1144 1167 1190 — — —	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6.79 9.33 0.71 2.18 3.76 5.45 7.27 9.23 — — —	1 1 1 1 1 1	048 085 104 125 167 190 — — — —	20 22 22 20 20 20	7.72 0.34 1.75 3.25 3.25 6.58 8.42 ————————————————————————————————————	1 1 1 1	072 108 128 148 168 190 — — —	18 22 22 24 25 25	3.66 1.35 2.80 1.33 5.97 7.71 —————————————————————————————————	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	096 131 150 170 191 — — — — —	22 23 25 27 27	0.60 2.36 8.85 5.42 7.08

Table 29 — Fan Performance — 48AW,AY,A4,A5060 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
12,000	516	4.81	569	5.54	617	6.30	660	7.10	701	7.93	739	8.79	774	9.68	808	10.59	841	11.52	872	12.46
14,000	584	6.90	632	7.69	676	8.50	716	9.33	754	10.20	790	11.10	824	12.02	857	12.97	888	13.94	917	14.92
15,000	619	8.13	664	8.96	706	9.79	745	10.65	782	11.53	817	12.44	850	13.38	882	14.35	912	15.33	941	16.34
16,000	654	9.49	697	10.36	737	11.22	775	12.10	811	13.00	845	13.93	877	14.88	908	15.86	938	16.86	966	17.88
17,000	689	10.99	730	11.90	769	12.79	806	13.69	840	14.61	873	15.56	904	16.53	935	17.52	964	18.54	992	19.58
18,000	725	12.64	764	13.58	801	14.51	837	15.43	870	16.38	902	17.34	933	18.32	962	19.33	990	20.36	1018	21.41
19,000	760	14.43	798	15.41	834	16.37	868	17.32	900	18.29	932	19.27	961	20.27	990	21.29	1018	22.34	1045	23.40
20,000	796	16.37	833	17.39	867	18.39	900	19.37	931	20.36	962	21.36	991	22.38	1019	23.42	1046	24.48	1072	25.56
21,000	832	18.47	867	19.54	901	20.56	932	21.57	963	22.59	992	23.61	1020	24.65	1048	25.71	1074	26.78	1100	27.87
22,000	869	20.74	902	21.84	934	22.90	965	23.94	995	24.98	1023	26.03	1051	27.09	1077	28.17	1103	29.26	1129	30.36
23,000	905	23.17	937	24.31	968	25.40	998	26.48	1027	27.55	1055	28.62	1081	29.70	1107	30.79	1133	31.90	1157	33.02
24,000	942	25.78	973	26.95	1003	28.08	1032	29.18	1059	30.28	1086	31.38	1113	32.48	1138	33.59	1163	34.72	1187	35.86
25,000	978	28.56	1008	29.77	1037	30.93	1065	32.07	1092	33.20	1119	34.32	1144	35.44	1169	36.58	1193	37.72	<u> </u>	_
26,000	1015	31.52	1044	32.76	1072	33.96	1099	35.13	1125	36.29	1151	37.44	1176	38.59	_	<u> </u>	l —	_	l —	<u> </u>
27,000	1052	34.66	1080	35.94	1107	37.18	1133	38.38	1159	39.57	1184	40.75	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	2.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(0)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
12,000	901	13.42	930	14.38	958	15.36	985	16.34	1011	17.33	1036	18.33	1061	19.33	1085	20.34	1108	21.35	1131	22.36
14,000	946	15.92	974	16.94	1001	17.97	1027	19.01	1052	20.06	1077	21.12	1101	22.18	1125	23.25	1148	24.33	1170	25.42
15,000	970	17.36	997	18.40	1024	19.45	1049	20.51	1074	21.58	1099	22.67	1122	23.76	1146	24.86	1168	25.97	1191	27.08
16,000	994	18.93	1021	19.98	1047	21.05	1072	22.14	1097	23.23	1121	24.34	1144	25.45	1167	26.58	1190	27.71	l —	l —
17,000	1019	20.63	1045	21.70	1071	22.79	1096	23.89	1120	25.01	1144	26.13	1167	27.27	1190	28.42	_	_	l —	l —
18,000	1045	22.48	1070	23.57	1096	24.67	1120	25.79	1144	26.93	1167	28.07	1190	29.23	_	_	_	_	l —	l —
19,000	1071	24.49	1096	25.59	1121	26.71	1145	27.84	1169	28.99	1192	30.16	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
20,000	1098	26.66	1123	27.77	1147	28.90	1171	30.05	1194	31.21	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
21,000	1125	28.99	1150	30.12	1173	31.26	1197	32.42	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
22,000	1153	31.49	1177	32.63	_	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
23,000	1181	34.16	<u> </u>	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
24,000	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	_	—	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_
25,000	_	—	—	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
26,000	_	l —	l —	_	_	_	l —	l —	l —	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	l —	—
27,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Table 30 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY020,025 and 50A4,A5020 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTER	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0	.2	0	.4	0.	.6	0.	.8	1.	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1.	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	322	0.62	399	0.82	464	1.04	521	1.26	572	1.48	619	1.71	662	1.93	702	2.16	739	2.38	774	2.61
5,000	361	0.95	431	1.17	491	1.41	545	1.65	594	1.89	640	2.14	682	2.39	722	2.64	759	2.89	795	3.14
6,000	405	1.41	467	1.64	524	1.88	574	2.14	621	2.40	664	2.67	705	2.93	744	3.20	780	3.47	816	3.75
7,000	451	2.00	508	2.22	559	2.48	607	2.75	651	3.02	693	3.30	732	3.58	769	3.87	804	4.16	839	4.45
7,500	475	2.34	529	2.57	579	2.82	625	3.10	668	3.38	708	3.66	746	3.96	783	4.25	818	4.55	851	4.84
8,000	500	2.72	551	2.95	598	3.21	643	3.48	685	3.77	724	4.06	762	4.36	797	4.66	832	4.96	864	5.27
9,000	550	3.60	596	3.83	640	4.09	682	4.36	721	4.66	759	4.96	795	5.27	829	5.58	862	5.90	893	6.22
10,000	601	4.63	644	4.86	684	5.12	723	5.40	760	5.70	796	6.01	830	6.33	863	6.65	894	6.98	925	7.31
11,000	653	5.83	692	6.07	730	6.33	766	6.61	801	6.91	835	7.22	867	7.54	899	7.87	929	8.21	958	8.55
12,000	706	7.20	742	7.45	777	7.71	811	7.99	844	8.29	875	8.61	906	8.93	936	9.27	966	9.61	994	9.96
12,500	732	7.96	768	8.20	801	8.47	834	8.75	866	9.05	897	9.37	927	9.69	956	10.03	985	10.38	1012	10.73
13,000	759	8.76	793	9.01	826	9.27	857	9.56	888	9.86	918	10.17	947	10.50	976	10.84	1004	11.19	1031	11.54

	l						AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3.	.4	3.	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(OI IVI)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	808	2.84	840	3.06	870	3.29	900	3.52	928	3.75	955	3.98	981	4.21	1007	4.44	1031	4.67	1055	4.91
5,000	829	3.39	861	3.64	892	3.89	922	4.14	950	4.40	978	4.65	1005	4.90	1031	5.16	1056	5.41	1080	5.67
6,000	849	4.02	881	4.29	912	4.57	942	4.84	971	5.12	999	5.39	1026	5.67	1052	5.94	1077	6.22	1102	6.49
7,000	871	4.74	903	5.03	933	5.33	963	5.62	991	5.92	1019	6.21	1046	6.51	1072	6.80	1098	7.10	1123	7.40
7,500	883	5.14	915	5.44	945	5.75	974	6.05	1002	6.35	1030	6.66	1057	6.96	1083	7.27	1108	7.58	1133	7.88
8,000	896	5.58	927	5.89	957	6.20	985	6.51	1014	6.82	1041	7.13	1067	7.45	1093	7.76	1118	8.08	1143	8.39
9,000	924	6.54	954	6.86	983	7.19	1011	7.51	1038	7.84	1064	8.17	1090	8.50	1116	8.83	1141	9.16	1165	9.49
10,000	954	7.64	983	7.98	1011	8.31	1038	8.65	1065	8.99	1091	9.34	1116	9.68	1141	10.02	1165	10.37	1189	10.72
11,000	987	8.89	1015	9.24	1042	9.59	1068	9.94	1094	10.29	1119	10.65	1144	11.01	1168	11.36	1191	11.72	_	_
12,000	1022	10.31	1048	10.67	1075	11.03	1100	11.39	1125	11.75	1150	12.12	1173	12.48	1197	12.85	_	l —	_	_
12,500	1039	11.08	1066	11.44	1092	11.81	1117	12.17	1141	12.54	1165	12.91	1189	13.28	_	_	_	_	_	_
13,000	1058	11.90	1084	12.26	1109	12.63	1134	13.00	1158	13.37	1182	13.75	_	l —	_	_	_	l —	_	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower edb — Entering Dry Bulb ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:
1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Watts = Motor efficiency

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 31 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY027,030 and 50A4,A5025-030 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1.	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	325	0.62	402	0.83	466	1.05	523	1.27	574	1.49	620	1.72	663	1.94	703	2.17	740	2.39	776	2.62
5,000	366	0.97	435	1.19	495	1.42	548	1.67	597	1.91	642	2.16	685	2.41	724	2.65	762	2.90	797	3.16
6,000	411	1.43	473	1.66	529	1.91	579	2.16	625	2.43	668	2.69	709	2.96	747	3.23	784	3.50	819	3.77
7,000	459	2.02	515	2.25	566	2.51	613	2.78	657	3.06	698	3.34	737	3.62	774	3.91	809	4.20	843	4.49
8,000	508	2.76	559	2.99	606	3.25	650	3.53	691	3.82	731	4.11	768	4.41	803	4.71	837	5.01	870	5.32
9,000	560	3.64	605	3.88	649	4.14	690	4.42	729	4.72	766	5.02	802	5.33	835	5.64	868	5.96	900	6.28
10,000	612	4.68	654	4.92	694	5.19	732	5.47	769	5.77	804	6.09	838	6.40	870	6.73	902	7.06	932	7.39
11,000	665	5.89	703	6.14	740	6.41	776	6.69	811	7.00	844	7.31	876	7.64	907	7.97	937	8.31	967	8.65
12,000	718	7.28	754	7.53	788	7.80	822	8.09	854	8.39	886	8.71	916	9.04	946	9.38	975	9.72	1003	10.07
13,000	772	8.85	806	9.11	838	9.38	869	9.67	899	9.98	929	10.30	958	10.63	987	10.97	1014	11.32	1041	11.68
14,000	826	10.61	858	10.87	888	11.15	917	11.44	946	11.75	974	12.07	1002	12.41	1029	12.75	1055	13.10	1081	13.46
15,000	881	12.57	910	12.84	939	13.12	967	13.41	994	13.72	1021	14.05	1047	14.38	1073	14.73	1098	15.08	1123	15.45

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC F	PRESSU	JRE (in.	wg)						
AIRFLOW (CFM)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3.	.4	3	.6	3.	.8	4	.0
(01 111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
4,000	809	2.84	841	3.07	872	3.30	901	3.53	929	3.76	956	3.99	982	4.22	1008	4.45	1032	4.68	1056	4.92
5,000	831	3.41	863	3.66	894	3.91	924	4.16	952	4.41	980	4.67	1007	4.92	1032	5.17	1057	5.43	1082	5.68
6,000	852	4.05	884	4.32	915	4.59	945	4.87	974	5.14	1001	5.42	1028	5.69	1054	5.97	1080	6.24	1105	6.52
7,000	875	4.78	907	5.07	937	5.37	967	5.66	995	5.95	1023	6.25	1049	6.55	1076	6.84	1101	7.14	1126	7.44
8,000	901	5.63	932	5.94	961	6.25	990	6.56	1018	6.87	1045	7.18	1072	7.50	1097	7.81	1123	8.13	1147	8.44
9,000	930	6.60	960	6.93	988	7.25	1016	7.58	1043	7.91	1070	8.23	1096	8.57	1121	8.90	1146	9.23	1170	9.56
10,000	961	7.72	990	8.06	1018	8.40	1045	8.74	1071	9.08	1097	9.42	1122	9.76	1147	10.11	1171	10.46	1194	10.80
11,000	995	8.99	1022	9.34	1049	9.69	1075	10.04	1101	10.39	1126	10.75	1151	11.11	1175	11.47	1198	11.82	_	l —
12,000	1030	10.43	1057	10.78	1083	11.14	1108	11.51	1133	11.87	1157	12.24	1181	12.61	_	l —	_	_	_	l —
13,000	1068	12.04	1093	12.40	1119	12.77	1143	13.14	1167	13.52	1191	13.89	_	_	_	l —	_	_	_	l —
14,000	1107	13.83	1131	14.20	1156	14.58	1179	14.96	_	l —	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —
15,000	1147	15.82	1171	16.19	1194	16.58		_		_	_	_		_		_				

Table 32 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY,A4,A5035 Units

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	522	2.06	573	2.32	620	2.57	664	2.82	705	3.06	744	3.30	780	3.54	815	3.78	849	4.01	881	4.24
8,000	576	2.75	622	3.03	665	3.30	706	3.57	745	3.84	782	4.10	817	4.36	850	4.62	883	4.87	914	5.12
9,000	630	3.57	672	3.86	712	4.16	750	4.45	787	4.74	822	5.02	855	5.30	888	5.58	919	5.86	949	6.13
10,000	686	4.52	724	4.84	761	5.15	797	5.46	831	5.77	864	6.07	896	6.37	927	6.67	957	6.97	986	7.26
10,500	714	5.05	750	5.38	786	5.70	821	6.02	854	6.34	886	6.65	917	6.96	947	7.27	977	7.57	1005	7.87
11,000	742	5.62	777	5.95	811	6.28	845	6.61	877	6.94	909	7.26	939	7.58	968	7.90	997	8.21	1025	8.52
12,000	799	6.88	831	7.22	863	7.57	894	7.91	925	8.25	954	8.60	983	8.93	1011	9.27	1039	9.60	1065	9.93
13,000	856	8.29	886	8.65	916	9.01	945	9.37	974	9.72	1002	10.08	1029	10.44	1056	10.79	1082	11.14	1108	11.49
14,000	914	9.87	942	10.24	969	10.61	997	10.98	1024	11.36	1050	11.73	1076	12.10	1102	12.47	1127	12.84	1152	13.20
15,000	971	11.62	998	12.00	1024	12.39	1050	12.77	1075	13.16	1100	13.54	1125	13.93	1149	14.31	1173	14.70	1197	15.08
16,000	1029	13.55	1054	13.94	1079	14.34	1103	14.74	1127	15.13	1151	15.53	1174	15.93	1198	16.33	1220	16.73	1243	17.12
17,000	1088	15.66	1111	16.07	1134	16.47	1157	16.88	1180	17.29	1203	17.70	1225	18.11	1247	18.53	1269	18.93	1290	19.34
17,500	1117	16.79	1140	17.20	1162	17.61	1184	18.02	1207	18.44	1229	18.86	1250	19.27	1272	19.69	1293	20.11	_	

							AVA	ILABLE	EXTE	RNAL S	TATIC I	PRESSU	JRE (in	. wg)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	912	4.46	942	4.68	970	4.90	998	5.12	1025	5.33	1051	5.54	1076	5.75	1101	5.96	1124	6.16	1148	6.36
8,000	944	5.37	973	5.62	1001	5.86	1029	6.11	1055	6.35	1081	6.58	1106	6.82	1130	7.05	1154	7.28	1177	7.51
9,000	978	6.40	1006	6.67	1034	6.93	1060	7.20	1086	7.46	1112	7.72	1136	7.98	1160	8.23	1184	8.49	1207	8.74
10,000	1014	7.55	1041	7.84	1068	8.12	1094	8.41	1119	8.69	1144	8.97	1168	9.25	1192	9.52	1215	9.80	1238	10.07
10,500	1033	8.17	1059	8.47	1086	8.77	1111	9.06	1136	9.35	1161	9.64	1184	9.93	1208	10.22	1231	10.50	1253	10.79
11,000	1052	8.83	1078	9.14	1104	9.44	1129	9.75	1154	10.05	1178	10.35	1201	10.64	1224	10.94	1247	11.23	1269	11.53
12,000	1091	10.26	1117	10.58	1142	10.90	1166	11.23	1190	11.54	1213	11.86	1236	12.18	1259	12.49	1281	12.80	l —	l —
13,000	1133	11.83	1157	12.17	1181	12.51	1205	12.85	1228	13.19	1251	13.52	1273	13.86	1295	14.19	_	_	l —	l —
14,000	1176	13.56	1199	13.92	1222	14.28	1245	14.63	1268	14.99	1290	15.34	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_
15,000	1220	15.45	1243	15.83	1265	16.20	1287	16.58	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	l —
16,000	1265	17.52	1287	17.91	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	l —
17,000	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
17,500	_	<u> </u>	l —	_	_	_	l —	_	l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	l —

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower

edb — Entering Dry Bulb

ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Watts =
$$\frac{\text{Bhp x 746}}{\text{Motor efficiency}}$$

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

Table 33 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY036 Units

AIRFLOW (Cfm)				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	(E (in. wg)			
	0	.2	0).4	0	.6	0).8	1	.0
(5)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	451	2.13	503	2.49	552	2.86	597	3.23	641	3.60
8,000	499	2.88	546	3.27	590	3.66	632	4.06	672	4.40
9,000	548	3.78	591	4.20	631	4.62	670	5.04	708	5.47
10,000	599	4.86	637	5.30	675	5.74	711	6.19	746	6.6
11,000	649	6.11	685	6.57	720	7.04	753	7.51	786	7.99
12,000	701	7.54	734	8.03	766	8.52	797	9.02	828	9.5
13,000	753	9.18	783	9.69	813	10.21	797 842	10.72	871	11.2
14,000	805	11.03	833	11.56	861	12.09	889	12.63	916	13.18
15,000	805 857	13.09	884	13.64	861 910 960	14.20	889 936	14.76	962	15.32
16,000	910	15.38	935	15.95	960	16.53	984	17.11	1008	17.69
17,000	963	17.91	986	18.50	1010	19.09	1033	19.69	1056	20.30
17,500	989	19.26	1012	19.86	1035	20.47	1058	21.08	1080	21.69
1				AVAII A B	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC DDESCIIE	E (in wa)			
AIRFLOW	-	.2		.4		.6		.8		.0
(Cfm)										_
	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	682	3.99	722	4.39	760	4.80	797	5.22	832	5.65
8,000	711	4.87	748	5.28	784	5.70	819	6.14	853	6.58
9,000	744	5.90	778	6.33	812	6.77	845	7.22	877	7.6
10,000	779	7.09	812	7.55	844	8.01	875	8.47	905	8.94
11,000	817	8.47	848	8.94	878	9.43	907	9.91	936	10.40
12,000	857	10.02	886	10.52	915	11.03	943	11.53	970	12.0
13,000	899	11.77	927	12.30	953 994	12.82	980	13.35	1006	13.88
14,000	942	13.73	968	14.27	994	14.82	1019	15.37	1044	15.92
15,000	987	15.89	1011	16.46	1036	17.03	1060	17.61	1083	18.18
16,000	1032	18.28	1056	18.87	1079	19.47	1101	20.06	1124	20.66
	1078	20.91	1101	21.52	1123	22.13	1145	22.75	1166	23.36
17,000					4445	00.55	4400	0440	440-	
	1102	22.31	1124	22.93	1145	23.55	1166	24.18	1187	24.80
17,000		22.31	1124		LE EXTERNAL S			24.18	1187	24.8

				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	866	6.09	899	6.54	931	6.99	961	7.45	991	7.91
8,000	885	7.03	917	7.48	948	7.95	978	8.42	1007	8.90
9,000	908	8.13	939	8.60	968	9.08	997	9.56	1026	10.05
10,000	934	9.42	963	9.90	992	10.39	1020	10.89	1047	11.39
11,000	964	10.89	992	11.39	1019	11.89	1045	12.40	1071	12.91
12,000	996	12.55	1023	13.07	1048	13.59	1074	14.11	1099	14.64
13,000	1031	14.41	1056	14.95	1081	15.48	1105	16.03	1129	16.57
14,000	1068	16.48	1092	17.03	1115	17.59	1138	18.15	1161	18.71
15,000	1106	18.75	1129	19.33	1151	19.91	1174	20.48	1196	21.07
16,000	1146	21.25	1168	21.85	1189	22.45	1211	23.04	1232	23.64
17,000	1187	23.98	1208	24.60	1229	25.21	1249	25.83	1270	26.46
17,500	1208	25.43	1229	26.06	1249	26.69	1269	27.32	1289	27.95

41051.011				AVAILAB	LE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSUR	E (in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
7,000	1020	8.39	1047	8.86	1074	9.34	1101	9.83	1126	10.32
8,000	1036	9.39	1063	9.88	1090	10.38	1116	10.88	1142	11.39
9,000	1053	10.55	1080	11.05	1107	11.56	1133	12.08	1158	12.60
10,000	1073	11.89	1100	12.41	1125	12.93	1151	13.45	1175	13.99
11,000	1097	13.43	1122	13.96	1147	14.49	1171	15.02	1195	15.56
12,000	1123	15.17	1147	15.71	1171	16.25	1195	16.80	1218	17.35
13,000	1152	17.12	1175	17.67	1198	18.22	1221	18.78	1243	19.35
14,000	1184	19.27	1206	19.84	1228	20.41	1250	20.99	1271	21.56
15,000	1217	21.65	1239	22.23	1260	22.82	1280	23.41	_	_
16,000	1253	24.25	1273	24.85	1293	25.45	_	_	_	_
17,000	1289	27.07	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,500	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 34 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY,A4,A5040 Units

								AVAILAB	LE EXT	ERNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wç	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	2.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	499	2.88	546	3.27	590	3.66	632	4.06	672	4.46	711	4.87	748	5.28	784	5.70	819	6.14	853	6.58
9,000	548	3.78	591	4.20	631	4.62	670	5.04	708	5.47	744	5.90	778	6.33	812	6.77	845	7.22	877	7.67
10,000	599	4.86	637	5.30	675	5.74	711	6.19	746	6.64	779	7.09	812	7.55	844	8.01	875	8.47	905	8.94
11,000	649	6.11	685	6.57	720	7.04	753	7.51	786	7.99	817	8.47	848	8.94	878	9.43	907	9.91	936	10.40
12,000	701	7.54	734	8.03	766	8.52	797	9.02	828	9.52	857	10.02	886	10.52	915	11.03	943	11.53	970	12.04
13,000	753	9.18	783	9.69	813	10.21	842	10.72	871	11.25	899	11.77	927	12.30	953	12.82	980	13.35	1006	13.88
14,000	805	11.03	833	11.56	861	12.09	889	12.63	916	13.18	942	13.73	968	14.27	994	14.82	1019	15.37	1044	15.92
15,000	857	13.09	884	13.64	910	14.20	936	14.76	962	15.32	987	15.89	1011	16.46	1036	17.03	1060	17.61	1083	18.18
16,000	910	15.38	935	15.95	960	16.53	984	17.11	1008	17.69	1032	18.28	1056	18.87	1079	19.47	1101	20.06	1124	20.66
17,000	963	17.91	986	18.50	1010	19.09	1033	19.69	1056	20.30	1078	20.91	1101	21.52	1123	22.13	1145	22.75	1166	23.36
18,000	1016	20.68	1038	21.29	1060	21.90	1082	22.52	1104	23.15	1126	23.77	1147	24.41	1168	25.04	1189	25.67	1209	26.31
19,000	1069	23.71	1090	24.33	1111	24.96	1132	25.60	1153	26.25	1173	26.89	1194	27.54	1214	28.19	1234	28.85	l —	l —
20,000	1122	26.99	1142	27.64	1162	28.29	1182	28.95	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	l —	_	_	l —	l —

								AVAILAB	LE EXT	ERNAL S	TATIC P	RESSUR	E (in. wo	1)						
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	2.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	.8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	885	7.03	917	7.48	948	7.95	978	8.42	1007	8.90	1036	9.39	1063	9.88	1090	10.38	1116	10.88	1142	11.39
9,000	908	8.13	939	8.60	968	9.08	997	9.56	1026	10.05	1053	10.55	1080	11.05	1107	11.56	1133	12.08	1158	12.60
10,000	934	9.42	963	9.90	992	10.39	1020	10.89	1047	11.39	1073	11.89	1100	12.41	1125	12.93	1151	13.45	1175	13.99
11,000	964	10.89	992	11.39	1019	11.89	1045	12.40	1071	12.91	1097	13.43	1122	13.96	1147	14.49	1171	15.02	1195	15.56
12,000	996	12.55	1023	13.07	1048	13.59	1074	14.11	1099	14.64	1123	15.17	1147	15.71	1171	16.25	1195	16.80	1218	17.35
13,000	1031	14.41	1056	14.95	1081	15.48	1105	16.03	1129	16.57	1152	17.12	1175	17.67	1198	18.22	1221	18.78	1243	19.35
14,000	1068	16.48	1092	17.03	1115	17.59	1138	18.15	1161	18.71	1184	19.27	1206	19.84	1228	20.41	1250	20.99	1271	21.56
15,000	1106	18.75	1129	19.33	1151	19.91	1174	20.48	1196	21.07	1217	21.65	1239	22.23	1260	22.82	1280	23.41	_	_
16,000	1146	21.25	1168	21.85	1189	22.45	1211	23.04	1232	23.64	1253	24.25	1273	24.85	1293	25.45	_	_	l —	_
17,000	1187	23.98	1208	24.60	1229	25.21	1249	25.83	1270	26.46	1289	27.07	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —	_
18,000	1230	26.95	1250	27.58	1269	28.22	1289	28.86	l —			_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —	_
19,000		-	-			_	-		l —	_	_	_	_	_	_	l —	_	_	l —	_
20,000	I —	l —	l —	_		_	l —	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	l —		_	l —	_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower
edb — Entering Dry Bulb
ewb — Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

Bhp x 746 Watts = Motor efficiency

Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additional limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

^{2.} Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Table 35 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY041 Units

				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0.	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	499	2.88	546	3.27	590	3.66	632	4.06	672	4.46
9,000	548	3.78	591	4.20	631	4.62	670	5.04	708	5.47
10,000	599	4.86	637	5.30	675	5.74	711	6.19	746	6.64
11.000	649	6.11	685	6.57	720	7.04	753	7.51	786	7.99
12,000	701	7.54	734	8.03	766	8.52	797	9.02	828	9.52
13.000	753	9.18	783	9.69	813	10.21	842	10.72	871	11.25
14,000	805	11.03	833	11.56	861	12.09	889	12.63	916	13.18
15,000	857	13.09	884	13.64	910	14.20	936	14.76	962	15.32
16,000	910	15.38	935	15.95	960	16.53	984	17.11	1008	17.69
17,000	963	17.91	986	18.50	1010	19.09	1033	19.69	1056	20.30
18,000	1016	20.68	1038	21.29	1060	21.90	1082	22.52	1104	23.15
19,000	1069	23.71	1090	24.33	1111	24.96	1132	25.60	1153	26.25
20,000	1122	26.99	1142	27.64	1162	28.29	1182	28.95	_	

AUDEL OW				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	1.	.2	1	.4	1.	.6	1	.8	2	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	711	4.87	748	5.28	784	5.70	819	6.14	853	6.58
9,000	744	5.90	778	6.33	812	6.77	845	7.22	877	7.67
10,000	779	7.09	812	7.55	844	8.01	875	8.47	905	8.94
11,000	817	8.47	848	8.94	878	9.43	907	9.91	936	10.40
12,000	857	10.02	886	10.52	915	11.03	943	11.53	970	12.04
13,000	899	11.77	927	12.30	953	12.82	980	13.35	1006	13.88
14,000	942	13.73	968	14.27	994	14.82	1019	15.37	1044	15.92
15,000	987	15.89	1011	16.46	1036	17.03	1060	17.61	1083	18.18
16.000	1032	18.28	1056	18.87	1079	19.47	1101	20.06	1124	20.66
17,000	1078	20.91	1101	21.52	1123	22.13	1145	22.75	1166	23.36
18,000	1126	23.77	1147	24.41	1168	25.04	1189	25.67	1209	26.31
19,000	1173	26.89	1194	27.54	1214	28.19	1234	28.85		_
20.000	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2.	.6	2	.8	3	.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	885	7.03	917	7.48	948	7.95	978	8.42	1007	8.90
9,000	908	8.13	939	8.60	968	9.08	997	9.56	1026	10.05
10,000	934	9.42	963	9.90	992	10.39	1020	10.89	1047	11.39
11,000	964	10.89	992	11.39	1019	11.89	1045	12.40	1071	12.91
12,000	996	12.55	1023	13.07	1048	13.59	1074	14.11	1099	14.64
13,000	1031	14.41	1056	14.95	1081	15.48	1105	16.03	1129	16.57
14,000	1068	16.48	1092	17.03	1115	17.59	1138	18.15	1161	18.71
15,000	1106	18.75	1129	19.33	1151	19.91	1174	20.48	1196	21.07
16,000	1146	21.25	1168	21.85	1189	22.45	1211	23.04	1232	23.64
17,000	1187	23.98	1208	24.60	1229	25.21	1249	25.83	1270	26.46
18,000	1230	26.95	1250	27.58	1269	28.22	1289	28.86	_	_
19,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

				AVAILA	BLE EXTERNAL S	TATIC PRESSURE	(in. wg)			
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	3	3.2	3	.4	3	.6	3	.8	4	.0
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000 9,000	1036 1053	9.39 10.55	1063 1080	9.88 11.05	1090 1107	10.38 11.56	1116 1133	10.88 12.08	1142 1158	11.39 12.60
10,000	1073	11.89	1100	12.41	1125	12.93	1151	13.45	1175	13.99
11,000 12.000	1097 1123	13.43 15.17	1122 1147	13.96 15.71	1147 1171	14.49 16.25	1171 1195	15.02 16.80	1195 1218	15.56 17.35
13,000 14,000	1152 1184	17.12 19.27	1175	17.67 19.84	1198 1228	18.22 20.41	1221 1250	18.78 20.99	1243 1271	19.35 21.56
15.000	1217	21.65	1206 1239	22.23	1260	22.82	1280	23.41	— 1271 —	21.56
16,000 17,000	1253 1289	24.25 27.07	1273	24.85	1293 —	25.45	_	_	_	
18,000 19.000		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20,000	=	=	_	_	_	_	_	=	_	

Table 36 — Fan Performance — 50AW,AY,A4,A5050 Units

								A)/A II A	DI E EVI	ERNAL S	TATIO DE	FOOLIDE	(i)							
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8			.0		.2	, <u> </u>	.4	1	.6	1	.8	2	2.0
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	509	2.95	555	3.35	599	3.74	640	4.14	680	4.54	718	4.95	755	5.36	791	5.79	826	6.22	859	6.66
9,000	558	3.87	600	4.29	640	4.71	678	5.13	715	5.56	751	5.99	786	6.42	819	6.87	852	7.31	884	7.77
10,000	608	4.96	646	5.40	683	5.85	719	6.30	754	6.75	787	7.20	819	7.66	851	8.12	882	8.58	912	9.06
11,000	659	6.23	694	6.69	728	7.16	762	7.64	794	8.11	825	8.59	856	9.07	886	9.55	915	10.04	943	10.53
12,000	710	7.68	743	8.17	775	8.67	806	9.17	836	9.67	866	10.17	895	10.67	923	11.17	950	11.68	978	12.19
13,000	763	9.35	793	9.86	823	10.37	852	10.89	880	11.42	908	11.94	935	12.47	962	12.99	988	13.52	1014	14.05
14,000	815	11.22	843	11.75	871	12.29	899	12.83	925	13.38	952	13.92	978	14.47	1003	15.02	1028	15.57	1052	16.12
15,000	868	13.31	895	13.86	921	14.42	946	14.98	972	15.55	997	16.12	1021	16.69	1045	17.26	1069	17.83	1092	18.41
16,000	921	15.64	946	16.21	971	16.78	995	17.37	1019	17.96	1043	18.54	1066	19.14	1089	19.73	1111	20.32	1134	20.92
17,000	974	18.20	998	18.79	1021	19.39	1044	19.99	1067	20.60	1089	21.21	1112	21.82	1134	22.43	1155	23.05	1176	23.66
18,000	1028	21.01	1050	21.62	1072	22.24	1094	22.86	1116	23.49	1137	24.12	1158	24.75	1179	25.38	1200	26.02	1220	26.65
19,000	1081	24.08	1103	24.71	1124	25.35	1145	25.99	1165	26.63	1185	27.28	1206	27.93	1226	28.58	1245	29.24	1265	29.90
20,000	1135	27.42	1155	28.06	1175	28.72	1195	29.38	1215	30.04	1234	30.71	1254	31.38	1273	32.05	1292	32.72	_	_

		AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)																		
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2	.2	2	.4	2	.6	2	8	3	.0	3	.2	3	.4	3	3.6	3	3.8	4	.0
(01111)	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp	Rpm	Bhp
8,000	892	7.12	923	7.57	954	8.04	984	8.52	1013	9.00	1041	9.49	1069	9.98	1095	10.48	1121	10.98	1147	11.49
9,000	915	8.23	945	8.70	975	9.18	1003	9.67	1032	10.16	1059	10.66	1086	11.16	1112	11.67	1138	12.19	1163	12.71
10,000	941	9.53	970	10.02	998	10.51	1026	11.00	1053	11.51	1080	12.01	1106	12.53	1131	13.05	1156	13.58	1181	14.11
11,000	971	11.02	999	11.52	1026	12.02	1052	12.53	1078	13.05	1103	13.57	1128	14.09	1153	14.63	1177	15.16	1201	15.71
12,000	1004	12.70	1030	13.22	1056	13.74	1081	14.26	1106	14.79	1130	15.33	1154	15.86	1178	16.41	1201	16.96	1224	17.51
13,000	1039	14.59	1064	15.12	1088	15.66	1113	16.20	1136	16.74	1160	17.29	1183	17.85	1206	18.40	1228	18.96	1250	19.53
14,000	1076	16.68	1100	17.23	1123	17.79	1147	18.35	1169	18.91	1192	19.48	1214	20.04	1236	20.62	1257	21.19	1279	21.77
15,000	1115	18.98	1138	19.56	1160	20.14	1182	20.72	1204	21.30	1226	21.88	1247	22.47	1268	23.05	1289	23.65	_	_
16,000	1156	21.52	1178	22.11	1199	22.71	1220	23.31	1241	23.91	1262	24.51	1282	25.12	_	_	_	_	_	_
17,000	1198	24.28	1218	24.90	1239	25.52	1259	26.14	1279	26.76	1299	27.38	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
18,000	1240	27.29	1260	27.93	1280	28.57	1300	29.21	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
19,000	1284	30.55	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
20,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

LEGEND
— Brake Horsepower
— Entering Dry Bulb
— Entering Wet Bulb

NOTES:

1. Fan performance is based on wet coils, economizer, roof curb, cabinet losses, and clean 2-in. filters.

2. Conversion — Bhp to watts:

Bhp x 746 Motor efficiency

3. Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be additionally limited by edb and ewb conditions.

Table 37 — Fan Performance — 50AW.AY051 Units

				•	Table	e 37 -	– Fa	n Per	forma	ance ·	— 50	AW,A	Y051	Unit	S					
AIRFLOW	-	0.2			1		0.4	AVAIL	ABLE EX		STATIC P	RESSURE	(in. wg)).8			1	.0	
(Cfm)	Rpm	0.2	Bh			Rpm		Bhp		Rpm	E	3hp		pm	E	Bhp		pm	E	Bhp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000	429 490 522 554 586 619 652 685 719 753 787 821 855 889		4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 10. 11. 13. 15. 17. 19. 21. 24.	76 .44 26 23 .35 63 07		488 543 602 632 663 694 725 757 789 822 855 888 921	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3.61 5.17 6.11 7.17 8.34 9.64 1.07 2.63 4.33 6.18 8.17 0.32 2.62 5.08		539 591 618 645 674 703 733 763 793 824 855 887 919	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	4.26 5.88 6.85 7.94 9.14 0.46 1.92 3.51 5.23 7.10 9.12 9.12 9.3 6.11		585 634 659 686 713 741 798 827 857 887 918 949	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	4.95 5.61 7.61 8.72 9.94 1.30 2.79 6.14 8.04 9.08 2.28 4.63 7.14	11	627 673 698 723 749 776 803 831 860 888 918 947 977	10 11 11 11 11 11 22 21 21	5.66 7.36 3.38 9.51 0.77 2.14 3.65 5.29 7.07 3.99 1.05 3.28 5.65 5.65
25,000	924		26.	.67	1	954	2	7.71 AVAIL	-	983 TERNAL	-	8.76 RESSURE		011	2	9.82	1	038	30	0.89
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	Rpm	1.2	Bh	n		Rpm	1.4	Bhp			1.6	3hp			.8	Bhp	В	pm 2	.0	Bhp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000	666 711 734 759 784 810 836 863 890 918 947 976 1005		6. 8.	41 14 18 33 60 00 53 20 00 94 03 28 68 24		703 746 769 792 816 841 867 893 920 947 975 1003 1032 1061 1090	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.17 8.94 9.99 1.16 2.45 3.87 5.42 7.11 8.94 0.90 3.02 5.28 7.71 0.29 3.04	1 1 1 1 1	737 779 801 824 848 872 897 922 949 975 002 003 0058 086 115	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3	7.96 9.76 0.82 2.01 3.32 4.76 6.33 8.04 9.88 1.87 4.01 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.31 6.35 1.35 4.12	1 1 1 1 1	770 811 832 855 878 901 926 950 976 002 029 029 056 083 111	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 22 23 24 25	8.78 0.60 1.68 4.21 5.66 7.25 8.98 0.84 2.85 1.7.32 9.79 2.42 5.21	1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	901 941 962 984 996 999 953 9978 903 903 908 908 108 108 1163	1 12 13 14 15 16 18 22 26 26 26 33	0.61 1.45 2.55 3.76 5.11 8.58 8.3.19 9.93 1.81 1.81 3.84 5.02 8.35 9.85 9.85 9.85
AIRFLOW (Cfm)		2.2					2.4				2.6	RESSURE		2	2.8				.0	
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000	831 870 891 912 934 957 980 1004 1028 1053 1079 1105 1131		10. 12. 13. 14. 16. 17. 19. 20. 22. 24. 27. 29. 31.	46 33 44 67 02 51 13 89 80 85 04 39 90		860 898 918 939 961 983 1006 10029 1053 1078 1103 1129 1155 11181	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1.33 3.22 4.35 5.59 6.96 8.46 0.10 1.87 3.79 5.86 8.07 0.44 2.97 5.66	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	888 925 945 987 908 031 054 007 102 126 152 177	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	2.21 4.13 5.27 7.90 9.42 1.07 2.86 6.88 9.11 1.50 4.05	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	915 951 951 971 991 012 033 055 078 101 125 149 174	1; 1! 10 1; 1; 2; 2; 2; 2; 2; 3; 3;	3.11 5.06 6.20 7.47 8.87 0.39 2.06 3.86 3.81 7.91 0.16 2.57	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	pm 941 977 996 016 036 057 079 1101 1124 1148 1172	14 16 17 18 19 20 20 20 20 20 33	4.02 5.00 7.16 3.44 9.84 1.38 3.06 4.88 5.84 5.84 1.22
25,000	1186		37.	41				— AVAIL	ABLE EX	— TERNAL	STATIC P	 RESSURE	(in. wa)				,	_	,	
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	Rpm	3.2	Bh	מר		Rpm	3.4	Bhp		Rpm	3.6	3hp	F	pm 3	3.8 E	Bhp	В	pm 4	.0	Bhp
10,000 12,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000	966 1002 1020 1040 1060 1081 1102 1124 1147 1170 1194		14. 16. 18. 19. 20. 22. 24. 25. 27. 30. 32.	94 96 13 42 83 39 07 91 89 01 30		991 1026 1044 1063 1083 1104 1125 11169 11169 11192	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5.88 7.92 9.11 10.41 11.84 13.40 5.10 6.94 11.08	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	014 049 067 086 106 126 147 169 190 —	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	6.83 8.90 0.10 1.41 2.85 4.43 6.14 8.00 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	038 072 090 1109 128 148 169 190	11 19 20 20 20 20 20 20	7.79 9.89 1.10 2.43 3.88 5.47 7.19 9.06 —	1/ 1/ 1 1 1 1 1	060 094 112 131 150 170 190 — —	18 20 22 24 26 28	3.76 0.89 2.12 3.46 4.92 6.52 3.26 —
25,000	_			Tab	10.29		on D	_ orform	nana		:O A W	 ',AY,A	1 1 5	nen I	Inite					
				Tab	ie 30	— г	all P					A T ,A		000 0	JIIIIS					
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	0.2 Rpm Bh	n D	0.4	Bhp		.6 Rhn		.8 Bhp	1	.0	1	.2	1	.4 Rhn		.6 Bhp		.8 Bhp		2.0 Rhn
12,000 14,000 15,000 15,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000 26,000 27,000	490 4, 4, 554 6, 7, 669 8, 652 10, 685 11, 753 15, 753 15, 7821 19, 855 21, 889 24, 924 26, 993 32.	18 56 141 66 66 6 33 6 23 6 76 7 144 7 26 7 23 8 35 8 35 8 36 8 37 8 37 8 37 8 37 8 37 8 37 8 37 8 37	543 602 632 663 6725 757 789 822 855 888 8981 9954	5.17 7.17 7.17 8.34 9.64 11.07 12.63 14.33 14.33 14.38 18.17 20.32 22.62 22.62 25.08 27.71 30.51 33.49	591 645 674 703 733 763 793 824 855 887 919 951 983 1016 1048	5.88 7.94 9.14 10.46 11.92 13.51 15.23 17.10 19.12 21.29 23.62 26.11 28.76 31.59 34.58	8pm 634 686 713 741 769 798 827 857 887 918 949 980 1011 1043 1075	6.61 8.72 9.94 11.30 12.78 14.39 16.14 18.04 20.08 22.28 24.63 27.14 29.82 32.67 35.69	803 831 860 888 918 947 977 1008 1038 1069 1101	7.37 9.51 10.77 12.14 13.65 15.29 17.07 18.99 21.05 23.28 25.65 28.19 30.89 33.76 36.80	711 759 784 810 836 863 890 918 947 976 1005 1035 1065 1095 1126	8.14 10.33 11.60 13.00 14.53 16.20 18.00 19.94 22.03 24.28 26.68 29.24 31.96 34.85 37.92	746 792 816 841 867 893 920 947 975 1003 1032 1061 1090 1120 1150	8.94 11.16 12.45 13.87 15.42 17.11 18.94 20.90 23.02 25.28 27.71 30.29 33.04 35.95 39.04	779 824 848 872 897 922 949 975 1002 1030 1058 1086 1115 1144 1174	9.76 12.01 13.32 14.76 16.33 18.04 19.88 21.87 24.01 26.30 28.75 31.35 34.12 37.06 40.17	811 855 878 901 926 950 976 1002 1029 1056 1083 1111 1139 1168 1197	10.60 12.88 14.21 15.66 17.25 18.98 20.84 22.85 25.01 27.32 29.79 32.42 35.21 38.17 41.30	841 884 906 929 953 978 1003 1028 1054 1081 1108 1135 1163 1191	Bhp 11.45 13.76 15.11 16.58 18.19 19.93 21.81 23.84 26.02 28.35 30.85 33.49 36.31 39.29
AIRFLOW (Cfm)	2.2		2.4		2	6	2	AVAILA .8		ERNAL S		RESSURE		.4	3	3.6	3	1.8	4	1.0
12,000 14,000 15,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 24,000 25,000 26,000 27,000	Rpm Bh 870 12. 912 14. 934 16. 957 17. 980 19. 1004 20. 1028 22. 1053 24. 1079 27. 1105 29. 1131 31. 1158 34. 1186 37. — —	33 8 67 9 62 9 61 9	pm	Bhp 13.22 15.59 16.96 18.46 20.10 21.87 23.79 25.86 28.07 30.44 32.97 35.66	Rpm 925 965 987 1008 1031 1054 1078 1102 1126 1152 1177 — — —	Bhp 14.13 16.52 17.90 19.42 21.07 22.86 24.80 26.88 29.11 31.50 34.05 — —	8pm 951 991 1012 1033 1055 1078 1101 1125 1149 1174 1199 — — — — —	8hp 15.06 17.47 18.87 20.39 22.06 23.86 25.81 27.91 30.16 32.57 35.13 — — —	Rpm 977 1016 1036 1057 1079 1101 1124 1148 1172 1196 — — —	Bhp 16.00 18.44 19.84 21.38 23.06 24.88 26.84 28.96 31.22 33.65	Rpm 1002 1040 1060 1081 1102 1124 1147 1170 1194	Bhp 16.96 19.42 20.83 22.39 24.07 25.91 27.89 30.01 32.30 — — — — —	Rpm 1026 1063 1083 11047 1125 1147 1169 1192	Bhp 17.92 20.41 21.84 23.40 25.10 26.94 28.94 31.08 — — — —	Rpm 1049 1086 1106 1126 1147 1169 1190	Bhp 18.90 21.41 22.85 24.43 26.14 28.00 30.00	Rpm 1072 1109 1128 1148 1169 1190	Bhp 19.89 22.43 23.88 25.47 27.19 29.06 — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Rpm 1094 1131 1150 1170 1190	Bhp 20.89 23.46 24.92 26.52 28.26 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —

Table 39 — Motor Limitations

			HIGH	EFFICIENCY MO	TORS			
No	minal	Maxi	mum		Maximum Amps	Maximum	Maximum	
Bhp	BkW	Bhp	BkW	230 v	460 v	575 v	Watts	Efficiency
5	3.73	5.9	4.40	15.0	7.9	6.0	5,030	87.5
7.5	5.6	8.7	6.49	23.5	_	_	7,717	84.1
7.5	5.0	9.5	7.09	_	12.0	10.0	8,008	88.5
10	7.46	10.2	7.61	31.0	_	_	9,502	89.5
10	7.46	11.8	8.80	_	15.0	12.0	9,836	89.5
15	11.19	15.3	11.41	46.0	_	_	12,543	91.0
15	11.19	18.0	13.43	_	22.0	19.0	14,756	91.0
20	14.92	22.4	16.71	60.0	_	_	18,363	91.0
20	14.92	23.4	17.46	_	28.7	23.0	19,183	91.0
25	18.65	28.9	21.56	73.0	_	_	23,511	91.7
25	16.00	29.4	21.93	_	37.4	28.4	23,918	91.7
30	22.38	35.6	26.56	91.0	_	_	28,742	92.4
30	22.30	34.7	25.89	_	43.8	36.3	28,015	92.4
40	29.84	42.0	31.33	110.0	55.0	43.8	33,690	93.0

-		-	PREMIUM-EFFIC	CIENCY MOTORS	-			
Nor	minal	Maxi	imum	Maximu	m Amps	Maximum	Maximum	
Bhp	BkW	Bhp	BkW	230 v	460 v	Watts	Efficiency	
5	3.73	5.9	4.40	15.8	7.9	4,918	89.5	
7.5	5.6	8.7	6.49	23.5	_	7,078	91.7	
7.5	5.0	9.5	7.09	_	12.0	7,728	91.7	
10	7.46	10.2	7.61	30.0	_	8,298	91.0	
10	7.40	11.8	8.80	_	15.0	9,600	91.7	
15	11.19	15.3	11.41	46.0	_	12,273	91.7	
15	11.19	18.0	13.43	_	22.0	14,439	93.0	
20	14.92	22.4	16.71	59.0	_	17,853	93.0	
20	14.92	23.4	17.46	_	28.7	18,650	93.6	
25	18.65	28.9	21.56	73.0	_	23,034	93.6	
20	10.00	29.4	21.93	_	36.3	23,432	93.6	
30	22.38	35.6	26.56	82.6	_	28,374	93.6	
30	22.30	34.7	25.89	_	41.7	27,656	93.6	
40	29.84	42.0	31.33	110.0	55.0	33.156	94.5	

LEGEND

Bhp BkW Brake HorsepowerBrake Kilowatts

NOTES:

Using the fan motors up to the horsepower ratings shown in the Motor Limitations table will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failures. Unit warranty will not be affected.

2. All motors comply with Energy Policy Act (EPACT) Standards effective October 24, 1997.

Table 40A — Air Quantity Limits (48AJ,AK,AW,AY,A2,A3,A4,A5) SAV at 100% speed

UNIT SIZE*	MINIMUM HEATING AIRFLOW CFM (Low Heat)	MINIMUM HEATING AIRFLOW CFM (High Heat)	MINIMUM COOLING AIRFLOW (VAV) CFM AT FULL LOAD	MINIMUM COOLING AIRFLOW CFM (CV AND SAV)	MAXIMUM AIRFLOW CFM
020	5,900	6,100	4,000	6,000	10,000
025	5,900	6,100	5,000	7,500	12,500
027	5,900	6,100	5,400	8,100	13,500
030	5,900	6,100	6,000	9,000	15,000
035 (AJ,AK,AW,AY)	5,900	6,100	7,000	10,500	17,500
035 (A2,A3,A4,A5)	5,900	10,100	7,000	10,500	17,500
036,040,041	7,600	10,100	8,000	12,000	20,000
050	7,600	10,100	10,000	15,000	22,500
051,060	11,000	10,100	12,000	18,000	27,000

* Sizes 036,041, and 051 are 48AJ,AK,AW,AY only.

LEGEND CV SAV Constant Volume Staged Air Volume Variable Air Volume

NOTE: Variable air volume units will operate down to 70 cfm/ton in Cooling mode. Performance at 70 cfm/ton is limited to unloaded operation and may be also limited by edb (entering dry bulb) and ewb (entering wet bulb) conditions.

Extensive motor and electrical testing on the Carrier units has ensured that the full horsepower range of the motor can be utilized with confidence.

Table 40B — Air Quantity Limits (50AJ,AK,AW,AY,A2,A3,A4,A5)

UNIT	COO	LING	ELECTRI	C HEAT
UNII	Min CFM	Max CFM*	Min CFM	Max CFM
50AJ,AW,A2,A3020	6,000	10,000		
50AK,AY,A4,A5020	4,000	10,000		
50AJ,AW,A2,A3025	7,500	12,500		
50AK,AY,A4,A5025	5,000	12,500		
50AJ,AW,A2,A4027	8,100	13,500		
50AK,AY,A3,A5027	5,400	13,500	6,000	15,000
50AJ,AW,A2,A4030	9,000	15,000	0,000	15,000
50AK,AY,A3,A5030	6,000	15,000		
50AJ,AW,A2,A4035	10,500	17,500		
50AJ,AW036	10,500	17,500		
50AK,AY,A3,A5035	7,000	17,500		
50AK,AY036	7,000	17,500		
50AJ,AW,A2,A4040	12,000	20,000		
50AJ,AW041	12,000	20,000		
50AK,AY,A3,A5040	8,000	20,000	10,500	20,000
50AK,AY041	8,000	20,000	10,500	20,000
50AJ,AW,A2,A4050	13,500	20,000		
50AK,AY,A3,A5050	10,000	20,000]	
50AJ,AW051	18,000	27,000		
50AJ,AW,A2,A4060	18,000	27,000	15,000	27,000
50AK,AY051	12,000	27,000	15,000 27,000	
50AK,AY,A3,A5060	12,000	27,000		

^{*}Operation at these levels may be limited by entering evaporator air wet bulb temperatures.

CONTROLS QUICK START

The following section will provide a quick user guide to setting up and configuring the A Series units with *Comfort*Link controls. See Basic Control Usage section on page 3 for information on operating the control. For wiring information, refer to unit wiring diagrams in the Major System Components section on page 102.

IMPORTANT: The *Comfort*Link controls provide the user with numerous configuration options such as set points, demand levels, reset, and many others. If the building owner or design engineer has not provided specific recommendations for these configuration settings, it is suggested that the installer does not make changes to the default factory settings. The factory-configured default values are appropriate for many applications.

IMPORTANT: The unit is shipped with the unit control disabled. Enable the control by setting Local Machine Disable (*Service Test* → *STOP*) to No.

Two-Stage Constant Volume Units with Mechanical Thermostat — To configure the unit, perform the following:

- 1. The type of control is configured under *Configuration* →*UNIT*→*C.TYP*. Set *C.TYP* to 4 (TSTAT 2 STG).
- Remove jumpers from R-W2 and W2-W1 on TB4 in the control box.
- 3. See Economizer Options section on page 28 for additional economizer option configurations.
- See Exhaust Options section on page 29 for additional exhaust option configurations.

Two-Stage Constant Volume Units with Space Sensor — To configure the unit, perform the following:

- 1. The type of control is configured under *Configuration* →*UNIT*→*C.TYP*. Set *C.TYP* to 6 (SPT 2 STG).
- 2. Under *Configuration→UNIT→SENS→SPT.S*, enable the space sensor by setting *SPT.S* to ENBL (enable).
- 3. Install jumpers between R-W2 and W2-W1 on TB4 in the control box.
- 4. The space temperature set points are configured under the **Setpoints** menu. The heating and cooling set points may

be configured. See the Heating Control and Cooling Control sections on pages 50 and 37 for further description on these configurations. The following set points may be configured:

OHSP	Occupied Heat Setpoint
OCSP	Occupied Cool Setpoint
UHSP	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint
UCSP	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint
GAP	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap

5. The degrees of demand from the space temperature set points are configured under the *Configuration* →*D.LV.T* submenu. See the Heating Control and Cooling Control sections for further description on these configurations. The following set points may be configured:

L.H.ON	Demand Level Lo Heat On
H.H.ON	Demand Level Hi Heat On
L.H.OF	Demand Level Lo Heat Off
L.C.ON	Demand Level Lo Cool On
H.C.ON	Demand Level Hi Cool On
L.C.OF	Demand Level Lo Cool Off

- Under Configuration→UNIT→CV.FN, set CV.FN to 1 for continuous fan or 0 for automatic fan.
- 7. To program time schedules, set *SCH.N*=1 under *Configuration*→*CCN*→*SC.OV*→*SCH.N* to configure the control to use local schedules.
- 8. Under the *Timeclock* → *SCH.L* submenu, enter the desired schedule. See Time Clock Configuration section on page 76 for further description of these configurations.
- Under the Configuration

 CCN

 SC.OV submenu, the following schedules and overrides should be configured:

O.T.L. Override time limitSPT.O SPT override enabled?T58.O T58 override enabled?

- 10. See Economizer Options section on page 28 for additional economizer option configurations.
- 11. See Exhaust Options section on page 29 for additional exhaust option configurations.

Variable Air Volume Units Using Return Air Sensor or Space Temperature Sensor — To configure the unit, perform the following:

- The type of control is configured under *Configuration →UNIT→C.TYP*. Set *C.TYP* to 1 (VAV-RAT) for return air sensor. Set *C.TYP* to 2 (VAV-SPT) for space temperature sensor.
 - NOTE: For VAV with a space sensor (VAV-SPT), under *Configuration*—*UNIT*—*SENS*—*SPT.S*, enable the space sensor by setting *SPT.S* to ENBL.
- 2. Install jumpers between R-W2 and W2-W1 on TB4 in the control box.
- 3. The space temperature set points and the supply air set points are configured under the Setpoints menu. The heating and cooling set points must be configured. See the Heating Control and Cooling Control sections for further description on these configurations. Configure the following set points:

OHSP Occupied Heat Setpoint

OCSP Occupied Cool Setpoint

UHSP Unoccupied Heat Setpoint

V.C.ON VAV Occupied Cool On Delta

V.C.OF VAV Occupied Cool Off Delta

SASP Supply Air Setpoint

- To program time schedules, make sure SCH.N=1 under Configuration→CCN→SC.OV→SCH.N to configure the control to use local schedules.
- Under the *Timeclock* → SCH.L submenu, enter the desired schedule. See Time Clock Configuration section on page 76 for further description of these configurations.
- 6. Under *Configuration*→*SP*→*SP.SP*, the supply duct Static Pressure Setpoint should be configured.

SP.SP Static Pressure Setpoint

7. If supply air temperature reset is desired, under the *Configuration* → *EDT.R* submenu, the following set points should be configured:

RS.CF EDT Reset Configuration

RTIO Reset Ratio (if **RS.CF** = 1 or 2)

LIMT Reset Limit (if **RS.CF** = 1 or 2)

RES.S EDT 4-20 mA Reset Input (if **RS.CF** = 3)

NOTE: Configure either *RTIO* and *LIMT* or *RES.S*. All three are not used.

- 8. See the Economizer Options section on this page for additional economizer option configurations.
- 9. See the Exhaust Options section on page 29 for additional exhaust option configurations.

Multi-Stage Constant Volume Units with Mechanical Thermostat — To configure the unit, perform the following:

- 1. Under *Configuration→UNIT→C.TYP*, set *C.TYP* to 3 (TSTAT MULTI).
- Remove jumpers from R-W2 and W2-W1 on TB4 in the control box. Connect thermostat to TB4.
- 3. Under the *Setpoints* menu, set the following configurations:

SA.HI Supply Air Set Point Hi

SA.LO Supply Air Set Point Lo

4. See the Economizer Options section on this page for additional economizer option configurations.

5. See the Exhaust Options section on page 29 for additional exhaust option configurations.

Multi-Stage Constant Volume Units with Space Sensor — To configure the unit, perform the following:

- 1. Under *Configuration→UNIT→C.TYP*, set *C.TYP* to 5 (SPT MULTI).
- 2. Install jumpers between R-W2 and W2-W1 on TB4 in the control box.
- Under the *Setpoints* menu, the following configurations should be set:

OHSP Occupied Heat Setpoint

OCSP Occupied Cool Setpoint

UHSP Unoccupied Heat Setpoint

UCSP Unoccupied Cool Setpoint

GAP Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap

SA.HI Supply Air Set Point Hi

SA.LO Supply Air Set Point Lo

4. The degrees of demand from the space temperature set points are configured under the *Configuration→D.LVT* submenu. See the Heating Control and Cooling Control sections for further description on these configurations. Configure the following set points:

L.H.ON Demand Level Lo Heat On

H.H.ON Demand Level Hi Heat On

L.H.OF Demand Level Lo Heat On

L.C.ON Demand Level Lo Cool On

H.C.ON Demand Level Hi Cool On

L.C.OF Demand Level Lo Cool On

- 5. Under *Configuration→UNIT→SENS→SPT.S*, enable the space sensor by setting *SPT.S* to ENBL.
- 6. Under *Configuration*→*UNIT*→*CV.FN*, set *CV.FN* to 1 for continuous fan or 0 for automatic fan.
- To program time schedules, set SCH.N=1 under Configuration → CCN → SC.OV → SCH.N to configure the control to use local schedules.
- 8. Under the *Timeclock* → *SCH.L* submenu, enter the desired schedule. See Time Clock Configuration section on page 76 for further description of these configurations.
- 9. See the Economizer Options section below for additional economizer option configurations.
- 10. See the Exhaust Options section on page 29 for additional exhaust option configurations.

ECON submenu, the following set points may be configured:

EC.EN Economizer Enabled?

EC.MN Economizer Min.Position

EC.MX Economizer Maximum Position

E.TRM Economizer Trim for SumZ?

E.SEL Econ Changeover Select

OA.E.C OA Enthalpy Change Over Select

OA.EN Outdoor Enthalpy Compare Value

OAT.L High OAT Lockout Temp

O.DEW OA Dew Point Temp Limit

ORH.S Outside Air RH Sensor

Configuration→*ECON*→*EC.MN* should always be set for the minimum damper position.

Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Options

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION — Under *Configuration*—*JAQ*—*DCV.C*, the following configuration parameters should be set to establish the minimum and maximum points for outdoor air damper position during demand controlled ventilation (DCV):

EC.MN Economizer Min.Position IAQ.M IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos.

Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C \rightarrow IAQ.M is used to set the absolute minimum vent position (or maximum reset) under DCV.

Configuration→*IAQ*→*DCV.C*→*EC.MN* is used to set the minimum damper position (or with no DCV reset). This is also referenced in the economizer section.

Exhaust Options — The A Series units can be configured with constant volume 2-stage power exhaust or modulating power exhaust. The following exhaust options should be configured.

<u>Configuration</u>→BP→BF.CF=1 (Two-Stage Exhaust Option) — For two-stage exhaust, under the Configuration →BP submenu, configure the following:

BP.P1 Power Exhaust On Setp.1BP.P2 Power Exhaust On Setp.2

Configuration → BP → BF.CF=2 (Modulating Power Exhaust Option) — For modulating exhaust, in the Configuration → BP submenu, configure the following:

BP.SP Building Pressure Setp.

Programming Operating Schedules — The *Comfort*Link controls will accommodate up to eight different schedules (Periods 1 through 8), and each schedule is assigned to the desired days of the week. Each schedule includes an occupied on and off time. As an example, to set an occupied schedule for 8 AM to 5 PM for Monday through Friday, the user would set days Monday through Friday to ON for Period 1. Then the user would configure the Period 1 Occupied From point to 08:00 and the Period 1 Occupied To point to 17:00. To create a different weekend schedule, the user would use Period 2 and set days Saturday and Sunday to ON with the desired Occupied On and Off times. To create a schedule, perform the following procedure:

NOTE: By default, the time schedule periods are programmed for 24 hours of occupied operation.

- 1. Scroll to the Configuration mode, and select CCN CONFIGURATION (*CCN*). Scroll down to the Schedule Number (*Configuration→CCN→SC.OV→SCH.N*). If password protection has been enabled, the user will be prompted to enter the password before any new data is accepted. *SCH.N* has a range of 0 to 99. The default value is 1. A value of 0 is always occupied, and the unit will control to its occupied set points. A value of 1 means the unit will follow a local schedule, and a value of 65 to 99 means it will follow a CCN schedule. Schedules 2 to 64 are not used as the control only supports one internal/local schedule. If one of the 2 to 64 schedules is configured, then the control will force the number back to 1. Make sure the value is set to 1 to use a local schedule.
- Enter the Time Clock mode. Scroll down to the LOCAL TIME SCHEDULE (SCH.L) sub-mode, and press ENTER. Period 1 (PER.1) will be displayed. Press EN-TER to configure Period 1.
- Configure the beginning of the occupied time period for Period 1 (OCC). Scroll down to OCC and press ENTER to go into Edit mode. The first two digits of the 00.00 will start flashing. Use the UP or DOWN key to display the

- correct value for hours, in 24-hour (military) time. Press ENTER and hour value is saved and the minutes digits will start flashing. Use the same procedure to display and save the desired minutes value. Press ESCAPE.
- 4. Configure the unoccupied time for period 1 (*UNC*). Scroll down to *UNC* and press ENTER to go into Edit mode. The first two digits of the 00.00 will start flashing. Use the UP or DOWN key to display the correct value for hours, in 24-hour (military) time. Press ENTER and hour value is saved and the minutes digits will start flashing. Use the same procedure to display and save the desired minutes value. Press ESCAPE.
- 5. Scroll to *DAYS* and press ENTER. Scroll down to the *MON* point. This point indicates if schedule 1 applies to Monday. Use the ENTER command to go into Edit mode, and use the UP or DOWN key to change the display to YES or NO. Scroll down through the rest of the days and apply schedule 1 where desired. The schedule can also be applied to a holiday. Press ESCAPE.
- 6. The first schedule is now complete. If a second schedule is needed, such as for weekends or holidays, scroll down and repeat the entire procedure for period 2 (*PER.2*). If additional schedules are needed, repeat the process for as many as are needed. Eight schedules are provided.

SERVICE TEST

General — The units are equipped with a Service Test feature, which is intended to allow a service person to force the unit into different modes of operation to test them. To use this feature, enter the Service Test category on the local display and place the unit into the test mode by changing *Service Test→TEST* from OFF to ON. The display will prompt for the password before allowing any change. The default password is 1111. Once the unit enters the Service Test mode, the unit will shut down all current modes.

TEST — The **TEST** command turns the unit off (hard stop) and allows the unit to be put in a manual control mode.

STOP — The **STOP** command completely disables the unit (all outputs turn off immediately). Once in this mode, nothing can override the unit to turn it on. The controller will ignore all inputs and commands.

S.STP — Setting Soft Stop to YES turns the unit off in an orderly way, honoring any time guards currently in effect.

FAN.F — By turning the FAN FORCE on, the supply fan is turned on and will operate as it normally would, controlling duct static pressure on VAV applications or just energizing the fan on CV applications. To remove the force, press ENTER and then press the UP and DOWN arrows simultaneously.

F.4.CH — The 4-Inch Filter Change Mode variable is used to service the unit when 4-in. filters are used. When the filters need to be changed, set *Service Test*→*F.4.CH* = YES. The unit will be placed in Service Test mode and the economizer will move to the 40% open position to facilitate removal of the 4-in. filters. After the filters have been changed, set *Service Test*→*F.4.CH* = NO to return the unit to normal operation.

The remaining categories: *INDP, FANS, COOL*, and *HEAT* are sub-modes with separate items and functions. See Table 41.

Service Test Mode Logic — Operation in the Service Test mode is sub-mode specific except for the Independent sub-mode. Leaving the sub-mode while a test is being performed and attempting to start a different test in the new sub-mode will cause the previous test to terminate. When this happens, the new request will be delayed for 5 seconds. For example, if compressors were turned on under the *COOL* sub-mode, any attempt to turn on heating stages within the *HEAT* sub-mode would immediately turn off the compressors and, 5 seconds later, the controller would honor the requested heat stages.

However, it is important to note that the user can leave a Service Test mode to view any of the local display modes and the control will remain in the Service Test mode.

Independent Outputs — The *INDP* sub-mode items can be turned on and off regardless of the other category states. For example, the alarm relay can be forced on in the *INDP* sub-mode and will remain on if compressor relays are requested in the *COOL* sub-mode.

Fans in Service Test Mode — Upon entering the *FANS* sub-mode, the user will be able to turn the supply fan on and off, set the supply fan VFD speed, and turn the condenser fans on and off.

Cooling in Service Test Mode — The *Cool.* submode offers different cooling service tests.

The user has manual relay control of individual compressors. If the user energizes mechanical cooling, the supply fan and the outdoor fans will be started automatically. During mechanical cooling, the unit will protect itself. Compressor diagnostics are active, monitoring for high discharge pressure, low suction pressure, etc. The user can also turn the hot gas bypass valve on and off.

NOTE: It is crucial that proper compressor rotation be verified during the service test. Each compressor must be tested

individually. After starting each compressor, the control will check the suction pressure after 5 seconds of run time. If the control does not see a sufficient decrease in suction pressure after 5 seconds, mechanical cooling will be shut down, and an alarm will be generated (A140). This alarm requires a manual reset. If this alarm occurs, do not attempt a restart of the compressor and do not attempt to start any other compressors until the wiring to the unit has been corrected.

Heating in Service Test Mode — If unit has a thermostat connected (*C.TYP* = 3 or 4), install the RED jumper wires between TB4, terminals R (1), W2 (3) and W1 (4). Terminal block TB4 is located in the unit control box. Remember to disconnect these jumpers when Test Mode is completed. The Heat Test Mode sub-mode will offer automatic fan start-up if the unit is not a gas heat unit. On gas heat units, the IGC feedback from the gas control units will bring the fan on as required.

Within this sub-mode, the user has control of heat relays 1 to 6. The user can also turn on the requested heat stage.

NOTE: When service test has been completed, if unit has a thermostat connected (C.TYP = 3 or 4), remove the RED jumper wires at TB4, terminals R (1), W2 (3) and W1 (4). Terminal block TB4 is located in the unit control box. Store these jumpers in the unit control box for future use.

Table 41 — Service Test

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
TEST STOP S.STP FAN.F F.4.CH	Service Test Mode Local Machine Disable Soft Stop Request Supply Fan Request 4 in. Filter Change Mode	ON/OFF YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO		MAN_CTRL UNITSTOP SOFTSTOP SFANFORC FILT4CHG	config forcible forcible
INDP ECON E.PWR E.CAL E.VFD PE.A PE.B PE.C H.I.R ALRM	TEST INDEPENDENT OUTPUTS Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos. Economizer Power Test Calibrate the Economizer? Exhaust Fan VFD Speed Power Exhaust Relay A Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay C Heat Interlock Relay Remote Alarm/Aux Relay	0-100 ON/OFF ON/OFF	%	ECONCTST ECONPTST ECON_CAL EFAN_VFD PE_A_TST PE_B_TST PE_C_TST HIR_TST ALRM_TST	
FANS S.FAN S.VFD CD.F.A CD.F.B	TEST FANS Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan VFD Speed Condenser Fan Circuit A Condenser Fan Circuit B	ON/OFF 0-100 ON/OFF ON/OFF	%	SFAN_TST SGVFDTST CNDA_TST CNDB_TST	
COOL A1 A2 MLV B1 B2	TEST COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Min. Load Valve (HGBP) Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		CMPA1TST CMPA2TST MLV_TST CMPB1TST CMPB2TST	
HEAT HT.ST HT.1 HT.2 HT.3 HT.4 HT.5 HT.6	TEST HEATING Requested Heat Stage Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3	0-MAX ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		HTST_TST HS1_TST HS2_TST HS3_TST HS4_TST HS5_TST HS6_TST HS6_TST	

THIRD PARTY CONTROL

Thermostat — The method of control would be through the thermostat inputs:

Y1 =first stage cooling

Y1 and Y2 = first and second stage cooling

W1 =first stage heating

W1 and W2 = first and second stage heating

G =supply fan

Alarm Output — The alarm output TB4-7 and 8, will provide relay closure whenever the unit is under an alert or alarm condition.

Remote Switch — The remote switch may be configured for three different functions. Under *Configuration*→*UNIT*, set *RM.CF* to one of the following:

0 = no remote switch

1 = occupied/unoccupied switch

 $2 = \frac{\text{start/stop switch}}{\text{start/stop switch}}$

3 = occupancy override switch

With *RM.CF* set to 1, no time schedules are followed and the unit follows the remote switch only in determining the state of occupancy.

With *RM.CF* set to 2, the remote switch can be used to shut down and disable the unit, while still honoring time guards on compressors. Time schedules, internal or external, may be run simultaneously with this configuration.

With *RM.CF* set to 3, the remote input may override an unoccupied state and force the control to go into occupied mode. As with the start/stop configuration, an internal or external time schedule may continue to control occupancy when the switch is not in effect.

Under *Configuration* \rightarrow *SW.L.G* \rightarrow *RMI.L.*, the remote occupancy switch can be set to either a normally open or normally closed switch input. Normal is defined as either unoccupied, start or "not currently overridden," respective to the *RM.CF* configuration.

VFD Control — On VFD equipped supply fans, supply duct static pressure control may be left under unit control or be externally controlled. To control a VFD externally with a 4 to 20 mA signal, set **SPRS** to 4, under the **Configuration** \rightarrow **SP** menu. This will set the reset to VFD control. When **SPRS** = 4, the static pressure reset function acts to provide direct VFD speed control where 4 mA = 0% speed and 20 mA = 100%(SP.MN and SP.MX will override). Note that SP.CF must be set to 1 (VFD Control) prior to configuring **SP.RS** = 4. Failure to do so could result in damage to ductwork due to overpressurization. In effect, this represents a speed control signal "pass through" under normal operating circumstances. The ComfortLink controller overrides the third party signal for critical operation situations, most notably smoke and fire control. Wire the input to the controls expansion module (CEM) using TB-11 and 12. An optional CEM board is required.

See Appendix C and the VFD literature supplied with the unit for VFD configurations and field wiring connections to the VFD.

Supply Air Reset — With the installation of the CEM, the *Comfort*Link controller is capable of accepting a 4 to 20 mA signal, to reset the supply-air temperature up to a maximum of 20 F. See VFD Control section above.

Demand Limit Control — The term "demand limit control" refers to the restriction of the machine's mechanical cooling capacity to control the amount of power that a machine may use.

Demand limiting using mechanical control is possible via two means:

Two discrete inputs tied to demand limit set point percentages. OR

A 4 to 20 mA input that can reduce or limit capacity linearly to a set point percentage.

In either case, it will be necessary to install a controls expansion module (CEM).

DEMAND LIMIT DISCRETE INPUTS — First, set **DM.L.S** in **Configuration** \rightarrow **DMD.L** to 1 (2 switches).

When $Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.SI$ (Demand Switch no. 1) is OFF, the control will not set any limit to the capacity, and when ON, the control sets a capacity limit to the $Configuration \rightarrow DMD.L \rightarrow D.L.SI$ set point.

Likewise, when *Inputs* \rightarrow *GEN.I* \rightarrow *DL.S2* (Demand Switch no. 2) is OFF, the control will not set any limit to the capacity, and when ON, the control sets a capacity limit to the *Configuration* \rightarrow *DMD.L* \rightarrow *D.L.S2* set point.

If both switches are ON, *Inputs* \rightarrow *GEN.I* \rightarrow *DL.S2* is used as the limiter of capacity.

Under *Configuration* → *SW.LG*, set the logic state appropriately for the action desired. Set the *DL1.L* and *DL2.L* configurations. They can be set normally open or normally closed. For example, if *DL1.L* is set to OPEN, the user will need to close the switch to cause the control to limit capacity to the demand limit 1 set point. Likewise, if *DL1.L* is set to CLSE (closed), the user will need to open the switch to cause the control to limit capacity to the demand limit 1 set point.

DEMAND LIMIT 4 TO 20 mA INPUT — Under *Configuration* \rightarrow DMD.L, set configuration DML.S to 2 (2 = 4 to 20 mA control). Under the same menu, set D.L.20 to a value from 0 to 100% to set the demand limit range. For example, with D.L.20 set to 50, a 4 mA signal will result in no limit to the capacity and 20 mA signal will result in a 50% reduction in capacity.

Demand Controlled Ventilation ControlThere are multiple methods for externally controlling the economizer damper.

IAQ DISCRETE INPUT CONFIGURATION — The IAQ discrete input configuration requires a CEM module (optional) to be installed and an interface to a switch input at TB5-13 and 14. The state of the input on the display can be found at *Inputs* \rightarrow *AIR.Q* \rightarrow *IAQ.I.*

Before configuring the switch functionality, first determine how the switch will be read. A closed switch can indicate either a low IAQ condition or a high IAQ condition. This is set at **Configuration** \rightarrow **SW.LG** and **IAQ.L**. The user can set what a low reading would mean based on the type of switch being used. Setting **IAQ.L** to OPEN means that when the switch is open the input will read LOW. When the switch is closed, the input will read HIGH. Setting **IAQ.L** to CLSE (closed) means that when the switch is closed the input will read LOW, and therefore, when the switch is open the switch will read HIGH.

There are two possible configurations for the IAQ discrete input. Select item $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow IQ.I.C$ and configure for either 1 (IAQ Discrete) or 2 (IAQ Discrete Override).

<u>IQ.I.C</u> = 1 (IAQ Discrete) — If the user sets <u>IQ.I.C</u> to 1 (IAQ Discrete), and the switch logic (**Configuration** \rightarrow **SW.LG** \rightarrow **IAQ.L**) is set to OPEN, then an open switch reads low and a closed switch reads high.

If the switch is open, the economizer will be commanded to the IAO Demand Vent Minimum Position.

These settings may be adjusted and are located at *Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C \rightarrow IAQ.M$.

If the switch is closed, the IAQ reading will be high and the economizer will be commanded to the Economizer Minimum Position.

This setting may be adjusted and is located at *Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C \rightarrow EC.MN$.

<u>IQ.I.C</u> = 2 (IAQ Discrete Override) — If the user sets <u>IQ.I.C</u> to 2 (IAQ Discrete Override), and <u>Configuration</u> \rightarrow SW.LG \rightarrow <u>IAQ.L</u> is set to OPEN, then an open switch reads low and a closed switch reads high.

If the switch reads low, no action will be taken. If the switch reads high, the economizer will immediately be commanded to the IAQ Economizer Override Position. This can be set from 0 to 100% and can be found at $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP \rightarrow IQ.O.P$.

FAN CONTROL FOR THE IAQ DISCRETE INPUT — Under *Configuration*—*IAQ*—*AQ.CF*, the *IQ.I.F* (IAQ Discrete Input Fan Configuration) must also be set. There are three configurations for *IQ.I.F*. Select the configuration which will be used for fan operation. This configuration allows the user to decide (if the supply fan is not already running), whether the IAQ discrete switch will start the fan, and in which state of occupancy the fan will start.

IQ.I.F = 0 Minimum Position Override Switch input will not start fan

IQ.I.F = 1 Minimum Position Override Switch input will start fan in occupied mode only

IQ.I.F = 2 Minimum Position Override Switch input will start fan in both occupied and unoccupied modes

IAQ ANALOG INPUT CONFIGURATION — This input is an analog input located on the main base board (MBB). There are 4 different functions for this input. The location of this configuration is at $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow IQ.A.C$.

The functions possible for *IQ.A.C* are:

- 0 = no IAQ analog input
- 1 = IAQ analog input
- 2 = IAQ analog input used to override to a set position
- 3 = 4 to 20 mA 0 to 100% economizer minimum position control
- 4 = 0 to 10 kilo-ohms 0 to 100% economizer minimum position control

Options 2, 3, and 4 are dedicated for third party control.

IQ.A.C = 2 (IAQ Analog Input Used to Override) — Under Configuration → IAQ → AQ.SP, set IQ.O.P (IAQ Economizer Override Position). The IQ.O.P configuration is adjustable from 0 to 100%. These configurations are also used in conjunction with Configuration → IAQ → AQ.CF → IQ.A.F (IAQ 4 to 20 mA Fan Configuration). There are three configurations for IQ.A.F and they follow the same logic as for the discrete input. This configuration allows the user to decide (if the supply fan is not already running), if the IAQ Analog Minimum Position Override input will start the fan, and in which state of occupancy the fan will start.

IQ.A.F = 0 IAQ analog sensor input cannot start the supply fan

IQ.A.F = 1 IAQ analog sensor input can start the supply fan in occupied mode only

IQ.A.F = 2 IAQ analog sensor input can start the supply fan in both occupied and unoccupied modes

If IQ.A.F is configured to request the supply fan, then configurations D.F.ON and D.F.OF need to be set. These configuration settings are located under $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP$ and configure the fan override operation based on the differential air quality (DAQ). If DAQ rises above D.F.ON, the control will request the fan on until DAQ falls below D.F.OF.

NOTE: If **D.F.ON** is configured below **DAQ.H**, the unit is in occupied mode, and the fan was off, then DAQ rose above **D.F.ON** and the fan came on, the economizer will go to the economizer minimum position (**EC.MN**).

The 4 to 20 mA signal from the sensor wired to TB5-6 and 7 is scaled to an equivalent indoor CO_2 (IAQ) by the parameters IQ.R.L and IQ.R.H located under the $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.S.R$ menu. The parameters are defined such that 4 mA = IQ.R.L and 20 mA = IQ.R.H. When the differential air quality DAQ (IAQ – OAQ.U) exceeds the DAQ.H set point ($Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP$ menu) and the supply fan is on, the economizer minimum vent position ($Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C \rightarrow EC.MN$) is overridden and the damper is moved to the IQ.P.O configuration. When the DAQ falls below the DAQ.L set point ($Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP$ menu), the economizer damper is moved back to the minimum vent position (EC.MN).

NOTE: Configuration OAQ.U is used in the calculation of the trip point for override and can be found under $Configuration \rightarrow IAO \rightarrow AO.SP$.

IQ.A. C = 3 (4 to 20 mA Damper Control) — This configuration will provide full 4 to 20 mA remotely controlled analog input for economizer minimum damper position. The 4 to 20 mA signal is connected to terminals TB5-6 and 7. The input is processed as 4 mA = 0% and 20 mA = 100%, thereby giving complete range control of the effective minimum position.

The economizer sequences can be disabled by setting *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *E.SEL* to 0. Complete control of the economizer damper position is then possible by using a 4 to 20 mA economizer minimum position control or a 0 to 10 kilo-ohm 0 to 100% economizer minimum position control via configuration decisions at *Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *AQ.CF* \rightarrow *IO.A.C.*

IQ.A.C = 4 (10 Kilo-ohm Potentiometer Damper Control)

— This configuration will provide input for a 10 kilo-ohm linear potentiometer that acts as a remotely controlled analog input for economizer minimum damper position. The input is processed as 0 ohms = 0% and 10,000 ohms = 100%, thereby giving complete range control of the effective minimum position.

CONTROLS OPERATION

Modes — The *Comfort*Link controls operate under a hierarchy of command structure as defined by three essential elements: the System mode, the HVAC mode and the Control mode. The System mode is the top level mode that defines three essential states for the control system: OFF, RUN and TEST.

The HVAC mode is the functional level underneath the System mode which further defines the operation of the control. The mode selection process is shown in Appendix D.

The Control mode is essentially the control type of the unit (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *C.TYP*). This defines from where the control looks to establish a cooling or heating mode and whether 2 stages or multiple stages of cooling capacity operation are controlled.

Furthermore, there are a number of modes which operate concurrently when the unit is running. The operating modes of the control are located at the local displays under *Operating Modes*. See Table 42.

Currently Occupied (*OCC*) — This variable displays the current occupied state of the unit.

<u>Timed Override in Effect (*T.OVR*)</u> — This variable displays if the state of occupancy is currently occupied due to an override.

<u>DCV Resetting Minimum Position (*DCV*)</u> — This variable displays if the economizer position has been lowered from its maximum vent position.

Table 42 — Operating Modes Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
SYS.M HVAC CTRL	ascii string ascii string ascii string		n/a n/a n/a
MODE OCC T.OVR DCV SA.R DMD.L T.C.ST IAQ.P LINK LOCK H.NUM	MODES CONTROLLING UNIT Currently Occupied Timed Override in Effect DCV Resetting Min Pos Supply Air Reset Demand Limit in Effect Temp.Compensated Start IAQ Pre-Occ Purge Active Linkage Active — CCN Mech.Cooling Locked Out HVAC Mode Numerical Form		MODEOCCP MODETOVR MODEADCV MODESARS MODEDMLT MODETCST MODEIQPG MODELINK MODELOCK MODELOCK

Supply Air Reset (*SA.R*) — This variable displays if the supply air reset is currently active. This applies to cooling only.

<u>Demand Limit in Effect (*DMD.L*)</u> — This variable displays if the mechanical cooling capacity is currently being limited or reduced by an outside third party.

<u>Temperature Compensated Start (*T.C.ST*)</u> — This variable displays if Heating or Cooling has been initiated before the occupied period to pre-condition the space.

<u>IAQ Pre-Occupancy Purge Active (*IAQ.P*)</u> — This variable displays if the economizer is open and the fan is on to preventilate the building before occupancy.

<u>Linkage Active CCN (LINK)</u> — This variable displays if a <u>linkage master in a zoning system has established "linkage"</u> with this air source (rooftop).

Mechanical Cooling Locked Out (*LOCK*) — This variable displays if mechanical cooling is currently being locked due to low outside air temperature.

HVAC Mode Numerical Form (*H.NUM*) — This is a numerical representation of the HVAC modes which may be read via a point read.

SYSTEM MODES (*Operating Modes*→*SYS.M*)

System Mode Off — When the system mode is OFF, all outputs are to be shut down and no machine control is possible. The following list displays the text assigned to the System Mode when in the OFF mode and the conditions that may cause this mode are checked in the following hierarchal order:

- 1. Wake up timer on a power reset. ("Initializing System ...")
- System in the process of shutting down compressors and waiting for timeguards to expire.

("Shutting Down ...")

 Factory shut down (internal factory control level — SHUTDOWN).

("Factory Shut Down")

4. Unit stop (software application level variable that acts as a hard shut down — *Service Test→STOP*).

("Local Machine Stop")

- Fire shut down (traumatic fire shutdown condition based on the Fire Shutdown Input — *Inputs→FIRE→FSD*). ("Fire-Shutdown Mode")
- 6. Emergency stop, which is forced over the CCN through the Emergency Stop Variable (EMSTOP).

("CCN Emergency Stop")

7. Startup delay.

("Startup delay = 0-900 secs")

- 8. Service test ending transition timer.
 - ("Service Test Ending")
- Unexplained internal software failure. ("Internal Failure")

<u>System Mode Test</u> — When the system mode is Test, the control is limited to the Test mode and is controllable via the local displays (scrolling marquee and NavigatorTM display) or through the factory service test control. The System Test modes are Factory Test Enabled and Service Test Enabled. See the Service Test Mode section for details on test control in this mode.

- Factory Test mode
 ("Factory test enabled")
- 2. Service Test mode

("Service test enabled")

<u>System Mode Run</u> — When the system mode is Run, the software application in the control is free to run the HVAC control routines by which cooling, heating, IAQ, etc., is possible. There are two possible text displays for this mode, one is normal run mode and the other occurs if one of the following fire-smoke modes is present: smoke purge, pressurization or evacuation.

1. Normal run time state

("Unit Operation Enabled")

2. Fire-Smoke control mode ("Fire-Smoke Control")

HVAC MODES (*Operating Mode* \rightarrow HVAC) — The system mode must be selected before the unit controls can select the HVAC mode of the rooftop unit. The selection of an HVAC mode is based on a hierarchal decision making process. Certain overrides may interfere with this process and the normal temperature/humidity control operation of the unit. The decision making process that determines the HVAC mode is shown in Fig. 4 and Appendix D.

Each HVAC Mode is described below. The HVAC mode number is shown in parenthesis after the mode.

<u>HVAC Mode — STARTING UP (0)</u> — The unit is transitioning from the OFF mode to a different mode.

<u>HVAC Mode — DISABLED (1)</u> — The unit is shut down due to a software command disable through the scrolling marquee, a CCN emergency stop command, a service test end, or a control-type change delay.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>SHUTTING DOWN (2)</u> — The unit is transitioning from a mode to the OFF mode.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>SOFTSTOP REQUEST (3)</u> — The unit is off due to a soft stop request from the control.

<u>HVAC Mode — REM SW.DISABLE (4)</u> — The unit is off due to the remote switch.

<u>HVAC Mode — FAN STATUS FAIL (5)</u> — The unit is off due to failure of the fan status switch.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>STATIC PRESSURE FAIL (6)</u> — The unit is off due to failure of the static pressure sensor.

<u>HVAC Mode — COMP.STUCK ON (7)</u> — The unit is shut down because there is an indication that a compressor is running even though it has been commanded off.

<u>HVAC Mode — OFF (8)</u> — The unit is off and no operating modes are active.

<u>HVAC Mode — TEST (9)</u> — The unit is in the self test mode which is entered through the Service Test menu.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>TEMPERING VENT (10)</u> — The economizer is at minimum vent position but the supply-air temperature has dropped below the tempering vent set point. Staged gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

HVAC Mode — TEMPERING LOCOOL (11) — The economizer is at minimum vent position but the combination of the outside-air temperature and the economizer position has dropped the supply-air temperature below the tempering cool set point. Staged gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

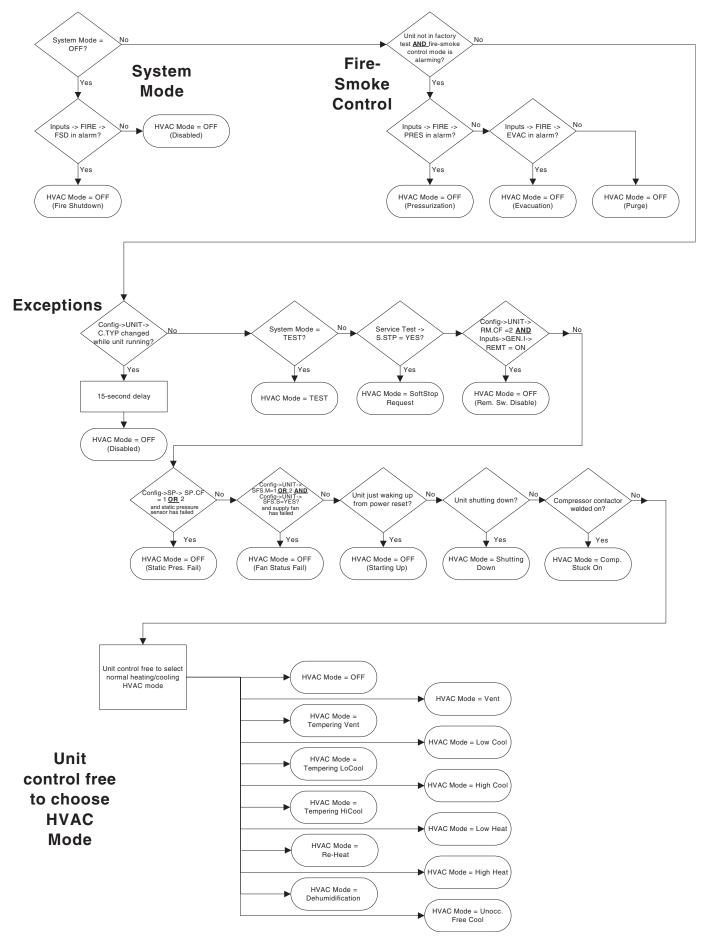


Fig. 4 — Mode Selection

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>TEMPERING HICOOL (12)</u> — The economizer is at minimum vent position but the combination of the outside-air temperature and the economizer position has dropped the supply-air temperature below the tempering cool set point. Staged gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

<u>HVAC Mode — VENT (13)</u> — This is a normal operation mode where no heating or cooling is required and outside air is being delivered to the space to control IAQ levels.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>LOW COOL (14)</u> — This is a normal cooling mode where a low cooling demand is required.

<u>HVAC Mode — HIGH COOL (15)</u> — This is a normal cooling mode where a high cooling demand is required.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>LOW HEAT (16)</u> — The unit will be in low heating demand mode using either gas or electric heat.

<u>HVAC Mode — HIGH HEAT (17)</u> — The unit will be in high heating demand mode using either gas or electric heat.

HVAC Mode — UNOCC. FREE COOL (18) — In this mode the unit will operate in cooling but will be using the economizer for free cooling. Entering this mode will depend on the status of the outside air. The unit can be configured for outside air changeover, differential dry bulb changeover, outside air enthalpy changeover, differential enthalpy changeover, or a custom arrangement of enthalpy/dewpoint and dry bulb. See the Economizer section for further details.

<u>HVAC Mode — FIRE SHUT DOWN (19)</u> — The unit has been stopped due to a fire shutdown input (FSD) or two or more of the fire control modes, purge, evacuation, or pressurization have been requested simultaneously.

HVAC Mode — PRESSURIZATION (20) — The unit is in the special fire pressurization mode where the supply fan is on, the economizer damper is open and the power exhaust fans are off. This mode is started by the Fire Pressurization (*PRES*) input which can be found in the *INPUT*—*FIRE* sub-menu.

<u>HVAC Mode</u> — <u>EVACUATION (21)</u> — The unit is in the special Fire Evacuation mode where the supply fan is off, the economizer damper is closed and the power exhaust fans are on. This mode is started by the Fire Evacuation (*EVAC*) input which can be found in the *INPUT*→*FIRE* sub-menu.

HVAC Mode — SMOKE PURGE (22) — The unit is in the special Fire Purge mode where the supply fan is on, the economizer damper is open and the power exhaust fans are on. This mode is started by the Fire Evacuation (*PURG*) input which can be found in the *INPUT*—*FIRE* sub-menu.

<u>HVAC Mode — DEHUMIDIFICATION (23)</u> — The unit is operating in Dehumidification mode.

<u>HVAC Mode — REHEAT (24)</u> — The unit is operating in reheat mode.

Unit Configuration Submenu — The *UNIT* submenu under the Configuration mode of the local display contains general unit configuration items. The submenu which contains these configurations is located at the local display under *Configuration*→*UNIT*. See Table 43.

Machine Control Type (*C.TYP*) — This configuration defines the control type and control source responsible for selecting a cooling, heating, or vent mode and in determining the method by which compressors are staged. The control types are:

• *C.TYP* = 1 (VAV-RAT) and *C.TYP* = 2 (VAV-SPT)

Both of these configurations refer to standard VAV operation. If the control is occupied, the supply fan is run continuously and return-air temperature will be used in the determination of the selection of a cooling mode. VAV-SPT differs from VAV-RAT only in that during the unoccupied period, space temperature will be used instead of return-air temperature to start the fan for 10 minutes to establish an

accurate return-air temperature before the return-air temperature is allowed to call out any mode.

• C.TYP = 3 (TSTAT-MULTI)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the thermostat inputs to make a determination of mode. Unlike traditional 2-stage thermostat control, the unit is allowed to use multiple stages of cooling control and perform VAV-type operation. The control will be able to call out a LOW COOL or a HIGH COOL mode and maintain a low or high cool supply air set point.

• C.TYP = 4 (TSTAT-2 STG)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the thermostat inputs to make a determination of mode and allow only 2 stages of control for both heating and cooling.

• *C.TYP* = 5 (SPT-MULTI)

This configuration will force the control to monitor a space temperature sensor to make a determination of mode. Unlike traditional 2-stage space temperature control, the unit is allowed to use multiple stages of cooling control and perform VAV-type operation. The control will be able to call out a LOW COOL or a HIGH COOL mode and maintain a low or high cool supply air set point.

• *C.TYP* = 6 (SPT-2 STG)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the space temperature sensor to make a determination of mode and allow 2 stages of control for both heating and cooling.

FAN MODE (*CV.FN*) — The Fan Mode configuration can be used for machine control types (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *C.TYP*) 3, 4, 5, and 6. The Fan Mode variable establishes the operating sequence for the supply fan during occupied periods. When set to 1 (Continuous), the fan will operate continuously during occupied periods. When set to 0 (Automatic), the fan will run only during a heating or cooling mode.

REMOTE SWITCH CONFIG (*RM.CF*) — The remote switch input is connected to TB6 terminals 1 and 3. This switch can be used for several remote control functions. Please refer to the Remote Control Switch Input section for details on its use and operation.

CEM MODEL INSTALLED (*CEM*) — This configuration instructs the control to communicate with the controls expansion module (CEM) over the Local Equipment Network (LEN) when set to Yes. When the unit is configured for certain sensors and configurations, this option will be set to Yes automatically.

The sensors and configurations that automatically turn on this board are:

Configuration→UNIT→SFS.M = 1 (Supply Fan Status Switch Monitoring)

Configuration→*EDT.R*→*RES.S* = Enable (4 to 20 mA Supply Air Reset Sensor Enable)

Configuration→**DMD.L**→**DM.L.S** = 1 (2 SWITCHES) (Demand Limiting using 2 discrete switches)

Configuration→**DMD.L**→**DM.L.S** = 2 (4-20 MA CTRL) (Demand Limiting using a 4 to 20 mA sensor)

Configuration→IAQ→AQ.CF→IQ.I.C = 1 (IAQ DISCRETE) (IAQ discrete switch control)

Configuration →IAQ →AQ.CF →IQ.I.C = 2 (IAQ DISC.OVR) (IAQ discrete switch "override" control)

Configuration $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow OQ.A.C = 1$ (OAQ SENS-DAQ) (Outdoor Air Quality Sensor)

Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow OQ.A.C = 2 (4-20 NO DAQ) (4 to 20 mA sensor, no DAQ)

<u>Temperature Compensated Start Cooling Factor (*TCS.C*) — This factor is used in the equation of the Temperature Compensated Start Time Bias for cooling. Refer to the Temperature</u>

Compensated Start section for more information. A setting of 0 minutes indicates Temperature Compensated Start in Cooling is not permitted.

Temperature Compensated Start Heating Factor (*TCS.H*) — This factor is used in the equation of the Temperature Compensated Start Time Bias for heating. Refer to the Temperature Compensated Start section for more information. A setting of 0 minutes indicates Temperature Compensated Start in Heating is not permitted.

Fan Fail Shuts Downs Unit (SFS.S) — This configuration will determine whether the unit should shut down on a supply fan status fail or simply alert the condition and continue to run. If set to YES, then the control will shut down the unit and send out an alarm if supply fan status monitoring fails. If set to NO, the control will not shut down the unit if supply fan status monitoring fails but the control will send out an alert.

<u>Fan Status Monitoring (SFS.M)</u> — This configuration selects the type of fan status monitoring to be performed.

- 0 NONE No switch or monitoring
- 1 SWITCH Use of the fan status switch
- 2 SP RISE Monitoring of the supply duct pressure.

VAV Unoccupied Fan Retry Time (VAV.S) — Machine control types 1 and 2 (VAV-RAT,VAV-SPT) monitor the return-air temperature during unoccupied periods to determine if there is a valid demand for heating or cooling before initiating an unoccupied heating or cooling mode. If the routine runs but concludes a valid demand condition does not exist, then the process is not permitted for the period of time defined by this configuration. Reducing this value allows a more frequent resampling process. Setting this value to zero will prevent any sampling sequence.

<u>Unit Size</u> (*SIZE*) — There are several unit sizes (tons) for the A Series control. Make sure this configuration matches the size called out by the model number of the unit. This is important as the cooling stage tables are directly determined based on this configuration.

Discharge Pressure Transducers (*DP.XR*) — This configuration configures the unit for use with discharge pressure transducers. The 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units will be automatically configured for discharge pressure transducers and *DP.XR* should be set to Yes.

Suction Pressure Transducer Type (*SP.XR*) — This configuration specifies the type of suction pressure transducer that is being used. Set *SP.XR* to 0 for support of a pressure transducer with a range of 0 to 135 psig. Set *SP.XR* to 1 for support of a pressure transducer with a range of 0 to 200 psig.

NOTE: The 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units do not require a change to the **SPXR** factory default setting.

Refrigerant Type (*RFGT*) — This configuration specifies the type of refrigerant used in the unit. Configuration *RFGT* is set to 0 if the refrigerant used is R-22. Configuration *RFGT* is set to 1 if the refrigerant used is R-410A. Do not change this setting.

Condenser Type (*CND.T*) — This configuration specifies the type of condenser installed in the unit. Configuration *CND.T* is set to 0 if the condenser is a round tube, plate fin coil (RTPF). Configuration *CND.T* is set to 1 if the condenser is a microchannel heat exchanger coil (MCHX).

<u>MAT Calc Config (MAT.S)</u> — This configuration gives the user three options in the processing of the mixed-air temperature (MAT) calculation:

• MAT.S = 0

There will be no MAT calculation.

• MAT.S = 1

The control will attempt to learn MAT over time. Any time the system is in a vent mode and the economizer stays at a particular position for long enough, MAT is set to equal EDT. Using this, the control has an internal table whereby it can more closely determine the true MAT value.

• MAT.S = 2

The control will not attempt to learn MAT over time.

To calculate MAT linearly, the user should reset the MAT table entries by setting *MAT.R* to YES. Then set *MAT.S* = 2. The control will calculate MAT based on the position of the economizer, outside-air temperature, and return-air temperature.

To freeze the MAT table entries, let the unit run with *MAT.S* = 1. Once sufficient data has been collected, change *MAT.S* = 2. Do not reset the MAT table.

Table 43 — Unit Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULTS
UNIT	UNIT CONFIGURATION				
C.TYP	Machine Control Type	1-6	1	CTRLTYPE	4
CV.FN	Fan Mode (0=Auto, 1=Cont)	0 - 1		FAN_MODE	1
RM.CF	Remote Switch Config	0 - 3		RMTINCFG	0
CEM	CEM Module Installed	Yes/No		CEM_BRD	No
TCS.C	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Cool Factr	0 - 60	min	TCSTCOOL	0
TCS.H	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Heat Factr	0 - 60	min	TCSTHEAT	0
SFS.S	Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit	Yes/No		SFS_SHUT	No
SFS.M	Fan Stat Monitoring Type	0 - 2		SFS_MON	0
VAV.S	VAV Unocc.Fan Retry Time	0 - 720	min	SAMPMINS	50
SIZE	Unit Size (20-60)	20 - 60		UNITSIZE	20
DP.XR	Discharge Press. Transducers	Yes/No		DP_TRANS	No
SP.XR	Suct. Pres. Trans. Type	0 - 1		SPXRTYPE	0
RFG.T	REFRIG: 0=R22, 1=R410A	0 - 1		REFRIG_T	Unit dependent
CND.T	CND HX TYP: 0=RTPF, 1=MCHX	0 - 1		COILTYPE	Unit dependent
MAT.S	MAT Calc Config	0 - 2		MAT_SEL	1
MAT.R	Reset MAT Table Entries?	Yes/No		MATRESET	No
MAT.D	MAT Outside Air Default	0-100	%	MATOADOS	20
ALTI	Altitudein feet:	0 - 60000		ALTITUDE	0
DLAY	Startup Delay Time	0 - 900	sec	DELAY	0
STAT	TSTAT-Both Heat and Cool	Yes/No		TSTATALL	No
AUX.R	Auxiliary Relay Config	0 - 3		AUXRELAY	0
SENS	INPUT SENSOR CONFIG				
SPT.S	Space Temp Sensor	Enable/Disable		SPTSENS	Disable
SP.O.S	Space Temp Offset Sensor	Enable/Disable		SPTOSENS	Disable
SP.O.R	Space Temp Offset Range	1 - 10		SPTO_RNG	5
RRH.S	Return Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable		RARHSENS	Disable
FLT.S	Filter Stat.Sw.Enabled ?	Enable/Disable		FLTS_ENA	Disable

Reset MAT Table Entries? (MAT.R) — This configuration allows the user to reset the internally stored MAT learned configuration data back to the default values. The defaults are set to a linear relationship between the economizer damper position and OAT and RAT in the calculation of MAT.

MAT Outside Air Position Default (*MAT.D*) — This configuration is used to calculate MAT when the economizer option is disabled. The configuration is adjustable from 0 to 100% outside air. This defines the fixed ventilation position that will be used to correctly calculate MAT.

Altitude......In Feet: (ALTI) — The control does not include a barometric pressure sensor to determine altitude. The altitude must be defined the calculation of enthalpy and cfm. The altitude parameter is used to set up a default barometric pressure for use with calculations. The effect of barometric pressure in these calculations is not great, but could have an effect depending on the installed elevation of the unit. If the unit is installed at a particularly high altitude and enthalpy or cfm are being calculated, set this configuration to the current elevation.

<u>Start Up Delay Time (*DLAY*)</u> — This option delays the unit from operating after a power reset. The configuration may be adjusted from 0 to 900 seconds of delay.

TSTAT — Both Heat and Cool (*STAT*) — This option, if enabled, allows both heating and cooling requests to be made at the same time. If the unit is configured for staged gas heat, and if a cooling request is initiated (Y1 or Y2), then W1 initiates reheat and W2 initiates dehumidification.

Auxiliary Relay Configuration (*AUX.R*) — This option configures the auxiliary relay on the MBB (RLY11). The function of this relay is configurable in the following ways:

- AUX.R = 0 (Alarm Output) The relay is used for remote annunciation of an alarm state.
- AUX.R = 1 (Dehum-Reheat) The relay is used as a dehumidification/reheat output.
- AUX.R = 2 (Occup. State) The relay is used to reflect occupancy. When the control is in occupied mode, the relay will be ON. When the control is in unoccupied mode, the relay will be OFF.
- AUX.R = 3 (S. Fan State) The relay is used to reflect the supply fan commanded state. When the supply fan is on, the relay will be ON. When the supply fan is off, the relay will be OFF

Space Temp Sensor (*SPT.S*) — If a space temperature sensor is installed, this configuration should be enabled.

Space Temp Offset Sensor (*SP.O.S*) — If a space temperature sensor with a space temperature offset slider is installed (T56), this configuration should be enabled.

<u>Space Temp Offset Range (SP.O.R)</u> — If a space temperature offset sensor is installed, it is possible to configure the range of the slider by adjusting this range configuration.

Return RH Sensor (*RRH.S*) — If a return air relative humidity sensor is installed, this configuration should be enabled.

Filter Status Switch Enabled? (*FLT.S*) — If a filter status switch is installed, enable this configuration to begin the monitoring of the filter status input (*Inputs* \rightarrow *GEN.I* \rightarrow *FLT.S*). See the Dirty Filter Switch section for more details on installation and operation.

Cooling Control — When mechanical cooling is required, the A Series ComfortLink control system has the capability to control the staging of the compressors in several different ways. Three scroll compressors are used on sizes 020 to 027 and four on sizes 030 to 060. In addition, the ComfortLink control system supports the use of an optional minimum load hot gas bypass valve (MLV) that is directly controlled by the ComfortLink control system. This provides an additional stage of capacity as well as low load coil freeze protection. The control also integrates the use of an economizer with the use of

mechanical cooling to allow for the greatest use of free cooling. When both mechanical cooling and the economizer are being used, the control will use the economizer to provide better temperature control and limit the cycling of the compressors. The control also checks on various other operation parameters in the unit to make sure that safeties are not exceeded and the compressors are reliably operated.

The A Series *Comfort*Link control system offers two basic control approaches to mechanical cooling. Constant volume operation for 2 stages of cooling or VAV operation for multiple stages of cooling. In addition to these methods of control, the A Series *Comfort*Link control offers the ability to run multiple stages of cooling for either a space temperature sensor or thermostat by controlling the unit to either a low or high cool supply air set point. The control type *Configuration*—*UNIT*—*C.TYP*) determines the selection of the type of cooling control as well as the method for selecting a cooling mode.

There are either three or four compressors divided among two refrigeration circuits in the unit. Circuit A always contains two compressors (A1,A2). Circuit B has either one or two compressors (B1,B2). There may be a minimum load valve (MLV), which, if present, is only associated with circuit A. The decision as to which compressor should be turned on or off is decided by the compressor's availability followed by a preferred staging order.

NOTE: Configuration of the machine control type (*C.TYP*) has no effect on whether a unit has a VFD or just a supply fan installed for static pressure control. No matter what the control type is, it is possible to run the unit in either CV or VAV mode provided there are enough stages to accommodate lower air volumes for VAV operation. Refer to the section on static pressure control for information on how to set up the unit for the type of supply fan control desired.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM

Machine Control Type (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP$) — The most important cooling control configuration is located under *Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT$.

This configuration defines the method and control source responsible for selecting a cooling mode. The configuration also determines the method by which compressors are staged. Control types are:

• C.TYP = 1 (VAV-RAT) and C.TYP = 2 (VAV-SPT)

Both of these configurations refer to standard VAV operation. If the control is occupied, the supply fan is run continuously and return-air temperature will be used for both in the determination of the selection of a cooling mode. VAV-SPT differs from VAV-RAT only in that during the unoccupied period, space temperature will be used instead of return-air temperature to start the fan for ten minutes before the return-air temperature is allowed to call out any mode.

• *C.TYP* = **3** (TSTAT-MULTI)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the thermostat inputs to make a determination of mode. Unlike traditional 2-stage thermostat control, the unit is allowed to use multiple stages of cooling control and perform VAV style operation. The control will be able to call out a LOW COOL or a HIGH COOL mode and maintain a low or high cool supply air set point.

• C.TYP = 4 (TSTAT-2 STG)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the thermostat inputs to make a determination of mode.

• *C.TYP* = **5** (SPT-MULTI)

This configuration will force the control to monitor a space temperature sensor to make a determination of mode. Unlike traditional 2-stage space temperature control, the unit is allowed to use multiple stages of cooling control and perform VAV style operation. The control will be able to call out a LOW COOL or a HIGH COOL mode and maintain a low or high cool supply air set point.

• C.TYP = 6 (SPT-2 STG)

This configuration will force the control to monitor the space temperature sensor to make a determination of mode and allow two stages of cooling.

MACHINE DEPENDENT CONFIGURATIONS — Some configurations are linked to the physical unit and must not be changed. The configurations are provided in case a field replacement of a board occurs and the settings are not preserved by the download process of the new software. The following configurations apply to all machine control types (*C.TYP*) except 4 and 6. These configurations are located at the local display under *Configuration*—*UNIT*. See Table 44.

Table 44 — Machine Dependent Configurations

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT	DEFAULTS
UNIT	UNIT CONFIGURA	TION		_
SIZE	Unit Size (20-60)	20-60	UNITSIZE	*
RFG.T	REFRIG	0-1	REFRIG_T	*
CND.T	CND HX TYP	0-1	COILTYPE	*

^{*}Dependent on unit.

<u>Unit Size</u> (*SIZE*) — There are several unit sizes (tons) for the A Series control. Make sure this configuration matches the size called out by the model number of the unit. This is important as the cooling stage tables are directly determined based on this configuration.

Refrigerant Type (*RFGT*) — This configuration specifies the type of refrigerant used in the unit. Configuration *RFGT* is set to 0 if the refrigerant used is R-22. Configuration *RFGT* is set to 1 if the refrigerant used is R-410A. Make sure this configuration matches the refrigerant called out by the model number of the unit.

Condenser Type (CND.T) — This configuration specifies the type of condenser installed in the unit. Configuration CND.T is set to 0 if the condenser is a round tube, plate fin coil (RTPF). Configuration CND.T is set to 1 if the condenser is a microchannel heat exchanger coil (MCHX). Make sure this configuration matches the condenser type called out by the model number of the unit.

SET POINTS — The set points for both cooling and heating are located at the local display under *Setpoints*. See Table 45.

SUPPLY AIR RESET CONFIGURATION — Supply Air Reset can be used to modify the current cooling supply air set point. Supply Air Reset is applicable to control types, *C.TYP* = 1,2,3, and 5. The configurations for reset can be found at the local display under *Configuration* \rightarrow *EDT.R.* See Table 46.

EDT Reset Configuration (RS.CF) — This configuration applies to several machine control types ($Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP = 1,2,3,$ and 5).

• 0 = NO RESET

No supply air reset is in effect

1 = SPT RESET

Space temperature will be used as the reset control variable along with both RTIO and LIMT in the calculation of the final amount of reset to be applied ($Inputs \rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SA.S.R$).

• 2 = RAT RESET

Return-air temperature will be used as the reset control variable along with both RTIO and LIMT in the calculation of the final amount of reset to be applied ($Inputs \rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SA.S.R$).

• 3 = 3RD PARTY RESET

The reset value is determined by a 4 to 20 mA third party input. An input of 4 mA would correspond to 0° F reset. An input of 20 mA would correspond to 20° F reset. Configuring the control for this option will cause *RES.S* to become enabled automatically with the CEM board. To avoid alarms make sure the CEM board and third party input are connected first before enabling this option.

Reset Ratio (*RTIO*) — This configuration is used when *RS.CF* is set to 1 or 2. For every degree that the controlling temperature (space/return) falls below the occupied cooling set point (*OCSP*), the calculated value of the supply air reset will rise by the number of degrees as specified by this parameter.

Reset Limit (LIMT) — This configuration is used when RS.CF is set to 1 or 2. This configuration places a clamp on the amount of supply air reset that can be applied.

EDT 4-20 mA Reset Input (*RES.S*) — This configuration is automatically enabled when *Configuration* \rightarrow *EDT.R* \rightarrow *RS.CF* is set to 3 (third party reset).

COOLING CONFIGURATION — Relevant configurations for mechanical cooling are located at the local display under *Configuration*—*COOL*. See Table 47.

Table 45 — Setpoints

		-		-	
ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
OHSP	Occupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	OHSP	68
OCSP	Occupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	OCSP	75
UHSP	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	UHSP	55
UCSP	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	UCSP	90
GAP	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap	2-10		HCSP_GAP	5
V.C.ON	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	0-25	^F	VAVOCON	3.5
V.C.OF	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	1-25	^F	VAVOCOFF	2
SASP	Supply Air Setpoint	45-75	dF	SASP	55
SA.HI	Supply Air Setpoint Hi	45-75	dF	SASP_HI	55
SA.LO	Supply Air Setpoint Lo	45-75	dF	SASP_LO	60
SA.HT	Heating Supply Air Setpt	90-145	dF	SASPHEAT	85
T.PRG	Tempering Purge SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPPURG	50
T.CL	Tempering in Cool SASP	5-75	dF	TEMPCOOL	5
T.V.OC	Tempering Vent Occ SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVOCC	65
T.V.UN	Tempering Vent Unocc. SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVUNC	50

Table 46 — Supply Air Reset Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
EDT.R	EVAP.DISCHRGE TEMP RESET				
RS.CF	EDT Reset Configuration	0-3	l	EDRSTCFG	0
RTIO	Reset Ratio	0 - 10		RTIO	2
LIMT	Reset Limit	0 - 20	^F	LIMT	10
RES.S	EDT 4-20 ma Reset Input	Enable/Disable		EDTRSENS	Disable

Table 47 — Cooling Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
COOL	COOLING CONFIGURATION				
Z.GN	Capacity Threshold Adjst	-10 - 10		Z_GAIN	1
MC.LO	Compressor Lockout Temp	<i>–</i> 20 - 55	dF	OATLCOMP	40
C.FOD	Fan-Off Delay, Mech Cool	0-600	sec	COOL_FOD	60
MLV	Min. Load Valve (HGBP)?	Yes/No		MLV_SEL	No
М.М.	Motor Master Control ?	Yes/No		MOTRMAST	No
HPSP	Head Pressure Setpoint	80 - 150	dF	HPSP	113
A1.EN	Enable Compressor A1	Enable/Disable		CMPA1ENA	Enable
A2.EN	Enable Compressor A2	Enable/Disable		CMPA2ENA	Enable
B1.EN	Enable Compressor B1	Enable/Disable		CMPB1ENA	Enable
B2.EN	Enable Compressor B2	Enable/Disable		CMPB2ENA	Enable
CS.A1	CSB A1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_A1EN	Enable
CS.A2	CSB A2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_A2EN	Enable
CS.B1	CSB B1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_B1EN	Enable
CS.B2	CSB B2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_B2EN	Enable
REV.R	Rev. Rotation Verified?	Yes/No		REVR_VER	No
H.SST	Hi SST Alert Delay Time	5 - 30	min	HSSTTIME	10 (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY)
					20 (48/50A2,A3,A4,A5)

Capacity Threshold Adjust (Z.GN) — This configuration is used for units using the "SumZ" algorithm for cooling capacity control ($Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP = 1, 2, 3 \text{ or } 5$). The configuration affects the cycling rate of the cooling stages by raising or lowering the threshold that demand must rise above in order to add or subtract a stage of cooling.

Normally this configuration should not require any tuning or adjustment. If there is an application where the unit may be significantly oversized and there are indications of high compressor cycles, then the Capacity Threshold Adjust (*Z.GN*) can be used to adjust the overall logic gain. Normally this is set to 1.0, but it can be adjusted from 0.5 to 4.0. As the value of *Z.GN* is increased, the cycling of cooling stages will be slowed.

Compressor Lockout Temperature (*MC.LO*) — This configuration is the outdoor air temperature setting below which mechanical cooling is locked out.

Fan-Off Delay, Mech Cool (*C.FOD*) — After a mechanical cooling cycle has ended, this is the delay in seconds that the supply fan will continue to operate.

Min. Load Valve (HGBP)? (*MLV*) — This configuration instructs the control as to whether a minimum load valve has been installed and will be controlled by the compressor staging routine.

MotorMaster Control? (M.M.) — The condenser fan staging control for the unit is managed directly by the ComfortLink controls. There is no physical Motormaster® device in the standard unit. The standard unit is capable of mechanical cooling operation down to 32 F outdoor temperature. With the addition of accessory Motormaster V speed control on the stage 1 condenser fan(s), mechanical cooling operation down to –20 F outdoor temperature is possible. The accessory Motormaster V speed control is a completely self-contained device and is not managed by the unit's ComfortLink controller. The Motormaster control configuration (M.M.) only applies to the 060 size RTPF units. On 060 size RTPF units with accessory Motormaster V speed control installed, this configuration must be set to YES. See Head Pressure Control section, page 49, for more information.

<u>Head Pressure Set Point (*HPSP*)</u> — This is the head pressure set point used by the *Comfort*Link control during condenser fan, head pressure control.

Enable Compressor A1 (A1.EN) — This configuration is used to disable the A1 compressor in case of failure.

Enable Compressor A2 (A2.EN) — This configuration is used to disable the A2 compressor in case of failure.

Enable Compressor B1 (*B1.EN*) — This configuration is used to disable the B1 compressor in case of failure.

Enable Compressor B2 (*B2.EN*) — This configuration is used to disable the B2 compressor in case of failure.

<u>CSB A1 Feedback Alarm (*CS.A1*)</u> — This configuration is used to enable or disable the compressor A1 feedback alarm. This configuration must be enabled at all times.

CSB A2 Feedback Alarm (CS.A2) — This configuration is used to enable or disable the compressor A2 feedback alarm. This configuration must be enabled at all times.

CSB B1 Feedback Alarm (*CS.B1*) — This configuration is used to enable or disable the compressor B1 feedback alarm. This configuration must be enabled at all times.

CSB B2 Feedback Alarm (*CS.B2*) — This configuration is used to enable or disable the compressor B2 feedback alarm. This configuration must be enabled at all times.

Reverse Rotation Verified? (*REV.R*) — If this configuration is set to NO, then after a power up, in the normal run mode, the control will check the suction pressure on the first circuit that is energized after 5 seconds of run time. If the control does not see a sufficient decrease in suction pressure over the first 5 seconds, mechanical cooling will be shut down, and an alarm will be generated (A140). This alarm requires a manual reset.

If the unit is in the Service Test mode, the test will be performed any time a compressor is energized.

Once it has been verified that power to the rooftop and compressors has been applied correctly and the compressors start up normally, this configuration can be set to YES in order to prevent the reverse rotation check from occurring.

High SST Alert Delay Time (*H.SST*) — This option allows the high saturated suction temperature alert timing delay to be adjusted.

COMPRESSOR SAFETIES — The 48/50A Series units with *Comfort*Link controls include a compressor protection board (CSB) that protects the operation of each of the compressors. These boards sense the presence or absence of current to each compressor.

If there is a command for a compressor to run and there is no current, then one of the following safeties or conditions have turned the compressor off:

- Compressor overcurrent Smaller compressors have internal line breaks and larger compressors have a dedicated circuit breaker for overcurrent protection.
- Compressor short circuit the compressor circuit breaker that provides short circuit protection has tripped then there will not be current.
- Compressor motor over temperature the internal linebreak or over temperature switch has opened.
- High-pressure switch trip High-pressure switch has opened.

Alarms will also occur if the current sensor board malfunctions or is not properly connected to its assigned digital input. If the compressor is commanded OFF and the Current Sensor reads ON, an alert is generated. This will indicate that a compressor contactor has failed closed. In this case, a special mode "Compressor Stuck on Control" will be enabled and all other compressors will be turned off and an alarm enabled to indicate that service is required. Indoor and outdoor fans will continue to operate. The first outdoor fan stage is turned on immediately. The second fan stage will turn on when outdoor-air

temperature (OAT) rises above 75 F or the highest active circuit saturated condensing temperature (SCT) rises above the HPSP and remains on until the condition is repaired regardless of the OAT and SCT values.

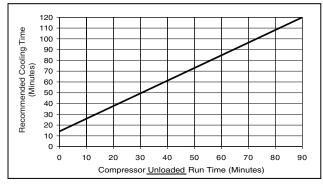
Any time the alert occurs, a strike is called out on the affected compressor. If three successive strikes occur the compressor will be locked out requiring a manual reset or power reset of the circuit board. The clearing of strikes during compressor operation is a combination of 3 complete cycles or 15 continuous minutes of run time operation. If there are one or two strikes on the compressor and three short cycles (ON-OFF, ON-OFF, ON-OFF) less than 15 minutes each occur, the strikes are reset to zero for the affected compressor. If the compressor turns on and runs for 15 minutes straight with no compressor failure, the compressor strikes are cleared.

Additionally, some units contain Copeland compressors equipped with advanced scroll temperature protection (ASTP). A label located above the terminal box identifies Copeland Scroll compressor models that contain this technology. See Fig. 5. Advanced scroll temperature protection is a form of internal discharge temperature protection that unloads the scroll compressor when the internal temperature reaches approximately 300 F. At this temperature, an internal bi-metal disk valve opens and causes the scroll elements to separate, which stops compression. Suction and discharge pressures balance while the motor continues to run. The longer the compressor runs unloaded, the longer it must cool before the bi-metal disk resets. See Fig. 6.

To manually reset ASTP, the compressor should be stopped and allowed to cool. If the compressor is not stopped, the motor



Fig. 5 — Advanced Scroll Temperature Protection Label



^{*}Times are approximate.

NOTE: Various factors, including high humidity, high ambient temperature, and the presence of a sound blanket will increase cooldown times.

Fig. 6 — Recommended Minimum Cool-Down Time After Compressor is Stopped*

will run until the motor protector trips, which occurs up to 90 minutes later. Advanced scroll temperature protection will reset automatically before the motor protector resets, which may take up to 2 hours.

COMPRESSOR TIME GUARDS — The control will not allow any output relay to come on within 3 seconds of any other output relay. For outputs connected to the compressors, the control will use a Compressor Minimum OFF Time of 2 minutes, a Compressor Minimum ON Time of 3 minutes and a Minimum Delay before turning on another compressor of 10 seconds.

COOL MODE SELECTION PROCESS — The A Series *Comfort*Link controls offer three distinct methods by which it may select a cooling mode.

- 1. Thermostat (*C.TYP*=3 and 4): The thermostat does not depend upon the state of occupancy and the modes are called out directly by the discrete inputs from the thermostat (*Inputs*→*STAT*→*Y1* and *Y2*).
- Occupied VAV cooling types (*C.TYP*=1 and 2) are called out in the occupied period (*Operating Modes→MODE→OCC*=ON).
- 3. Unoccupied VAV cooling types (*C.TYP*=1 and 2) are called out in the unoccupied period (*Operating Modes→MODE→OCC*=OFF). They are also used for space sensor control types (*C.TYP*=5 and 6) in both the occupied and unoccupied periods.

This section is devoted to the process of cooling mode determination for the three types outlined above.

VAV Cool Mode Selection during the Occupied Period (C.TYP = 1,2 and Operating Modes→MODE→OCC = ON)
— There is no difference in the selection of a cooling mode for either VAV-RAT or VAV-SPT in the occupied period. The actual selection of a cool mode, for both control types, is based upon the controlling return-air temperature (Temperatures→AIR.T →CTRL→R.TMP). Typically this is the same as the return air temperature thermistor (Temperatures→AIR.T→RAT) except when under CCN Linkage.

VAV Occupied Cool Mode Evaluation Configuration — There are VAV occupied cooling offsets under *Setpoints*.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
V.C.ON	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	0-25	^F	VAVOCON	3.5
V.C.OF	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	1-25	^F	VAVOCOFF	2

Cool Mode Determination — If the machine control type (Configuration → UNIT → C.TYP) = 1 (VAV-RAT) or 2 (VAV-SPT) and the control is occupied (Operating Modes → MODE → OCC=ON), then the unit will not follow the occupied cooling set point (OCSP). Instead, the control will follow two offsets in the determination of an occupied VAV cooling mode (Setpoints → V.C.ON and Setpoints → V.C.OF), applying them to the low-heat off trip point and comparing the resulting temperature to the return-air temperature.

The **Setpoints** \rightarrow **V.C.ON** (VAV cool mode on offset) and **Setpoints** \rightarrow **V.C.OF** (VAV cool mode off offset) offsets are used in conjunction with the low heat mode off trip point to determine when to bring cooling on and off and in enforcing a true "vent" mode between heating and cooling. See Fig. 7. The occupied cooling set point is not used in the determination of the cool mode. The occupied cooling set point is used for supply air reset only.

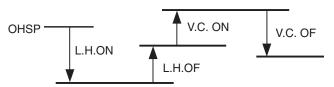


Fig. 7 — VAV Occupied Period Trip Logic

The advantage of this offset technique is that the control can safely enforce a vent mode without worrying about crossing set points. Even more importantly, under CCN linkage, the occupied heating set point may drift up and down and this method ensures a guaranteed separation in degrees Fahrenheit between the calling out of a heating or cooling mode at all times.

NOTE: There is a sub-menu at the local display (*Run Status* → *TRIP*) that allows the user to see the exact trip points for both the heating and cooling modes without having to calculate them. Refer to the Cooling Mode Diagnostic Help section on page 46 for more information.

To enter into a VAV Occupied Cool mode, the controlling temperature must rise above [OHSP minus L.H.ON plus L.H.OF plus V.C.ON].

To exit out of a VAV Occupied Cool mode, the controlling temperature must fall below *[OHSP]* minus *L.H.ON* plus *L.H.OF* plus *V.C.ON* minus *V.C.OF*].

NOTE: With Vent mode, it is possible to exit out of a cooling mode during the occupied period if the return-air temperature drops low enough. When supply-air temperature reset is not configured, this capability will work to prevent over-cooling the space during the occupied period.

Supply Air Set Point Control and the Staging of Compressors
— Once the control has determined that a cooling mode is in effect, the cooling control point (Run Status→VIEW →CL.C.P) is calculated and is based upon the supply air set point (Setpoints→SASP) plus any supply air reset being applied (Inputs→RSET→SA.S.R).

Refer to the SumZ Cooling Algorithm section on page 46 for a discussion of how the A Series *Comfort*Link controls manage the staging of compressors to maintain supply-air temperature.

VAV Cool Mode Selection during the Unoccupied Period (C.TYP = 1,2; Operating Modes → MODE → OCC = OFF) and Space Sensor Cool Mode Selection (C.TYP=5 and 6) — The machine control types that use this type of mode selection are:

- C.TYP = 1 (VAV-RAT) in the unoccupied period
- C.TYP = 2 (VAV-SPT) in the unoccupied period
- C.TYP = 5 (SPT-MULTI) in both the occupied and unoccupied period
- C.TYP = 6 (SPT-2 STG) in both the occupied and unoccupied period

These particular control types operate differently than the VAV types in the occupied mode in that there is both a LOW COOL and a HIGH COOL mode. For both of these modes, the control offers two independent set points, *Setpoints*—*SA.LO* (for LOW COOL mode) and *Setpoints*—*SA.HI* (for HIGH COOL mode). The occupied and unoccupied cooling set points can be found under *Setpoints*.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
OCSP	Occupied Cool Setpoint	55-80	dF	OCSP	75
UCSP	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint	75-95	dF	UCSP	90

The heat/cool set point offsets are found under *Configuration*→*D.LV.T.* See Table 48.

Operating modes are under *Operating Modes* $\rightarrow MODE$.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
occ			MODEOCCP MODETCST

Cool Mode Evaluation Logic — The first thing the control determines is whether the unit is in the occupied mode (OCC)

or is in the temperature compensated start mode (*T.C.ST*). If the unit is occupied or in temperature compensated start mode, the occupied cooling set point (*OCSP*) is used. For all other modes, the unoccupied cooling set point (*UCSP*) is used. For further discussion and simplification this will be referred to as the "cooling set point." See Fig. 8.

Demand Level Low Cool On Offset (L.C.ON) — This is the cooling set point offset added to the cooling set point at which point a Low Cool mode starts.

Demand Level High Cool On Offset (H.C.ON) — This is the cooling set point offset added to the "cooling set point plus L.C.ON" at which point a High Cool mode begins.

Demand Level Low Cool Off Offset (L.C.OF) — This is the cooling set point offset subtracted from "cooling set point plus L.C.ON" at which point a Low Cool mode ends.

NOTE: The "high cool end" trip point uses the "low cool off" (*L.C.OF*) offset divided by 2.

To enter into a LOW COOL mode, the controlling temperature must rise above the cooling set point plus *L.C.ON*.

To enter into a HIGH COOL mode, the controlling temperature must rise above the cooling set point plus *L.C.ON* plus *H.C.ON*.

To exit out of a LOW COOL mode, the controlling temperature must fall below the cooling set point plus *L.C.ON* minus *L.C.OF*.

To exit out of a HIGH COOL mode, the controlling temperature must fall below the cooling set point plus *L.C.ON* minus *L.C.OF*/2.

Comfort Trending — In addition to the set points and offsets which determine the trip points for bringing on and bringing off cool modes, there are 2 configurations which work to hold off the transitioning from a low cool to a high cool mode if the space is cooling down quickly enough. This method is referred to as Comfort Trending. The comfort trending configurations are *C.T.LV* and *C.T.TM*.

Cool Trend Demand Level (C.T.LV) — This is the change in demand that must occur within the time period specified by C.T.TM in order to hold off a HIGH COOL mode regardless of demand. This is not applicable to VAV control types (C.TYP=1 and 2) in the occupied period. As long as a LOW COOL mode is making progress in cooling the space, the control will hold off on the HIGH COOL mode. This is especially true for the space sensor machine control types (C.TYP = 5 and 6), because they may transition into the occupied mode and see an immediate large cooling demand when the set points change.

Cool Trend Time (C.T.TM) — This is the time period upon which the cool trend demand level (C.T.LV) operates and may hold off staging or a HIGH COOL mode. This is not applicable to VAV control types (C.TYP=1 and 2) in the occupied period. See the Cool Trend Demand Level section for more details.

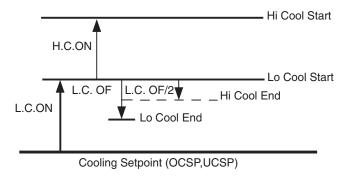


Fig. 8 — Cool Mode Evaluation

Table 48 — Cool/Heat Set Point Offsets Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
D.LV.T	COOL/HEAT SETPT. OFFSETS				
L.H.ON	Dmd Level Lo Heat On	-1 - 2	I^F	DMDLHON	1.5
H.H.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat On	0.5 - 20.0	^F	DMDHHON	0.5
L.H.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Heat Off	0.5 - 2	^F	DMDLHOFF	1
L.C.ON	Dmd Level Lo Cool On	-1 - 2	^F	DMDLCON	1.5
H.C.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool On	0.5 - 20.0	^F	DMDHCON	0.5
L.C.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Cool Off	0.5 - 2	^F	DMDLCOFF	1
C.T.LV	Cool Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5	^F	CTRENDLV	0.1
H.T.LV	Heat Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5	^F	HTRENDLV	0.1
C.T.TM	Cool Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	CTRENDTM	120
H.T.TM	Heat Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	HTRENDTM	120

Timeguards — In addition to the set points and offsets which determine the trip points for bringing on and bringing off cool modes there is a timeguard of 8 minutes which enforces a time delay between the transitioning from a low cool to a high cool mode. There is a timeguard of 5 minutes which enforces a time delay between the transitioning from a heat mode to a cool mode.

Supply Air Set Point Control — Once the control has determined that a cooling mode is in effect, the cooling control point (Run Status → VIEW → CL.C.P) is calculated and is based upon either Setpoints → SA.HI or Setpoints → SA.LO, depending on whether a high or a low cooling mode is in effect, respectively. In addition, if supply air reset is configured, it will also be added to the cooling control point.

Refer to the SumZ Cooling Algorithm section for a discussion of how the A Series *Comfort*Link controls manage supplyair temperature and the staging of compressors for these control types.

Thermostat Cool Mode Selection (*C.TYP* = 3 and 4) — When a thermostat type is selected, the decision making process involved in determining the mode is straightforward. Upon energizing the Y1 input only, the unit HVAC mode will be LOW COOL. Upon the energizing of both Y1 and Y2 inputs, the unit HVAC mode will be HIGH COOL. If just input G is energized the unit HVAC mode will be VENT and the supply fan will run.

Selecting the C.TYP = 3 (TSTAT – MULTI) control type will cause the control to do the following:

- The control will read the Configuration

 UNIT

 SIZE
 configuration parameter to determine the number of
 cooling stages and the pattern for each stage.
- An HVAC mode equal to LOW COOL will cause the unit to select the *Setpoints* → *SA.LO* set point to control to. An HVAC mode equal to HIGH COOL will cause the unit to select the *Setpoints* → *SA.HI* set point to control to. Supply air reset (if configured) will be added to either the low or high cool set point.
- The control will utilize the SumZ cooling algorithm and control cooling to a supply air set point. See the section for the SumZ Cooling Algorithm section for information on controlling to a supply air set point and compressor staging.

Selecting the *C.TYP* = 4 (TSTAT – 2 STG) control type means that only two stages of cooling will be used. On unit sizes 020, 025 and 027 (with three compressors), an HVAC Mode of LOW COOL will energize one compressor in Circuit A; an HVAC Mode of HIGH COOL will energize all three compressors. On unit sizes 030 and larger (with four compressors) an HVAC Mode of LOW COOL will energize both compressors in Circuit A; an HVAC Mode of HIGH COOL will energize all four compressors. Refer to the section on Economizer Integration with Mechanical Cooling for more information.

2-Stage Cooling Control Logic (*C.TYP* = 4 and 6) — The logic that stages mechanical cooling for the TSTAT and SPT 2-Stage cooling control types differs from that of the multistage control types. This section will explain how compressors

are staged and the timing involved for both the Low Cool and High Cool HVAC Modes.

There are either three or four compressors divided among two refrigeration circuits. Circuit A always contains two compressors (*Outputs* \rightarrow *COOL* \rightarrow *A1* and *A2*). Circuit B has either one compressor (*Outputs* \rightarrow *COOL* \rightarrow *B1*) on size 020-027 units or two compressors (*Outputs* \rightarrow *COOL* \rightarrow *B1* and *B2*) on size 030-060 units. For 2-stage cooling control, regardless of configuration, there is no minimum load valve (MLV) control. The decision as to which compressor should be turned on or off next is decided by the compressor's availability and the preferred staging order.

Either A1 or A2 may start first as there is a built-in lead/lag logic on compressors A1 and A2 every time the unit stages to 0 compressors. Also, based on compressor availability, it should be noted that any compressor may come on. For example, on a 3 compressor unit, if no compressors are currently on, compressor A2 is currently under a minimum off compressor timeguard, and 2 compressors are to be turned on, then compressors A1 and B1 will be turned on immediately instead of A1 and A2.

Low Cool Versus High Cool Mechanical Staging — The number of compressors to be requested during a cooling mode are divided into 2 groups by the control, HVAC mode = Lo Cool and HVAC mode = Hi Cool.

If the economizer is not able to provide free cooling (**Run Status** \rightarrow **ECON** \rightarrow **ACTV** = **NO**) then the following staging occurs:

- Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 2
- Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 3 (for 020 through 027 size units)
- Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 4 (for 030 through 060 size units)

If the economizer is able to provide free cooling (**Run Status** \rightarrow **ECON** \rightarrow **ACTV** = **YES**) then the following staging occurs:

- If the economizer's current position is less than Configuration →ECON→EC.MX 5 and mechanical cooling has not yet started for the current cool mode session then:
 - Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 0
 - Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 0
- During the first 2.5 minutes of a low or high cool mode where the economizer position is greater than *Configura*tion →ECON→EC.MX – 5% and mechanical cooling has not yet started:
 - Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 0
 - Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 0
- 3. If the economizer position is greater than *Configuration*→*ECON*→*EC.MX* − 5% for more than 2.5 minutes but less than 5.5 minutes and mechanical cooling has not yet started then:
 - Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 1
 - Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 1
- 4. If the economizer position is greater than *Configuration*→*ECON*→*EC.MX* − 5% for more than 5.5 minutes but less than 8 minutes and mechanical cooling has started

- then Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 2 and Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 2.
- 5. If the economizer position is greater than *Configuration* → ECON→EC.MX 5% for more than 8 minutes but less than 11.5 minutes and mechanical cooling has started then:

Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 2

Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 3

6. If the economizer position is greater than *Configuration*→*ECON*→*EC.MX*−5% for more than 11.5 minutes and mechanical cooling has started then:

Lo Cool Mode mechanical stages = 2

Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 3 (for 020 to 027 units only)

Hi Cool Mode mechanical stages = 4 (for 030 to 060 units only)

NOTE: If some compressors are not available due to being faulted, the Hi Cool Mode number of compressors are affected before the Lo Cool Mode number of compressors. For example, if a 4 compressor unit has one compressor faulted, and the economizer is not active, then an HVAC mode Hi Cool requested number of compressors is changed from 4 to 3. If another compressor faults, then both Lo Cool and Hi Cool requested number of compressors are set to 2. In addition, compressors cannot be brought on faster than one every 30 seconds. If the control needs to bring on 2 compressors at once, the first compressor will come on followed by the second compressor 30 seconds later.

Staging of compressors is shown in Tables 49-60.

The variable **ADD.R** is one of the SumZ cooling algorithm control variables dedicated mainly for multi-stage control.

2-Stage Control and the Economizer — The 2-stage logic will first check for the availability of the economizer. If free cooling can be used, then the control will first attempt to use the free cooling.

If no mechanical cooling is active, and the economizer is active, the economizer will first attempt to control to a cooling control point of either the supply air set point high (*SA.HI*) or supply air set point low (*SA.LO*) plus any reset applied, depending on whether High Cool or Low Cool mode is in effect, respectively.

If one stage of mechanical cooling is on, and the economizer is active, then the economizer will attempt to control to 53 F. Also If HVAC mode = LOW COOL, the second stage of mechanical cooling will be locked out.

If the set point cannot be satisfied or the economizer is not active, then cooling will be brought on one stage at a time when the evaporator discharge temperature (EDT) is greater the 1.5° F above the current cooling control point. A start-up time delay of 10 minutes and steady state delay after a compressor is energized of 5 minutes is enforced.

If both circuits of mechanical cooling are running, then the economizer will attempt to control to 48 F. If the economizer is active and the outside-air temperature (OAT) is less than the cooling control point + 0.5 F, the compressors will be locked off. When mechanical cooling is on, the control may also use the economizer to trim the leaving-air temperature to prevent unnecessary cycles of the compressor stages.

See the Economizer Integration with Mechanical Cooling section on page 50 for more information on the holding off of mechanical cooling as well as the economizer control point.

Table 49 — 2-Stage Sequence — 48/50AJ,AW020-027

STAGE	,	SEQUENC	E 1	SEQUENCE 2			
STAGE	0	1	2	0	1	2	
	Th	ermostat I	nputs	Thermostat Inputs			
Y1	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	
Y2	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	
COMP	Co	mpressor	Status	Coi	mpressor	Status	
A 1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	
A2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	
B1	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	
UNIT		Unit Capa	city		Unit Capa	city	
020	0%	33%	100%	0%	33%	100%	
025	0%	30%	6 100% 0% 30%		30%	100%	
027	0%	33%	100%	0%	33%	100%	

Table 50 — 2-Stage Sequence — 48/50AJ,AW030-060

STAGE		SEQUENC	E 1		SEQUENC	E 2			
STAGE	0	1	2	0	1	2			
	Th	ermostat I	nputs	The	ermostat I	nputs			
Y1	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED			
Y2	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED			
COMP	Coi	npressor	Status	Cor	mpressor Status				
A 1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON			
A2	OFF	ON	ON	ON OFF ON		ON			
B1	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON			
B2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON			
UNIT		Unit Capad	city	ı	Unit Capa	city			
030	0%	45%	100%	0%	45%	100%			
035,036	0%	48%	100%	0%	48%	100%			
040,041	0%	43%	43% 100%		43%	100%			
050	0%	45%	5% 100% 0% 45%		100%				
051,060	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%			

Table 51 — Staging Sequence without Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50AK,AY020-027 and Multi-Stage 48/50AJ,AW020-027

STAGE			SEQUENCE	1		SEQUENCE 2				
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	0 1 2 3				4
COMP		Co	mpressor S	tatus			Co	mpressor S	tatus	
A1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
UNIT		Uni	t Capacity 4	18/50A			Uni	it Capacity 4	18/50A	
020	0%	33%	67%	67%	100%	0%	33%	67%	67%	100%
025	0%	30%	65%	70%	100%	0%	35%	65%	65%	100%
027	0%	33%	67%	67%	100%	0%	33%	67%	67%	100%

Table 52 — Staging Sequence with Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50AK,AY020-027 and Multi-Stage 48/50AJ,AW020-027

STAGE		SEQUENCE 1					SEQUENCE 2					
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
COMP	Compressor Status					Compressor Status						
A1	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	OFF	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
UNIT		_	Unit Capa	acity 48/50	A	_	Unit Capacity 48/50A					
020	0%	18%	33%	67%	67%	100%	0%	18%	33%	67%	67%	100%
025	0%	17%	30%	65%	70%	100%	0%	22%	35%	65%	65%	100%
027	0%	21%	33%	67%	67%	100%	0%	21%	33%	67%	67%	100%

^{*}With Minimum Load Valve ON.

Table 53 — Staging Sequence without Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50AK,AY030-060 and Multi-Stage 48/50AJ,AW030-060

STAGE			SEQU	JENCE 1					SEQU	IENCE 2		
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
COMP			Compres	ssor Status	3		Compressor Status					
A1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
B2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
UNIT			Unit Capa	acity 48/50	A				Unit Capa	acity 48/50	A	
030	0%	23%	45%	50%	73%	100%	0%	23%	45%	50%	73%	100%
035,036	0%	22%	48%	52%	74%	100%	0%	26%	48%	48%	74%	100%
040,041	0%	21%	43%	50%	71%	100%	0%	21%	43%	50%	72%	100%
050	0%	23%	46%	46%	68%	100%	0%	23%	46%	54%	77%	100%
051	0%	25%	50%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	50%	75%	100%
060	0%	24%	50%	50%	74%	100%	0%	26%	50%	50%	76%	100%

Table 54 — Staging Sequence with Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50AK,AY030-060

STAGE			S	EQUENC	E 1					5	EQUENC	E 2		
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
COMP			Con	pressor	Status			Compressor Status						
A1	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
B2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON
UNIT			Unit	Capacity	48/50A					Unit	Capacity	48/50A		
030	0%	12%	23%	45%	50%	73%	100%	0%	12%	23%	45%	50%	73%	100%
035,036	0%	12%	22%	48%	52%	74%	100%	0%	16%	26%	48%	48%	74%	100%
040,041	0%	13%	21%	43%	50%	71%	100%	0%	13%	21%	43%	50%	72%	100%
050	0%	16%	23%	46%	46%	68%	100%	0%	16%	23%	46%	54%	77%	100%
051	0%	19%	25%	50%	50%	75%	100%	0%	19%	25%	50%	50%	75%	100%
060	0%	19%	24%	50%	50%	74%	100%	0%	21%	26%	50%	50%	76%	100%

^{*}With minimum load valve ON.

Table 55 — 2-Stage Sequence — 48/50A2,A4020-027

STAGE	,	SEQUENC	E 1	,	SEQUENC	E 2		
STAGE	0	1	2	0	1	2		
	Th	ermostat I	nputs	Thermostat Inputs				
Y1	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED		
Y2	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED		
COMP	Coi	mpressor	Status	Compressor Status				
A1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
A2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
B1	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
UNIT		Unit Capa	city	Ī	Unit Capad	city		
020	0%	30%	100%	0%	30%	100%		
025	0%	33%	100%	0%	33%	100%		
027	0%	33%	100%	0%	33%	100%		

Table 56 — 2-Stage Sequence — 48/50A2,A4030-060

		SEQUENC	E 1		SEQUENC	E 2		
STAGE	0	1	2	0	1	2		
	Th	ermostat I	nputs	Thermostat Inputs				
Y1	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED		
Y2	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED		
COMP	Cor	npressor	Status	Cor	npressor	Status		
A1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
A2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
B1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
B2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
UNIT	Ī	Unit Capad	city	ı	Unit Capa	city		
030	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%		
035	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%		
040	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%		
050	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%		
060	0%	50%	100%	0%	50%	100%		

Table 57 — Staging Sequence without Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50A3,A5020-027 and Multi-Stage 48/50A2,A4020-027

STAGE		SEQI	JENCE 1		SEQUENCE 2				
STAGE	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	
COMP		Compre	ssor Status		Compressor Status				
A1	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
B1	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
UNIT		Unit Cap	acity 48/50A			Unit Cap	acity 48/50A		
020	0%	30%	70%	100%	0%	30%	70%	100%	
025	0%	33%	67%	100%	0%	33%	67%	100%	
027	0%	33%	67%	100%	0%	33%	67%	100%	

Table 58 — Staging Sequence with Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50A3,A5020-027 and Multi-Stage 48/50A2,A4020-027

STAGE			SEQUENCE	E 1				SEQUENCE	2	
SIAGE	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4
COMP		Co	mpressor S	Status			Co	mpressor S	tatus	
A1	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
UNIT		Un	it Capacity	48/50A			Uni	t Capacity 4	8/50A	
020	0%	10%	30%	70%	100%	0%	10%	30%	70%	100%
025	0%	17%	33%	67%	100%	0%	17%	33%	67%	100%
027	0%	17%	33%	67%	100%	0%	17%	33%	67%	100%

^{*}With Minimum Load Valve ON.

Table 59 — Staging Sequence without Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50A3,A5030-060 and Multi-Stage 48/50A2,A4030-060

STAGE			SEQUENCE	1				SEQUENCE	2		
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	1 2 3			
COMP		Co	ompressor S	tatus		Compressor Status					
A 1	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	
B1	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
B2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
UNIT		Unit Capacity 48/50A					Un	it Capacity 4	8/50A		
030	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
035	0%	20%	50%	80%	100%	0%	20%	50%	70%	100%	
040	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
050	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
060	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	

Table 60 — Staging Sequence with Hot Gas Bypass — 48/50A3,A5030-060

STAGE			SEQL	JENCE 1					SEQL	JENCE 2		
STAGE	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
COMP			Compres	ssor Status	S			•	Compres	ssor Status	5	
A1	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
A2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON*	ON	ON	ON	ON
B1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
B2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
UNIT			Unit Capa	acity 48/50	A				Unit Capa	acity 48/50	A	
030	0%	10%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	10%	25%	50%	75%	100%
035	0%	7%	20%	50%	80%	100%	0%	7%	20%	50%	70%	100%
040	0%	14%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	14%	25%	50%	75%	100%
050	0%	16%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	16%	25%	50%	75%	100%
060	0%	18%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	18%	25%	50%	75%	100%

^{*}With minimum load valve ON.

COOLING MODE DIAGNOSTIC HELP — To quickly determine the current trip points for the cooling modes, the Run Status sub-menu at the local display allows the user to view the calculated start and stop points for both the cooling and heating trip points. The following sub-menu can be found at the local display under *Run Status* → *TRIP*. See Table 61.

The controlling temperature is "TEMP" and is in the middle of the table for easy reference. The HVAC mode can also be viewed at the bottom of the table.

Table 61 — Run Status Mode Trip Helper

ITEM	EXPANSION	UNITS	CCN POINT
UN.C.S UN.C.E OC.C.S OC.C.E TEMP OC.H.E	MODE TRIP HELPER Unoccup. Cool Mode Start Unoccup. Cool Mode End Occupied Cool Mode Start Occupied Cool Mode End Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or Zone Occupied Heat Mode End Occupied Heat Mode Start	dF dF dF dF dF dF dF	UCCLSTRT UCCL_END OCCLSTRT OCCL_END CTRLTEMP OCHT_END OCHT_END
UN.H.E	Unoccup. Heat Mode End Unoccup. Heat Mode Start the current HVAC MODE	dF dF	UCHT_END UCHTSTRT String

SUMZ COOLING ALGORITHM — The SumZ cooling algorithm is an adaptive PID which is used by the control whenever more than 2 stages of cooling are present (*C.TYP* = 1,2,3, and 5). This section will describe its operation and define its parameters. It is generally not necessary to modify parameters in this section. The information is presented primarily for reference and may be helpful for troubleshooting complex operational problems.

The only configuration parameter for the SumZ algorithm is located at the local display under *Configuration* →*COOL*→*Z.GN*. See Table 47.

Capacity Threshold Adjust (Z.GN) — This configuration is used on units using the "SumZ" algorithm for cooling capacity control $(Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP = 1, 2, 3 \text{ and 5})$. It affects the cycling rate of the cooling stages by raising or lowering the threshold that capacity must overcome in order to add or subtract a stage of cooling.

The cooling algorithm's run-time variables are located at the local display under *Run Status* → *COOL*. See Table 62.

<u>Current Running Capacity (C.CAP)</u> — This variable represents the amount of capacity in percent that is currently running.

<u>Current Cool Stage (CUR.S)</u> — This variable represents the cool stage currently running.

Requested Cool Stage (*REQ.S*) — This variable represents the cool stage currently requested by the control.

<u>Maximum Cool Stages</u> (*MAX.S*) — This variable is the maximum number of cooling stages the control is configured for and capable of controlling.

Active Demand Limit (**DEM.L**) — If demand limit is active, this variable will represent the amount of capacity that the control is currently limited to.

<u>Capacity Load Factor (SMZ)</u> — This factor builds up or down over time (-100 to +100) and is used as the means of adding or subtracting a cooling stage during run time. It is a normalized representation of the relationship between "Sum" and "Z."

Next Stage EDT Decrease (ADD.R) — This variable represents (if adding a stage of cooling) how much the temperature

should drop in degrees depending on the *R.PCT* calculation and exactly how much additional capacity is to be added.

ADD.R = *R.PCT* * *(C.CAP* — capacity after adding a cooling stage)

For example: If R.PCT = 0.2 and the control would be adding 20% cooling capacity by taking the next step up, 0.2 times 20 = 4 F (ADD.R).

Next Stage EDT Increase (*SUB.R*) — This variable represents (if subtracting a stage of cooling) how much the temperature should rise in degrees depending on the *R.PCT* calculation and exactly how much capacity is to be subtracted.

SUB.R = R.PCT * (C.CAP — capacity after subtracting a cooling stage)

For Example: If R.PCT = 0.2 and the control would be subtracting 30% capacity by taking the next step down, 0.2 times -30 = -6 F (SUB.R)

Rise Per Percent Capacity (*R.PCT*) — This is a real time calculation that represents the amount of degrees of drop/rise across the evaporator coil versus percent of current running capacity.

R.PCT = (MAT - EDT) / C.CAP

Cap Deadband Subtracting (*Y.MIN*) — This is a control variable used for Low Temp Override (*L.TMP*) and Slow Change Override (*SLOW*).

Y.MIN = -SUB.R*0.4375

<u>Cap Deadband Adding (Y.PLU)</u> — This is a control variable used for High Temp Override (H.TMP) and Slow Change Override (SLOW).

Y.PLU = -ADD.R*0.4375

<u>Cap Threshold Subtracting (*Z.MIN*)</u> — This parameter is used in the calculation of SumZ and is calculated as follows:

 $Z.MIN = Configuration \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow Z.GN * (-10 + (4* (-SUB.R))) * 0.6$

Cap Threshold Adding (*Z.PLU*) — This parameter is used in the calculation of SumZ and is calculated as follows:

 $Z.PLU = Configuration \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow Z.GN * (10 + (4* (-ADD.R))) * 0.6$

High Temp Cap Override (*H.TMP*) — If stages of mechanical cooling are on and the error is greater than twice *Y.PLU*, and the rate of change of error is greater than 0.5° F per minute, then a stage of mechanical cooling will be added every 30 seconds. This override is intended to react to situations where the load rapidly increases.

Low Temp Cap Override (*L.TMP*) — If the error is less than twice *Y.MIN*, and the rate of change of error is less than -0.5° F per minute, then a mechanical stage will be removed every 30 seconds. This override is intended to quickly react to situations where the load is rapidly reduced.

Pull Down Cap Override (*PULL*) — If the error from set point is above 4° F, and the rate of change is less than –1° F per minute, then pulldown is in effect, and "SUM" is set to 0. This keeps mechanical cooling stages from being added when the error is very large, but there is no load in the space. Pulldown for units is expected to rarely occur, but is included for the rare situation when it is needed. Most likely pulldown will occur when mechanical cooling first becomes available shortly after the control goes into an occupied mode (after a warm unoccupied mode).

Table 62 — Run Status Cool Display

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
COOL	COOLING INFORMATION				
C.CAP	Current Running Capacity	ĺ	%	CAPTOTAL	I
CUR.S	Current Cool Stage			COOL_STG	
REQ.S	Requested Cool Stage			CL_STAGE	
MAX.S	Maximum Cool Stages			CLMAXSTG	
DEM.L	Active Demand Limit		%	DEM_LIM	forcible
SUMZ	COOL CAP. STAGE CONTROL				
SMZ	Capacity Load Factor	-100 - +100		SMZ	
ADD.R	Next Stage EDT Decrease		^F	ADDRISE	
SUB.R	Next Stage EDT Increase		^F	SUBRISE	
R.PCT	Rise Per Percent Capacity			RISE_PCT	
Y.MIN	Cap Deadband Subtracting			Y_MINUS	
Y.PLU	Cap Deadband Adding			Y_PLUS	
Z.MIN	Cap Threshold Subtracting			Z_MINUS	
Z.PLU	Cap Threshold Adding			Z_PLUS	
H.TMP	High Temp Cap Override			HI_TEMP	
L.TMP	Low Temp Cap Override			LOW_TEMP	
PULL	Pull Down Cap Override			PULLDOWN	
SLOW	Slow Change Cap Override			SLO_CHNG	

Slow Change Cap Override (*SLOW*) — With a rooftop unit, the design rise at 100% total unit capacity is generally around 30° F. For a unit with 4 stages, each stage represents about 7.5° F of change to EDT. If stages could reliably be cycled at very fast rates, the set point could be maintained very precisely. Since it is not desirable to cycle compressors more than 6 cycles per hour, slow change override takes care of keeping the PID under control when "relatively" close to set point.

<u>SumZ Operation</u> — The SumZ algorithm is an adaptive PID style of control. The PID is programmed within the control and the relative speed of staging can only be influenced by the user through the adjustment of the **Z.GN** configuration. The capacity control algorithm uses a modified PID algorithm, with a self adjusting gain which compensates for varying conditions, including changing flow rates across the evaporator coil.

Previous implementations of SumZ made static assumptions about the actual size of the next capacity jump up or down. This control uses a "rise per percent capacity" technique in the calculation of SumZ, instead of the previous "rise per stage" method. For each jump, up or down in capacity, the control will know beforehand the exact capacity change brought on. Better overall staging control can be realized with this technique.

SUM Calculation — The PID calculation of the "SUM" is evaluated once every 80 seconds.

SUM = Error + "SUM last time through" + (3 * Error Rate)

Where:

SUM = the PID calculation, Error = EDT – Cooling Control Point, Error Rate = Error – "Error last time through"

NOTE: "Error" is limited to between -50 and +50 and "Error rate" is limited to between -20 and +20.

This "SUM" will be compared against the "Z" calculations in determining whether cooling stages should be added or subtracted.

Z Calculation — For the "Z" calculation, the control attempts to determine the entering and the leaving-air temperature of the evaporator coil and based upon the difference between the two during mechanical cooling, and then determines whether to add or subtract a stage of cooling. This is the adaptive element.

The entering-air temperature is referred to as *MAT* (mixed-air temperature) and the leaving-air temperature of the evaporator coil is referred to as *EDT* (evaporator discharge temperature). They are found at the local display under the *Temperatures*—*CTRL* sub-menu.

The main elements to be calculated and used in the calculation of SumZ are:

1) the rise per percent capacity (**R.PCT**)

- 2) the amount of expected rise for the next cooling stage addition
- 3) the amount of expected rise for the next cooling stage subtraction

The calculation of "Z" requires two variables, **Z.PLU** used when adding a stage and **Z.MIN** used when subtracting a stage. They are calculated with the following formulas:

$$Z.PLU = Z.GN * (10 + (4*(-ADD.R))) * 0.6$$

 $Z.MIN = Z.GN * (-10 + (4*(-SUB.R))) * 0.6$

Where:

Z.GN = configuration used to modify the threshold levels used for staging (*Configuration* $\rightarrow COOL \rightarrow Z.GN$)

ADD.R = **R.PCT** * (**C.CAP** – capacity after adding a cooling stage)

SUB.R = R.PCT * (C.CAP – capacity after subtracting a cooling stage)

Both of these terms, **Z.PLU** and **Z.MIN**, represent a threshold both positive and negative upon which the "SUM" calculation must build up to in order to cause the compressor to stage up or down.

Comparing SUM and Z — The "SUM" calculation is compared against **Z.PLU** and **Z.MIN**.

- If "SUM" rises above **Z.PLU**, a cooling stage is added.
- If "SUM" falls below **Z.MIN**, a cooling stage is subtracted.

There is a variable called *SMZ* which is described in the reference section and which can simplify the task of watching the demand build up or down over time. It is calculated as follows:

If SUM is positive: SMZ = 100*(SUM/Z.PLU)If SUM is negative: SMZ = -100*(SUM/Z.MIN)

Mixed Air Temperature Calculation (MAT) — The mixed-air temperature is calculated and is a function of the economizer position. Additionally there are some calculations in the control which can zero in over time on the relationship of return and outside air as a function of economizer position. There are two configurations which relate to the calculation of "MAT." These configurations can be located at the local display under *Configuration →UNIT*.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT	DEFAULTS
UNIT	UNIT CONFIGURATION	N		_
MAT.S	MAT Calc Config	0 - 2	MAT_SEL	1
MAT.R	Reset MAT Table Entries?	Yes/No	MATRESET	No

MAT Calc Config (*MAT.S*) — This configuration gives the user two options in the processing of the mixed-air temperature (MAT) calculation:

• MAT.S = 0

There will be no MAT calculation.

• MAT.S = 1

The control will attempt to learn MAT over time. Any time the system is in a vent mode and the economizer stays at a particular position for long enough, MAT = EDT. Using this method, the control has an internal table whereby it can more closely determine the true MAT value.

• MAT.S = 2

The control will not attempt to learn MAT over time.

To calculate MAT linearly, the user should reset the MAT table entries by setting *MAT.R* to YES. Then set *MAT.S* = 2. The control will calculate MAT based on the position of the economizer and outside air and return air temperature.

To freeze the MAT table entries, let the unit run with *MAT.S* = 1. Once sufficient data has been collected, change *MAT.S* = 2. Do not reset the MAT table.

Reset MAT Table Entries? (MAT.R) — This configuration allows the user to reset the internally stored MAT learned configuration data back to the default values. The defaults are set to a linear relationship between the economizer damper position and OAT and RAT in the calculation of MAT.

<u>SumZ Overrides</u> — There are a number of overrides to the SumZ algorithm which may add or subtract stages of cooling.

- High Temp Cap Override (H.TMP)
- Low Temp Cap Override (*L.TMP*)
- Pull Down Cap Override (**PULL**)
- Slow Change Cap Override (*SLÓW*)

Economizer Trim Override — The unit may drop stages of cooling when the economizer is performing free cooling and the configuration *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *E.TRM* is set to Yes. The economizer controls to the same supply air set point as mechanical cooling does for SumZ when *E.TRM* = Yes. This allows for much tighter temperature control as well as cutting down on the cycling of compressors.

For a long cooling session where the outside-air temperature may drop over time, there may be a point at which the economizer has closed down far enough were the unit could remove a cooling stage and open up the economizer further to make up the difference.

Mechanical Cooling Lockout (*Configuration*→*COOL*→ *MC.LO*) — This configuration allows a configurable outsideair temperature set point below which mechanical cooling will be completely locked out.

DEMAND LIMIT CONTROL — Demand Limit Control may override the cooling algorithm to limit or reduce cooling capacity during run time. The term Demand Limit Control refers to the restriction of machine capacity to control the amount of power that a machine will use. This can save the owner money by limiting peaks in the power supply. Demand limit control is intended to interface with an external Loadshed Device either through CCN communications, external switches, or 4 to 20 mA input.

The control has the capability of loadshedding and limiting in 3 ways:

- Two discrete inputs tied to configurable demand limit set point percentages.
- An external 4 to 20 mA input that can reset capacity back linearly to a set point percentage.
- CCN loadshed functionality.

NOTE: It is also possible to force the demand limit variable ($Run\ Status \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow DEM.L$).

To use Demand Limiting, select the type of demand limiting to use. This is done with the Demand Limit Select configuration (*Configuration* $\rightarrow DMD.L \rightarrow DM.L.S$).

To view the current demand limiting currently in effect, look at *Run Status*—*COOL*—*DEM.L*.

The configurations associated with demand limiting can be viewed at the local display at *Configuration* $\rightarrow DMD.L$. See Table 63.

Demand Limit Select (*DM.L.S*) — This configuration determines the type of demand limiting.

- 0 = NONE Demand Limiting not configured.
- 1 = 2 SWITCHES This will enable switch input demand limiting using the switch inputs connected to the CEM board. Connections should be made to TB6-4,5,6.
- 2 = 4 to 20 mA This will enable the use of a remote 4 to 20 mA demand limit signal. The CEM module must be used. The 4 to 20 mA signal must come from an externally sourced controller and should be connected to TB6-7.8.
- 3 = CCN LOADSHED This will allow for loadshed and red lining through CCN communications.

Two-Switch Demand Limiting (**DM.L.S** = I) — This type of demand limiting utilizes two discrete inputs:

Demand Limit Switch 1 Setpoint (D.L.S1) — Dmd Limit Switch Setpoint 1 (0-100% total capacity)

Demand Limit 2 Setpoint (**D.L.S2**) — Dmd Limit Switch Setpoint 2 (0-100% total capacity)

The state of the discrete switch inputs can be found at the local display:

Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S1 Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S2

The following table illustrates the demand limiting (*Run Status*—*COOL*—*DEM.L*) that will be in effect based on the logic of the applied switches:

Switch Status	Run Status→COOL→DEM.L = 1
$\begin{array}{l} Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S1 = OFF \\ Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S2 = OFF \end{array}$	100%
$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Inputs} {\rightarrow} \textit{GEN.I} {\rightarrow} \textit{DL.S1} {=} \ \textit{ON} \\ \textit{Inputs} {\rightarrow} \textit{GEN.I} {\rightarrow} \textit{DL.S2} {=} \ \textit{OFF} \end{array}$	Configuration → DMD.L → D.L.S1
Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S1= ON Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow DL.S2 = ON	Configuration → DMD.L → D.L.S2
$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Inputs} {\rightarrow} \textit{GEN.I} {\rightarrow} \textit{DL.S1} {=} \ \textit{OFF} \\ \textit{Inputs} {\rightarrow} \textit{GEN.I} {\rightarrow} \textit{DL.S2} {=} \ \textit{ON} \end{array}$	Configuration→DMD.L→D.L.S2

4-20 mA Demand Limiting (DM.L.S = 2) — If the unit has been configured for 4 to 20 mA demand limiting, then the Inputs→4-20→DML.M value is used to determine the amount of demand limiting in effect (Run Status→COOL→DEM.L). The Demand Limit at 20 mA (D.L.20) configuration must be set. This is the configured demand limit corresponding to a 20 mA input (0 to 100%).

The value of percentage reset is determined by a linear interpolation from 0% to "D.L.20"% based on the Inputs \rightarrow 4-20 \rightarrow DML.M input value.

The following examples illustrate the demand limiting (*Run Status → COOL → DEM.L*) that will be in effect based on amount of current seen at the 4 to 20 mA input, *DML.M*.

		D.L.20 = 80% DML.M = 20mA
DEM.L = 100%	DEM.L = 90%	DEM.L = 80%

CCN Loadshed Demand Limiting (*DM.L.S* = 3) — If the unit has been configured for CCN Loadshed Demand Limiting, then the demand limiting variable (*Run Status→COOL→DEM.L*) is controlled via CCN commands.

Table 63 — Demand Limit Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
DMD.L	DEMAND LIMIT CONFIG.				
DM.L.S	Demand Limit Select	10-3	ĺ	DMD_CTRL	10
D.L.20	Demand Limit at 20 ma	0 - 100	%	DMT20MA	100
SH.NM	Loadshed Group Number	0 - 99		SHED_NUM	0
SH.DL	Loadshed Demand Delta	0 - 60	%	SHED_DEL	0
SH.TM	Maximum Loadshed Time	0 - 120	min	SHED_TIM	60
D.L.S1	Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt.	0 - 100	%	DLSWSP1	80
D.L.S2	Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt.	0 - 100	%	DLSWSP2	50

The relevant configurations for this type of demand limiting are:

Loadshed Group Number (**SH.NM**) — CCN Loadshed Group number

Loadshed Demand Delta (SH.DL) — CCN Loadshed Demand Delta

Maximum Loadshed Time (SH.TM) — CCN Maximum Loadshed time

The Loadshed Group Number (*SH.NM*) corresponds to the loadshed supervisory device that resides elsewhere on the CCN network and broadcasts loadshed and redline commands to its associated equipment parts. The *SH.NM* variable will default to zero which is an invalid group number. This allows the loadshed function to be disabled until configured.

Upon reception of a redline command, the machine will be prevented from starting if it is not running. If it is running, then **DEM.L** is set equal to the current running cooling capacity (**Run Status** \rightarrow **COOL** \rightarrow **C.CAP**).

Upon reception of a loadshed command, the **DEM.L** variable is set to the current running cooling capacity (**Run Status** \rightarrow **COOL** \rightarrow **C.CAP**) minus the configured Loadshed Demand Delta (**SH.DL**).

A redline command or loadshed command will stay in effect until a Cancel redline or Cancel loadshed command is received, or until the configurable Maximum Loadshed time (*SH.TM*) has elapsed.

HEAD PRESSURE CONTROL — Condenser head pressure control for the 48/50A Series rooftops is controlled directly by the unit, except when the unit is equipped and configured for Motormaster® V control. The control is able to cycle up to three stages of outdoor fans (see Table 64) to maintain acceptable head pressure.

For 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units, fan stages will react to saturated condensing temperature (SCT) sensors (*Temperatures* \rightarrow *REF.T* \rightarrow *SCT.A* and *SCT.B*) which are connected to the condenser coils in circuit A and B. The control converts the temperatures to the corresponding refrigerant pressures (*Pressures* \rightarrow *REF.P* \rightarrow *DP.A* and *DP.B*).

For 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units, fan stages react to discharge pressure transducers (DPT) (*Pressures* \rightarrow *REF.P* \rightarrow *DP.A* and *DP.B*) which are connected to the compressor discharge piping in circuit A and B. The control converts the pressures to the corresponding saturated condensing temperatures (*Temperatures* \rightarrow *REF.T* \rightarrow *SCT.A* and *SCT.B*).

Unit size (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *SIZE*), refrigerant type (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *RFGT*), and condenser heat exchanger type (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *CND.T*) are used to determine if the second stage fans are configured to respond to a particular refrigerant circuit (independent control) or both refrigerant circuits (common control). The 48/50A2,A3, A4,A5060 units with microchannel (MCHX) condenser heat exchangers are the only units that utilize independent fan controls.

If the unit is equipped with the accessory Motormaster V control, the Motormaster installed configuration $(Configuration \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow M.M.)$ must be set to YES if the

unit size (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *SIZE*) is 60 tons and the condenser heat exchanger type (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *CND.T*) is RTPF (round tube plate fin). This is because the condenser fan relay A (MBB Relay 6) output must be energized to enable the Motormaster V control and must not be turned off by the head pressure control algorithm. The size 60 ton unit with RTPF condenser heat exchangers offers 3 stages of head pressure control and is the one case where condenser fan relay A may be requested off during head pressure control operation. By configuring *M.M.* to YES, the control is instructed not to turn off the relay to attempt 3 stages of head pressure control.

There are two configurations provided for head pressure control that can be found at the local display:

- Configuration→COOL→M.M. Motor Master Control?
- Configuration→COOL→HPSP Head Pressure Setpoint

There are two outputs (MBB Relays) provided to control head pressure:

- Outputs

 FANS

 CD.F.A Condenser Fan Circuit A
 (MBB Relay 6 OFC1,4). For size 60 ton units with
 MCHX condensers, MBB Relay 6 drives OFC4 and compressor contactor B1 or B2 auxiliary contacts drive OFC1.
- Outputs → FANS → CD.F.B Condenser Fan Circuit B (MBB Relay 5 - OFC2)

<u>Head Pressure Control Operation</u> — The following logic describes the head pressure control routines for the unit sizes outlined in Table 64.

For 020 to 035 size units, there are two outdoor fans that are common to both refrigerant circuits. The control cycles two stages of outdoor fans, one fan per stage, to maintain acceptable head pressure.

For 036 to 050 size units, there are four outdoor fans that are common to both refrigerant circuits. The control cycles two stages of outdoor fans, two fans per stage, to maintain acceptable head pressure.

For 051 and 060 size units – There are six outdoor fans that are common to both refrigerant circuits (size 060 MCHX units have 4 fans). The control cycles three stages of outdoor fans, two fans for stage one, four fans for stage two, and six fans for stage three to maintain acceptable head pressure.

When a compressor has been commanded on, then condenser fan A (MBB Relay 6) will be energized (*CD.F.A* = ON). Condenser fan A will remain on until all compressors have been commanded off. If the highest active circuit SCT is above the HPSP or if OAT is greater than 75 F then condenser fan B (MBB Relay 5) will be energized (*CD.F.B* = ON). Condenser fan B will remain on until all compressors have been commanded off, or the highest active circuit SCT drops 40 F below the HPSP for greater than 2 minutes and OAT is less than 73 F.

NOTE: For size 60 units with RTPF condenser heat exchangers not configured for Motormaster control, the control stages down differently than the other units. For these units, the control will first turn off condenser fan relay A. After 2 minutes, the control will turn off relay B and turn back on relay A.

Table 64 — Condenser Fan Staging

FAN RELAY		48/50A UNIT SIZE					
FAN RELAY	020-035	036-050	051,060	060 with MCHX			
OFC1,4* (MBB - RELAY 6)	OFM1	OFM1, OFM2	OFM1, OFM2	OFM4			
OFC2 (MBB - RELAY 5)	OFM2	OFM3, OFM4	OFM3, OFM4, OFM5, OFM6	OFM2			
OFC3 C.A1-AUX or C.A2-AUX	NA	NA	NA	OFM3			
OFC1* C.B1-AUX or C.B2-AUX	NA	NA	NA	OFM1			

^{*} For size 60 ton units with MCHX condensers, MBB - Relay 6 drives OFC4 and compressor contactor B1 or B2 auxiliary contacts drive OFC1.

For 060 size units with MCHX condensers, there are four outdoor fans, two for each independent refrigerant circuit. The control cycles two stages of outdoor fans for each circuit, one fan per stage, to maintain acceptable head pressure.

When a circuit A compressor has been commanded on, then OFC3 is energized via the normally opened auxiliary contacts on the compressor contactors. The auxiliary contacts are wired such that turning on either circuit A compressor will energize OFC3. Contactor OFC3 will remain on until all circuit A compressors have been commanded off. If SCTA is above the HPSP or if OAT is greater than 75 F, then condenser fan A (MBB Relay 6) will be energized (*CD.F.A* = ON) turning on OFC4. Condenser fan A will remain on until all compressors have been commanded off, or SCTA drops 40 F below the HPSP for greater than 2 minutes and OAT is less than 73 F.

When a circuit B compressor has been commanded on, then OFC1 is energized via the normally opened auxiliary contacts on the compressor contactors. The auxiliary contacts are wired such that turning on either circuit B compressor will energize OFC1. Contactor OFC1 will remain on until all circuit B compressors have been commanded off. If SCTB is above the HPSP or if OAT is greater than 75 F, then condenser fan B (MBB Relay 5) will be energized (*CD.F.B* = ON) turning on OFC2. Condenser fan B will remain on until all compressors have been commanded off, or SCTB drops 40 F below the HPSP for greater than 2 minutes and OAT is less than 73 F.

<u>Failure Mode Operation</u> — If either of the SCT or DPT sensors fails, then the control defaults to head pressure control based on the OAT sensor. The control turns on the second fan stage when the OAT is above 65 F and stages down when OAT drops below 50 F.

If the OAT sensor fails, then the control defaults to head pressure control based on the SCT sensors. The control turns on the second fan stage when the highest active circuit SCT is above the HPSP and stages down when the highest active circuit SCT drops 40 F below the HPSP for longer than 2 minutes

If the SCT, DPT, and OAT sensors have all failed, then the control turns on the first and second fan stages when any compressor is commanded on.

Compressor current sensor boards (CSB) are used on all units and are able to diagnose a compressor stuck on (welded contactor) condition. If the control commands a compressor off and the CSB detects current flowing to the compressor, then the first fan stage is turned on immediately. The second fan stage will turn on when OAT rises above 75 F or the highest active circuit SCT rises above the HPSP and remain on until the condition is repaired regardless of the OAT and SCT values.

ECONOMIZER INTEGRATION WITH MECHANICAL COOLING — When the economizer is able to provide free cooling (*Run Status* → *ECON* → *ACTV* = YES), mechanical cooling may be delayed or even held off indefinitely.

NOTE: Once mechanical cooling has started, this delay logic is no longer relevant.

<u>Economizer Mechanical Cooling Delay</u> — This type of mechanical cooling delay is relevant to the all machine control types.

If the economizer is able to provide free cooling at the start of a cooling session, the mechanical cooling algorithm checks the economizer's current position (*Run Status* → *ECON* → *ECN.P*) and compares it to the economizer's maximum position (*Configuration* → *ECON* → *EC.MX*) – 5%. Once the economizer has opened beyond this point a 2.5-minute timer starts. If the economizer stays beyond this point for 2.5 minutes continuously, the mechanical cooling algorithm is allowed to start computing demand and stage compressors.

Economizer Control Point (*Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *EC.C.P*) — There are 4 different ways to determine the economizer control point when the economizer is able to provide free cooling:

If no mechanical cooling is active and HVAC mode = LOW COOL

 $EC.C.P = Setpoints \rightarrow SA.LO + Inputs \rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SA.S.R$ If no mechanical cooling is active and HVAC mode = HIGH COOL

 $EC.C.P = Setpoints \rightarrow SA.HI + Inputs \rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SA.S.R$

When the first stage of mechanical cooling has started

EC.CP = 53 F plus any economizer suction pressure reset applied

When the second stage of mechanical cooling has started

EC.CP = 48 F plus any economizer suction pressure reset applied

Heating Control — The A Series *Comfort*Link control system offers control for 3 different types of heating systems to satisfy general space heating requirements: 2-stage gas heat, 2-stage electric heat and multiple-stage (staged) gas heat.

Variable air volume (VAV) type applications (*C.TYP* = 1, 2, 3, or 5) require that the space terminal positions be commanded to open to Minimum Heating positions when gas or electric heat systems are active, to provide for the unit heating system's Minimum Heating Airflow rate.

For VAV applications, the heat interlock relay (HIR) function provides the switching of a control signal intended for use by the VAV terminals. This signal must be used to command the terminals to open to their Heating Open positions. The HIR is energized whenever the Heating mode is active, an IAQ preoccupied force is active, or if fire smoke modes, pressurization, or smoke purge modes are active.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The heating configurations are located at the local display under *Configuration* \rightarrow *HEAT*. See Table 65.

<u>Heating Control Type (*HT.CF*)</u> — The heating control types available are selected with this variable.

- 0 = No Heat
- 1 = Electric Heat
- 2 = 2 Stage Gas Heat
- 3 = Staged Gas Heat

Heating Supply Air Set Point (*HT.SP*) — In a low heat mode for staged gas heat, this is the supply air set point for heating.

Table 65 — Heating Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
HEAT HT.CF HT.SP OC.EN LAT.M G.FOD E.FOD	HEATING CONFIGURATION Heating Control Type Heating Supply Air Setpt Occupied Heating Enabled MBB Sensor Heat Relocate Fan Off Delay, Gas Heat Fan Off Delay, Elec Heat	0 - 3 80 - 120 Yes/No Yes/No 45 - 600 10 - 600	dF sec sec	HEATTYPE SASPHEAT HTOCCENA HTLATMON GAS_FOD ELEC_FOD	0* 85 No No 45 30
SG.CF HT.ST CAP.M M.R.DB S.G.DB RISE LAT.L LIM.M SW.H.T SW.L.T HT.P HT.D HT.D	STAGED GAS CONFIGS Staged Gas Heat Type Max Cap Change per Cycle S.Gas DB min.dF/PID Rate St.Gas Temp. Dead Band Heat Rise dF/sec Clamp LAT Limit Config Limit Switch Monitoring? Limit Switch High Temp Limit Switch Low Temp Heat Control Prop. Gain Heat Control Derv. Gain Heat PID Rate Config	0 - 4 5 - 45 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 0.2 0 - 20 Yes/No 110 - 180 100 - 170 0 - 1.5 0 - 1.5 60 - 300	^F ^F dF dF	HTSTGTYP HTCAPMAX HT_MR_DB HT_SG_DB HTSGRISE HTLATLIM HTLIMMON HT_LIMHI HT_LIMLO HT_PGAIN HT_DGAIN HTSGPIDR	0* 45* 0.5 2 0.06 10 Yes 170* 160* 1

^{*}Some defaults are model number dependent.

Occupied Heating Enable (*OC.EN*) — This configuration only applies when the unit's control type (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP$) is configured for 1 (VAV-RAT) or 2 (VAV-SPT). If the user wants to have the capability of performing heating throughout the entire occupied period, then this configuration needs to be set to "YES." Most installations do not require this capability, and if heating is installed, it is used to heat the building in the morning. In this case set *OC.EN* to "NO."

NOTE: This unit does not support simultaneous heating and cooling. If significant simultaneous heating and cooling demand is expected, it may be necessary to provide additional heating or cooling equipment and a control system to provide occupants with proper comfort.

MBB Sensor Heat Relocate (*LAT.M*) — This option allows the user additional performance benefit when under CCN Linkage for the 2-stage electric and gas heating types. As two-stage heating types do not "modulate" to a supply air set point, no leaving air thermistor is required and none is provided. The evaporator discharge thermistor, which is initially installed upstream of the heater, can be repositioned downstream and the control can expect to sense this heat. While the control does not need this to energize stages of heat, the control can wait for a sufficient temperature rise before announcing a heating mode to a CCN linkage system (ComfortIDTM).

If the sensor is relocated, the user will now have the capability to view the leaving-air temperature at all times at $Temperatures \rightarrow AIR.T \rightarrow CTRL \rightarrow LAT$.

NOTE: If the user does not relocate this sensor for the 2-stage electric or gas heating types and is under CCN Linkage, then the control will send a heating mode (if present) unconditionally to the linkage coordinator in the CCN zoning system regardless of the leaving-air temperature.

Fan-Off Delay, Gas Heat (*GFOD*) — This configuration is the delay in seconds, after a gas heat mode has ended (*HT.CF*=2,3) that the control will continue to energize the supply fan.

Fan-Off Delay, Elec Heat (*E.FOD*) — This configuration is the delay in seconds, after an electric heat mode has ended (*HT.CF*=1) that the control will continue to energize the supply fan.

HEAT MODE SELECTION PROCESS — There are two possible heat modes that the control will call out for heating control: HVAC Mode = LOW HEAT and HVAC Mode = HIGH HEAT. These modes will be called out based on control type (*C.TYP*).

VAV-RAT (C.TYP = 1) and VAV-SPT (C.TYP = 2) — There is no difference in the selection of a heating mode for either

VAV-RAT or VAV-SPT, except that for VAV-SPT, space temperature is used in the unoccupied period to turn on the supply fan for 10 minutes before checking return-air temperature. The actual selection of a heat mode, LOW or HIGH for both control types, will be based upon the controlling return-air temperature.

With sufficient heating demand, there are still conditions that will prevent the unit from selecting a heat mode. First, the unit must be configured for a heat type (*Configuration* \rightarrow *HEAT* \rightarrow *HT.CF* not equal to "NONE"). Second, the unit has a configuration which can enable or disable heating in the occupied period except for a standard morning warmup cycle (*Configuration* \rightarrow *HEAT* \rightarrow *OC.EN*). See descriptions above in the Setting Up the System section for more information.

If the unit is allowed to select a heat mode, then the next step is an evaluation of demand versus set point. At this point, the logic is the same as for control types SPT Multi-Stage and SPT-2 Stage, (*C.TYP* = 5,6) except for the actual temperature compared against set point. See Temperature Driven Heat Mode Evaluation section.

Tstat-Multi-Stage (*C.TYP* = 3) and Tstat-2 Stage (*C.TYP* = 4) — There is no difference in the selection of a heat mode between the control types TSTAT 2-stage or TSTAT multi-stage. These selections only refer to how cooling will be handled. With thermostat control the W1 and W2 inputs determine whether the HVAC Mode is LOW or HIGH HEAT.

W1 = ON, W2 = OFF: HVAC MODE = LOW HEAT* W2 = ON, W2 = ON: HVAC MODE = HIGH HEAT

*If the heating type is either 2-stage electric or 2-stage gas, the unit may promote a low heat mode to a high heat mode.

NOTE: If W2 = ON and W1 is OFF, a "HIGH HEAT" HVAC Mode will be called out but an alert (T422) will be generated. See Alarms and Alerts section on page 94.

<u>SPT Multi-Stage (*C.TYP* = 5) and SPT 2 Stage (*C.TYP* = 6) — There is no difference in the selection of a heat mode between the control types SPT 2-stage or SPT multi-stage. These selections only refer to how cooling will be handled. So, for a valid heating type selected (*HT.CF* not equal to zero) the unit is free to select a heating mode based on space temperature (SPT)</u>

If the unit is allowed to select a heat mode, then the next step is an evaluation of demand versus set point. At this point, the logic is the same as for control types VAV-RAT and VAV-SPT (*C.TYP* = 1,2), except for the actual temperature compared against set point. See Temperature Driven Heat Mode Evaluation section on page 52.

TEMPERATURE DRIVEN HEAT MODE EVALUATION — This section discusses the control method for selecting a heating mode based on temperature. Regardless of whether the unit is configured for return air or space temperature, the logic is exactly the same. For the rest of this discussion, the temperature in question will be referred to as the "controlling temperature."

First, the occupied and unoccupied heating set points under *Setpoints* must be configured.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
OHSP	Occupied Heat Setpoint	55-80	dF	OHSP	68
UHSP	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint	40-80	dF	UHSP	55

Then, the heat/cool set point offsets under *Configuration* → *D.LV.T* should be set. See Table 66.

Related operating modes are under *Operating Modes*→ *MODE*.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
occ	MODES CONTROLLING U Currently Occupied Temp.Compensated Start	ON/OFF	MODEOCCP MODETCST

The first thing the control determines is whether the unit is in the occupied mode (*OCC*) or in the temperature compensated start mode (*T.C.ST*). If the unit is occupied or in temperature compensated start mode, the occupied heating set point (*OHSP*) is used. In all other cases, the unoccupied heating setpoint (*UHSP*) is used.

The control will call out a low or high heat mode by comparing the controlling temperature to the heating set point and the heating set point offset. The set point offsets are used as additional help in customizing and tweaking comfort into the building space.

Demand Level Low Heat on Offset (*L.H.ON*) — This is the heating set point offset below the heating set point at which point Low Heat starts.

Demand Level High Heat on Offset (*H.H.ON*) — This is the heating set point offset below the heating set point minus *L.H.ON* at which point high heat starts.

Demand Level Low Heat Off Offset (*L.H.OF*) — This is the heating set point offset above the heating set point minus *L.H.ON* at which point the Low Heat mode ends.

See Fig. 9 for an example of offsets.

To enter into a LOW HEAT mode, if the controlling temperature falls below the heating set point minus *L.H.ON*, then HVAC mode = LOW HEAT.

To enter into a HIGH HEAT mode, if the controlling temperature falls below the heating set point minus *L.H.ON* minus *H.H.ON*, then HVAC mode = HIGH HEAT.

To get out of a LOW HEAT mode, the controlling temperature must rise above the heating set point minus *L.H.ON* plus *L.H.OF*.

To get out of a HIGH HEAT mode, the controlling temperature must rise above the heating set point minus *L.H.ON* plus *L.H.OF*/2.

The Run Status table in the local display allows the user to see the exact trip points for both the heating and cooling modes without doing the calculations.

Heat Trend Demand Level (*H.T.LV*) — This is the change in demand that must be seen within the time period specified by *H.T.TM* in order to hold off a HIGH HEAT mode regardless of demand. This is not applicable to VAV control types (*C.TYP*=1 and 2) in the occupied period. This method of operation has been referred to as "Comfort Trending." As long as a LOW HEAT mode is making progress in warming the space, the control will hold off on a HIGH HEAT mode. This is relevant for the space sensor machine control types (*C.TYP* = 5 and 6) because they may transition into the occupied mode and see an immediate and large heating demand when the set points change.

Heat Trend Time (*H.T.TM*) — This is the time period upon which the heat trend demand level (*H.T.LV*) operates and may work to hold off staging or a HIGH HEAT mode. This is not applicable to VAV control types (*C.TYP*=1 and 2) in the occupied period. See "Heat Trend Demand Level" section for more details.

HEAT MODE DIAGNOSTIC HELP — To quickly determine the current trip points for the low and high heat modes, there is a menu in the local display which lets the user quickly view the state of the system. This menu also contains the cool trip points as well. See Table 67 at the local display under *Run Status* → *TRIP*.

The controlling temperature is "TEMP" and is in the middle of the table for easy reference. Also, the "HVAC" mode can be viewed at the bottom of the table.

<u>HT.CF = 1,2</u> (Two-Stage Gas and Electric Heat Control) — If the HVAC mode is LOW HEAT:

- If Electric Heat is configured, then the control will request the supply fan ON
- If Gas Heat is configured, then the IGC indoor fan input controls the supply fan request
- The control will turn on Heat Relay 1 (HS1)
- If Evaporator Discharge Temperature is less than 50 F, then the control will turn on Heat Relay 2 (HS2)*

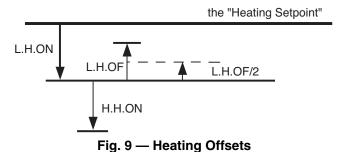


Table 66 — Heat/Cool Set Point Offsets

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
D.LV.T	COOL/HEAT SETPT. OFFSETS				
L.H.ON	Dmd Level Lo Heat On	-1 - 2	I^F	IDMDLHON	1.5
H.H.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat On	0.5 - 20.0	^F	DMDHHON	0.5
L.H.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Heat Off	0.5 - 2	^F	DMDLHOFF	1
L.C.ON	Dmd Level` Lo Cool On	-1 - 2	^F	DMDLCON	1.5
H.C.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool On	0.5 - 20.0	^F	DMDHCON	0.5
L.C.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Cool Off	0.5 - 2	^F	DMDLCOFF	1
C.T.LV	Cool Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5	^F	CTRENDLV	0.1
H.T.LV	Heat Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5	^F	HTRENDLV	0.1
C.T.TM	Cool Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	CTRENDTM	120
H.T.TM	Heat Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	HTRENDTM	120

Table 67 — Mode Trip Helper Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	UNITS	CCN POINT
TRIP UN.C.S UN.C.E OC.C.S OC.C.E	MODE TRIP HELPER Unoccup. Cool Mode Start Unoccup. Cool Mode End Occupied Cool Mode Start Occupied Cool Mode End	dF dF dF dF	UCCLSTRT UCCL_END OCCLSTRT OCCL_END
TEMP OC.H.E OC.H.S UN.H.E UN.H.S HVAC	Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or Zone Occupied Heat Mode End Occupied Heat Mode Start Unoccup. Heat Mode End Unoccup. Heat Mode Start the current HVAC MODE	dF dF dF dF dF	CTRLTEMP OCHT_END OCHTSTRT UCHT_END UCHTSTRT String

If the HVAC mode is HIGH HEAT:

- If Electric Heat is configured, then the control will request the supply fan ON
- If Gas Heat is configured, then the IGC indoor fan input controls the supply fan request
- The control will turn on Heat Relay 1 (HS1)
- The control will turn on Heat Relay 2 (HS2)

HT.CF = 3 (Staged Gas Heating Control) — As an option, the units with gas heat can be equipped with staged gas heat controls that will provide from 5 to 11 stages of heat capacity. This is intended for tempering mode and tempering economizer air when in a cooling mode and the dampers are fully closed. Tempering can also be used during a pre-occupancy purge to prevent low temperature air from being delivered to the space. Tempering for staged gas will be discussed in its own section. This section will focus on heat mode control, which ultimately is relevant to tempering, minus the consideration of the supply air heating control point.

The staged gas configurations are located at the local display under *Configuration* \rightarrow *HEAT* \rightarrow *SGCF*. See Table 68.

<u>Staged Gas Heat Type (*HT.ST*)</u> — This configuration sets the number of stages and the order that are they staged.

Max Cap Change per Cycle (*CAP.M*) — This configuration limits the maximum change in capacity per PID run time cycle.

S.Gas DB Min.dF/PID Rate (*M.R.DB*) — This configuration is a deadband minimum temperature per second rate. See Staged Gas Heating logic below for more details.

St.Gas Temp.Dead Band (S.GDB) — This configuration is a deadband delta temperature. See Staged Gas Heating Logic below for more details.

Heat Rise in dF/Sec Clamp (*RISE*) — This configuration prevents the heat from staging up when the leaving-air temperature is rising too fast.

<u>LAT Limit Config (LAT.L)</u> — This configuration senses when leaving-air temperature is outside a delta temperature band around set point and allows staging to react quicker.

Limit Switch Monitoring? (*LIM.M*) — This configuration allows the operation of the limit switch monitoring routine. This should be set to NO as a limit switch temperature sensor is not used with A Series units.

<u>Limit Switch High Temp (SW.H.T)</u> — This configuration is the temperature limit above which stages of heat will be removed.

Limit Switch Low Temp (*SW.L.T*) — This configuration is the temperature limit above which no additional stages of heat will be allowed.

Heat Control Prop. Gain (*HT.P*) — This configuration is the proportional term for the PID which runs in the HVAC mode LOW HEAT.

Heat Control Derv. Gain (*HT.D*) — This configuration is the derivative term for the PID which runs in the HVAC mode LOW HEAT.

Heat PID Rate Config (*HT.TM*) — This configuration is the PID run time rate.

Staged Gas Heating Logic

If the HVAC mode is HIGH HEAT:

- The supply fan for staged gas heating is controlled by the integrated gas control (IGC) boards and, unless the supply fan is on for a different reason, it will be controlled by the IGC indoor fan input.
- Command all stages of heat ON

If the HVAC mode is LOW HEAT:

- The supply fan for staged gas heating is controlled by the integrated gas control (IGC) boards and, unless the supply fan is on for a different reason, it will be controlled by the IGC indoor fan input.
- The unit will control stages of heat to the heating control point (*Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *HT.C.P*). The heating control point in a LOW HEAT HVAC mode for staged gas is the heating supply air set point (*Setpoints* \rightarrow *SA.HT*).

Staged Gas Heating PID Logic — The heat control loop is a PID (proportional/integral/derivative) design with exceptions, overrides, and clamps. Capacity rises and falls based on set point and supply-air temperature. When the staged gas control is in Low Heat or Tempering Mode (HVAC mode), the algorithm calculates the desired heat capacity. The basic factors that govern the controlling method are:

- how fast the algorithm is run.
- the amount of proportional and derivative gain applied.
- the maximum allowed capacity change each time this algorithm is run.
- deadband hold-off range when rate is low.

Table 68 — Staged Gas Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULTS
SG.CF	STAGED GAS CONFIGS				
HT.ST	Staged Gas Heat Type	J0 - 4		HTSTGTYP	IO*
CAP.M	Max Cap Change per Cycle	5 - 45		HTCAPMAX	45*
M.R.DB	S.Gas DB min.dF/PID Rate	0 - 5		HT_MR_DB	0.5
S.G.DB	St.Gas Temp. Dead Band	0 - 5	^F	HT_SG_DB	2
RISE	Heat Rise dF/sec Clamp	0.05 - 0.2		HTSGRISE	0.06
LAT.L	LAT Limit Config	0 - 20	^F	HTLATLIM	10
LIM.M	Limit Switch Monitoring?	Yes/No		HTLIMMON	Yes
SW.H.T	Limit Switch High Temp	110 - 180	dF	HT_LIMHI	170*
SW.L.T	Limit Switch Low Temp	100 - 170	dF	HT_LIMLO	160*
HT.P	Heat Control Prop. Gain	0 - 1.5		HT_PGAIN	1
HT.D	Heat Control Derv. Gain	0 - 1.5		HT_DGAIN	1
HT.TM	Heat PID Rate Config	60 - 300	sec	HTSGPIDR	90

^{*}Some configurations are model number dependent.

^{*}The logic for this "low heat" override is that one stage of heating will not be able to raise the temperature of the supply airstream sufficient to heat the space.

This routine is run once every **HT.TM** seconds. Every time the routine is run, the calculated sum is added to the control output value. In this manner, integral effect is achieved. Every time this algorithm is run, the following calculation is performed:

Error = HT.C.P - LAT

Error last = error calculated previous time

 $P = \overline{HT.P}*(Error)$

D = HT.D*(Error - Error last)

The P and D terms are overridden to zero if:

Error < *S.GDB* AND Error > - *S.GDB* AND D < *M.R.DB* AND D > - *M.R.DB*. "P + D" are then clamped based on *CAP.M*. This sum can be no larger or no smaller than +*CAP.M* or -*CAP.M*.

Finally, the desired capacity is calculated:

Staged Gas Capacity Calculation = "P + D" + old Staged Gas Capacity Calculation

NOTE: The PID values should not be modified without approval from Carrier.

IMPORTANT: When gas or electric heat is used in a VAV application with third party terminals, the HIR relay output must be connected to the VAV terminals in the system in order to enforce a minimum heating airflow rate. The installer is responsible to ensure the total minimum heating cfm is not below limits set for the equipment. Failure to do so will result in limit switch tripping and may void warranty.

Staged Gas Heat Staging — Different unit sizes will control heat stages differently based on the amount of heating capacity included. These staging patterns are selected based on the model number. The selection of a set of staging patterns is controlled via the heat stage type configuration parameter (*HT.ST*). As the heating capacity rises and falls based on demand, the staged gas control logic will stage the heat relay patterns up and down, respectively. The Heat Stage Type configuration selects one of 4 staging patterns that the stage gas control will use. In addition to the staging patterns, the capacity for each stage is also determined by the staged gas heating PID control. Therefore, choosing the heat relay outputs is a function of the capacity desired, the heat staging patterns based on the heat stage type (HT.ST) and the capacity presented by each staging pattern. As the staged gas control desired capacity rises, it is continually checked against the capacity of the next staging pattern.

When the desired capacity is greater than or equal to the capacity of the next staging pattern, the next heat stage is selected ($Run\ Status \rightarrow VIEW \rightarrow HT.ST = Run\ Status \rightarrow VIEW \rightarrow HT.ST + 1$). Similarly, as the capacity of the control drops, the desired capacity is continually checked against the next lower stage. When the desired capacity is less than or equal to the next

lower staging pattern, the next lower heat stage pattern is selected (*Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *HT.ST* = *Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *HT.ST* - 1). The first two staged gas heat outputs are located on the MBB board and outputs 3, 4, 5, and 6 are located on the SCB board. These outputs are used to produce 5 to 11 stages as shown in Tables 69A and 69B. The heat stage selected (*Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *HT.ST*) is clamped between 0 and the maximum number of stages possible (*Run Status* \rightarrow *VIEW* \rightarrow *H.MAX*) for the chosen set of staging patterns. See Tables 70-73.

INTEGRATED GAS CONTROL BOARD LOGIC — All gas heat units are equipped with one or more integrated gas control (IGC) boards. This board provides control for the ignition system for the gas heat sections. On size 020-050 low heat units there will be one IGC board. On size 020-050 high heat units and 051 and 060 low heat units there are two IGC boards. On size 051 and 060 high heat units there are three IGC boards. When a call for gas heat is initiated, power is sent to W on the IGC boards. For standard 2-stage heat, all boards are wired in parallel. For staged gas heat, each board is controlled separately. When energized, an LED on the IGC board will be turned on. See Table 74 for LED explanations. Each board will ensure that the rollout switch and limit switch are closed. The induced-draft motor is then energized. When the speed of the motor is proven with the Hall Effect sensor on the motor, the ignition activation period begins. The burners ignite within 5 seconds. If the burners do not light, there is a 22-second delay before another 5-second attempt is made. If the burners still do not light, this sequence is repeated for 15 minutes. After 15 minutes have elapsed and the burners have not ignited then heating is locked out. The control will reset when the request for W (heat) is temporarily removed. When ignition occurs, the IGC board will continue to monitor the condition of the rollout switch, limit switches, Hall Effect sensor, and the flame sensor. Forty-five seconds after ignition has occurred, the IGC will request that the indoor fan be turned on. The IGC fan output (IFO) is connected to the indoor fan input on the MBB which will indicate to the controls that the indoor fan should be turned on (if not already on). If for some reason the overtemperature limit switch trips prior to the start of the indoor fan blower, on the next attempt the 45-second delay will be shortened by 5 seconds. Gas will not be interrupted to the burners and heating will continue. Once modified, the fan delay will not change back to 45 seconds unless power is reset to the control. The IGC boards only control the first stage of gas heat on each gas valve. The second stages are controlled directly from the MBB board. The IGC board has a minimum on-time of 1 minute. In modes such as Service Test where long minimum on times are not enforced, the 1-minute timer on the IGC will still be followed and the gas will remain on for a minimum of 1 minute.

Table 69A — Staged Gas Heat — 48AJ, AK, AW, AY Units

UNIT SIZE	HEAT CAPACITY	UNIT MODEL NO. POSITION NO. 5	Configuration→HEAT→SG.CF→HT.ST ENTRY VALUE
020-035	Low	S	1 = 5 STAGE
020-033	High	Т	2 = 7 STAGE
026 050	Low	S	1 = 5 STAGE
036-050	High	Т	1 = 5 STAGE
051.060	Low	S	4 = 11 STAGE
051,060	High	Т	3 = 9 STAGE

Table 69B — Staged Gas Heat — 48A2,A3,A4,A5 Units

UNIT SIZE	HEAT CAPACITY	UNIT MODEL NO. POSITION NO. 5	Configuration→HEAT→SG.CF →HT.ST ENTRY VALUE
020-030	Low	S	1 = 5 STAGE
020-030	High	Т	2 = 7 STAGE
035-050	Low	S	1 = 5 STAGE
033-030	High	Т	1 = 5 STAGE
060	Low	S	4 = 11 STAGE
	High	Т	3 = 9 STAGE

Table 70 — Staged Gas Heat Control Steps ($Configuration \rightarrow HEAT \rightarrow SG.CF \rightarrow HT.ST = 1$)

		RELAY OUTPUT						
STAGE	Heat 1	Heat 2	Heat 3	Heat 4	Heat 5	Heat 6	CAPACITY	
STAGE	MBB-RLY8	MBB-RLY7	SCB-RLY1	SCB-RLY2	SCB-RLY3	SCB-RLY4	%	
	IGC1	MGV1	IGC2	MGV2	IGC3	MGV3		
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	0	
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	37	
2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	50	
3	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	75	
4	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	87	
5	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	100	

Table 71 — Staged Gas Heat Control Steps ($Configuration \rightarrow HEAT \rightarrow SG.CT \rightarrow HT.ST = 2$)

	RELAY OUTPUT						
CTACE	Heat 1	Heat 2	Heat 3	Heat 4	Heat 5	Heat 6	CAPACITY
STAGE	MBB-RLY8	MBB-RLY7	SCB-RLY1	SCB-RLY2	SCB-RLY3	SCB-RLY4	%
	IGC1	MGV1	IGC2	MGV2	IGC3	MGV3	1
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	0
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	25
2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	33
3	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	50
4	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	67
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	75
6	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	83
7	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	100

Table 72 — Staged Gas Heat Control Steps ($Configuration \rightarrow HEAT \rightarrow SG.CT \rightarrow HT.ST = 3$)

		RELAY OUTPUT					
STAGE	Heat 1	Heat 2	Heat 3	Heat 4	Heat 5	Heat 6	CAPACITY
SIAGE	MBB-RLY8	MBB-RLY7	SCB-RLY1	SCB-RLY2	SCB-RLY3	SCB-RLY4	%
	IGC1	MGV1	IGC2	MGV2	IGC3	MGV3	1
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	0
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	25
2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	33
3	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	50
4	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	58
5	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	67
6	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	75
7	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	83
8	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	92
9	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	100

Table 73 — Staged Gas Heat Control Steps (Configuration \rightarrow HEAT \rightarrow SG.CT \rightarrow HT.ST = 4)

			RELAY	OUTPUT			
STAGE	Heat 1	Heat 2	Heat 3	Heat 4	Heat 5	Heat 6	CAPACITY
STAGE	MBB-RLY8	MBB-RLY7	SCB-RLY1	SCB-RLY2	SCB-RLY3	SCB-RLY4	%
	IGC1	MGV1	IGC2	MGV2	IGC3	MGV3	
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	0
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	19
2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	25
3	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	38
4	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	44
5	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	50
6	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	57
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	63
8	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	76
9	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	88
10	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	94
11	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	100

Table 74 — IGC LED Indicators

LED INDICATION	ERROR CODE
On	Normal Operation
Off	Hardware Failure
1 Flash	Fan On/Off Delay Modified
2 Flashes	Limit Switch Fault
3 Flashes	Fame Sense Fault
4 Flashes	Five Consecutive Limit Switch Faults
5 Flashes	Ignition Lockout Fault
6 Flashes	Ignition Switch Fault
7 Flashes	Rollout Switch Fault
8 Flashes	Internal Control Fault
9 Flashes	Software Lockout

NOTES:

- There is a 3-second pause between error code displays.
- If more than one error code exists, all applicable error codes will be displayed in numerical sequence.
- Error codes on the IGC will be lost if power to the unit is interrupted.

RELOCATE SAT (Supply Air Temperature) SENSOR FOR HEATING IN LINKAGE APPLICATIONS — On CCN installations employing ComfortIDTM terminals, the factory SAT location must be changed to a new location downstream of the unit's heating system. The ComfortID terminal controls read the SAT value for their "proof-of-heat" sequence before terminals open to Minimum Heating positions during unit heating sequence.

Determine a location in the supply duct that will provide a fairly uniform airflow. Typically this would be a minimum of 5 equivalent duct diameters downstream of the unit. Also, care should be taken to avoid placing the thermistor within a direct line-of-sight of the heating element to avoid radiant effects.

Run a new two-wire conductor cable from the control box through the low voltage conduit into the space inside the building and route the cable to the new sensor location.

<u>Installing a New Sensor</u> — A field-provided duct-mount temperature sensor (Carrier P/N 33ZCSENPAT or equivalent 10 kilo-ohm at 25 C NTC [negative temperature coefficient] sensor) is required. Install the sensor through the side wall of the duct and secure.

<u>Re-Using the Factory SAT Sensor</u> — The factory sensor is attached to one of the supply fan housings. Disconnect the sensor from the factory harness. Drill a hole insert the sensor through the duct wall and secure in place.

Attach the new conductor cable to the sensor leads and terminate in an appropriate junction box. Connect the opposite end inside the unit control box at the factory leads from MBB

J8 terminals 11 and 12 (PNK) leads. Secure the unattached PNK leads from the factory harness to ensure no accidental contact with other terminals inside the control box.

MORNING WARM UP — Morning Warm Up is a period of time that assists CCN linkage in opening up downstream zone dampers for the first heating cycle of a day.

The Morning Warm Up Period is CCN linkage mode "2" and is relayed in the following conditions:

- Temperature Compensated Start Mode is active AND Heat Mode in effect AND LAT is warm enough or is to be ignored due to placement.
- The unit just went into occupied mode and there has been no cooling mode yet and a heat cycle occurs or was in progress when the unit went occupied.

In both cases, if and when the heat mode terminates, a heat cycle has occurred and any subsequent heat cycles will not be treated as a morning warm up period.

TEMPERING MODE — In a vent or cooling mode, the roof-top may encounter a situation where the economizer at minimum position is sending cold outside air down the ductwork of the building. Therefore, it may be necessary to bring heat on to counter-effect this low supply-air temperature. This is referred to as the tempering mode.

<u>Setting up the System</u> — The relevant set points for Tempering are located at the local display under *Setpoints*:

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
T.PRG	Tempering Purge SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPPURG	50
T.CL	Tempering in Cool SASP	5-75	dF	TEMPCOOL	5
T.V.OC	Tempering Vent Occ SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVOCC	65
T.V.UN	Tempering Vent Unocc. SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVUNC	50

Operation — First, the unit must be in a vent mode, a low cool mode, or a high cool HVAC mode to be considered for a tempering mode. Secondly, the tempering mode is only allowed when the rooftop is configured for staged gas (*Configuration* → *HEAT* → *HT.CF*=3).

If the control is configured for staged gas, the control is in a vent, low cool, or high cool HVAC mode, and the rooftop control is in a situation where the economizer must maintain a minimum position, then the evaporator discharge temperature (EDT) will be monitored. If the EDT falls below a particular trip point then the tempering mode may be called out:

HVAC mode = "Tempering Vent"

HVAC mode = "Tempering LoCool" HVAC mode = "Tempering HiCool"

The decision making/selection process for the tempering trip set point is as follows:

- If an HVAC cool mode is in effect, then the vent trip point is
 TCI.
- If in a pre-occupied purge mode (*Operating Modes* → *MODE* → *IAQ.P*=ON), then the trip point is *T.P.R.G.*
- If in an occupied mode (*Operating Modes→MODE →IAQ.P=ON*), then the trip point is *T.V.OC*.
- For all other cases, the trip point is **T.V.UN**.

NOTE: The unoccupied economizer free cooling mode does not qualify as a HVAC cool mode as it is an energy saving feature and has its own OAT lockout already. The unoccupied free cooling mode (HVAC mode = Unocc. Free Cool) will override any unoccupied vent mode from triggering a tempering mode.

If OAT is above the chosen tempering set point, tempering will not be allowed. Additionally, tempering mode is locked out if any stages of mechanical cooling are present.

A minimum amount of time must pass before calling out any tempering mode. In effect, the EDT must fall below the trip point value -1° F continuously for a minimum of 2 minutes. Also, at the end of a mechanical cooling cycle, there must be a minimum 10 minutes of delay allowed before considering tempering during vent mode in order to allow any residual cooling to dissipate from the evaporator coil.

If the above conditions are met, the algorithm is free to select the tempering mode (MODETEMP). If a tempering mode becomes active, the modulating heat source (staged gas) will attempt to maintain leaving-air temperature (LAT) at the tempering set point used to trigger the tempering mode. The technique for modulation of set point for staged gas and hydronic heat is the same as in a heat mode. More information regarding the operation of heating can be referenced in the Heating Control section.

Recovery from a tempering mode (MODETEMP) will occur when the EDT rises above the trip point. On any change in HVACMODE, the tempering routine will re-assess the tempering set point which may cause the control to continue or exit tempering mode.

Static Pressure Control — Variable air volume (VAV) air-conditioning systems must provide varying amounts of air to the conditioned space. As air terminals downstream of the unit modulate their flows, the unit must maintain control over the duct static pressure in order to accommodate the needs of the terminals and meet the varying combined airflow requirement

The static pressure control routine is also used on CV units with VFD for staged air volume. The fan is controlled at discrete speeds through the VFD by the unit *Comfort*Link control based on the operating mode of the unit.

A 48/50AK,AY,A3,A5 unit equipped with a duct pressure control system is provided with a variable frequency drive (VFD) for the supply fan. The speed of the fan can be controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls. A transducer is used to measure duct static pressure. The signal from the transducer is received by the ECB-2 board and is then used in a PID control routine that outputs a 4 to 20 mA signal to the VFD.

Generally, only VAV systems utilize static pressure control. It is required because as the system VAV terminals modulate closed when less air is required, there must be a means of controlling airflow from the unit, thereby effectively preventing overpressurization and its accompanying problems.

A 48/50AJ,AW,A2,A4 unit can be equipped with a VFD for staged air volume control. The speed of the fan is controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls based on the operating

mode of the unit. A 4 to 20 mA signal is sent to the VFD to control the fan speed.

The four most fundamental configurations for most applications are $Configuration \rightarrow SP \rightarrow SP.CF$, which is the static pressure control type, $Configuration \rightarrow SP \rightarrow CV.FD$, used to indicate CV unit with VFD (staged air volume). $Configuration \rightarrow SP \rightarrow SP.S$, used to enable the static pressure sensor, and $Configuration \rightarrow SP \rightarrow SP.SP$, the static pressure set point to be maintained.

OPERATION — On VAV units equipped with a VFD and a proper static pressure sensor, when *SP.CF*, *SP.S* and *SP.SP* are configured, a PID routine periodically measures the duct static pressure and calculates the error from set point. This error is simply the duct static pressure set point minus the measured duct static pressure. The error becomes the basis for the proportional term of the PID. The routine also calculates the integral of the error over time, and the derivative (rate of change) of the error. A value is calculated as a result of this PID routine, and this value is then used to create an output signal used to adjust the VFD to maintain the static pressure set point.

Static pressure reset is the ability to force a lowering of the static pressure set point through an external control signal. The unit controls support this in two separate ways, through a 4 to 20 mA signal input wired to the unit's isolator board input terminals (third party control) or via CCN.

When employing the CCN, this feature uses the communications capabilities of VAV systems with ComfortIDTM terminals under linkage. The system dynamically determines and maintains an optimal duct static pressure set point based on the actual load conditions in the space. This can result in a significant reduction in required fan energy by lowering the set point to only the level required to maintain adequate airflow throughout the system.

OPERATION — On CV units equipped with a VFD (Staged Air Volume) when *SP.CF*, *CV.FD*, *SP.FN* are configured, the *Comfort*Link control will control the speed of the supply fan based on the operating mode of the unit. The VFD speed setting points are *SP.MN*, *SP.MX*, *HT.VM*. When in LOW COOL mode and the compressor stage less than 50%, fan will be as *SP.MN* minimum speed. When in HIGH COOL, the fan will be at *SP.MX* maximum speed when the heating stage is 75% or greater and at *HT.VM* heating minimum speed when the heating stage is less than 75%. On units configured for two stage T'stat operation, the fan will be at *SP.MX* on a call for W2 and at *HT.VM* on a call for only W1.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The options for static pressure control are found under the Local Display Mode *Configuration* \rightarrow SP. See Table 75.

A CAUTION

Failure to correctly configure *SP.CF* and *SP.FN* when operating in VFD Bypass mode will result in the indoor fan motor running continuously. Damage to unit could result.

<u>Static Pressure Configuration (SP.CF)</u> — This variable is used to configure the use of *Comfort*Link controls for static pressure control. There are the following options:

0 (None) — There will be no static pressure control by ComfortLink controls. This setting would be used for a constant volume (CV) application when static pressure control is not required or for a VAV application if there will be third-party control of the VFD. In this latter case, a suitable means of control must be field installed. This setting must be used on CV units with VFD (staged air volume).

Additionally, **SPCF** must be set to 0 (None) when a unit is equipped with optional VFD bypass and is operating in Bypass

mode. Failure to change this configuration in Bypass mode will result in the indoor fan motor running continuously.

1 (VFD Control) — This will enable the use of ComfortLink controls for static pressure control via a supply fan VFD.

Constant Vol IDF ia VFD? (*CVFD*) — This variable enables the use of a CV unit with VFD for staged air volume control.

Static Pressure Fan Control? (SPFN) — This is automatically set to Yes when SPCF = 1 or when CVFD is set to Yes. When the user would like the 4 to 20 mA output to energize the VFD, as opposed to the fan relay, SPFN may be set to Yes when SPCF = 0. When the control turns the fan ON, the control will send the SPMX value of the 4 to 20 mA signal to the third party VFD control.

Additionally, *SPFN* must be set to NO when the unit is equipped with optional VFD bypass and is operating in Bypass mode. Failure to change this configuration in bypass mode will result in the indoor fan motor running continuously.

Static Pressure Sensor (SPS) — This variable enables the use of a supply duct static pressure sensor. This must be enabled to use *Comfort*Link controls for static pressure control. If using a third-party control for the VFD, this should be disabled. This is not used when *CVFD* is set to Yes.

Static Pressure Low Range (*SP.LO*) — This is the minimum static pressure that the sensor will measure. For most sensors this will be 0 in. wg. The *Comfort*Link controls will map this value to a 4 mA sensor input.

Static Pressure High Range (**SP.HI**) — This is the maximum static pressure that the sensor will measure. Commonly this will be 5 in. wg. The *Comfort*Link controls will map this value to a 20 mA sensor input.

Static Pressure Set Point (SP.SP) — This is the static pressure control point. It is the point against which the ComfortLink controls compare the actual measured supply duct pressure for determination of the error that is used for PID control. Generally one would set SP.SP to the minimum value necessary for proper operation of air terminals in the conditioned space at all load conditions. Too high of a value will cause unnecessary fan motor power consumption at part load conditions and/or noise problems. Too low a value will result in insufficient airflow.

VFD Minimum Speed (*SP.MN*) — This is the minimum speed for the supply fan VFD. Typically the value is chosen to maintain a minimum level of ventilation.

<u>VFD Heating Minimum Speed (*HT.V.M*)</u> — This is the low speed setting for units in heating mode. The range is 75 to 100% with the default setting of 75%.

NOTE: Most VFDs have a built-in minimum speed adjustment which must be configured for 0% when using *Comfort*Link controls for static pressure control.

<u>VFD Maximum Speed (SP.MX)</u> — This is the maximum speed for the supply fan VFD. This is usually set to 100% when *CV.FD* = Yes, the range is 33 to 67% with the default setting of 67%.

<u>VFD Fire Speed Override</u> (*SP.FS*) — This is the speed that the supply fan VFD will use during the pressurization, evacuation and purge fire modes. This is usually set to 100%.

<u>Static Pressure Reset Configuration (SP.RS)</u> — This option is used to configure the static pressure reset function. When **SP.RS** = 0, there is no static pressure reset via an analog input.

If the outdoor air quality sensor is not configured (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ*.*CF* \rightarrow *OQ*.*A*.*C* = 0), then it is possible to use the outdoor air quality sensor location on the CEM board to perform static pressure reset via an external 4 to 20 mA input.

Configuring *SP.RS* = 1 provides static pressure reset based on this CEM 4 to 20 mA input and ranged from 0 to 3 in. wg. Wire the input to the CEM using TB6-11 and 12. When *SP.RS* = 2, there is static pressure reset based on RAT and defined by *SP.RT* and *SP.LM*. When *SP.RS* = 3, there is static pressure reset based on SPT and defined by *SP.RT* and *SP.LM*.

Setting *SP.RS* to 1, 2 or 3 will give the user the ability to reset from 0 to 3 in. wg of static pressure. The reset will apply to the supply static pressure set point. The static pressure reset function will only act to reduce the static pressure control point.

As an example, the static pressure reset input is measuring 6 mA, and is therefore resetting 2 mA (6 mA – 4 mA) of its 16 mA control range. The 4 to 20 mA range corresponds directly to the 0 to 3 in. wg of reset. Therefore 2 mA reset is 2/16 * 3 in. wg = 0.375 in. wg of reset. If the static pressure set point (*SP.SP*) = 1.5 in. wg, then the static pressure control point for the system will be reset to 1.5 - 0.375 = 1.125 in. wg.

When *SPRS* = 4, the static pressure reset function acts to provide direct VFD speed control where 4 mA = 0% speed and 20 mA = 100% (*SP.MN* and *SP.MX* will override). Note that *SP.CF* must be set to 1 (VFD Control), prior to configuring *SP.RS* = 4. Failure to do so could result in damage to ductwork due to overpressurization. This is the recommended approach if a third party wishes to control the variable speed supply fan. In effect, this represents a speed control signal "pass through" under normal operating circumstances. The *Comfort*Link control system overrides the third party signal for critical operation situations, most notably smoke and fire control.

<u>Static Pressure Reset Ratio (SP.RT)</u> — This option defines the reset ratio in terms of static pressure versus temperature. The reset ratio determines how much is the static pressure reduced for every degree below set point for RAT or SPT.

<u>Static Pressure Reset Limit (SPLM)</u> — This option defines the maximum amount of static pressure reset that is allowed. This is sometimes called a "clamp."

NOTE: Resetting static pressure via RAT and SPT is primarily a constant volume application which utilizes a VFD. The reasoning is that there is significant energy savings in slowing down a supply fan as opposed to running full speed with supply air reset. Maintaining the supply air set point and slowing down the fan has the additional benefit of working around dehumidification concerns.

Static Pressure Reset Economizer Position (*SPEC*) — This option effectively resets ECONOMIN to fully occupied ventilation position, to account for the drop in static pressure during static pressure reset control. The static pressure reset for the calculation cannot be larger than the supply air static set point (*SPSP*).

The calculation is as follows:

(Static Pressure Reset/*SP.LM*) x (ECONOSPR - ECONOMIN)

As an example, the static pressure reset limit (SPLM) = 0.75 in. wg. The current static pressure reset is set to 0.5 in. wg. The settings for ECONOSPR = 50% and ECONOMIN = 20%.

Table 75 — Static Pressure Control Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
SP	SUPPLY STATIC PRESS.CFG.				
SP.CF	Static Pres. VFD Control?	0, 1		STATICFG	0*
CV.FD	Constant VOL IDF is VFD	Yes/No		CVIDFVFD	No
SP.FN	Static Pres. Fan Control?	Yes/No		STATPFAN	Yes*
SP.S	Static Pressure Sensor	Enable/Disable		SPSENS	Disable*
SP.LO	Static Press. Low Range	-10 - 0	in. W.C.	SP_LOW	0
SP.HI	Static Press. High Range	0 - 10	in. W.C.	SP_HIGH	5
SP.SP	Static Pressure Setpoint	0 - 5	in. W.C.	SPSP	1.5
SP.MN	VFD Minimum Speed	0 - 100	%	STATPMIN	20
SP.MX	VFD Maximum Speed	0 - 100†	%	STATPMAX	100**
SP.FS	VFD Fire Speed Override	0 - 100	%	STATPFSO	100
HT.V.M	VFD Heating Minimum Speed	75-100	%	VFDHTMIN	75
SP.RS	Stat. Pres. Reset Config	0 - 4		SPRSTCFG	0
SP.RT	SP Reset Ratio ("/dF)	0 - 2.00		SPRRATIO	0.2
SP.LM	SP Reset Limit in iwc (")	0 - 2.00		SPRLIMIT	0.75
SP.EC	SP Reset Econo.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOSPR	5
S.PID	STAT.PRESS.PID CONFIGS				
SP.TM	Static Press. PID Run Rate	1 - 200	sec	SPIDRATE	2
SP.P	Static Press. Prop. Gain	0 - 100		STATP_PG	20
SP.I	Static Press. Intg. Gain	0 - 50		STATP_IG	2
SP.D	Static Press. Derv. Gain	0 - 50		STATP_DG	0
SP.SG	Static Press. System Gain	0 - 50		STATP_SG	1.0

Some defaults are model number dependent.

Therefore, the amount to add to the economizer's ECONOMIN configuration is: (0.5/0.75) x (50-20) = 20%. In effect, for the positioning of the economizer, ECONOMIN would now be replaced by ECONOMIN + 10%.

Static Pressure PID Config (S.PID) — Static pressure PID configuration can be accessed under this heading in the Con*figuration* → *SP* submenu. Under most operating conditions the control PID factors will not require any adjustment and the factory defaults should be used. If persistent static pressure fluctuations are detected, small changes to these factors may improve performance. Decreasing the factors generally reduce the responsiveness of the control loop, while increasing the factors increase its responsiveness. Note the existing settings before making changes, and seek technical assistance from Carrier before making significant changes to these factors.

Static Pressure PID Run Rate (S.PID SP.TM) — This is the number of seconds between duct static pressure readings taken by the *Comfort*Link PID routine.

Static Pressure Proportional Gain (S.PID SP.P) — This is the proportional gain for the static pressure control PID control

Static Pressure Integral Gain (S.PID -> SP.I) — This is the integral gain for the static pressure control PID control loop.

Static Pressure Derivative Gain (S.PID -> SP.D) — This is the derivative gain for the static pressure control PID control loop.

Static Pressure System Gain (S.PID \rightarrow SP.SG) — This is the system gain for the static pressure control PID control loop.

STATIC PRESSURE RESET OPERATION — The ComfortLink controls support the use of static pressure reset. The Linkage Master terminal monitors the primary air damper position of all the terminals in the system (done through LINKAGE with the new ComfortIDTM air terminals).

The Linkage Master then calculates the amount of supply static pressure reduction necessary to cause the most open damper in the system to open more than the minimum value (60%) but not more than the maximum value (90% or negligible static pressure drop). This is a dynamic calculation, which occurs every two minutes when ever the system is operating.

The calculation ensures that the supply static pressure is always enough to supply the required airflow at the worst case terminal but never more than necessary, so that the primary air dampers do not have to operate with an excessive pressure drop (more than required to maintain the airflow set point of each individual terminal in the system).

As the system operates, if the most open damper opens more than 90%, the system recalculates the pressure reduction variable and the value is reduced. Because the reset value is subtracted from the controlling set point at the equipment, the pressure set point increases and the primary-air dampers close a little (to less than 90%). If the most open damper closes to less than 60%, the system recalculates the pressure reduction variable and the value is increased. This results in a decrease in the controlling set point at the equipment, which causes the primary-air dampers to open a little more (to greater than 60%).

The rooftop unit has the static pressure set point programmed into the CCN control. This is the maximum set point that could ever be achieved under any condition. To simplify the installation and commissioning process for the field, this system control is designed so that the installer only needs to enter a maximum duct design pressure or maximum equipment pressure, whichever is less. There is no longer a need to calculate the worst case pressure drop at design conditions and then hope that some intermediate condition does not require a higher supply static pressure to meet the load conditions. For example, a system design requirement may be 1.2 in. wg, the equipment may be capable of providing 3.0 in. wg and the supply duct is designed for 5.0 in. wg. In this case, the installer could enter 3.0 in. wg as the supply static pressure set point and allow the air terminal system to dynamically adjust the supply duct static pressure set point as required.

The system will determine the actual set point required delivering the required airflow at every terminal under the current load conditions. The set point will always be the lowest value under the given conditions. As the conditions and airflow set points at each terminal change throughout the operating period, the equipment static pressure set point will also change.

^{† 33-67} when CV.FD = Yes. ** 67 when CV.FD = Yes.

The CCN system must have access to a CCN variable (SPRESET which is part of the equipment controller). In the algorithm for static pressure control, the SPRESET value is always subtracted from the configured static pressure set point by the equipment controller. The SPRESET variable is always checked to be a positive value or zero only (negative values are limited to zero). The result of the subtraction of the SPRESET variable from the configured set point is limited so that it cannot be less than zero. The result is that the system will dynamically determine the required duct static pressure based on the actual load conditions currently in the space. This eliminates the need to calculate the design supply static pressure set point. This also saves the energy difference between the design static pressure set point and the required static pressure.

Third Party 4 to 20 mA Input — It is also possible to perform static pressure reset via an external 4 to 20 mA signal connected to the CEM board where 4 mA corresponds to 0 in. wg of reset and 20 mA corresponds to 3 in. wg of reset. The static pressure 4 to 20 mA input shares the same input as the analog OAQ sensor. Therefore, both sensors cannot be used at the same time. To enable the static pressure reset 4 to 20 mA sensor, set (*Configuration*→*SP*→*SP.RS*) to Enabled.

RELATED POINTS — These points represent static pressure control and static pressure reset inputs and outputs. See Table 76.

<u>Static Pressure mA (SP.M)</u> — This variable reflects the value of the static pressure sensor signal received by the *Comfort*Link controls. The value may be helpful in trouble-shooting.

Static Pressure mA Trim (*SP.M.T*) — This input allows a modest amount of trim to the 4 to 20 mA static pressure transducer signal, and can be used to calibrate a transducer.

Static Pressure Reset mA (*SP.R.M*) — This input reflects the value of a 4 to 20 mA static pressure reset signal applied to TB6 terminals 11 and 12 on the CEM board, from a third party control system.

<u>Static Pressure Reset (SPRS)</u> — This variable reflects the value of a static pressure reset signal applied from a CCN system. The means of applying this reset is by forcing the value of the variable SPRESET through CCN.

<u>Supply Fan VFD Speed (S.VFD)</u> — This output can be used to check on the actual speed of the VFD. This may be helpful in some cases for troubleshooting.

Fan Status Monitoring

GENERAL — The A Series *Comfort*Link controls offer the capability to detect a failed supply fan through either a duct static pressure transducer or an accessory discrete switch. The fan status switch is an accessory that allows for the monitoring of a discrete switch, which trips above a differential pressure drop across the supply fan. For any unit with a factory-installed duct static pressure sensor, it is possible to measure duct pressure rise directly, which removes the need for a differential switch. All 48/50AK,AW,A3,A5 units with a factory-installed supply fan VFD will have the duct static pressure sensor as standard.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The fan status monitoring configurations are located in *Configuration* → *UNIT*. See Table 77.

<u>Fan Stat Monitoring Type (SFS.M)</u> — This configuration selects the type of fan status monitoring to be performed.

- 0 NONE No switch or monitoring
- 1 SWITCH Use of the fan status switch
- 2 SP RISE Monitoring of the supply duct pressure.

Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit (SFS.S) — This configuration will configure the unit to shut down on a supply fan status fail or simply alert the condition and continue to run. When configured to YES, the control will shut down the unit if supply fan status monitoring fails and the control will also send out an alarm. If set to NO, the control will not shut down the unit if supply fan status monitoring fails but will send out an alert.

SUPPLY FAN STATUS MONITORING LOGIC — Regardless of whether the user is monitoring a discrete switch or is monitoring static pressure, the timing for both methods are the same and rely upon the configuration of static pressure control. The configuration that determines static pressure control is **Configuration**—**SP**—**SP.CF**. If this configuration is set to 0 (none), a fan failure condition must wait 60 continuous seconds before taking action. If this configuration is 1 (VFD), a fan failure condition must wait 3 continuous minutes before taking action.

If the unit is configured to monitor a fan status switch (*SFS.M* = 1), and if the supply fan commanded state does not match the supply fan status switch for 3 continuous minutes, then a fan status failure has occurred.

If the unit is configured for supply duct pressure monitoring (SFS.M = 2), then

- If the supply fan is requested ON and the static pressure reading is not greater than 0.2 in. wg for 3 continuous minutes, a fan failure has occurred.
- If the supply fan is requested OFF and the static pressure reading is not less than 0.2 in. wg for 3 continuous minutes, a fan failure has occurred.

Dirty Filter Switch — The unit can be equipped with a field-installed accessory dirty filter switch. The switch is located in the filter section. If a dirty filter switch is not installed, the switch input is configured to read "clean" all the time.

To enable the sensor for dirty filter monitoring set $Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow SENS \rightarrow FLT.S$ to ENABLE. The state of the filter status switch can be read at $Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow FLT.S$. See Table 78.

Table 77 — Fan Status Monitoring Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
SFS.S	Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit	Yes/No	SFS_SHUT
SFS.M	Fan Stat Monitoring Type	0 - 2	SFS_MON

Table 78 — Dirty Filter Switch Points

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
	Filter Stat.Sw.Enabled ?		FLTS_ENA
Inputs→GEN.I →FLT.S	Filter Status Input	DRTY/CLN	FLTS

Table 76 — Static Pressure Reset Related Points

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
Inputs					
ightarrow 4-20 $ ightarrow$ SP.M	Static Pressure mA	4-20	mA	SP_MA	
ightarrow 4-20 $ ightarrow$ SP.M.T	Static Pressure mA Trim	-2.0 - +2.0	mA	SPMATRIM	
ightarrow 4-20 $ ightarrow$ SP.R.M	Static Pressure Reset mA	4-20	mA	SPRST_MA	0.0
\rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SP.RS	Static Pressure Reset	0.0-3.0	in. wg	SPRESET	0.0
Outputs					
$\rightarrow \textbf{Fans} \rightarrow \textbf{S.VFD}$	Supply Fan VFD Speed	0-100	%	SFAN_VFD	

Monitoring of the filter status switch is disabled in the Service Test mode and when the supply fan is not commanded on. If the fan is on and the unit is not in a test mode and the filter status switch reads "dirty" for 2 continuous minutes, an alert is generated. Recovery from this alert is done through a clearing of all alarms or after cleaning the filter and the switch reads "clean" for 30 seconds.

NOTE: The filter switch should be adjusted to allow for the operating cfm and the type of filter. Refer to the accessory installation instructions for information on adjusting the switch.

Economizer — The economizer control is used to manage the outside and return air dampers of the unit to provide ventilation air as well as free cooling based on several configuration options. This section contains a description of the economizer and its ability to provide free cooling. See the section on Indoor Air Quality Control on page 67 for more information on setting up and using the economizer to perform demand controlled ventilation (DCV). See the Third Party Control section for a description on how to take over the operation of the economizer through external control.

The economizer system also permits this unit to perform smoke control functions based on external control switch inputs. Refer to the Smoke Control Modes section for detailed discussions.

Economizer control can be based on automatic control algorithms using unit-based set points and sensor inputs. This economizer control system can also be managed through external logic systems.

The economizer system is a factory-installed option. This unit can also have the following devices installed to enhance economizer control:

- · Outside air humidity sensor
- Return air humidity sensor

NOTE: All these options require the controls expansion module (CEM).

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The economizer configuration options are under the Local Display Mode *Configuration* $\rightarrow ECON$. See Table 79.

Economizer Installed? (*EC.EN*) — If an economizer is not installed or is to be completely disabled then the configuration option *EC.EN* should be set to No. Otherwise in the case of an installed economizer, this value must be set to Yes.

Economizer Minimum Position (*EC.MN*) — The configuration option *EC.MN* is the economizer minimum position. See the section on indoor air quality for further information on how to reset the economizer further to gain energy savings and to more carefully monitor IAQ problems.

Economizer Maximum Position (*EC.MX*) — The upper limit of the economizer may be limited by setting *EC.MX*. This value defaults to 98% to avoid problems associated with slight changes in the economizer damper's end stop over time. Typically this will not need to be adjusted.

Economizer Trim for Sum Z? (*E.TRM*) — Sum Z is the adaptive cooling control algorithm used for multiple stages of mechanical cooling capacity. The configuration option, *E.TRM* is typically set to Yes, and allows the economizer to modulate to the same control point (Sum Z) that is used to control capacity staging. The advantage is lower compressor cycling coupled with tighter temperature control. Setting this option to No will cause the economizer, if it is able to provide free cooling, to open to the Economizer Max. Position (*EC.MX*) during mechanical cooling.

ECONOMIZER OPERATION — There are four potential elements which are considered concurrently which determine whether the economizer is able to provide free cooling:

- 1. Dry bulb changeover (outside-air temperature qualification)
- 2. Economizer switch (discrete control input monitoring)

- 3. Economizer changeover select (*E.SEL* economizer changeover select configuration option)
- Outdoor dewpoint limit check (requires an installed outdoor relative humidity sensor installed)

Dry Bulb Changeover (*OAT.L*) — Outside-air temperature may be viewed under *Temperatures* \rightarrow *AIR.T* \rightarrow *OAT*. The control constantly compares its outside-air temperature reading against the high temperature OAT lockout (*OAT.L*). If the temperature reads above *OAT.L*, the economizer will not be allowed to perform free cooling.

Economizer Switch (EC.SW) — The function of this switch is determined by $Configuration \rightarrow ECON \rightarrow EC.SW$. The state of the corresponding economizer input can be viewed under $Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow E.SW$.

When set to EC.SW = 0, the switch is disabled. When set to EC.SW = 1, the economizer switch functions to enable/disable the economizer. When set to EC.SW = 2, the switch functions as an IAQ override switch. This functions just like the discrete IAQ input $Inputs \rightarrow AIR.Q \rightarrow IAQ.I$ when $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow IQ.I.C = 2$ (IAQ Discrete Override). See the Indoor Air Quality Control section for more information.

When $Configuration \rightarrow ECON \rightarrow EC.SW=1$ and $Inputs \rightarrow GEN.I \rightarrow E.SW = No$, free cooling will not be allowed.

Economizer Control Type (*E.TYP*) — This configuration should not be changed.

Economizer Changeover Select (*E.SEL*) — The control is capable of performing any one of the following changeover types in addition to both the dry bulb lockout and the external switch enable input:

E.SEL = 0 none

E.SEL = 1 Differential Dry Bulb Changeover

E.SEL = 2 Outdoor Enthalpy Changeover

E.SEL = 3 Differential Enthalpy Changeover

Differential Dry Bulb Changeover — As both return air and outside air temperature sensors are installed as standard on these units, the user may select this option, **E.SEL** = 1, to perform a qualification of return and outside air in the enabling and disabling of free cooling. If this option is selected and outside-air temperature is greater than return-air temperature, free cooling will not be allowed.

Outdoor Enthalpy Changeover — This option should be used in climates with higher humidity conditions. The A Series control can use an enthalpy switch or enthalpy sensor, or the standard installed outdoor dry bulb sensor and an accessory relative humidity sensor to calculate the enthalpy of the air.

Setting *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *E.SEL* = 2 requires that the user configure *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *OA.E.C*, the Outdoor Enthalpy Changeover Select, and install an outdoor relative humidity sensor. Once the sensor is installed, enable *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *ORH.S*, the outdoor relative humidity sensor configuration option.

If the user selects one of the Honeywell curves, A,B,C or D, then *OA.E.C* options 1-4 should be selected. See Fig. 10 for a diagram of these curves on a psychrometric chart.

OA.E.C = 1 Honeywell A Curve

OA.E.C = 2 Honeywell B Curve

OA.E.C = 3 Honeywell C Curve

OA.E.C = 4 Honeywell D Curve

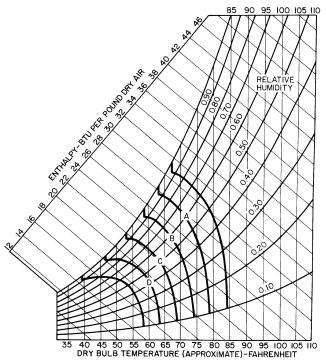
OA.E.C = 5 custom enthalpy curve

If the user selects OA.E.C = 5, a direct comparison of outdoor enthalpy versus an enthalpy set point is done. This outdoor enthalpy set point limit is configurable, and is called $Configuration \rightarrow ECON \rightarrow OA.EN$.

Depending on what *Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *OA.E.C* is configured for, if the outdoor enthalpy exceeds the Honeywell

curves or the outdoor enthalpy compare value (*Configuration* → *ECON* → *OA.EN*), then free cooling will not be allowed.

Differential Enthalpy Changeover — This option compares the outdoor-air enthalpy to the return air enthalpy and chooses the option with the lowest enthalpy. This option should be used in climates with high humidity conditions. This option uses both humidity sensors and dry bulb sensors to calculate the enthalpy of the outdoor and return air. An accessory outdoor air humidity sensor (ORH.S) and return air humidity sensor (ORH.S) are used. The outdoor air relative humidity sensor config (ORH.S) and return air humidity sensor config (Configuration — UNIT — SENS — RRH.S) must be enabled.



CONTROL CURVE	CONTROL POINT (approx Deg) AT 50% RH
Α	73
В	68
С	63
D	58

Fig. 10 — Psychrometric Chart for Enthalpy Control

Outdoor Dewpoint Limit Check — If an outdoor relative humidity sensor is installed, then the control is able to calculate the outdoor air dewpoint temperature and will compare this temperature against the outside air dewpoint temperature limit configuration (Configuration →ECON →O.DEW). If the outdoor air dewpoint temperature is greater than O.DEW, then free cooling will not be allowed. Figure 11 shows a horizontal limit line in the custom curve of the psychrometric chart. This is the outdoor air dewpoint limit boundary.

<u>Custom Psychrometric Curves</u> — Refer to the psychrometric chart and the standard Honeywell A-D curves in Fig. 10. The curves start from the bottom and rise vertically, angle to the left and then fold over. This corresponds to the limits imposed by dry bulb changeover, outdoor enthalpy changeover and outdoor dewpoint limiting respectively. Therefore, it is now possible to create any curve desired with the addition of one outdoor relative humidity sensor and the options for changeover now available. See Fig. 11 for an example of a custom curve constructed on a psychrometric chart.

UNOCCUPIED ECONOMIZER FREE COOLING — This Free Cooling function is used to start the supply fan and use the economizer to bring in outside air when the outside temperature is cool enough to pre-cool the space. This is done to delay the need for mechanical cooling when the system enters the occupied period. This function requires the use of a space temperature sensor.

When configured, the economizer will modulate during an unoccupied period and attempt to maintain space temperature to the occupied cooling set point. Once the need for cooling has been satisfied during this cycle, the fan will be stopped.

Configuring the economizer for Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling is done in the *UEFC* group. There are three configuration options, *FC.CF*, *FC.TM* and *FC.LO*.

<u>Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling Configuration</u> (*FC.CF*) — This option is used to configure the type of unoccupied economizer free cooling control that is desired.

- 0 = disable unoccupied economizer free cooling
- 1 = perform unoccupied economizer free cooling as available during the entire unoccupied period.
- 2 = perform unoccupied economizer free cooling as available, *FC.TM* minutes before the next occupied period.

<u>Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling Time Configuration</u> (*FC.TM*) — This option is a configurable time period, prior to the next occupied period, that the control will allow unoccupied economizer free cooling to operate. This option is only applicable when *FC.CF* = 2.

Table 79 — Economizer Configuration Ta
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ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
EC.EN	Economizer Installed?	Yes/No		ECON_ENA	Yes
EC.MN	Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMIN	5
EC.MX	Economizer Max.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMAX	98
E.TRM	Economzr Trim For SumZ ?	Yes/No		ECONTRIM	Yes
E.SEL	Econ ChangeOver Select	0 - 3	•	ECON_SEL	0
OA.E.C	OA Enthalpy ChgOvr Selct	1 - 5		OAEC_SEL	4
OA.EN	Outdr.Enth Compare Value	18 - 28	1	OAEN_CFG	24
OAT.L	High OAT Lockout Temp	-40 - 120	dF	OAT_LOCK	60
O.DEW	OA Dewpoint Temp Limit	50 - 62	dF	OADEWCFG	55
ORH.S	Outside Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable	•	OARHSENS	Disable
E.TYP	Economizer Control Type	1 - 3	1	ECON_CTL	1
EC.SW	Economizer Switch Config	0 - 2		ECOSWCFG	0
E.CFG	ECON.OPERATION CONFIGS	•	•	•	•
E.P.GN	Economizer Prop.Gain	0.7 - 3.0	1	EC_PGAIN	1
E.RNG	Economizer Range Adjust	0.5 - 5	^F	EC_RANGE	2.5
E.SPD	Economizer Speed Adjust	0.1 - 10		EC_SPEED	0.75
E.DBD	Economizer Deadband	0.1 - 2	^F	EC_DBAND	0.5
UEFC	UNOCC.ECON.FREE COOLING	1	•	•	•
FC.CF	Unoc Econ Free Cool Cfg	0-2		UEFC_CFG	0
FC.TM	Unoc Econ Free Cool Time	0 - 720	min	UEFCTIME	120
FC.L.O	Un.Ec.Free Cool OAT Lock	40 - 70	dF	UEFCNTLO	50

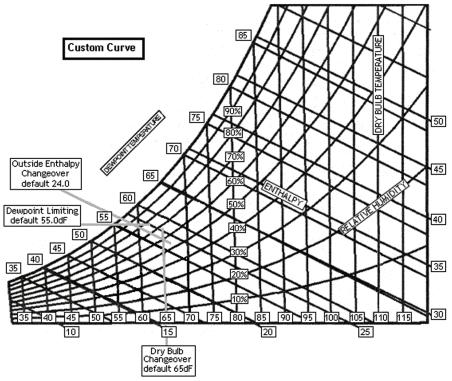


Fig. 11 — Custom Changeover Curve Example

<u>Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling Outside Lockout Temperature (*FC.L.O*) — This configuration option allows the user to select an outside-air temperature below which unoccupied free cooling is not allowed. This is further explained in the logic section.</u>

<u>Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling Logic</u> — The following qualifications that must be true for unoccupied free cooling to operate:

- Unit configured for an economizer
- Space temperature sensor enabled and sensor reading within limits
- Unit is in the unoccupied mode
- FC.CF set to 1 or FC.CF set to 2 and control is within FC.TM minutes of the next occupied period
- Not in the Temperature Compensated Start Mode
- Not in a cooling mode
- Not in a heating mode
- Not in a tempering mode
- Outside-air temperature sensor reading within limits
- Economizer would be allowed to cool if the fan were requested and in a cool mode
- OAT > **FC.L.O** (1.0° F hysteresis applied)
- Unit not in a fire smoke mode
- No fan failure when configured to for unit to shut down on a fan failure

If all of the above conditions are satisfied:

Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling will start when both of the following conditions are true:

 $\{SPT > (OCSP + 2)\}\ AND\ \{SPT > (OAT + 8)\}\$

The Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling Mode will stop when either of the following conditions are true:

 $\{SPT < OCSP\}$ **OR** $\{SPT < (OAT + 3)\}$ where SPT = Space Temperature and OCSP = Occupied Cooling Set Point.

When the Unoccupied Economizer Free Cooling mode is active, the supply fan is turned on and the economizer damper modulated to control to the supply air set point (*Setpoints* \rightarrow *SASP*) plus any supply air reset that may be applied (*Inputs* \rightarrow *RSET* \rightarrow *SA.S.R*).

ECONOMIZER OPERATION CONFIGURATION — The configuration items in the *E.CFG* menu group affect how the economizer modulates when attempting to follow an economizer cooling set point. Typically, they will not need adjustment. In fact, it is strongly advised not to adjust these configuration items from their default settings without first consulting a service engineering representative.

In addition, the economizer cooling algorithm is designed to automatically slow down the economizer actuator's rate of travel as outside air temperature decreases.

ECONOMIZER DIAGNOSTIC HELP — Because there are so many conditions which might disable the economizer from being able to provide free cooling, the control has a display table to identify these potentially disabling sources. The user can check *ACTV*, the "Economizer Active" flag. If this flag is set to Yes there is no reason to check *DISA* (Economizer Disabling Conditions). If the flag is set to No, this means that at least one or more of the flags under the group *DISA* are set to Yes and the user can discover what is preventing the economizer from performing free cooling by checking the table.

The economizer's reported and commanded positions are also viewable, as well as outside air temperature, relative humidity, enthalpy and dew point temperature.

The following information can be found under the Local Display Mode *Run Status*→*ECON*. See Table 80.

Economizer Control Point Determination Logic — Once the economizer is allowed to provide free cooling, the economizer must determine exactly what set point it should try to maintain. The set point the economizer attempts to maintain when "free cooling" is located at *Run Status*—*VIEW*—*EC.C.P.* This is the economizer control point.

The control selects set points differently, based on the control type of the unit. This control type can be found at *Configuration*—*UNIT*—*C.TYP*. There are 6 types of control.

C.TYP = 1 VAV-RAT

C.TYP = 2 VAV-SPT

C.TYP = 3 TSTAT Multi-Staging

C.TYP = 4 TSTAT 2 Stage

C.TYP = 5 SPT Multi-Staging C.TYP = 6 SPT 2 Stage

If the economizer is not allowed to do free cooling, then EC.C.P = 0.

If the economizer is allowed to do free cooling and the Unoccupied Free Cooling Mode is ON, then $EC.C.P = Setpoints \rightarrow SASP + Inputs \rightarrow RSET \rightarrow SA.S.R$.

If the economizer is allowed to do free cooling and the Dehumidification mode is ON, then EC.C.P = the Cooling Control Point ($Run Status \rightarrow VIEW \rightarrow CL.C.P$).

If the *C.TYP* is either 4 or 6, and the unit is in a cool mode, then

If Stage = 0 EC.C.P = the Cooling Control Point (*Run Status* $\rightarrow VIEW \rightarrow CL.C.P$)

If Stage = 1 53.0 + economizer suction pressure reset (see below)

If Stage = 2 48.0 + economizer suction pressure reset (see below)

NOTE: To check the current cooling stage go to *Run Status* $\rightarrow Cool \rightarrow CUR.S$.

If the C.TYP is either 1,2,3 or 5, and the unit is in a cool mode, then EC.C.P = the Cooling Control Point ($Run Status \rightarrow VIEW \rightarrow CL.C.P$).

Economizer Suction Pressure Reset for Two-Stage Cooling — If the unit's control type is set to either 2-stage thermostat or 2-stage space temperature control, then there is no cooling control point. Stages 1 and 2 are brought on based on demand, irrespective of the evaporator discharge temperature. In this case, the economizer monitors suction pressure and resets the economizer control point accordingly in order to protect the unit from freezing. For those conditions when the economizer opens up fully but is not able to make set point, and then a compressor comes on, it is conceivable that the coil might freeze. This can be indirectly monitored by checking suction pressure. Rather than fail a circuit, the control will attempt to protect the unit by resetting the economizer control point until the suction pressure rises out of freezing conditions.

If either circuit's suction pressure drops to within 5 psig of the low suction pressure trip point, the control will start adding reset to the economizer control point if it is active. It will be possible to reset the control point upwards, 10 degrees (2 degrees per psig), between the low suction pressure trip point of 52 psig for 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units or 93 psig for 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units. If this does not work, and if the suction pressure drops below the trip point, then the control will further reset the control point 1 degree every 15 seconds up to a

maximum of 10 degrees. The resulting effect will be to warm up the mixed air entering the evaporator, thereby raising the suction pressure.

Building Pressure Control — The building pressure control sequence provides control of the pressure in the building through the modulating flow rate function of the modulating power exhaust option. This function also provides control of the constant volume 2-stage power exhaust option.

BUILDING PRESSURE CONFIGURATION — The building pressure configurations are found at the local display under *Configuration*—*BP.* See Table 81.

<u>Building Pressure Config (BP.CF)</u> — This configuration selects the type of building pressure control.

- BP.CF = 0, No building pressure control
- **BP.CF** = 1, constant volume two-stage power exhaust based on economizer position
- **BP.CF** = 2, multiple stage building pressure control based on a building pressure sensor
- BP.CF = 3, VFD building pressure control based on a building pressure sensor

Building Pressure PID Run Rate (*BPRT*) — This configuration selects the run time of the PID algorithm. This configuration is only active when *BPCF* = 3. It is recommended that this value not be changed without guidance from Service Engineering.

Building Pressure Proportional Gain (*BPP*) — This configuration selects the proportional gain of the PID algorithm. This configuration is only active when *BPCF* = 3. It is recommended that this value not be changed without guidance from Service Engineering.

Building Pressure Integral Gain (*BP.I*) — This configuration selects the integral gain of the PID algorithm. This configuration is only active when *BP.CF* = 3. It is recommended that this value not be changed without guidance from Service Engineering.

Building Pressure Derivative Gain (*BP.D*) — This configuration selects the derivative gain of the PID algorithm. This configuration is only active when *BP.CF* = 3. It is recommended that this value not be changed without guidance from Service Engineering.

Building Pressure Set Point Offset (*BPSO*) — This configuration is the value below the building pressure set point to which the building pressure must fall in order to turn off power exhaust control. This configuration is only active when *BP.CF* = 3.

Building Pressure Minimum Speed (*BPMN*) — This configuration is the minimum allowed VFD speed during building pressure control. This configuration is only active when *BPCF* = 3.

Table 80 — Economizer Run Status Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
ECN.P ECN.C	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos.	0-100 0-100	%	ECONOPOS ECONOCMD	forcible
ACTV	Economizer Active ?	YES/NO	/0	ECACTIVE	TOTOLOIG
DISA	ECON DISABLING CONDITIONS		i		1
UNAV	Econ Act. Unavailable?	YES/NO	Ì	ECONUNAV	
R.EC.D	Remote Econ. Disabled?	YES/NO		ECONDISA	
DBC	DBC - OAT Lockout?	YES/NO		DBC_STAT	
DEW	DEW - OA Dewpt.Lockout?	YES/NO		DEW_STAT	
DDBC OAEC	DDBD- OAT > RAT Lockout? OAEC- OA Enth Lockout?	YES/NO YES/NO		DDBCSTAT OAECSTAT	
DEC	DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout?	YES/NO		DEC STAT	
EDT	EDT Sensor Bad?	YES/NO		EDT STAT	
OAT	OAT Sensor Bad ?	YES/NO		OAT STAT	
FORC	Economizer Forced ?	YES/NO		ECONFORC	
SFON	Supply Fan Not On 30s ?	YES/NO		SFONSTAT	
CLOF	Cool Mode Not In Effect?	YES/NO		COOL_OFF	
OAQL	OAQ Lockout in Effect ?	YES/NO		OAQLOCKD	
HELD	Econ Recovery Hold Off?	YES/NO		ECONHELD	
DH.DS O.AIR	Dehumid. Disabled Econ.? OUTSIDE AIR INFORMATION	YES/NO	Į	DHDISABL	
OAT	Outside Air Temperature	1	l dF	I OAT	I forcible
OA:RH	Outside Air Rel. Humidity		w %	OARH	forcible
OA.F	Outside Air Fiel: Humary Outside Air Enthalpy		/5	OAE	lolololo
OA.D.T	Outside Air Dewpoint Temp		dF	OADEWTMP	

Building Pressure Maximum Speed (*BP.MX*) — This configuration is the maximum allowed VFD speed during building pressure control. This configuration is only active when *BP.CF* = 3.

VFD Fire Speed (BPFS) — This configuration is the VFD speed override when the control is in the purge or evacuation smoke control modes. This configuration is only active when BPCF = 3.

Power Exhaust Motors (*BP.MT*) — This configuration is machine dependent and instructs the building pressure control algorithm as to whether the unit has 4 or 6 motors to control. The motors are controlled by three power exhaust relays A, B, and C. These relay outputs are located at the local display under *Outputs* \rightarrow *FANS* \rightarrow *PE.A,B,C*.

The following table illustrates the number of motors each relay is in control of based on **BP.MT**:

BP.MT	PE_A Relay	PE_B Relay	PE_C Relay	
1 (4 motors)	1 Motor	2 Motors	1 Motor	
2 (6 motors)	1 Motor	2 Motors	3 Motors	

Building Pressure Sensor (BP.S) — This configuration allows the reading of a building pressure sensor when enabled. This is automatically enabled when BP.CF = 2 or 3.

Building Pressure (+/-) Range (*BPR*) — This configuration establishes the range in in. wg that a 4 to 20 mA sensor will be scaled to. The control only allows sensors that measure both positive and negative pressure.

<u>Building Pressure SETP (BP.SP)</u> — This set point is the building pressure control set point. If the unit is configured for modulating building pressure control, then this is the set point that the control will control to.

<u>Power Exhaust on Setp.1 (BP.P1)</u> — When configured for building pressure control type **BP.CF** = 1 (constant volume two-stage control), the control will turn on the first power exhaust fan when the economizer's position exceeds this set point.

Power Exhaust on Setp.1 (BP.P2) — When configured for building pressure control type BP.CF = 1 (constant volume two-stage control), the control will turn on the second power exhaust fan when the economizer's position exceeds this set point.

Modulating PE Algorithm Select (*BP.SL*) — This configuration selects the algorithm used to step the power exhaust stages. This must be set to 1 at all times. The other selections are not used.

<u>Building Pressure PID Evaluation Time (*BP.TM*)</u> — This configuration is the run time rate of the multiple stage (modulating) power exhaust algorithm (*BP.CF*=2).

Building Pressure Threshold Adjustment (*BPZG*) — This configuration is not used. It currently has no effect on building pressure control.

<u>High Building Pressure Level (*BP.HP*)</u> — This configuration is the threshold level above the building pressure set point used to control stages of power exhaust when *BP.SL*=1.

Low Building Pressure Level (*BPLP*) — This configuration is the threshold level below the building pressure set point used to control stages of power exhaust when *BP.SL*=1.

CONSTANT VOLUME 2-STAGE CONTROL (BP.CF = 1) OPERATION — Two exhaust fan relays will be turned on and off based on economizer position. The two trip set points are **BP.P1** and **BP.P2**. If the economizer is greater than or equal to **BP.P1**, then power exhaust stage 1 is requested and a 60-second timer is initialized. If the economizer is 5% below the **BP.P1**, then power exhaust stage 1 is turned off. Also, if the economizer position is less than **BP.P1** and the 60-second timer has expired, power exhaust stage 1 is turned off. The same logic applies to the second power exhaust stage, except the **BP.P2** trip point is monitored. If the economizer position is greater than or equal to BP.P2, then power exhaust stage 2 is energized and a 60-second timer is initialized. If the economizer is 5% below the BP.P2 the second power exhaust stage turned off. If the economizer is less than **BP.P2** and the 60-second timer has expired, second stage power exhaust is turned off.

For *BP.CF*=1, the Table 82 illustrates the power exhaust stages 1 and 2, relay combinations based upon *Configuration* → *BP.MT* (4 or 6 motors).

MULTIPLE POWER EXHAUST STAGE BUILDING PRESSURE CONTROL (*BP.CF* = 2) OPERATION — Building pressure control is active whenever the supply fan is running. The control algorithm to be used (*BP.SL*=1) is a timed threshold technique for bringing stages of power exhaust on and off

The number of power exhaust stages available for this control algorithm is a function of the number of motors it supports. This number of motors is defined by the *Configuration* $\rightarrow BP$ $\rightarrow BP.MT$ configuration. Table 83 illustrates the staging tables for this control algorithm based on *BP.MT*.

The following configurations are used in the controlling of building pressure with this algorithm:

- *Configuration*→*BP*→*B.CFG*→*BP.HP* (building pressure high threshold level)
- *Configuration*→*BP*→*B.CFG*→*BP.LP* (building pressure low threshold level)
- *Configuration*→*BP*→*B.CFG*→*BP.TM* (building pressure timer)

This control function is allowed to add or select power exhaust stages at any time, except that a delay time must expire after a stage is added or subtracted. Any time a stage change is made, a timer is started which delays staging for 10 * BP.TM seconds. The default for BP.TM is 1, therefore the delay between stage changes is set to 10 seconds.

The logic to add or subtract a stage of power exhaust is as follows:

If building pressure (*Pressures*→*AIR.P*→*BP*) is greater than the building pressure set point (*Configuration*→ *BP*→*BPSP*) plus the building pressure high threshold level (*Configuration*→*BP*→*B.CFG*→*BP.HP*) add a stage of power exhaust.

Table 81 — Building Pressure Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
BP	BUILDING PRESS. CONFIG				
BP.CF	Building Press. Config	0-3		BLDG_CFG	0*
BP.RT	Bldg.Pres.PID Run Rate	5-120	sec	BPIDRATE	10
BP.P	Bldg. Press. Prop. Gain	0-5		BLDGP_PG	0.5
BP.I	Bldg.Press.Integ.Gain	0-2		BLDGP_IG	0.5
BP.D	Bldg.Press.Deriv.Gain	0-5		BLDGP_DG	0.3
BP.SO	BP Setpoint Offset	0.0 - 0.5	"H2O	BPSO	0.05
BP.MN	BP VFD Minimum Speed	0-100	%	BLDGPMIN	10
BP.MX	BP VFD Maximum Speed	0-100	%	BLDGPMAX	100
BP.FS	VFD/Act. Fire Speed/Pos.	0-100	%	BLDGPFSO	100
BP.MT	Power Exhaust Motors	1-2		PWRM	1*
BP.S	Building Pressure Sensor	Enable/Dsable		BPSENS	Dsable*
BP.R	Bldg Press (+/-) Range	0 - 1.00	"H2O	BP_RANGE	0.25
BP.SP	Building Pressure Setp.	-0.25 -> 0.25	"H2O	BPSP	0.05
BP.P1	Power Exhaust On Setp.1	0 - 100	%	PES1	35
BP.P2	Power Exhaust On Setp.2	0 - 100	%	PES2	75
B.CFG	BP ALGORITHM CONFIGS				
BP.SL	Modulating PE Alg. Slct.	1-3		BPSELECT	1
BP.TM	BP PID Evaluation Time	0 - 10	min	BPPERIOD	1
BP.ZG	BP Threshold Adjustment	0.1 - 10.0	"H2O	BPZ_GAIN	1
BP.HP	High BP Level	0 - 1.000	"H2O	BPHPLVL	0.05
BP.LP	Low BP Level	0 - 1.000	"H2O	BPLPLVL	0.04

^{*}Some configurations are machine dependent.

Table 82 — Power Exhaust Staging (BP.CF = 1)

<i>BP.MT</i> = 1 (4 motors)	PE.A	PE.B	PE.C
Power Exhaust Stage 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 1	OFF	ON	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 2	ON	ON	ON
BP.MT = 2 (6 motors)	PE.A	PE.B	PE.C
Power Exhaust Stage 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 1	OFF	OFF	ON
Power Exhaust Stage 2	ON	ON	ON

Table 83 — Power Exhaust Staging (BP.CF = 2)

<i>BP.MT</i> = 1 (4 motors)	PE.A	PE.B	PE.C
Power Exhaust Stage 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 1	ON	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 2	OFF	ON	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 3	ON	ON	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 4	ON	ON	ON
BP.MT = 2 (6 motors)	PE.A	PE.B	PE.C
Power Exhaust Stage 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 1	ON	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 2	OFF	ON	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 3	ON	ON	OFF
Power Exhaust Stage 4	ON	OFF	ON
Power Exhaust Stage 5	OFF	ON	ON
Power Exhaust Stage 6	ON	ON	ON

• If building pressure (*Pressures* → *AIR.P* → *BP*) is less than the building pressure set point (*Configuration* → *BP* → *BPSP*) minus the building pressure low threshold level (*Configuration* → *BP* → *B.CFG* → *BP.LP*) subtract a stage of power exhaust.

VFD POWER EXHAUST BUILDING PRESSURE CONTROL (*BP.CF* = 3) — A 4 to 20mA analog output from Economizer Control Board 1 (ECB-1, AO1) is provided as a speed reference for a field-installed VFD power exhaust

accessory. If building pressure (*Pressures* \rightarrow *AIR.P* \rightarrow *BP*) rises above the building pressure set point (*BP.SP*) and the supply fan is on, then building pressure control is initialized. Thereafter, if the supply fan relay goes off or if the building pressure drops below the *BP.SP* minus the building pressure set point offset (*BP.SO*) for 5 continuous minutes, building pressure control will be stopped. The 5-minute timer will continue to reinitialize if the VFD is still commanded to a speed > 0%. If the building pressure falls below the set point, the VFD will slow

down automatically. Control is performed with a PID loop where:

Error = BP - BP.SP

K = 1000 * BPRT/60 (normalize the PID control for run rate)

P = K * BP.P * (error)

I = K * BPI * (error) + "I" calculated last time through the PID

D = K * BPD * (error - error computed last time through the PID)

VFD speed reference (clamped between BPMN and BPMX%) = P + I + D

Smoke Control Modes — There are four smoke control modes that can be used to control smoke within areas serviced by the unit: Pressurization mode, Evacuation mode, Smoke Purge mode, and Fire Shutdown. Evacuation, Pressurization and Smoke Purge modes require the Controls Expansion Board (CEM). The Fire Shutdown input is located on the main board (MBB) on terminals TB5-10 and 11. The unit may also be equipped with a factory-installed return air smoke detector that is wired to TB5-10 and 11 and will shut the unit down if a smoke condition is determined. Field-monitoring wiring can be connected to terminal TB5-8 and 9 to monitor the smoke detector. Inputs on the CEM board can be used to put the unit in the Pressurization, Evacuation, and Smoke Purge modes. These switches or inputs are connected to TB6 as shown below. Refer to Major System Components section on page 102 for wiring diagrams.

Pressurization — TB5-12 and 13

Evacuation — TB5-12 and 14

Smoke Purge — TB5-12 and 15

Each mode must be energized individually on discrete inputs and the corresponding alarm is initiated when a mode is activated. The fire system provides a normally closed dry contact closure. Multiple smoke control inputs, sensed by the control will force the unit into a Fire Shutdown mode.

FIRE-SMOKE INPUTS — These discrete inputs can be found on the local display under $Inputs \rightarrow FIRE$.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
FSD PRES EVAC	Pressurization Input Evacuation Input	ALRM/NORM ALRM/NORM ALRM/NORM ALRM/NORM	PRES EVAC	forcible

<u>Fire Shutdown Mode</u> — This mode will cause an immediate and complete shutdown of the unit.

<u>Pressurization Mode</u> — This mode attempts to raise the pressure of a space to prevent smoke infiltration from an adjacent space. Opening the economizer (thereby closing the return air damper), shutting down power exhaust and turning the indoor fan on will increase pressure in the space.

<u>Evacuation Mode</u> — This mode attempts to lower the pressure of the space to prevent infiltrating an adjacent space with its smoke. Closing the economizer (thereby opening the returnair damper), turning on the power exhaust and shutting down the indoor fan decrease pressure in the space.

<u>Smoke Purge Mode</u> — This mode attempts to draw out smoke from the space after the emergency condition. Opening the economizer (thereby closing the return-air damper), turning on both the power exhaust and indoor fan will evacuate smoke and bring in fresh air.

AIRFLOW CONTROL DURING THE FIRE-SMOKE MODES — All non-smoke related control outputs will get shut down in the fire-smoke modes. Those related to airflow will be controlled as explained below. The following matrix

specifies all actions the control shall undertake when each mode occurs (outputs are forced internally with CCN priority number 1 - "Fire"):

DEVICE	PRESSURIZATION	PURGE	EVACUATION	FIRE SHUTDOWN
Economizer	100%	100%	0%	0%
Indoor Fan — VFD	ON/FSO*	ON/FSO*	OFF	OFF
Power Exhaust	OFF	ON/FSO*	ON/FSO*	OFF
Heat Interlock Relay	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

^{*&}quot;FSO" refers to the supply VFD fire speed override configurable speed.

RELEVANT ITEMS

The economizer's commanded output can be found in *Outputs* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *ECON*.

The configurable fire speed override for supply fan VFD is in $Configuration \rightarrow SP \rightarrow SP.FS$.

The supply fan relay's commanded output can be found in $Outputs \rightarrow FANS \rightarrow S.FAN$.

The supply fan VFD's commanded speed can be found in $Outputs \rightarrow FANS \rightarrow S.VFD$.

Indoor Air Quality Control — The indoor air quality (IAQ) function will admit fresh air into the space whenever space air quality sensors detect high levels of CO₂.

When a space or return air CO₂ sensor is connected to the unit control, the unit's IAQ routine allows a demand-based control for ventilation air quantity, by providing a modulating outside air damper position that is proportional to CO₂ level. The ventilation damper position is varied between a minimum ventilation level (based on internal sources of contaminants and CO₂ levels other than from the effect of people) and the maximum design ventilation level (determined at maximum populated status in the building). Demand controlled ventilation (DCV) is also available when the *Comfort*Link unit is connected to a CCN system using ComfortIDTM terminal controls.

This function also provides alternative control methods for controlling the amount of ventilation air being admitted, including fixed outdoor air ventilation rates (measured as cfm), external discrete sensor switch input and externally generated proportional signal controls.

The IAQ function requires the installation of the factory-option economizer system. The DCV sequences also require the connection of accessory (or field-supplied) space or return air CO_2 sensors. Fixed cfm rate control requires the factory-installed outdoor air cfm option. External control of the ventilation position requires supplemental devices, including a 4 to 20 mA signal, a 10 kilo-ohm potentiometer, or a discrete switch input, depending on the method selected. Outside air CO_2 levels may also be monitored directly and high CO_2 economizer restriction applied when an outdoor air CO_2 sensor is connected. (The outdoor CO_2 sensor connection requires installation of the CEM.)

The ComfortLink control system has the capability of DCV using an IAQ sensor. The indoor air quality (IAQ) is measured using a CO₂ sensor whose measurements are displayed in parts per million (ppm). The IAQ sensor can be field-installed in the return duct. There is also an accessory space IAQ sensor that can be installed directly in the occupied space. The sensor must provide a 4 to 20 mA output signal and must include its own 24-v supply. The sensor connects to terminal TB5-6 and 7. Be sure to leave the 182-ohm resistor in place on terminals 6 and 7. OPERATION — The unit's indoor air quality algorithm modulates the position of the economizer damper between two user configurations depending upon the relationship between the IAQ and the outdoor air quality (OAQ). Both of these values can be read at the Inputs →AIR.Q submenu. The lower of these two configurable positions is referred to as the IAQ Demand

Vent Min Position (*IAQ.M*), while the higher is referred to as Economizer Minimum Position (*EC.MN*). The *IAQ.M* should be set to an economizer position that brings in enough fresh air to remove contaminants and CO₂ generated by sources other than people. The *EC.MN* value should be set to an economizer position that brings in enough fresh air to remove contaminants and CO₂ generated by all sources including people. The *EC.MN* value is the design value for maximum occupancy.

The logic that is used to control the dampers in response to IAQ conditions is shown in Fig. 12. The *Comfort*Link controls will begin to open the damper from the *IAQ.M* position when the IAQ level begins to exceed the OAQ level by a configurable amount, which is referred to as Differential Air Quality Low Limit (*DAQ.L*).

If OAQ is not being measured, OAQ can be manually configured. It should be set at around 400 to 450 ppm or measured with a handheld sensor during the commissioning of the unit. The OAQ reference level can be set using the OAQ Reference Set Point (*OAQ.U*). When the differential between IAQ and OAQ reaches the configurable Diff. Air Quality Hi Limit (*DAQ.H*), then the economizer position will be *EC.MN*.

When the IAQ-OAQ differential is between *DAQ.L* and *DAQ.H*, the control will modulate the damper between *IAQ.M* and *EC.MN* as shown in Fig. 12. The relationship is a linear relationship but other non-linear options can be used. The damper position will never exceed the bounds specified by *IAQ.M* and *EC.MN* during IAQ control.

If the building is occupied and the indoor fan is running and the differential between IAQ and OAQ is less than DAQ.L, the economizer will remain at IAQ.M. The economizer will not close completely. The damper position will be 0 when the fan is not running or the building is unoccupied. The damper position may exceed EC.MN in order to provide free cooling.

The *Comfort*Link controller is configured for air quality sensors which provide 4 mA at 0 ppm and 20 mA at 2000 ppm. If a sensor has a different range, these bounds must be reconfigured. These pertinent configurations for ranging the air quality sensors are *IQ.R.L*, *IQ.R.H*, *OQ.R.L* and *OQ.R.H*. The bounds represent the PPM corresponding to 4 mA (low) and 20 mA (high) for IAQ and OAQ, respectively.

If OAQ exceeds the OAQ Lockout Value (*OAQ.L*), then the economizer will remain at *IAQ.M*. This is used to limit the use of outside air which outdoor air CO₂ levels are above the *OAQ.L* limit. Normally a linear control of the damper vs. the IAQ control signal can be used, but the control also supports non-linear control. Different curves can be used based on the Diff.AQ Responsiveness Variable (*IAQ.R*). See Fig. 13.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The IAQ configuration options are under the Local Display Mode *Configuration* \rightarrow IAQ. See Table 84.

Economizer Min Position (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C$ $\rightarrow EC.MN$) — This is the fully occupied minimum economizer position.

IAQ Demand Vent Min Pos. (Configuration →IAQ →DCV.C →IAQ.M) — This configuration will be used to set the minimum damper position in the occupied period when there is no IAQ demand.

IAQ Analog Sensor Config (Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow IQ.A.C) — This is used to configure the type of IAQ position control. It has the following options:

- *IQ.A.C* = 0 (No analog input). If there is no other minimum position control, the economizer minimum position will be *Configuration→IAQ→DCV.C→EC.MN* and there will be no IAQ control.
- IQ.A.C = 1 (IAQ analog input). An indoor air (space or return air) CO₂ sensor is installed. If an outdoor air CO₂ sensor is also installed, or OAQ is broadcast on the CCN,

- or if a default OAQ value is used, then the unit can perform IAQ control.
- IQ.A.C = 2 (IAQ analog input with minimum position override) If the differential between IAQ and OAQ is above Configuration→IAQ→AQ.SP→DAQ.H, the economizer minimum position will be the IAQ override position (Configuration→IAQ→AQ.SP→IQ.O.P).
- **1Q.A.C** = 3 (4 to 20 mA minimum position) With a 4 to 20 mA signal connected to TB5-6 and 7, the economizer minimum position will be scaled linearly from 0% (4 mA) to **EC.MX** (20 mA).

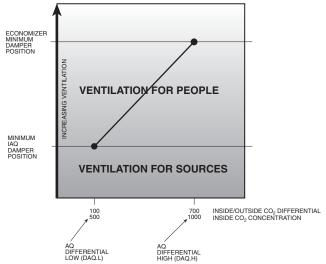
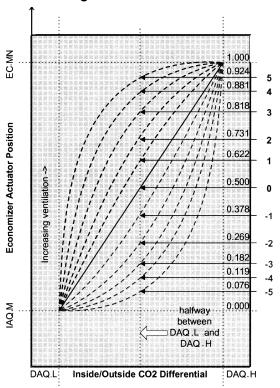


Fig. 12 — IAQ Control



NOTE: Calculating the *IAQ.M* and *EC.MN* damper position based on differential IAQ measurement.

Based on the configuration parameter IAQREACT, the reaction to damper positioning based on differential air quality ppm can be adjusted.

IAQREACT = 1 to 5 (more responsive)
IAQREACT = 0 (linear)
IAQREACT = -1 to -5 (less responsive)

Fig. 13 — IAQ Response Curve

• **IQ.A.C** = 4 (10K potentiometer minimum position) — With a 10K linear potentiometer connected to TB5-6 and 7, the economizer minimum position will be scaled linearly from 0% (0 kilo-ohms) to **EC.MX** (10 kilo-ohms).

IAQ Analog Fan Config (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *AQ.CF* \rightarrow *IQ.A.F*) — This configuration is used to configure the control of the indoor fan. If this option is used then the IAQ sensor must be in the space and not in the return duct. It has the following configurations:

- IQ.A.F = 0 (No Fan Start) IAQ demand will never override normal indoor fan operation during occupied or unoccupied period and turn it on.
- IQ.A.F = 1 (Fan On If Occupied) IAQ demand will override normal indoor fan operation and turn it on (if off) only during the occupied period (CV operation with automatic fan).
- IQ.A.F = 2 (Fan On Occupied/Unoccupied) IAQ demand will always override normal indoor fan operation and turn it on (if off) during both the occupied and unoccupied period. For IQ.A.F = 1 or 2, the fan will be turned on as described above when DAQ is above the DAQ Fan On Set Point (Configuration→IAQ→AQ.SP→D.F.ON). The fan will be turned off when DAQ is below the DAQ Fan Off Set Point (Configuration→IAQ→AQ.SP→D.F.OF). The control can also be set up to respond to a discrete IAQ input. The discrete input is connected to TB5-6 and 7.

IAQ Discrete Input Config (*Configuration*→*IAQ*→*AQ.CF* → *IQ.I.C*) — This configuration is used to set the type of IAQ sensor. The following are the options:

- IQ.I.C = 0 (No Discrete Input) This is used to indicate that no discrete input will be used and the standard IAQ sensor input will be used.
- IQ.I.C = 1 (IAQ Discrete Input) This will indicate that the IAQ level (high or low) will be indicated by the discrete input. When the IAQ level is low, the economizer minimum position will be Configuration → IAQ→DCV.C→IAQ.M.
 IQ.I.C = 2 (IAQ Discrete Input with Minimum Position
- IQ.I.C = 2 (IAQ Discrete Input with Minimum Position Override) — This will indicate that the IAQ level (high or low) will be indicated by the discrete input and the economizer minimum position will be the IAQ override position, IQ.O.P (when high).

It is also necessary to configure how the fan operates when using the IAQ discrete input.

IAQ Discrete Fan Config (Configuration \(\to IAQ \) \(\to AQ.CF \) \(\to IQ.I.F)\) — This is used to configure the operation of the fan during an IAQ demand condition. It has the following configurations:

- IQ.I.F = 0 (No Fan Start) IAQ demand will never override normal indoor fan operation during occupied or unoccupied period and turn it on.
- IQ.I.F = 1 (Fan On If Occupied) IAQ demand will override normal indoor fan operation and turn it on (if off) only during the occupied period (CV operation with automatic fan).
- *IQ.I.F* = 2 (Fan On Occupied/Unoccupied) IAQ demand will always override normal indoor fan operation and turn it on (if off) during both the occupied and unoccupied period.

OAQ 4-20 mA Sensor Config (Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.CF \rightarrow OQ.A.C) — This is used to configure the type of outdoor sensor that will be used for OAQ levels. It has the following configuration options:

- *OQ.A.C* = 0 (No Sensor) No sensor will be used and the internal software reference setting will be used.
- OQ.A.C = 1 (OAQ Sensor with DAQ) An outdoor CO₂ sensor will be used.
- $\mathbf{OQ.A.C} = 2$ (4 to 20 mA Sensor without DAQ).

IAQ Econo Override Pos (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *AQ.SP* \rightarrow *IQ.O.P*) — This configuration is the position that the economizer goes to when override is in effect.

Diff. Air Quality Lo Limit (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP$ $\rightarrow DAQ.L$) — This is the differential CO₂ level at which IAQ control of the dampers will be initiated.

Diff. Air Quality Hi Limit (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP$ $\rightarrow DAQ.H$) — This is the differential CO₂ level at which IAQ control of the dampers will be at maximum and the dampers will be at the *Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow DCV.C \rightarrow EC.MN$.

DAQ ppm Fan Off Set Point (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ$ $\rightarrow AQ.SP \rightarrow D.F.OF$) — This is the CO₂ level at which the indoor fan will be turned off.

Diff. IAQ Responsiveness (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *AQ.SP* \rightarrow *IAQ.R*) — This is the configuration that is used to select the IAQ response curves as shown in Fig. 13.

OAQ Lockout Value (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP \rightarrow QAQ.L$) — This is the maximum OAQ level above which demand ventilation will be disabled.

User Determined OAQ (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.SP \rightarrow OAQ.U$) — If an OAQ sensor is unavailable, the user can manually set the OAQ reading.

IAQ Low Reference (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *AQ.S.R* \rightarrow *IQ.R.L*) — This is the reference that will be used with a non-Carrier IAQ sensor that may have a different characteristic curve. It represents the CO₂ level at 4 mA.

IAQ High Reference (Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.S.R \rightarrow IQ.R.H) — This is the reference that will be used with a non-Carrier IAQ sensor that may have a different characteristic curve. It represents the CO₂ level at 20 mA.

OAQ Low Reference (Configuration $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.S.R$ $\rightarrow OQ.R.L$) — This is the reference that will be used with a non-Carrier OAQ sensor that may have a different characteristic curve. It represents the CO₂ level at 4 mA.

OAQ High Reference (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow AQ.S.R \rightarrow QQ.R.H$) — This is the reference that will be used with a non-Carrier OAQ sensor that may have a different characteristic curve. It represents the CO₂ level at 20 mA.

PRE-OCCUPANCY PURGE — The control has the option for a pre-occupancy purge to refresh the air in the space prior to occupancy.

This feature is enabled by setting $Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow IAQ.P \rightarrow IQ.PG$ to Yes.

The IAQ purge will operate under the following conditions:

- *IO.PG* is enabled
- the unit is in the unoccupied state
- · Current Time is valid
- Next Occupied Time is valid
- time is within two hours of the next occupied period
- time is within the purge duration ($Configuration \rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow IAQ.P \rightarrow IQ.P.T$)

If all of the above conditions are met, the following logic is used:

If $OAT \ge IQ.L.O$ and $OAT \le OCSP$ and economizer is available then purge will be enabled and the economizer will be commanded to 100%.

If OAT < IQ.L.O then the economizer will be positioned to the IAQ Purge LO Temp Min Pos (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow IAQ.P \rightarrow IQ.P.L$)

If neither of the above are true then the dampers will be positioned to the IAQ Purge HI Temp Min Pos (*Configuration* $\rightarrow IAQ \rightarrow IAQ.P \rightarrow IQ.P.H$)

If this mode is enabled the indoor fan and heat interlock relay (VAV) will be energized.

IAQ Purge (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ.P* \rightarrow *IQ.PG*) — This is used to enable IAQ pre-occupancy purge.

IAQ Purge Duration (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ.P* \rightarrow *IQ.PT*) — This is the maximum amount of time that a purge can occur.

IAQ Purge Lo Temp Min Pos (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ.P* \rightarrow *IQ.P.L*) — This is used to configure a low limit for damper position to be used during the purge mode.

IAQ Purge Hi Temp Min Pos (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ.P* \rightarrow *IQ.P.H*) — This is used to configure a maximum position for the dampers to be used during the purge cycle.

IAQ Purge OAT Lockout Temp (*Configuration* \rightarrow *IAQ* \rightarrow *IAQ.P* \rightarrow *IQ.L.O*) — Nighttime lockout temperature below which the purge cycle will be disabled.

Dehumidification and Reheat — The Dehumidification function will override comfort condition set points based on dry bulb temperature and deliver cooler air to the space in order to satisfy a humidity set point at the space or return air humidity sensor. The Reheat function will energize a suitable heating system concurrent with dehumidification sequence should the dehumidification operation result in excessive cooling of the space condition.

The dehumidification sequence requires the installation of a space or return air humidity sensor or a discrete switch input. An ECB option is required to accommodate an RH (relative humidity) sensor connection. A CEM (option or accessory) is required to accommodate an RH switch. Reheat is possible when multiple-step staged gas control option or hydronic heat field-installed coil is installed. Reheat is also possible using a heat reclaim coil (field-supplied and installed) or a DX (direct expansion) reheat coil.

Dehumidification and reheat control are allowed during Cooling and Vent modes in the Occupied period.

On constant volume units using thermostat inputs (*C.TYP* = 3 or 4), the discrete switch input must be used as the dehumidification control input. The commercial ThermidistatTM device is the recommended accessory device.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The settings for dehumidification can be found at the local display at *Configuration* \rightarrow *DEHU*. See Table 85.

<u>Dehumidification Configuration (*D.SEL*)</u> — The dehumidification configuration can be set for the following settings:

- **D.SEL** = 0 No dehumidification and reheat.
- **D.SEL** = 1 The control will perform dehumidification and reheat with staged gas only.
- **D.SEL** = 2 The control will perform both dehumidification and reheat with third party heat via an alarm relay. In the case of **D.SEL**=2, during dehumidification, the alarm relay will close to convey the need for reheat. A typical application might be to energize a 3-way valve to perform DX reheat.

<u>Dehumidification Sensor</u> (*D.SEN*) — The sensor can be configured for the following settings:

- D.SEN = 1 Initiated by return air relative humidity sensor.
- **D.SEN** = 2 Initiated by discrete input.

Economizer Disable in Dehum Mode (**D.EC.D**) — This configuration determines economizer operation during Dehumidification mode.

- D.EC.D = YES Economizer disabled during dehumidification (default).
- D.EC.D = NO Economizer not disabled during dehumidification.

Table 84 — Indoor Air Quality Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
DCV.C	DCV ECONOMIZER SETPOINTS	•		•	
EC.MN	Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMIN	5
IAQ.M	IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos.	0 - 100	%	IAQMINP	0
AQ.CF	AIR QUALITY CONFIGS	•	1	1	•
IQ.A.C	IAQ Analog Sensor Config	0 - 4		IAQANCFG	0
IQ.A.F	IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config	0 - 2		IAQANFAN	0
IQ.I.C	IAQ Discrete Input Config	0 - 2		IAQINCFG	0
IQ.I.F	IAQ Disc.In. Fan Config	0 - 2		IAQINFAN	0
OQ.A.C	OAQ 4-20ma Sensor Config	0 - 2		OAQANCFG	0
AQ.SP	AIR QUALITY SETPOINTS	•	•	•	•
IQ.O.P	IAQ Econo Override Pos.	0 - 100	%	IAQOVPOS	100
DAQ.L	Diff.Air Quality LoLimit	0 - 1000		DAQ_LOW	100
DAQ.H	Diff. Air Quality HiLimit	100 - 2000		DAQ_HIGH	700
D.F.OF	DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint	0 - 2000		DAQFNOFF	200
D.F.ON	DAQ PPM Fan On Setpoint	0 - 2000		DAQFNON	400
IAQ.R	Diff. AQ Responsiveness	-5 - 5		IAQREACT	0
OAQ.L	OAQ Lockout Value	0 - 2000		OAQLOCK	0
OAQ.U	User Determined OAQ	0 - 5000		OAQ_USER	400
AQ.S.R	AIR QUALITY SENSOR RANGE				
IQ.R.L	IAQ Low Reference	0 - 5000		IAQREFL	0
IQ.R.H	IAQ High Reference	0 - 5000		IAQREFH	2000
OQ.R.L	OAQ Low Reference	0 - 5000		OAQREFL	0
OQ.R.H	OAQ High Reference	0 - 5000		OAQREFH	2000
IAQ.P	IAQ PRE-OCCUPIED PURGE	1 V /N -		LIAODUDOE	I Ma
IQ.PG	IAQ Purge	Yes/No	min	IAQPURGE	No 15
IQ.P.T	IAQ Purge Duration	5 - 60	min %	IAOPITME	15
IQ.P.L IQ.P.H	IAQ Purge LoTemp Min Pos	0 - 100 0 - 100	%	IAQPLTMP IAQPHTMP	10 35
IQ.P.H IQ.L.O	IAQ Purge HiTemp Min Pos IAQ Purge OAT Lockout	35 - 70	dF	IAQPNTLO	50
IQ.L.U	ING Fulge OAT LOCKOUL	33 - 70	ur	IAQFITILO	50

Table 85 — Dehumidification Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
DEHU	DEHUMIDIFICATION CONFIG.				
D.SEL	Dehumidification Config	10-2		DHSELECT	10
D.SEN	Dehumidification Sensor	1-2		DHSENSOR	1
D.EC.D	Econ disable in DH mode?	Yes/No		DHECDISA	Yes
D.V.CF	Vent Reheat Setpt Select	0-1		DHVHTCFG	0
D.V.RA	Vent Reheat RAT offset	0-8	^F	DHVRAOFF	0
D.V.HT	Vent Reheat Setpoint	55-95	dF	DHVHT_SP	70
D.C.SP	Dehumidify Cool Setpoint	40-55	dF	DHCOOLSP	45
D.RH.S	Dehumidify RH Setpoint	10-90	%	DHRELHSP	55

<u>Vent Reheat Set Point Select (*D.V.CF*)</u> — This configuration determines how the vent reheat set point is selected.

- D.V.CF = 0 Reheat follows an offset subtracted from return air temperature (D.V.R.A).
- **D.**V.CF = 1 Reheat follows a dehumidification heat set point (**D**.V.HT).

Vent Reheat RAT Offset (**D.V.RA**) — Set point offset used only during the vent mode. The air will be reheated to returnair temperature less this offset.

<u>Vent Reheat Set Point (D.V.HT)</u> — Set point used only during the vent mode. The air will be reheated to this set point.

<u>Dehumidify Cool Set Point (*D.C.SP*)</u> — This is the dehumidification cooling set point.

Dehumidity RH Set Point (*D.RH.S*) — This is the dehumidification relative humidity trip point.

OPERATION — Dehumidification and reheat can only occur if the unit is equipped with either staged gas or hydronic heat. Dehumidification without reheat can be done on any unit but *Configuration* \rightarrow *DEHU* \rightarrow *D.SEL* must be set to 2.

If the machine's control type is a TSTAT type (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *C.TYP*=3 or 4) and the discrete input selection for the sensor is not configured (*D.SEN* not equal to 2), dehumidification will be disabled.

If the machine's control type is a TSTAT type (*Configuration*—*UNIT*—*C.TYP*=3 or 4) and the economizer is able to provide cooling, a dehumidification mode may be called out, but the control will not request mechanical cooling.

If a 2-stage control type is selected (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *C.TYP* = 4 or 6), then the economizer, if active, locks out mechanical cooling during the Dehumidification mode.

NOTE: Configuring *Configuration* \rightarrow *DEHU* \rightarrow *D.SEN* to 2 will enable the CEM board along with the sensor selected for control

NOTE: If $Configuration \rightarrow DEHU \rightarrow D.SEL = 1$ or 2, then staged gas control will be automatically enabled ($Configuration \rightarrow HEAT \rightarrow HT.CF$ will be set to 3).

If a tempering, unoccupied or "mechanical cooling locked out" HVAC mode is present, dehumidification will be disabled. An HVAC Off, Vent or Cool mode must be in effect to launch either a Reheat or Dehumidification mode.

If an associated sensor responsible for dehumidification fails, dehumidification will not be attempted (*SPRH*, *RARH*).

<u>Initiating a Reheat or Dehumidification Mode</u> — To call out a Reheat mode in the Vent or the Off HVAC mode, or to call out a Dehumidification mode in a Cool HVAC mode, one of the following conditions must be true:

- The space is occupied and the humidity is greater than the relative humidity trip point (*D.RH.S*).
- The space is occupied and the discrete humidity input is closed.

<u>Dehumidification and Reheat Control</u> — If a dehumidification mode is initiated, the rooftop will attempt to lower humidity as follows:

• Economizer Cooling — The economizer, if allowed to perform free cooling, will have its control point (*Run Status*→*VIEW*→*EC.C.P*) set to *Configuration*→*DEHU*

- → D.C.SP. If Configuration → DEHU → D.EC.D is disabled, the economizer will always be disabled during dehumidification.
- Cooling For all cooling control types: A High Cool HVAC mode will be requested internally to the control to maintain diagnostics, although the end user will see a Dehumidification mode at the display. In addition, for multi-stage cooling units the cooling control point will be set to *Configuration* $\rightarrow DEHU \rightarrow D.C.SP$ (no SASP reset is applied).
- Reheat When Cooling Demand is Present For reheat control during dehumidification: If reheat follows an offset subtracted from return-air temperature (*Configuration→DEHU→D.SEL* = 2), then no heating will be initiated and the alarm relay will be energized. If *Configuration→DEHU→D.SEL* = 1 and *Configuration→HEAT→HT.CF* = staged gas or hot water valve, then the selected heating control type will operate in the low heat/modulating mode.
- The heating control point will be whatever the actual cooling set point would have been (without any supply air reset applied).
- Reheat During Vent Mode If configured (*Configuration* → *DEHU* → *D.V.CF* = 0), the heating control point will be equal to RAT *D.V.RA*. If configured (*Configuration* → *DEHU* → *D.V.CF* = 1), the heating control point will be equal to the *D.V.HT* set point.

Ending Dehumidification and Reheat Control — When either the humidity sensor fall 5% below the set point (*Configuration* \rightarrow *DEHU* \rightarrow *D.RH.S*) or the discrete input reads "LOW", the Dehumidification mode will end.

Temperature Compensated Start — This logic is used when the unit is in the unoccupied state. The control will calculate early Start Bias time based on Space Temperature deviation from the occupied cooling and heating set points. This will allow the control to start the unit so that the space is at conditioned levels when the occupied period starts. This is required for ASHRAE 90.1 compliance. A space sensor is required for non-linkage applications.

SETTING UP THE SYSTEM — The settings for temperature compensated start can be found in the local display under *Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT*.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT
TCS.C	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Cool Factr	0 - 60	min	TCSTCOOL
TCS.H	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Heat Factr	0 - 60	min	TCSTHEAT

<u>TCST-Cool Factor (*TCS.C*)</u> — This is the factor for the start time bias equation for cooling.

<u>TCST-Heat Factor (*TCS.H*)</u> — This is the factor for the start time bias equation for heating.

NOTE: Temperature compensated start is disabled when these factors are set to 0.

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED START LOGIC — The following conditions must be met:

- Unit is in unoccupied state.
- Next occupied time is valid.
- Current time of day is valid.

 Valid space temperature reading is available (sensor or DAV-Linkage).

The algorithm will calculate a Start Bias time in minutes using the following equations:

If (space temperature > occupied cooling set point)

Start Bias Time = (space temperature – occupied cooling set point)* *TCS.C*

If (space temperature < occupied heating set point)

Start Bias Time = (occupied heating set point – space temperature)**TCS.H*

When the Start Bias Time is greater than zero the algorithm will subtract it from the next occupied time to calculate the new start time. When the new start time is reached, the Temperature Compensated Start mode is set (*Operating Modes* \rightarrow *MODE* \rightarrow *T.C.ST*), the fan is started and the unit controlled as in an occupied state. Once set, Temperature Compensated mode will stay on until the unit goes into the Occupied mode. The Start Bias Time will be written into the CCN Linkage Equipment Table if the unit is controlled in DAV mode. If the Unoccupied Economizer Free Cool mode is active (*Operating Modes* \rightarrow *HVAC* = "UNOCC FREE COOL") when temperature compensated start begins, the Unoccupied Free Cool mode will be stopped.

Carrier Comfort Network® (CCN) System — It is possible to configure the *Comfort*Link control to participate as an element of the Carrier Comfort Network (CCN) system directly from the local display. This section will deal with explaining the various programmable options which are found under the *CCN* sub-menu in the *Configuration* mode.

The major configurations for CCN programming are located in the local displays at *Configuration*—*CCN*. See Table 86.

CCN Address (*CCNA*) — This configuration is the CCN address the rooftop is assigned.

<u>CCN Bus Number (*CCNB*)</u> — This configuration is the CCN bus the rooftop is assigned.

<u>CCN Baud Rate (BAUD)</u> — This configuration is the CCN baud rate. For units equipped with the optional UPC, the CCN Baud Rate must be set to 9600.

<u>CCN Time/Date Broadcast (*TM.DT*)</u> — If this configuration is set to ON, the control will periodically send the time and date out onto the CCN bus once a minute. If this device is on a CCN network then it will be important to make sure that only one device on the bus has this configuration set to ON. If more than one time broadcaster is present, problems with the time will occur.

NOTE: Only the time and date broadcaster can perform daylight savings time adjustments. Even if the rooftop is stand alone, the user may want to set this to ON to accomplish the daylight/savings function.

CCN OAT Broadcast (*OAT.B*) — If this configuration is set to ON, the control will periodically broadcast its outside-air temperature at a rate of once every 30 minutes.

CCN OARH Broadcast (*ORH.B*) — If this configuration is set to ON, the control will periodically broadcast its outside air relative humidity at a rate of once every 30 minutes.

CCN OAQ Broadcast (*OAQ.B*) — If this configuration is set to ON, the control will periodically broadcast its outside air quality reading at a rate of once every 30 minutes.

Global Schedule Broadcast (*G.S.B*) — If this configuration is set to ON and the schedule number (*SCH.N*) is between 65 and 99, then the control will broadcast the internal time schedule once every 2 minutes.

CCN Broadcast Acknowledger (**B.ACK**) — If this configuration is set to ON, then when any broadcasting is done on the bus, this device will respond to and acknowledge. Only one device per bus can be configured for this option.

Schedule Number (*SCH.N*) — This configuration determines what schedule the control may follow.

SCH.N = 0 The control is always occupied.

SCH.N=1 The control follows its internal time schedules. The user may enter any number between 1 and 64 but it will be overwritten to "1" by the control as it only has one internal schedule.

SCH.N = 65-99 The control is either set up to receive to a broadcasted time schedule set to this number or the control is set up to broadcast its internal time schedule (GS.B) to the network and this is the global schedule number it is broadcasting. If this is the case, then the control still follows its internal time schedules.

Accept Global Holidays? (*HOL.T*) — If a device is broadcasting the time on the bus, it is possible to accept the time yet not accept the global holiday from the broadcast message.

Override Time Limit (*O.T.L*) — This configuration allows the user to decide how long an override occurs when it is initiated. The override may be configured from 1 to 4 hours. If the time is set to 0, the override function will become disabled.

Table 86 — CCN Configuration

	EXPANCION	DANOE	LINUTO	DOINT	DEFAULT
<u>ITEM</u>	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	DEFAULT
CCN	CCN CONFIGURATION				
CCNA	CCN Address	1 - 239		CCNADD	1
CCNB	CCN Bus Number	0 - 239		CCNBUS	0
BAUD	CCN Baud Rate	1 - 5		CCNBAUDD	3*
BROD	CCN BROADCST DEFINITIONS			•	
TM.DT	CCN Time/Date Broadcast	ON/OFF		CCNBC	On
OAT.B	CCN OAT Broadcast	ON/OFF		OATBC	Off
ORH.B	CCN OARH Broadcast	ON/OFF		OARHBC	Off
OAQ.B	CCN OAQ Broadcast	ON/OFF		OAQBC	Off
G.S.B	Global Schedule Broadcst	ON/OFF		GSBC	Off
B.ACK	CCN Broadcast Ack'er	ON/OFF		CCNBCACK	Off
SC.OV	CCN SCHEDULES-OVERRIDES			•	
SCH.N	Schedule Number	0 - 99		SCHEDNUM	1
HOL.T	Accept Global Holidays?	YES/NO		HOLIDAYT	No
O.T.L.	Override Time Limit	0 - 4	HRS	OTL	1
OV.EX	Timed Override Hours	0 - 4	HRS	OVR_EXT	0
SPT.O	SPT Override Enabled ?	YES/NO		SPT_OVER	Yes
T58.O	T58 Override Enabled ?	YES/NO		T58_OVER	Yes
GL.OV	Global Sched. Override?	YES/NO		GLBLOVER	No

^{*} For units equipped with optional UPC, the CCN Baud Rate must be set to 3.

<u>Timed Override Hours (OV.EX)</u> — This displays the current number of hours left in an override. It is possible to cancel an override in progress by writing "0" to this variable, thereby removing the override time left.

<u>SPT Override Enabled?</u> (*SPT.O*) — If a space sensor is present, then it is possible to override an unoccupied period by pushing the override button on the T55 or T56 sensor. This option allows the user to disable this function by setting this configuration to NO.

T58 Override Enabled? (**T58.0**) — The T58 sensor is a CCN device that allows cooling/heating set points to be adjusted, space temperature to be written to the rooftop unit, and the ability to initiate a timed override. This option allows the user to disable the override initiated from the T58 sensor by setting this option to NO.

Global Schedule Override? (*GL.OV*) — If the control is set to receive global schedules then it is also possible for the global schedule broadcaster to call out an override condition as well. This configuration allows the user to disable the global schedule broadcaster from overriding the control.

Alert Limit Configuration — The ALLM submenu is used to configure the alert limit set points. A list is shown in Table 87.

<u>SPT Low Alert Limit/Occ (SP.L.O)</u> — If the space temperature is below the configurable occupied SPT Low Alert Limit (SP.L.O), then Alert 300 will be generated and the unit will be stopped. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>SPT High Alert Limit/Occ (*SP.H.O*)</u> — If the space temperature is above the configurable occupied SPT High Alert Limit (*SP.H.O*), then Alert 301 will be generated and the unit will be stopped. The alert will automatically reset.

SPT Low Alert Limit/Unocc (*SP.L.U*) — If the space temperature is below the configurable unoccupied SPT Low Alert Limit (*SP.L.U*), then Alert 300 will be generated and the unit will be stopped. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>SPT High Alert Limit/Unocc (SP.H.U)</u> — If the space temperature is above the configurable unoccupied SPT High Alert Limit (SP.H.U), then Alert 301 will be generated and the unit will be stopped. The alert will automatically reset.

EDT Low Alert Limit/Occ (SA.L.O) — If the evaporator discharge temperature is below the configurable occupied evaporator discharge temperature (EDT) Low Alert Limit (SA.L.O), then Alert 302 will be generated and cooling operation will be stopped but heating operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

EDT High Alert Limit/Occ (SA.H.O) — If the evaporator discharge temperature is above the configurable occupied EDT High Alert Limit (SA.H.O), then Alert 303 will be generated and heating operation will be stopped but cooling operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>EDT Low Alert Limit/Unocc (SA.L.U)</u> — If the evaporator discharge temperature is below the configurable unoccupied EDT Low Alert Limit (SA.L.U), then Alert 302 will be generated and cooling operation will be stopped but heating operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

EDT High Alert Limit/Unocc (*SA.H.U*) — If the evaporator discharge temperature is above the configurable unoccupied EDT High Alert Limit (*SA.H.U*), then Alert 303 will be generated and heating operation will be stopped but cooling operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

RAT Low Alert Limit/Occ (RA.L.O) — If the return-air temperature is below the configurable occupied RAT Low Alert Limit (RA.L.O), then Alert 304 will be generated and internal routines will be modified. Unit operation will continue but VAV heating operation will be disabled. The alert will automatically reset.

RAT High Alert Limit/Occ (*RA.H.O*) — If the return-air temperature is above the configurable occupied RAT High Alert Limit (*RA.H.O*), then Alert 305 will be generated and operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

RAT Low Alert Limit/Unocc (*RA.L.U*) — If the return-air temperature is below the configurable unoccupied RAT Low Alert Limit (*RA.L.U*), then Alert 304 will be generated. Unit operation will continue but VAV heating operation will be disabled. The alert will automatically reset.

RAT High Alert Limit/Unocc (*RA.H.U*) — If the return-air temperature is above the configurable unoccupied RAT High Alert Limit (*RA.H.U*), then Alert 305 will be generated. Operation will continue. The alert will automatically reset.

RARH Low Alert Limit (*R.RH.L*) — If the unit is configured to use a return air relative humidity sensor (*Configuration →UNIT →SENS →RRH.S*), and the measured level is below the configurable RH Low Alert Limit (*R.RH.L*), then Alert 308 will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

RARH High Alert Limit (*R.RH.H*) — If the unit is configured to use a return air relative humidity sensor (*Configuration →UNIT →SENS →RRHS*), and the measured level is above the configurable RARH High Alert Limit (*R.RH.H*), then Alert 309 will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

Supply Duct Pressure Low Alert Limit (*SPL*) — If the unit is a VAV unit with a supply duct pressure sensor and the measured supply duct static pressure is below the configurable SP Low Alert Limit (*DPL*), then Alert 310 will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

Supply Duct Pressure High Alert Limit (*SP.H*) — If the unit is a VAV unit with a supply duct pressure sensor and the measured supply duct static pressure is above the configurable SP High Alert Limit (*SP.H*), then Alert 311 will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

Building Pressure Low Alert Limit (*BPL*) — If the unit is configured to use modulating power exhaust then a building static pressure limit can be configured using the BP Low Alert Limit (*BPL*). If the measured pressure is below the limit then Alert 312 will occur.

Building Pressure High Alert Limit (*BP.H*) — If the unit is configured to use modulating power exhaust then a building static pressure limit can be configured using the BP Hi Alert Limit (*BP.H*). If the measured pressure is above the limit, then Alert 313 will occur.

Indoor Air Quality High Alert Limit (IAQ.H) — If the unit is configured to use a CO₂ sensor and the level is above the configurable IAQ High Alert Limit (IAQ.H) then the alert will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

Sensor Trim Configuration — The TRIM submenu is used to calibrate the sensor trim settings. The trim settings are used when the actual measured reading does not match the sensor output. The sensor can be adjusted to match the actual measured reading with the trim function. A list is shown in Table 88.

IMPORTANT: Sensor trim must not be used to extend unit operation past the allowable operating range. Doing so may void the warranty.

Air Temperature Leaving Supply Fan Sensor (SAT.T) — This variable is used to adjust the supply fan temperature sensor reading. The sensor reading can be adjusted $\pm 10^{\circ}$ F to match the actual measured temperature.

Return Air Temperature Sensor Trim (*RAT.T*) — This variable is used to adjust the return air temperature sensor reading.

The sensor reading can be adjusted $\pm 10^{\circ}$ F to match the actual measured temperature.

Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Trim (*OAT.T*) — This variable is used to adjust the outdoor air temperature sensor reading. The sensor reading can be adjusted $\pm 10^{\circ}$ F to match the actual measured temperature.

Space Temperature Sensor Trim (SPT.T) — This variable is used to adjust the space temperature sensor reading. The sensor reading can be adjusted $\pm 10^{\circ}$ F to match the actual measured temperature.

Circuit A Saturated Condenser Temperature Trim (CTA.T) — This variable is used to adjust the saturated condenser temperature sensor reading for circuit A. The sensor reading can be adjusted \pm 30° F to match the actual measured temperature. Used on 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units only.

<u>Circuit B Saturated Condenser Temperature Trim (*CTB.T*) — This variable is used to adjust the saturated condenser tempera-</u> ture sensor reading for circuit B. The sensor reading can be adjusted $\pm 30^{\circ}$ F to match the actual measured temperature. Used on 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units only.

Suction Pressure Circuit A Trim (SP.A.T) — This variable is used to adjust the suction pressure sensor reading for circuit A. The sensor reading can be adjusted \pm 50 psig to match the actual measured pressure.

Suction Pressure Circuit B Trim (SP.B.T) — This variable is used to adjust the suction pressure sensor reading for circuit B. The sensor reading can be adjusted \pm 50 psig to match the actual measured pressure.

Discharge Pressure Circuit A Trim (**DP.A.T**) — This variable is used to adjust the discharge pressure sensor reading for circuit A. The sensor reading can be adjusted \pm 50 psig to match the actual measured pressure. Used on 48/ 50A2,A3,A4,A5 units only.

Discharge Pressure Circuit B Trim (**DP.B.T**) — This variable is used to adjust the discharge pressure sensor reading for circuit B. The sensor reading can be adjusted \pm 50 psig to match the actual measured pressure. Used on 48/ 50A2,A3,A4,A5 units only.

4 to 20 mA Inputs — There are a number of 4 to 20 mA inputs which may be calibrated. These inputs are located in *Inputs* \rightarrow *4-20*. They are:

- SP.M.T static pressure milliamp trim
 BP.M.T building pressure milliamp trim
 OA.M.T outside air cfm milliamp trim
 RA.M.T return air cfm milliamp trim

- **SA.M.T** supply air cfm milliamp trim

Discrete Switch Logic Configuration — The SW.LG submenu is used to configure the normally open/normally closed settings of switches and inputs. This is used when field-supplied switches or input devices are used instead of Carrier devices. The normally open or normally closed setting may be different on a field-supplied device. These points are used to match the control logic to the field-supplied device.

The defaults for this switch logic section will not normally need changing. However, if a field-installed switch is used that is different from the Carrier switch, these settings may need adjustment.

IMPORTANT: Many of the switch inputs to the control can be configured to operate as normally open or normally closed.

Settings for switch logic are found at the local displays under the *Configuration*→*SW.LG* submenu. See Table 89.

<u>Filter Status Input — Clean (FTS.L)</u> — The filter status input for clean filters is set for normally open. If a field-supplied filter status switch is used that is normally closed for a clean filter, change this variable to closed.

<u>IGC Feedback — Off (*IGC.L*)</u> — The input for IGC feedback is set for normally open for off. If a field-supplied IGC feedback switch is used that is normally closed for feedback off, change this variable to closed.

Table 87 — Alert Limit Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	DEFAULT
SP.L.O	SPT lo alert limit/occ	-10-245	dF	SPLO	60
SP.H.O	SPT hi alert limit/occ	-10-245	dF	SPHO	85
SP.L.U	SPT lo alert limit/unocc	-10-245	dF	SPLU	45
SP.H.U	SPT hi alert limit/unocc	-10-245	dF	SPHU	100
SA.L.O	EDT lo alert limit/occ	-40-245	dF	SALO	40
SA.H.O	EDT hi alert limit/occ	-40-245	dF	SAHO	100
SA.L.U	EDT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	SALU	40
SA.H.U	EDT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	SAHU	100
RA.L.O	RAT lo alert limit/occ	-40-245	dF	RALO	60
RA.H.O	RAT hi alert limit/occ	-40-245	dF	RAHO	90
RA.L.U	RAT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	RALU	40
RA.H.U	RAT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	RAHU	100
R.RH.L	RARH low alert limit	0-100	%	RRHL	0
R.RH.H	RARH high alert limit	0-100	%	RRHH	100
SP.L	SP low alert limit	0-5	"H2O	SPL	0
SP.H	SP high alert limit	0-5	"H2O	SPH	2
BP.L	BP lo alert limit	-0.25-0.25	"H2O	BPL	-0.25
BP.H	BP high alert limit	-0.25-0.25	"H2O	BPH	0.25
IAQ.H	IAQ high alert limit	0-5000		IAQH	1200

Table 88 — Sensor Trim Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	DEFAULT
SAT.T	Air Temp Lvg SF Trim	-10 - 10	^F	SAT_TRIM	0
RAT.T	RAT Trim	-10 - 10	^F	RAT_TRIM	0
OAT.T	OAT Trim	-10 - 10	^F	OAT_TRIM	0
SPT.T	SPT Trim	-10 - 10	^F	SPT_TRIM	0
CTA.T	Cir A Sat. Cond. Temp Trim	-30 - 30	^F	SCTA_TRIM	0
CTB.T	Cir B Sat. Cond. Temp Trim	-30 - 30	^F	SCTB_TRIM	0
SP.A.T	Suct.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50	PSIG	SPA_TRIM	0
SP.B.T	Suct.Press.Circ.B Trim	-50 - 50	PSIG	SPB_TRIM	0
DP.A.T	Dis.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50	PSIG	DPA_TRIM	0
DP.B.T	Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim	-50 - 50	PSIG	DPB_TRIM	0

Remote Switch — Off (RMI.L) — The remote switch is set for normally open when off. If a field-supplied control switch is used that is normally closed for an off signal, change this variable to closed.

Economizer Switch — No (*ECS.L*) — The economizer switch is set for normally open when low. If a field-supplied economizer switch is used that is normally closed when low, change this variable to closed.

Fan Status Switch — Off (SFS.L) — The fan status switch input is set for normally open for off. If a field-supplied fan status switch is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

Demand Limit Switch 1 — Off (*DL1.L*) — The demand limit switch no. 1 input is set for normally open for off. If a field-supplied demand limit switch is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

Demand Limit Switch 2/Dehumidify — Off (*DL2.L*) — The demand limit switch no. 2 input is set for normally open for off. If a field-supplied demand limit switch is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

IAQ Discrete Input — Low (IAQ.L) — The IAQ discrete input is set for normally open when low. If a field-supplied IAQ discrete input is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

<u>Fire Shutdown — Off (FSD.L)</u> — The fire shutdown input is set for normally open when off. If a field-supplied fire shutdown input is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

Pressurization Switch — Off (**PRS.L**) — The pressurization input is set for normally open when off. If a field-supplied pressurization input is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

Evacuation Switch — Off (*EVC.L*) — The evacuation input is set for normally open when off. If a field-supplied evacuation input is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

<u>Smoke Purge</u> — Off (*PRGL*) — The smoke purge input is set for normally open when off. If a field-supplied smoke purge input is used that is normally closed, change this variable to closed.

Display Configuration — The *DISP* submenu is used to configure the local display settings. A list is shown in Table 90.

<u>Test Display LEDs (*TEST*)</u> — This is used to test the operation of the *Comfort*Link display.

Metric Display (*METR*) — This variable is used to change the display from English units to Metric units.

<u>Language Selection (LANG)</u> — This variable is used to change the language of the *Comfort*Link display. At this time, only English is available.

<u>Password Enable (PAS.E)</u> — This variable enables or disables the use of a password. The password is used to restrict use of the control to change configurations.

Service Password (*PASS*) — This variable is the 4-digit numeric password that is required if enabled.

Remote Control Switch Input — The remote switch input is located on the ECB-1 board and connected to TB6 terminals 1 and 3. The switch can be used for several remote control functions. See Table 91.

Remote Input State (*Inputs* \rightarrow *GEN.I* \rightarrow *REMT*) — This is the actual real time state of the remote input.

Remote Switch Config (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow RM.CF$)

— This is the configuration that allows the user to assign different types of functionality to the remote discrete input.

- 0 NO REMOTE SW The remote switch will not be used.
- 1 OCC-UNOCC SW The remote switch input will control the occupancy state. When the remote switch input is ON, the unit will forced into the occupied mode. When the remote switch is OFF, the unit will be forced into the unoccupied mode.
- 2 STRT/STÔP The remote switch input will start
 and stop the unit. When the unit is commanded to stop,
 any timeguards in place on compressors will be honored
 first. When the remote switch is ON, the unit will be
 commanded to stop. When the remote switch is OFF the
 unit will be enabled to operate.
- 3 OVERRIDE SW The remote switch can be used to override any internal or external time schedule being used by the control and force the unit into an occupied mode when the remote input state is ON. When the remote switch is ON, the unit will be forced into an occupied state. When the remote switch is OFF, the unit will use its internal or external time schedules.

Table 89 — Switch Logic Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
SW.LG	SWITCH LOGIC: NO / NC			
FTS.L	Filter Status Inpt-Clean	Open/Close	FLTSLOGC	Open
IGC.L	IGC Feedback - Off	Open/Close	GASFANLG	Open
RMI.L	RemSw Off-Unoc-Strt-NoOv	Open/Close	RMTINLOG	Open
ECS.L	Economizer Switch - No	Open/Close	ECOSWLOG	Open
SFS.L	Fan Status Sw Off	Open/Close	SFSLOGIC	Open
DL1.L	Dmd.Lmt.Sw.1 - Off	Open/Close	DMD_SW1L	Open
DL2.L	Dmd.Lmt.2 Dehumid - Off	Open/Close	DMD_SW2L	Open
IAQ.L	IAQ Disc.Input - Low	Open/Close	IAQINLOG	Open
FSD.L	Fire Shutdown - Off	Open/Close	FSDLOGIC	Open
PRS.L	Pressurization Sw Off	Open/Close	PRESLOGC	Open
EVC.L	Evacuation Sw Off	Open/Close	EVACLOGC	Open
PRG.L	Smoke Purge Sw Off	Open/Close	PURGLOGC	Open .

Table 90 — Display Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	DEFAULT
TEST	Test Display LEDs	ON/OFF		TEST	Off
METR	Metric Display	ON/OFF		DISPUNIT	Off
	Language Selection	0-1(multi-text strings)		LANGUAGE	0
PAS.E	Password Enable	ENABLE/DISABLE		PASS_EBL	Enable
PASS	Service Password	0000-9999		PASSWORD	1111

Table 91 — Remote Switch Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	CCN POINT
REMT	Remote Input State	ON/OFF	RMTIN
RM.CF	Remote Switch Config	0 - 3	RMTINCFG
RMI.L	RemSw Off-Unoc-Strt-NoOv	Open/Close	RMTINLOG

Remote Switch Logic Configuration (Configuration → SW.LG→RMI.L) — The control allows for the configuration of a normally open/closed status of the remote input switch via RMI.L. If this variable is configured OPEN, then when the switch is open, the remote input switch perceives the logic state as OFF. Correspondingly, if RMI.L is set to CLOSED, the remote input switch will perceive a closed switch as meaning OFF. See Table 92.

Hot Gas Bypass — Hot gas bypass is an active part of the A-Series *Comfort*Link capacity staging and minimum evaporator load protection functions. It is controlled though the Minimum Load Valve function.

The hot gas bypass option consists of a solenoid valve with a fixed orifice sized to provide a nominal 3-ton evaporator load bypass. A hot gas refrigerant line routes the bypassed hot gas from Circuit A's discharge line to Circuit A's evaporator distributor. When the unit control calls for hot gas bypass, the hot gas enters the evaporator coil and adds refrigeration load to the compressor circuit to reduce the cooling effect from Circuit A.

The hot gas bypass system is a factory-installed option installed on Circuit A only. This function is enabled at *Configuration* \rightarrow *COOL* \rightarrow *MLV*. When this function is enabled, an additional stage of cooling capacity is provided by the unit control staging sequences (see Tables 52, 54, 58, and 60).

Space Temperature Offset — Space temperature offset corresponds to a slider on a T56 sensor that allows the occupant to adjust the space temperature by a configured range during an occupied period. This sensor is only applicable to units that are configured as either 2-Stage SPT or Multi-Stage SPT control (*Configuration*→*UNIT*→*C.TYP* = 5 or 6).

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT
SP.O.S	Space Temp Offset Sensor	Enable/ Disable		SPTOSENS
SP.O.R	Space Temp Offset Range	1 - 10		SPTO_RNG
SPTO	Space Temperature Offset	+- SP.O.R	^F	SPTO

Space Temperature Offset Sensor (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT$ $\rightarrow SENS \rightarrow SP.O.S$) — This configuration disables the reading of the offset slider.

Space Temperature Offset Range (Configuration $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow SENS \rightarrow SP.O.R$) — This configuration establishes the range, in degrees F, that the T56 slider can affect SPTO when adjusting the slider from the far left (-SP.O.R) to the far right (+SP.O.R). The default is 5° F.

Space Temperature Offset Value (*Temperatures* \rightarrow *AIR.T* \rightarrow *SPTO*) — The Space Temperature Offset Value is the reading of the slider potentiometer in the T56 that is resolved to delta degrees based on *SP.O.R*.

TIME CLOCK CONFIGURATION

This section describes each Time Clock menu item. Not every point will need to be configured for every unit. Refer to the Controls Quick Start section for more information on what set points need to be configured for different applications. The Time Clock menu items are discussed in the same order that they are displayed in the Time Clock table. The Time Clock table is shown in Table 93.

Hour and Minute (*HH.MM***)** — The hour and minute of the time clock are displayed in 24-hour, military time. Time can be adjusted manually by the user.

When connected to the CCN, the unit can be configured to transmit time over the network or receive time from a network device. All devices on the CCN should use the same time. Only one device on the CCN should broadcast time or problems will occur.

Month of Year (MNTH) — This variable is the current month of the calendar year.

Day of Month (*DOM***)** — This variable is the current day (1 to 31) of the month.

Day of Week (*DAY***)** — This variable is the current day of the week (Monday = 1 through Sunday = 7).

Year (YEAR) — This variable is the current year (for example, 2005).

Local Time Schedule (*SCH.L***)** — This submenu is used to program the time schedules. There are 8 periods (*PER.1* through *PER.8*). Each time period can be used to set up a local schedule for the unit.

Monday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *MON*) — This variable is used to include or remove Monday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Monday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Monday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Tuesday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *TUE*) — This variable is used to include or remove Tuesday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Tuesday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Tuesday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Wednesday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *WED*) — This variable is used to include or remove Wednesday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Wednesday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Wednesday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Table 92 — Remote Switch Logic Configuration

REMOTE		REMOTE SWITCH CONFIGURATION (RM.CF)				
SWITCH LOGIC CONFIGURATION	SWITCH	REMOTE INPUT STATE (REMT)	0	1	2	3
(RMI.L)	SIAIUS	(NEWII)	No Remote Switch	Occ-Unocc Switch	Start/Stop	Override
OPEN	OPEN	OFF	XXXXX	Unoccupied	Start	No Override
OPEN	CLOSED	ON	XXXXX	Occupied	Stop	Override
CLOSED	OPEN	ON	XXXXX	Occupied	Stop	Override
CLUSED	CLOSED	OFF	XXXXX	Unoccupied	Start	No Override

Thursday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *THU*) — This variable is used to include or remove Thursday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Thursday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Thursday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Friday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *FRI*) — This variable is used to include or remove Friday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Friday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Friday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Saturday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *SAT*) — This variable is used to include or remove Saturday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Saturday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Saturday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Sunday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *SUN*) — This variable is used to include or remove Sunday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then Sunday will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on Sunday. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Holiday In Period (*PER.X* → *DAYS* → *HOL*) — This variable is used to include or remove a Holiday from the schedule. Each period is assigned an occupied on and off time. If this variable is set to YES, then holidays will be included in that period's occupied time schedule. If this variable is set to NO, then the period's occupied time schedule will not be used on holidays. This variable can be set for Periods 1 through 8.

Occupied From (*PER.X* → *OCC*) — This variable is used to configure the start time of the Occupied period. All days in the same period set to YES will enter into Occupied mode at this time.

Occupied To (*PER.X* → *UNC*) — This variable is used to configure the end time of the Occupied period. All days in the same period set to YES will exit Occupied mode at this time.

Local Holiday Schedules (*HOL.L***)** — This submenu is used to program the local holiday schedules. Up to 30 holidays can be configured. When a holiday occurs, the unit will

follow the occupied schedules that have the HOLIDAY IN PERIOD point set to YES.

Holiday Start Month (HD.01 to $HD.30 \rightarrow MON$) — This is the start month for the holiday. The numbers 1 to 12 correspond to the months of the year (e.g., January = 1).

Holiday Start Day (HD.01 to $HD.30 \rightarrow DAY$) — This is the start day of the month for the holiday. The day can be set from 1 to 31.

Holiday Duration (*HD.01* to *HD.30* → *LEN*) — This is the length in days of the holiday. The holiday can last up to 99 days.

Daylight Savings Time (*DAY.S***)** — The daylight savings time function is used in applications where daylight savings time occurs. The function will automatically correct the clock on the days configured for daylight savings time.

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS START (**DS.ST**) — This submenu configures the start date and time for daylight savings.

<u>Daylight Savings Start Month</u> (**DS.ST** \rightarrow **ST.MN**) — This is the start month for daylight savings time. The numbers 1 to 12 correspond to the months of the year (e.g., January = 1).

Daylight Savings Start Week (**DS.ST** \rightarrow **ST.WK**) — This is the start week of the month for daylight savings. The week can be set from 1 to 5.

<u>Daylight Savings Start Day (DS.ST \rightarrow ST.DY)</u> — This is the start day of the week for daylight savings. The day can be set from 1 to 7 (Sunday=1, Monday=2, etc.).

Daylight Savings Minutes To Add (*DS.ST* \rightarrow *MIN.A*) — This is the amount of time that will be added to the time clock for daylight savings.

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS STOP (**DS.SP**) — This submenu configures the end date and time for daylight savings.

Daylight Savings Stop Month (*DS.SP*→*SP.MN*) — This is the stop month for daylight savings time. The numbers 1 to 12 correspond to the months of the year (e.g., January = 1).

Daylight Savings Stop Week (**DS.SP** \rightarrow **SP.WK**) — This is the stop week of the month for daylight savings. The week can be set from 1 to 5.

Daylight Savings Stop Day (*DS.SP*→*SP.DY*) — This is the stop day of the week for daylight savings. The day can be set from 1 to 7 (Sunday=1, Monday=2, etc.).

Daylight Savings Minutes To Subtract (**DS.SP** \rightarrow **MIN.S**) — This is the amount of time that will be removed from the time clock after daylight savings ends.

Table 93 — Time Clock Configuration

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	POINT	DEFAULT
TIME	TIME OF DAY			
HH.MM	Hour and Minute	00:00	TIME	
DATE	MONTH, DATE, DAY AND YEAR			
MNTH	Month of Year	multi-text strings	MOY	
DOM	Day of Month	0-31	DOM	
DAY	Day of Week	multi-text strings	DOWDISP	
YEAR	Year	e.g. 2003	YOCDISP	
SCH.L	LOCAL TIME SCHEDULE			
PER.1	PERIOD 1			
PER.1→DAYS	DAY FLAGS FOR PERIOD 1			Period 1 only
PER.1→DAYS→MON	Monday in Period	YES/NO	PER1MON	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→TUE	Tuesday in Period	YES/NO	PER1TUE	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→WED	Wednesday in Period	YES/NO	PER1WED	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→THU	Thursday in Period	YES/NO	PER1THU	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→FRI	Friday in Period	YES/NO	PER1FRI	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→SAT	Saturday in Period	YES/NO	PER1SAT	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→SUN	Sunday in Period	YES/NO	PER1SUN	Yes
PER.1→DAYS→HOL	Holiday in Period	YES/NO	PER1HOL	Yes
PER.1→OCC	Occupied from	00:00	PER1_OCC	00:00
PER.1→UNC	Occupied to	00:00	PER1_UNC	24:00
Repeat for periods 2-8				
HOL.L	LOCAL HOLIDAY SCHEDULES			
HD.01	HOLIDAY SCHEDULE 01		LIGI MONIA	
HD.01→MON	Holiday Start Month	0-12	HOL_MON1	
HD.01→DAY	Start Day	0-31	HOL_DAY1	
HD.01→LEN	Duration (Days)	0-99	HOL_LEN1	
Repeat for holidays 2-30 DAY.S	DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME			
DS.ST				
DS.ST→ST.MN	DAYLIGHT SAVINGS START Month	1 - 12	STARTM	4
DS.ST→ST.WK DS.ST→ST.WK	Week	1 - 12	STARTW	1
DS.ST→ST.WK DS.ST→ST.DY	Dav	1 - 7	STARTD	7
DS.ST→S1.D1 DS.ST→MIN.A	Minutes to Add	0 - 90	MINADD	60
DS.SP → WIN.A	DAYLIGHTS SAVINGS STOP	0 - 30	INIIIAVDD	00
DS.SP→SP.MN	Month	1 - 12	STOPM	10
DS.SP→SP.WK	Week	1 - 5	STOPW	
DS.SP→SP.DY	Day	1 - 7	STOPD	5 7
DS.SP→MIN.S	Minutes to Subtract	0 - 90	MINSUB	60

TROUBLESHOOTING

The scrolling marquee display shows the actual operating conditions of the unit while it is running. If there are alarms or there have been alarms, they will be displayed in either the current alarm list or the history alarm list. The Service Test mode allows proper operation of the compressors, fans, and other components to be checked while the unit is not operating.

Complete Unit Stoppage — There are several conditions that can cause the unit not to provide heating or cooling. If an alarm is active which causes the unit to shut down, diagnose the problem using the information provided in the Alarms and Alerts section on page 94, but also check for the following:

- Cooling and heating loads are satisfied.
- Programmed schedule.
- General power failure.
- Tripped control circuit transformers circuit breakers.
- Tripped compressor circuit breakers.
- Unit is turned off through the CCN network.

Single Circuit Stoppage — If a single circuit stops incorrectly, there are several possible causes. The problem should be investigated using information from the Alarms and Alerts section on page 94.

Service Analysis — Detailed service analysis can be found in Tables 94-96 and in Fig. 14.

Restart Procedure — Before attempting to restart the machine, check the alarm list to determine the cause of the shutdown. If the shutdown alarm for a particular circuit has occurred, determine and correct the cause before allowing the unit to run under its own control again. When there is problem, the unit should be diagnosed in Service Test mode. The alarms must be reset before the circuit can operate in either Normal mode or Service Test mode.

Thermistor Troubleshooting — The electronic control uses five 5K-thermistors for the saturated condensing temperature on 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units (SCT.A and SCT.B). See Tables 97 and 98 for temperature vs. resistance data.

When replacing thermistors SCT.A and SCT.B, reuse the original hardware. These thermistors must be clamped tightly to the hairpins of the condenser.

The EDT, OAT, RAT, LAT, T55, T56, and T58 space temperature sensors use 10K thermistors. Resistances at various temperatures are listed in Tables 99 and 100.

THERMISTOR/TEMPERATURE SENSOR CHECK — A high quality digital volt-ohmmeter is required to perform this check.

- Connect the digital voltmeter across the appropriate thermistor terminals at the J8 terminal strip on the main base board.
- 2. Using the voltage reading obtained, read the sensor temperature from Tables 97-100.
- 3. To check thermistor accuracy, measure temperature at probe location with an accurate thermocouple-type temperature-measuring instrument. Insulate thermocouple to avoid ambient temperatures from influencing reading. Temperature measured by thermocouple and temperature determined from thermistor voltage reading should be close, 5° F (3° C) if care was taken in applying thermocouple and taking readings.

If a more accurate check is required, unit must be shut down and thermistor removed and checked at a known temperature (freezing point or boiling point of water) using either voltage drop measured across thermistor at the J8 terminal, or by determining the resistance with unit shut down and thermistor disconnected from J8. Compare the values determined with the value read by the control in the Temperatures mode using the scrolling marquee display.

Transducer Troubleshooting — On 48/50AJ,AK, AW,AY units, the electronic control uses 2 suction pressure transducers to measure the suction pressure of circuits A and B. The pressure/voltage characteristics of these transducers are in shown in Tables 101 and 102. On 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units, the electronic control uses 4 pressure transducers to measure

the suction and discharge pressure of circuits A and B. The pressure/voltage characteristics of these transducers are shown in Tables 103 and 104. The accuracy of these transducers can be verified by connecting an accurate pressure gage to the second refrigerant port in the suction line.

Table 94 — Cooling Service Analysis

PROBLEM	SOLUTION
COMPRESSOR DOES NOT RUN	
Active Alarm	Check active alarms using local display.
Contactor Open 1. Power off. 2. Fuses blown in field power circuit. 3. No control power. 4. Compressor circuit breaker tripped. 5. Safety device lockout circuit active. 6. High-pressure switch open. 7. Loose electrical connections.	1. Restore power. 2. After finding cause and correcting, replace with correct size fuse. 3. Check secondary fuse(s); replace with correct type and size. Replace transformer if primary windings receiving power. 4. Check for excessive compressor current draw. Reset breaker; replace if defective. 5. Reset lockout circuit at circuit breaker. 6. Check for refrigerant overcharge, obstruction of outdoor airflow, air in system or whether compressor discharge valve is fully open. Be sure outdoor fans are operating correctly. 7. Tighten all connections.
Contactor Closed 1. Compressor leads loose. 2. Motor windings open. 3. Single phasing. 4. ASTP activated (48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 only)	 Check connections. See compressor service literature. Check for blown fuse. Check for loose connection at compressor terminal. Allow 30 to 120 minutes for cool down. See Compressor Safeties section on page 39.
COMPRESSOR STOPS ON HIGH PRESSURE Outdoor Fan On 1. High-pressure switch faulty. 2. Airflow restricted. 3. Air recirculating. 4. Noncondensables in system. 5. Refrigerant overcharge. 6. Line voltage incorrect. 7. Refrigerant system restrictions. 8. Fan running in reverse direction.	 Replace switch. Remove obstruction. Clear airflow area. Purge and recharge as required. Purge as required. Consult power company. Check or replace filter drier, expansion valve, etc. Check that compressor discharge valve is fully open. Correct wiring.
Outdoor Fan Off 1. Fan slips on shaft. 2. Motor not running. 3. Motor overload open. 4. Motor burned out.	 Tighten fan hub setscrews. Check power and capacitor. Check overload rating. Check for fan blade obstruction. Replace motor.
COMPRESSOR CYCLES ON LOW PRESSURE Indoor-Air Fan Running 1. Filter drier plugged. 2. Expansion valve power head defective. 3. Low refrigerant charge. 4. Faulty pressure transducer.	 Replace filter drier. Replace power head. Add charge. Check that pressure transducer is connected and secured to suction line. If still not functioning, replace transducer.
Airflow Restricted 1. Coil iced up. 2. Coil dirty. 3. Air filters dirty. 4. Dampers closed.	 Check refrigerant charge. Clean coil fins. Clean or replace filters. Check damper operation and position.
Indoor-Air Fan Stopped 1. Electrical connections loose. 2. Fan relay defective. 3. Motor overload open. 4. Motor defective. 5. Fan belt broken or slipping.	 Tighten all connections. Replace relay. Power supply. Replace motor. Replace or tighten belt.

LEGEND

ASTP — Advanced Scroll Temperature Protection **VFD** — Variable Frequency Drive

Table 94 — Cooling Service Analysis (cont)

PROBLEM	SOLUTION
COMPRESSOR RUNNING BUT COOLING INSUFFICIENT Suction Pressure Low 1. Refrigerant charge low. 2. Head pressure low. 3. Air filters dirty. 4. Expansion valve power head defective. 5. Indoor coil partially iced. 6. Indoor airflow restricted.	 Add refrigerant. Check refrigerant charge. Clean or replace filters. Replace power head. Check low-pressure setting. Remove obstruction.
Suction Pressure High Heat load excessive.	Check for open doors or windows.
UNIT OPERATES TOO LONG OR CONTINUOUSLY 1. Low refrigerant charge. 2. Control contacts fused. 3. Air in system. 4. Partially plugged expansion valve or filter drier.	Add refrigerant Replace control. Purge and evacuate system. Clean or replace.
SYSTEM IS NOISY 1. Piping vibration. 2. Compressor noisy.	Support piping as required. Replace compressor.
COMPRESSOR LOSES OIL 1. Leak in system. 2. Crankcase heaters not energized during shutdown.	Repair leak. Check wiring and relays. Check heater and replace if defective.
FROSTED SUCTION LINE Expansion valve admitting excess refrigerant.	Adjust expansion valve.
HOT LIQUID LINE 1. Shortage of refrigerant due to leak. 2. Expansion valve opens too wide.	Repair leak and recharge. Adjust expansion valve.
FROSTED LIQUID LINE Restricted filter drier.	Remove restriction or replace.
INDOOR FAN CONTACTOR OPEN 1. Power off. 2. Fuses blown in field power circuit. 3. No control power.	 Restore power. After finding cause and correcting, replace with correct fuses. Check secondary fuses. Replace with correct type and size. Replace transformer if primary windings are receiving power.
INDOOR FAN CONTACTOR CLOSED 1. VFD overload function tripped. 2. Motor leads loose. 3. Motor windings open. 4. Single phasing. 5. Belts broken or thrown. 6. Circuit breaker tripped.	 Refer to separate VFD technical manual for troubleshooting instructions. Check connections at motor lead junction box. Check motor windings. Check for blown fuse. Check for loose connections at motor junction box. Check belts. Replace as complete set if necessary. Check for excessive current draw. Reset breaker. Replace if defective.

LEGEND

ASTP — Advanced Scroll Temperature Protection VFD — Variable Frequency Drive

Table 95 — Gas Heating Service Analysis

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY
Burners Will Not Ignite.	Active alarm.	Check active alarms using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.
	No power to unit.	Check power supply, fuses, wiring, and circuit breakers.
	No power to IGC (Integrated Gas Control).	Check fuses and plugs.
	Heaters off due to time guard to prevent short cycling.	Check using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.
	Control calling for Cooling.	Check using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.
	No gas at main burners.	Check gas line for air and purge as necessary. After purging gas line of air, allow gas to dissipate for at least 5 minutes before attempting to re-light unit.
	Water in gas line.	Drain water and install drip.
Inadequate Heating.	Dirty air filters.	Replace air filters.
	Gas input too low.	Check gas pressure at manifold. Refer to gas valve adjustment in Installation, Start-up, and Service Manual.
	Control calling for W1only (low heat).	Allow time for W2 to energize.
	Unit undersized for load.	Decrease load.
	Restricted airflow.	Remove restriction.
	Too much outdoor air.	Check economizer position and configuration. Adjust minimum position using <i>Comfort</i> Link scrolling marquee.
	Limit switch cycles main burners.	Check rotation of blower, thermostat heat anticipator settings, and temperature rise of unit. Adjust as needed.
Poor Flame Characteristics.	Incomplete combustion (lack of combustion air) results in: Aldehyde odors, CO, sooting flame, or	Check all screws around flue outlets and burner compartment. Tighten as necessary.
	floating flame.	Cracked heat exchanger, replace.
		Unit is over-fired, reduce input. Adjust gas line or manifold pressure.
		Check vent for restriction. Clean as necessary.
		Check orifice to burner alignment.
Burners Will Not Turn Off.	Unit is in minimum on-time.	Check using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.
	Unit running in Service Test mode.	Check using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.

Table 96 — Electric Heat Service Analysis

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY
No Heat.	Power failure.	Call power company.
	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	Thermostat occupancy schedule set point not calling for Heating.	Check using ComfortLink scrolling marquee.
	No 24 vac at primary contactor.	Check transformer and circuit breaker.
	No power (high voltage) to L2 of primary contactor.	Check safety switches "one-shot" backup and auto limit.
	Bad electrical elements.	Power off unit and remove high voltage wires. Check resistance of heater, replace if open.

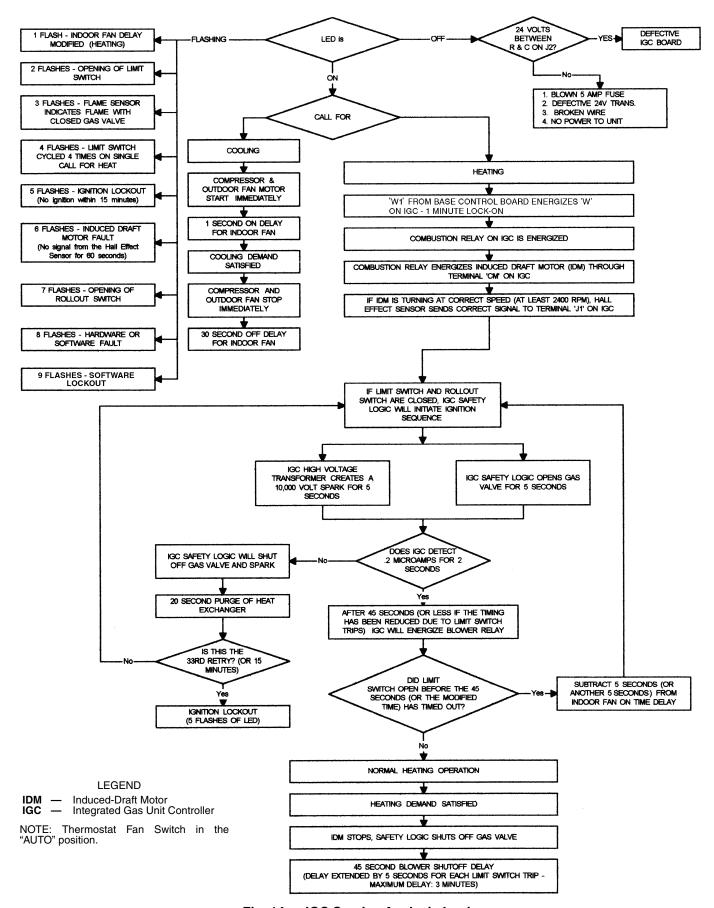


Fig. 14 — IGC Service Analysis Logic

Table 97 — 5K Thermistor Temperature vs. Resistance (SCT Sensors) (English)

(F) (Ohms) (F) (Ohms) (F) (Ohms) (F) (W) -25 3.699 98,010 59 1982 7.686 143 0.502 -23 3.699 98,0707 50 1956 7.685 144 0.502 -24 3.688 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.485 -21 3.688 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.485 -21 3.688 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.485 -21 3.684 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.485 -21 3.684 87,492 63 1.879 7.091 147 0.477 -20 3.647 82,627 64 1.854 6.911 148 0.469 -18 3.624 77,214 66 7.854 6.994 150 0.455 -18 3.624 77,214 66 7.189 6.584 150 0.455 -16 3.681 7.72 7.175 68 7.72 7.72 68 7.72	RESISTANCE (Ohms)
-24 3.889 94.707 60 1.956 7.665 144 0.502 -23 3.668 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.484 -22 3.668 88,449 62 1.905 7.277 146 0.485 -21 3.658 85,486 63 1.879 7.091 147 0.477 -20 3.647 82,627 64 1.854 6.911 148 0.469 -19 3.636 79,871 65 1.824 6.735 149 0.461 -19 3.624 77,212 66 1.824 6.735 149 0.461 -11 3.624 77,212 66 7.779 6.50 151 0.434 -16 3.624 77,212 66 7.779 6.50 151 0.434 -16 3.624 77,212 66 7.779 6.60 151 0.434 -16 3.624 77,212 66 7.779 6.60 151 0.434 -16 3.624 77,212 66 7.779 6.60 151 0.434 -16 3.624 6.754 1.854 6.238 151 0.438 -16 3.601 72,175 68 17,74 6.60 151 0.438 -16 3.601 72,175 68 17,74 6.60 151 0.438 -16 3.601 72,175 68 17,74 6.60 151 0.438 -17 3.563 66,749 70 1.705 5.929 154 0.423 -14 3.576 67,490 70 1.705 5.929 154 0.423 -14 3.576 67,490 70 1.705 5.929 154 0.423 -13 3.563 65,272 71 1.681 5,781 155 0.416 -11 3.556 67,490 70 73 1.632 5.497 157 0.402 -11 3.556 61,070 73 1.632 5.497 157 0.402 -10 3.523 59,081 74 1.609 5.361 158 0.395 -9 3.509 57,162 75 1.585 5.299 159 0.388 -9 3.494 55,311 77 1.884 4.855 120 1.882 -8 3.494 48,541 80 1.470 4.622 164 0.356 -5 3.450 50,143 79 1.483 4.737 163 0.362 -4 3.444 48,541 80 1.470 4.622 164 0.356 -5 3.450 50,143 79 1.493 4.737 163 0.362 -1 3.386 44,066 83 1.404 4.298 167 0.399 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.337 0 3.389 42,679 84 1.382 4.196 168 0.327 2 3.337 40,047 87 1.198 3.298 3.814 171 0.311 1.516 3.228 3.224 3.3185 92 1.277 3.640 177 0.286 1.287 3.243 3.418 4.298 3.1185 92 1.278 3.726 177 0.286 18 1.384 4.986 168 0.337 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.287 1.288 1.198 1.287 1.2	, ,
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15 3.082 26,804 99 1.086 2,964 183 0.259 16 3.060 26,011 100 1.068 2,898 184 0.255 17 3.038 25,245 101 1.051 2,835 185 0.251 18 3.016 24,505 102 1.033 2,773 186 0.247 19 2.994 23,789 103 1.016 2,713 187 0.243 20 2.972 23,096 104 0.999 2,655 188 0.239 21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,393	551 542
16 3.060 26,011 100 1.068 2,898 184 0.255 17 3.038 25,245 101 1.051 2,835 185 0.251 18 3.016 24,505 102 1.033 2,773 186 0.247 19 2.994 23,789 103 1.016 2,713 187 0.243 20 2.972 23,096 104 0.999 2,655 188 0.239 21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 <td>533</td>	533
17 3.038 25,245 101 1.051 2,835 185 0.251 18 3.016 24,505 102 1.033 2,773 186 0.247 19 2.994 23,789 103 1.016 2,713 187 0.243 20 2.972 23,096 104 0.999 2,655 188 0.239 21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 <td>524</td>	524
18 3.016 24,505 102 1.033 2,773 186 0.247 19 2.994 23,789 103 1.016 2,713 187 0.243 20 2.972 23,096 104 0.999 2,655 188 0.239 21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 <td>516</td>	516
20 2.972 23,096 104 0.999 2,655 188 0.239 21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 <td>508</td>	508
21 2.949 22,427 105 0.983 2,597 189 0.235 22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 <td>501</td>	501
22 2.926 21,779 106 0.966 2,542 190 0.231 23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 <td>494</td>	494
23 2.903 21,153 107 0.950 2,488 191 0.228 24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.665 16,346 <td>487 480</td>	487 480
24 2.879 20,547 108 0.934 2,436 192 0.224 25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2,018 201 0.194	473
25 2.856 19,960 109 0.918 2,385 193 0.220 26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 23 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2,018 201 0.194	467
26 2.832 19,393 110 0.903 2,335 194 0.217 27 2.808 18,843 111 0.888 2,286 195 0.213 28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2,018 201 0.194	461
28 2.784 18,311 112 0.873 2,239 196 0.210 29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 23 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2,018 201 0.194	456
29 2.759 17,796 113 0.858 2,192 197 0.206 30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2.018 201 0.194	450
30 2.735 17,297 114 0.843 2,147 198 0.203 31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2,018 201 0.194	445
31 2.710 16,814 115 0.829 2,103 199 0.200 32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197 32 2.660 15,892 117 0.801 2.018 201 0.194	439 434
32 2.685 16,346 116 0.815 2,060 200 0.197	434 429
33 2,660 15,802 117 0,801 2,018 201 0,194	424
34 2.634 15,453 118 0.787 1,977 202 0.191	419
35 2600 15027 110 0.774 1.037 202 0.199	415
2.009 10,027 119 0.774 1,907 203 0.100	410
36 2.583 14,614 120 0.761 1,898 204 0.185	405
37 2.558 14,214 121 0.748 1,860 205 0.182 38 2.532 13,826 122 0.735 1,822 206 0.179	401
38 2.532 13,826 122 0.735 1,822 206 0.179 39 2.506 13,449 123 0.723 1,786 207 0.176	396 391
39 2.506 13,449 123 0.723 1,786 207 0.176 40 2.480 13,084 124 0.710 1,750 208 0.173	386
44 0.454 40.700 135 0.600 1.715 300 0.171	382
42 2.428 12,387 126 0.686 1,680 210 0.168	377
43 2.402 12,053 127 0.674 1,647 211 0.165 44 2.376 11,730 128 0.663 1,614 212 0.163	372
44 2.376 11,730 128 0.663 1,614 212 0.163	367
45 2.349 11.416	361
46 2.323 11,112 130 0.640 1,550 214 0.158 47 2.296 10,816 131 0.629 1,519 215 0.155	356
47 2.296 10,816 131 0.629 1,519 215 0.155 48 2.270 10,529 132 0.618 1,489 216 0.153	350 344
48 2.270 10,529 132 0.618 1,489 216 0.153 49 2.244 10,250 133 0.608 1,459 217 0.151	338
50 2 217 9 979 134 0.597 1.430 218 0.148	332
51 2 101 0 717 135 0 587 1 401 219 0 146	325
52 2.165 9,461 136 0.577 1,373 220 0.144	318
53 2.138 9,213 137 0.567 1,345 221 0.142 54 2.112 8,973 138 0.557 1,318 222 0.140	311
54 2.112 8,973 138 0.557 1,318 222 0.140 55 0.000 0.700 130 0.548 1.301 323 0.138	304
55 2.086 8,739 139 0.548 1,291 223 0.138 56 2.060 8,511 140 0.538 1,265 224 0.135	297 289
57 2 034 8 291 141 0 529 1 240 225 0 133	282
58 2.008 8,076 142 0.520 1,214	

Table 98 — 5K Thermistor Temperature vs. Resistance (SCT Sensors) (SI)

TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)	TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)	TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)
-32	3.705	100.260	15	1.982	7,855	62	0.506	1,158
-31	3.687	94,165	16	1.935	7,499	63	0.490	1,118
-30	3.668	88,480	17	1.889	7,161	64	0.475	1,079
-29	3.649	83,170	18	1.844	6,840	65	0.461	1,041
-28	3.629	78.125	19	1.799	6,536	66	0.447	1,006
- 2 7	3.608	73,580	20	1.754	6,246	67	0.433	971
-26	3.586	69,250	21	1.710	5,971	68	0.420	938
-25	3.563	65,205	22	1.666	5.710	69	0.407	906
-24	3.539	61,420	23	1.623	5,461	70	0.395	876
-23	3.514	57,875	24	1.580	5,225	71	0.383	836
-22	3.489	54,555	25	1.538	5,000	72	0.371	805
- <u>21</u>	3.462	51,450	26	1.497	4,786	73	0.360	775
-20	3.434	48,536	27	1.457	4,583	74	0.349	747
-19	3.406	45,807	28	1.417	4,389	75	0.339	719
-18	3.376	43,247	29	1.378	4,204	76	0.329	693
-17	3.345	40.845	30	1.340	4,028	77	0.319	669
-16	3.313	38.592	31	1.302	3,861	78	0.309	645
-15	3.281	38,476	32	1.265	3,701	79	0.300	623
-14	3.247	34,489	33	1.229	3.549	80	0.291	602
-13	3.212	32.621	34	1.194	3,404	81	0.283	583
-12	3.177	30,866	35	1.160	3,266	82	0.274	564
-11	3.140	29,216	36	1.126	3,134	83	0.266	547
-10	3.103	27,633	37	1.093	3,008	84	0.258	531
-9	3.065	26,202	38	1.061	2,888	85	0.251	516
-8	3.025	24,827	39	1.030	2.773	86	0.244	502
- 7	2.985	23,532	40	0.999	2.663	87	0.237	489
-6	2.945	22.313	41	0.969	2,559	88	0.230	477
– 5	2.903	21,163	42	0.940	2.459	89	0.223	466
-4	2.860	20,079	43	0.912	2,363	90	0.217	456
<u>-3</u>	2.817	19,058	44	0.885	2,272	91	0.211	446
–2	2.774	18,094	45	0.858	2,184	92	0.204	436
-1	2.730	17.184	46	0.832	2,101	93	0.199	427
Ò	2.685	16,325	47	0.807	2,021	94	0.193	419
1	2.639	15,515	48	0.782	1,944	95	0.188	410
2	2.593	14,749	49	0.758	1,871	96	0.182	402
3	2.547	14,026	50	0.735	1,801	97	0.177	393
4	2.500	13,342	51	0.713	1,734	98	0.172	385
5	2.454	12,696	52	0.691	1,670	99	0.168	376
6	2.407	12,085	53	0.669	1,609	100	0.163	367
7	2.360	11,506	54	0.649	1,550	101	0.158	357
8	2.312	10,959	55	0.629	1,493	102	0.154	346
9	2.265	10,441	56	0.610	1,439	103	0.150	335
10	2.217	9,949	57	0.591	1,387	104	0.146	324
11	2.170	9,485	58	0.573	1,337	105	0.142	312
12	2.123	9,044	59	0.555	1,290	106	0.138	299
13	2.076	8,627	60	0.538	1,244	107	0.134	285
14	2.029	8,231	61	0.522	1,200			

Table 99 — 10K Thermistor vs. Resistance (T55, T56, OAT, RAT, EDT, LAT Sensors) (English)

-25	STANCE hms)
-23	166 124
-21	083
-20	043 003
-18	966
16	928 891
-15	855 820
-13	786
-12	752 719
-10	687 656
-8	625
-7	594 565
-5	536 508
-3	480
-2	453 426
0 4.476 85,396 86 2.231 8,056 172 0.595 1, 1 4.461 82,729 87 2.202 7,869 173 0.585 1, 2 4.445 80,162 88 2.173 7,685 174 0.576 1, 3 4.429 77,682 89 2.144 7,507 175 0.567 1, 4 4.413 75,286 90 2.115 7,333 176 0.558 1, 5 4.397 72,940 91 2.087 7,165 177 0.549 1, 6 4.380 70,727 92 2.059 6,999 178 0.540 1, 7 4.363 68,542 93 2.030 6,838 179 0.532 1, 8 4.328 64,459 95 1.975 6,530 181 0.515 1, 10 4.310 62,491 96 1	400 375
2 4.445 80,162 88 2.173 7,685 174 0.576 1, 3 4.429 77,662 89 2.144 7,507 175 0.567 1, 4 4.413 75,286 90 2.115 7,333 176 0.558 1, 5 4.397 72,940 91 2.087 7,165 177 0.549 1, 6 4.380 70,727 92 2.059 6,999 178 0.540 1, 7 4.363 68,542 93 2.030 6,838 179 0.532 1, 8 4.346 66,465 94 2.003 6,683 180 0.523 1, 9 4.328 64,439 95 1.975 6,530 181 0.515 1 10 4.310 62,491 96 1.948 6,383 182 0.507 1, 11 4.292 60,612 97 1	350
3 4.429 77,662 89 2.144 7,507 175 0.567 1, 4 4.413 75,286 90 2.115 7,333 176 0.558 1, 5 4.397 72,940 91 2.087 7,165 177 0.549 1, 6 4.380 70,727 92 2.059 6,999 178 0.540 1, 7 4.363 68,542 93 2.030 6,838 179 0.532 1, 8 4.346 66,465 94 2.003 6,683 180 0.523 1, 9 4.328 64,439 95 1.975 6,530 181 0.515 1, 10 4.310 62,491 96 1.948 6,383 182 0.507 1, 11 4.292 60,612 97 1.921 6,238 183 0.499 1 12 4.273 58,781 98	326 302
5 4.397 72,940 91 2.087 7,165 177 0.549 1, 6 4.380 70,727 92 2.059 6,999 178 0.540 1, 7 4.363 68,542 93 2.030 6,838 179 0.532 1, 8 4.346 66,465 94 2.003 6,683 180 0.523 1, 10 4.310 62,491 96 1.948 6,383 182 0.507 1, 11 4.292 60,612 97 1.921 6,238 183 0.499 1, 12 4.273 58,781 98 1.894 6,098 184 0.491 1, 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1, 14 4.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1, 15 4.215 53,693 101	278 255
7 4.363 68,542 93 2.030 6,838 179 0.532 1, 94 8 4.346 66,465 94 2.003 6,683 180 0.523 1, 1, 94 9 4.328 64,439 95 1.975 6,530 181 0.515 1, 10 10 4.310 62,491 96 1.948 6,383 182 0.507 1, 11 11 4.292 60,612 97 1.921 6,238 183 0.499 1, 11 11 4.294 6,098 184 0.491 1, 11 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1, 11 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1, 14 1.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1, 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14 1, 14	233
8 4.346 66,465 94 2.003 6,683 180 0.523 1,051 10 4.328 64,439 95 1.975 6,530 181 0.515 1,050 11 4.292 60,612 97 1.921 6,238 183 0.499 1,1 12 4.273 58,781 98 1.894 6,098 184 0.491 1,1 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1,1 14 4.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1,1 15 4.215 53,693 101 1.815 5,698 187 0.468 1,1 16 4.195 52,086 102 1.789 5,571 188 0.451 1,1 17 4.174 50,557 103 1.763 5,449 189 0.454 1,1 18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 1,1 1,1 1,1 <t< td=""><td>211 190</td></t<>	211 190
10 4.310 62,491 96 1.948 6,383 182 0.507 1, 11 4.292 60,612 97 1.921 6,238 183 0.499 1, 12 4.273 58,781 98 1.894 6,098 184 0.491 1, 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1, 14 4.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1, 15 4.215 53,693 101 1.815 5,698 187 0.468 1, 16 4.195 52,086 102 1.789 5,571 188 0.461 1, 17 4.174 50,557 103 1.763 5,449 189 0.454 18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 19 4.132 47,627 105 1.713 5,210 191 0.440 20 4.111 46,240 106 1.6	169 148
12 4.273 58,781 98 1.894 6,098 184 0.491 1, 13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1, 14 4.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1, 15 4.215 53,693 101 1.815 5,698 187 0.468 1, 16 4.195 52,086 102 1.789 5,571 188 0.461 1, 17 4.174 50,557 103 1.763 5,449 189 0.454 18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 19 4.132 47,627 105 1.713 5,210 191 0.440 20 4.111 46,240 106 1.688 5,095 192 0.433 21 4.089 44,888 107 1.663 4,984 193 0.426 22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876	128
13 4.254 57,039 99 1.867 5,961 185 0.483 1,14 14 4.235 55,319 100 1.841 5,827 186 0.476 1,15 15 4.215 53,693 101 1.815 5,698 187 0.468 1,18 16 4.195 52,086 102 1.789 5,571 188 0.461 1,18 17 4.174 50,557 103 1.763 5,449 189 0.454 18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 19 4.132 47,627 105 1.713 5,210 191 0.440 20 4.111 46,240 106 1.688 5,095 192 0.433 21 4.089 44,888 107 1.663 4,984 193 0.426 22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876 194 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196<	108 089
15 4.215 53,693 101 1.815 5,698 187 0.468 1,668 1,769 1,769 5,571 188 0.461 1,769 1,763 5,449 189 0.454 1,763 1,763 5,449 189 0.454 1,763	070 052
17 4.174 50,557 103 1.763 5,449 189 0.454 18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 19 4.132 47,627 105 1.713 5,210 191 0.440 20 4.111 46,240 106 1.688 5,095 192 0.433 21 4.089 44,888 107 1.663 4,984 193 0.426 22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876 194 0.419 23 4.044 42,324 109 1.615 4,769 195 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196 0.407 25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927<	033
18 4.153 49,065 104 1.738 5,327 190 0.447 19 4.132 47,627 105 1.713 5,210 191 0.440 20 4.111 46,240 106 1.688 5,095 192 0.433 21 4.089 44,888 107 1.663 4,984 193 0.426 22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876 194 0.419 23 4.044 42,324 109 1.615 4,769 195 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196 0.407 25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903<	016 998
20 4.111 46,240 106 1.688 5,095 192 0.433 21 4.089 44,888 107 1.663 4,984 193 0.426 22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876 194 0.419 23 4.044 42,324 109 1.615 4,769 195 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196 0.407 25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3,878 34,569 <td>981 964</td>	981 964
22 4.067 43,598 108 1.639 4,876 194 0.419 23 4.044 42,324 109 1.615 4,769 195 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196 0.407 25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3.878 34,569 116 1,453 4,096 202 0.370	947
23 4.044 42,324 109 1.615 4,769 195 0.413 24 4.021 41,118 110 1.591 4,666 196 0.407 25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3.878 34,569 116 1,453 4,096 202 0.370	931 915
25 3.998 39,926 111 1.567 4,564 197 0.400 26 3.975 38,790 112 1.544 4,467 198 0.394 27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3.878 34,569 116 1,453 4,096 202 0.370	900 885
27 3.951 37,681 113 1.521 4,370 199 0.388 28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3.878 34,569 116 1,453 4,096 202 0.370	870
28 3.927 36,610 114 1.498 4,277 200 0.382 29 3.903 35,577 115 1.475 4.185 201 0.376 30 3.878 34.569 116 1.453 4.096 202 0.370	855 841
30 3.878 34.569 116 1.453 4.096 202 0.370	827 814
31 3.853 33,606 117 1.431 4,008 203 0.365	800
32 3.828 32,654 118 1.409 3,923 204 0.359	787 774
33 3.802 31,752 119 1.387 3,840 205 0.354 34 3.776 30,860 120 1.366 3,759 206 0.349	762 749
35 3.750 30.009 121 1.345 3.681 207 0.343	737
36 3.723 29,177 122 1.324 3,603 208 0.338 37 3.697 28,373 123 1.304 3,529 209 0.333	725 714
38 3.670 27,597 124 1.284 3,455 210 0.328	702 691
40 3.615 26.113 126 1.244 3.313 212 0.318	680
42 3,559 24,715 128 1,206 3,178 214 0,309	670 659
43 3.531 24,042 129 1.187 3,112 215 0.305	649 639
45 3.474 22.770	629
47 3.416 21.573 133 1.114 2.866 219 0.288	620 610
48 3.387 20.998 134 1.096 2.809 220 0.284	601 592
50 3.328 19.903 136 1.062 2.697 222 0.275	583
51 3.298 19,386 137 1.045 2,643 223 0.272 52 3.268 18,874 138 1.028 2.590 224 0.268	574 566
53 3.238 18,384 139 1.012 2,539 225 0.264	557
55 3.178 17.441 141 0.980 2.439	
56 3.147 16,991 142 0.965 2,391 57 3.117 16,552 143 0.949 2,343	
58 3.086 16,131 144 0.934 2,297 59 3.056 15,714 145 0.919 2,253	
60 3.025 15,317 146 0.905 2,209	

Table 100 — 10K Thermistor vs. Resistance (T55, T56, OAT, RAT, EDT, LAT Sensors) (SI)

-31	TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)	TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)	TEMP (C)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	RESISTANCE (Ohms)
-31	-32	4.762	200.510	15	3.056	15.714	62	0.940	2,315
-30			188.340						2.235
-28			177,000			14.323			2.157
-28			166.342	18		13.681			2.083
-27			156.404	19					2.011
-25	-27		147.134	20		12,493	67	0.813	1,943
-25			138,482	21			68		1,876
-24	-25	4.644	130.402	22	2.666	11,418	69	0.767	1.813
-22			122,807	23	2.610			0.745	1,752
-22			115,710	24	2.555		71	0.724	1,693
-20	-22		109,075	25					1,637
-20		4.557	102,868	26	2.445			0.683	1,582
-18	-20	4.533	97.060	27	2.391			0.663	1,530
-18			91,588		2.337			0.645	1,480
-16			86,463	29					1,431
-16		4.455	81,662		2.231			0.608	1,385
-13			77,162	31					1,340
-13			72,940	32				0.574	1,297
-12	-14	4.367	68,957	33				0.558	1,255
-11	-13		65,219					0.542	1,215
-10		4.303	61,711	35	1.975	6,530		0.527	1,177
-8 4.162 49,640 39 1.784 5,546 86 0.470 1,03 -7 4.124 47,052 40 1.738 5,327 87 0.457 1,00 -6 4.085 44,617 41 1.692 5,117 88 0.444 97 -5 4.044 42,324 42 1.648 4,918 89 0.431 94 -4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 <th< th=""><td></td><td>4.269</td><td>58,415</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.512</td><td>1,140</td></th<>		4.269	58,415					0.512	1,140
-8 4.162 49,640 39 1.784 5,546 86 0.470 1,03 -7 4.124 47,052 40 1.738 5,327 87 0.457 1,00 -6 4.085 44,617 41 1.692 5,117 88 0.444 97 -5 4.044 42,324 42 1.648 4,918 89 0.431 94 -4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 <th< th=""><td></td><td>4.235</td><td>55,319</td><td>37</td><td></td><td>6,014</td><td>84</td><td>0.497</td><td>1,104</td></th<>		4.235	55,319	37		6,014	84	0.497	1,104
-7 4.124 47,052 40 1,738 5,327 87 0.457 1,00 -6 4.085 44,617 41 1.692 5,117 88 0.444 97 -5 4.044 42,324 42 1.648 4,918 89 0.431 94 -4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.	-9		52,392				85	0.483	1,070
-6 4.085 44,617 41 1.692 5,117 88 0.444 97 -5 4.044 42,324 42 1.648 4,918 89 0.431 94 -4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324	-8		49,640		1.784	5,546		0.470	1,037
-4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 </th <td>-/</td> <td></td> <td>47,052</td> <td></td> <td>1./38</td> <td>5,327</td> <td>87</td> <td></td> <td>1,005</td>	-/		47,052		1./38	5,327	87		1,005
-4 4.003 40,153 43 1.605 4,727 90 0.419 91 -3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 </th <td>-6</td> <td></td> <td>44,617</td> <td></td> <td>1.692</td> <td>5,117</td> <td></td> <td>0.444</td> <td>9/4</td>	- 6		44,617		1.692	5,117		0.444	9/4
-3 3.961 38,109 44 1.562 4,544 91 0.408 88 -2 3.917 36,182 45 1.521 4,370 92 0.396 86 -1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 <td>-5</td> <td></td> <td>42,324</td> <td>42</td> <td>1.648</td> <td>4,918</td> <td></td> <td>0.431</td> <td>944</td>	-5		42,324	42	1.648	4,918		0.431	944
-2 3,917 36,182 45 1,521 4,370 92 0,396 86 -1 3,873 34,367 46 1,480 4,203 93 0,386 83 0 3,828 32,654 47 1,439 4,042 94 0,375 81 1 3,781 31,030 48 1,400 3,889 95 0,365 78 2 3,734 29,498 49 1,362 3,743 96 0,355 76 3 3,686 28,052 50 1,324 3,603 97 0,345 74 4 3,637 26,686 51 1,288 3,469 98 0,336 72 5 3,587 25,396 52 1,252 3,340 99 0,327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1,217 3,217 100 0,318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1,183 <td>-4</td> <td></td> <td>40,153</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.419</td> <td>915</td>	-4		40,153					0.419	915
-1 3.873 34,367 46 1.480 4,203 93 0.386 83 0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 <td>-3</td> <td></td> <td>30,109</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,344</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>009</td>	-3		30,109			4,344			009
0 3.828 32,654 47 1.439 4,042 94 0.375 81 1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3.485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3.433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3.381 20,883 56 1.117 <td>-<u>2</u></td> <td>3.917</td> <td>30,102</td> <td></td> <td>1.521</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.396</td> <td></td>	- <u>2</u>	3.917	30,102		1.521			0.396	
1 3.781 31,030 48 1.400 3,889 95 0.365 78 2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3,381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3,328 19,903 57 1.086<		3.073	34,307				93	0.300	811
2 3.734 29,498 49 1.362 3,743 96 0.355 76 3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3.485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3.433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3.381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3.328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3.274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0.279 59			31,030				94 05	0.375	787
3 3.686 28,052 50 1.324 3,603 97 0.345 74 4 3.637 26,686 51 1.288 3,469 98 0.336 72 5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3.485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3,381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3,328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3,274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0,279 59	2	3.701	20 408	40			96	0.363	767 764
5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3,381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3,328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3,274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0,279 59	3		28,450					0.333	742
5 3.587 25,396 52 1.252 3,340 99 0.327 70 6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3,381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3,328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3,274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0,279 59	4		26,686		1.024			0.336	721
6 3,537 24,171 53 1.217 3,217 100 0.318 68 7 3,485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3,433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3,381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3,328 19,903 57 1,086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3,274 18,972 58 1,055 2,675 105 0,279 59	5	3 587	25,396					0.327	700
7 3.485 23,013 54 1.183 3,099 101 0.310 66 8 3.433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3.381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3.328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3.274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0.279 59	6	3 537	24 171	53		3 217		0.318	680
8 3.433 21,918 55 1.150 2,986 102 0.302 64 9 3.381 20,883 56 1.117 2,878 103 0.294 62 10 3.328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3.274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0.279 59		3 485	23,013	54					661
10 3.328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3.274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0.279 59		3.433	21,918	55					643
10 3.328 19,903 57 1.086 2,774 104 0.287 60 11 3.274 18,972 58 1.055 2,675 105 0.279 59	9		20.883	56				0.294	626
11 3.274 18.972 58 1.055 2.675 105 0.279 59		3.328	19.903	57	1.086	2.774		0.287	609
		3.274	18.972	58		2.675		0.279	592
12 3.220 18,090 59 1.025 2,579 106 0.272 57			18.090					0.272	576
13 3.165 17,255 60 0.996 2,488 107 0.265 56	13		17,255			2,488	107		561
14 3.111 16,474 61 0.968 2,400					0.968				

Table 101 — Suction Pressure Transducer Pressure (PSIG) vs. Voltage (SP-A, SP-B, SP.XR=0, 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY Units Only)

PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)
0	0.290	34	1.436	68	2.582	102	3.728
i	0.324	35	1.470	69	2.615	103	3.761
2	0.357	35 36	1.503	70	2.649	104	3.795
3	0.391	37	1.537	71	2.683	105	3.829
4	0.425	38	1.571	72	2.717	106	3.862
5	0.458	39	1.604	73	2.750	107	3.896
6	0.492	40	1.638	74	2.784	108	3.930
7	0.526	41	1.672	75	2.818	109	3.964
8	0.560	42	1.705	76	2.851	110	3.997
9	0.593	43	1.739	77	2.885	111	4.031
10	0.627	44	1.773	78	2.919	112	4.065
11	0.661	45	1.807	79	2.952	113	4.098
12	0.694	46	1.840	80	2.986	114	4.132
13	0.728	47	1.874	81	3.020	115	4.166
14	0.762	48	1.908	82	3.054	116	4.200
15	0.795	49	1.941	83	3.087	117	4.233
16	0.829	50	1.975	84	3.121	118	4.267
17	0.863	51	2.009	85	3.155	119	4.301
18	0.897	52	2.042	86	3.188	120	4.334
19	0.930	53	2.076	87	3.222	121	4.368
20	0.964	54	2.110	88	3.256	122	4.402
21	0.998	55	2.144	89	3.290	123	4.435
22	1.031	56	2.177	90	3.323	124	4.469
23	1.065	57	2.211	91	3.357	125	4.503
24	1.099	58	2.245	92	3.391	126	4.537
25	1.132	59	2.278	93	3.424	127	4.570
26	1.166	60	2.312	94	3.458	128	4.604
27	1.200	61	2.346	95 96	3.492	129	4.638
28	1.234	62	2.380	96	3.525	130	4.671
25 26 27 28 29	1.267	63	2.413	97	3.559	131	4.705
30	1.301	64	2.447	98	3.593	132	4.739
31	1.335	65	2.481	99	3.627	133	4.772
32	1.368	66	2.514	100	3.660	134	4.806
33	1.402	67	2.548	101	3.694	135	4.840

Table 102 — Suction Pressure Transducer Pressure (PSIG) vs. Voltage (SP-A, SP-B, SP.XR = 1, 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY Units Only)

PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)
							. ,
Ō	0.500	51	1.520	101	2.520	151	3.520
1	0.520	52	1.540	102	2.540	152	3.540
2	0.540	53	1.560	103	2.560	153	3.560
3	0.560	54	1.580	104	2.580	154	3.580
4	0.580	55	1.600	105	2.600	155	3.600
5	0.600	56	1.620	106	2.620	156	3.620
6	0.620	57	1.640	107	2.640	157	3.640
7	0.640	58	1.660	108	2.660	158	3.660
8	0.660	59	1.680	109	2.680	159	3.680
9	0.680	60	1.700	110	2.700	160	3.700
10	0.700	61	1.720	111	2.720	161	3.720
11	0.720	62	1.740	112	2.740	162	3.740
12	0.740	63	1.760	113	2.760	163	3.760
13	0.760	64	1.780	114	2.780	164	3.780
14	0.780	65	1.800	115	2.800	165	3.800
15	0.800	66	1.820	116	2.820	166	3.820
16	0.820	67	1.840	117	2.840	167	3.840
17	0.840	68	1.860	118	2.860	168	3.860
18	0.860	69	1.880	119	2.880	169	3.880
19	0.880	70	1.900	120	2.900	170	3.900
20	0.900	71	1.920	121	2.920	171	3.920
21	0.920	72	1.940	122	2.940	172	3.940
22	0.940	73	1.960	123	2.960	173	3.960
23	0.960	74 74	1.980	124	2.980	174	3.980
24	0.980	75 75	2.000	125	3.000	175	4.000
25	1.000	76 76	2.020	126	3.020	176	4.020
26	1.020	77	2.040	127	3.040	177	4.040
27	1.040	78	2.060	128	3.060	178	4.060
28	1.060	70 79	2.080	129	3.080	179	4.080
29	1.080	80	2.100	130	3.100	180	4.100
30	1.100	81	2.120	131	3.120	181	4.120
31	1.120	82	2.140	132	3.140	182	4.140
32	1.140	83	2.160	133	3.160	183	4.160
33	1.160	84	2.180	134	3.180	184	4.180
33 34	1.180	85	2.200	135	3.200	185	4.200
3 4 35	1.200	86	2.220	136	3.220	186	4.200
36	1.220	87	2.240	137	3.240	187	4.220 4.240
36 37	1.240	88	2.240	138	3.260	188	4.240 4.260
37 38	1.240					189	4.280 4.280
38 39	1.280	89	2.280	139	3.280		4.280 4.300
	1.280	90	2.300	140	3.300 3.320	190	
40		91	2.320	141		191	4.320
41	1.320	92	2.340	142	3.340	192	4.340
42	1.340	93 94	2.360	143	3.360	193	4.360
43	1.360		2.380	144	3.380	194	4.380
44	1.380	95	2.400	145	3.400	195	4.400
45	1.400	96	2.420	146	3.420	196	4.420
<u>46</u>	1.420	97	2.440	147	3.440	197	4.440
47	1.440	98	2.460	148	3.460	198	4.460
48	1.460	99	2.480	149	3.480	199	4.480
49	1.480	100	2.500	150	3.500	200	4.500
50	1.500					· · ·	

Table 103 — Suction Pressure Transducer (PSIG) vs. Voltage (SP-A, SP-B, 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 Units Only)

PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V
0	0.466 0.476	106 107	1.509 1.519	211 212	2.543 2.553	316 317	3.576 3.586
ż	0.476 0.486	107 108	1.529	213	2.553 2.562	318	3.586 3.596
3	0.495	109	1.539	214 215	2.572	319 320	3.606
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0.495 0.505 0.515 0.525 0.535 0.545 0.554 0.564 0.574 0.584 0.594 0.604 0.614 0.623 0.633 0.643 0.663 0.663 0.663 0.663 0.673 0.682 0.692 0.702 0.712 0.722 0.732 0.741 0.751 0.761 0.771 0.781	110 111 112	1.549 1.558	215 216	2.582 2.592 2.602	317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 351 352 353 356 357 358 359 360 361 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367	3.616 3.626 3.635 3.645 3.655 3.695 3.694 3.704 3.714 3.724 3.733 3.763 3.773 3.783 3.783 3.803 3.813 3.822 3.852 3.862 3.852 3.862 3.872 3.863
6	0.525	112	1.568 1.578	217 218	2.602 2.612	322	3.635
8	0.535	113 114 115 116 117	1.588	219	2.622	323 324	3.655
9	0.554	115	1.588 1.598 1.608	220 221	2.622 2.631 2.641	325	3.665
10 11	0.564 0.574	116 117	1.608 1.618	221 222	2.641 2.651	326 327	3.675 3.685
12	0.584	118	1.627 1.637	223 224 225	2.661 2.671	328	3.694
12 13 14 15 16 17	0.594	119 120	1.637 1.647	224	2.671 2.681	329 330	3.704
15	0.614	121	1.657	226	2.690	331	3.724
16	0.623	122	1.667	227 228	2.700 2.710	332	3.734
18	0.633 0.643	118 119 120 121 122 123 124	1.677 1.686	229		333 334	3.744
19	0.653	125	1.696 1.706	230	2.730	335	3.763
19 20 21	0.663 0.673	125 126 127	1.706 1.716	230 231 232	2.720 2.730 2.740 2.749 2.759 2.769 2.779 2.789 2.789	336 337	3.773
22	0.682	128	1 726	233	2.759	338	3.793
23	0.692	129	1.736	234	2.769	339	3.803
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	0.702	129 130 131	1.736 1.745 1.755	235 236	2.779	340 341	3.822
26	0.722	132	1 765	237	2.799	342	3.832
27 28	0.732	133 134 135 136 137 138	1.775 1.785 1.795	238 239 240	2.809 2.818 2.828 2.838	343 344	3.842
29	0.751	135	1.795	240	2.828	345	3.862
30	0.761	136	1.805	241	2.838	346	3.872
31 32	0.7/1 0.781	137 138	1.814 1.824	242 243	2.848 2.858	347 348	3.881 3.891
33	0.791	139	1.834	244		349	3.901
34	0.801 0.810 0.820 0.830 0.840 0.850 0.860 0.869 0.879 0.899 0.909 0.919 0.928 0.938 0.948 0.958 0.968 0.978 0.988 0.997 1.007 1.1017 1.027 1.037 1.047 1.056 1.066 1.076	140	1.844 1.854	245	2.868 2.877 2.887 2.897 2.907 2.917 2.927 2.936	350 351	3,911 3,921 3,931 3,940 3,950 3,960 3,970 3,980 4,009 4,009 4,019 4,029 4,039
36	0.810	141 142	1.864	246 247	2.897	351 352	3.921
37	0.830	1/13	1 873	248	2.907	353	3.940
38 39	0.840 0.850	144 145 146 147	1.883 1.893 1.903	249 250 251	2.917	354 355	3.950
40	0.860	146	1.903	251	2.936	356	3.970
41	0.869	147	1.913	252	2.946	357	3.980
42 43	0.879 0.889	148 149 150 151 152 153	1.923 1.932	253 254 255	2.956 2.966	358 359	3.990 4.000
44	0.899	150	1.942	255	2.966 2.976	360	4.009
45 46	0.909	151	1.952 1.962	256	2.986 2.996	361	4.019
46 47	0.919	153	1.972	257 258	3.005	362 363	4.029
48 49 50 51	0.938	154	1.982	259	3 015	364	4.049
49 50	0.948	155 156 157	1.992 2.001	260 261	3.025 3.035 3.045	365 366	4.059 4.068 4.078 4.088 4.098 4.108 4.118 4.128 4.137 4.147 4.157 4.167
51	0.968	157	2.011	262	3.045	367	4.078
52	0.978	158	2 021	263	3.055	368	4.088
53 54	0.988 0.997	159 160 161 162	2.031 2.041 2.051	264 265	3.064 3.074 3.084	369 370	4.098 4.108
55	1.007	161	2.051	266	3.084	371	4.118
56 57	1.017	162 163	2.060	267 268	3.094 3.104	372 373	4.128
58	1.027	164	2.070 2.080 2.090	268 269 270	3.114	374	4.137
52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	1.047	163 164 165 166 167 168	2.090	270	3.124	368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378	4.157
60 61	1.056	167	2.100 2.110	271 272	3.133 3.143	376 377	4.167 4.177
62	1.076	168	2.120	273	3.153	378	4.177 4.187
63 64	1.086 1.096	169 170	2.129 2.139	274 275	3.163	379	4.196
65	1.106	171	2.149	276	3.173 3.183	380 381	4.206 4.216
66	1.116	172	2.159	277	3 102	382	4 226
67 68	1.125 1.135	173 174	2.169 2.179	278 279	3.202 3.212 3.222 3.232 3.242	383 384	4.236 4.246 4.255 4.265 4.275
68 69 70	1.145	175	2.179 2.188	280	3.222	385 386	4.255
70 71	1.155	176 177	2.198 2.208	281 282	3.232	386 387	4.265
72	1.175	177	2.218	283	3.251	388	4.275
72 73	1,125 1,135 1,145 1,145 1,155 1,165 1,175 1,184 1,194 1,204 1,214 1,224 1,234 1,243 1,253 1,263 1,263 1,273 1,283 1,293 1,303 1,312 1,322 1,332 1,342 1,352 1,362 1,371 1,381	179	2.218 2.228	284	3.251 3.261	389	4.275 4.285 4.295 4.305 4.315 4.324 4.334 4.344
74 75	1.194 1.204	180 181	2.238 2.247	285 286	3.271 3.281	390 391	4.305 4.315
75 76	1.214	182	2.247 2.257	287	3.281 3.291 3.301	391 392	4.324
77 78	1.224	183 184	2.267 2.277	288 289	3.301 3.311	393 394	4.334
76 79	1.243	185	2.277	290	3.320	395	4.354
79 80	1.253	186	2.287 2.297	291	3.320 3.330	396	4.364
81 82	1.263	187 188	2.307 2.316	292 293	3.340 3.350	397 398	4.374
83	1.283	189	2 326	294	3.360	399	4.393
83 84 85	1.293	190	2.336 2.346	295	3.350 3.360 3.370 3.379	400	4.354 4.364 4.374 4.383 4.403 4.413 4.423 4.433 4.442 4.452
85 86	1.303	191 192	2.346 2.356	296 297	3.389	401 402	4.413 4.423
87	1.322	193	2 366	298	3.399 3.409	403	4.433
88 89	1.332	194 195	2.375 2.385	299 300	3.409 3.419	404 405	4.442
90	1.352	196	2.395	301	3.429	406	4.452
91	1.362	197	2.395 2.405	302	3.429 3.438	407	4.462 4.472 4.482
92 93	1.371	198 199	2.415 2.425	303 304	3.448 3.458	408 409	4.482 4.492
94	1.391	200	2 434	305	3.468	410	4.502
95	1.391 1.401 1.411	201	2 444	306	3.468 3.478	411	4.502 4.511
96 97	1.411 1.421	202 203	2.454 2.464	307 308	3.488	412 413	4 521
98	1.430	204	2 474	309	3.507	414	4.541
99	1.440	205	2.484	310	3.507 3.517 3.527	415	4.531 4.541 4.551 4.561
100 101	1.421 1.430 1.440 1.450 1.460	206 207	2.494 2.503	311 312	3.527 3.537	416 417	4.561 4.570
102	1.470 1.480	208	2.513	313	3.547 3.557 3.557	418	4.580 4.590
103	1.480 1.490	209 210	2.523 2.533	314 315	3.557	419 420	4.590 4.600
104			2.533	315	3.566	420	

Table 104 — Discharge Pressure Transducer (PSIG) vs. Voltage (DP-A, DP-B, 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 Units Only)

PRESSURE	VOLTAGE	PRESSURE	VOLTAGE	F	RESSURE	VOLTAGE	PRESSURE	VOLTAGE
(PSIG) 14.5	0.500	(PSIG) 95	DROP (V) 0.993		(PSIG) 176	1.490	(PSIG) 257	1.987
16 17	0.509 0.515	96 97	1.000 1.006		177 178	1.496 1.502	258 259	1.993 1.999
18 19	0.521 0.528	98 99	1.012 1.018		179 180	1.508 1.515	260 261	2.005 2.011
20	0.534	100	1.024		181	1.521	262	2.017
21 22	0.540 0.546	101 102	1.030 1.036		182 183	1.527 1.533	263 264	2.023 2.029
23 24	0.552 0.558	103 104	1.043 1.049		184 185	1.539 1.545	265 266	2.036 2.042
25	0.564	105	1.055		186	1.551	267	2.048
26 27	0.570 0.577	106 107	1.061 1.067		187 188	1.557 1.564	268 269	2.054 2.060
28 29	0.583 0.589	108 109	1.073 1.079		189 190	1.570 1.576	270 271	2.066 2.072
30	0.595	110	1.085		191	1.582	272	2.079
31 32	0.601 0.607	111 112	1.092 1.098		192 193	1.588 1.594	273 274	2.085 2.091
33 34	0.613 0.620	113 114	1.104 1.110		194 195	1.600 1.606	275 276	2.097 2.103
35	0.626	115	1.116		196	1.613	277	2.109
35 36	0.626 0.632	116 117	1.122 1.128		197 198	1.619 1.625	278 279	2.115 2.121
37 38	0.638 0.644	118 119	1.134 1.141		199 200	1.631 1.637	280 281	2.128 2.134
39	0.650	120	1.147		201	1.643	282	2.140
40 41	0.656 0.662	121 122	1.153 1.159		202 203	1.649 1.656	283 284	2.146 2.152
42 43	0.669 0.675	123 124	1.165 1.171		204 205	1.662 1.668	285 286	2.158 2.164
44	0.681	125	1.177		206	1.674	287	2.170
45 46	0.687 0.693	126 127	1.184 1.190		207 208	1.680 1.686	288 289	2.177 2.183
47 48	0.699 0.705	128 129	1.196 1.202		209 210	1.692 1.698	290 291	2.189 2.195
49	0.711	130	1.208		211	1.705	292	2.201
50 51	0.718 0.724	131 132	1.214 1.220		212 213	1.711 1.717	293 294	2.207 2.213
52 53	0.730 0.736	133 134	1.226 1.233		214 215	1.723 1.729	295 296	2.220 2.226
54	0.742	135	1.239		216	1.735	297	2.232
55 56	0.748 0.754	136 137	1.245 1.251		217 218	1.741 1.747	298 299	2.238 2.244
57 58	0.761 0.767	138 139	1.257 1.263		219 220	1.754 1.760	300 301	2.250 2.256
59	0.773	140	1.269		221	1.766	302	2.262
60 61	0.779 0.785	141 142	1.275 1.282		222 223	1.772 1.778	303 304	2.269 2.275
62 63	0.791 0.797	143 144	1.288 1.294		224 225	1.784 1.790	305 306	2.281 2.287
64	0.803	145	1.300		226	1.797	307	2.293
65 66	0.810 0.816	146 147	1.306 1.312		227 228	1.803 1.809	308 309	2.299 2.305
67 68	0.822 0.828	148 149	1.318 1.325		229 230	1.815 1.821	310 311	2.311 2.318
69	0.834	150	1 331		231	1 827	312	2 324
70 71	0.840 0.846	151 152	1.337 1.343 1.349		232 233	1.833	313 314	2.330 2.336 2.342
72 73	0.852 0.859	153 154	1.349 1.355		234 235	1.833 1.839 1.846 1.852	315 316	2.342 2.348
74	0.865	155	1.361		236	1.858 1.864 1.870 1.876	317	2.354
75 76	0.871 0.877 0.883	156 157	1.367 1.374		237 238	1.864 1.870	318 319	2.361 2.367
77 78	0.883 0.889	158 159	1 380		239 240	1.876 1.882	320 321	2 373
79	0.895	160	1.386 1.392 1.398		241	1.888	322	2.379 2.385 2.391
80 81	0.902 0.908	161 162	1.404		242 243	1.882 1.888 1.895 1.901	323 324	2 397
82 83	0.914 0.920	163 164	1 410		244 245	1.907 1.913	325 326	2.403 2.410
84	0.926	165	1.416 1.423		246	1.907 1.913 1.919 1.925 1.931 1.938 1.944 1.950	327	2.416
85 86	0.932 0.938	166 167	1.429 1.435		247 248	1.925 1.931	328 329	2.422 2.428 2.434
87 88	0.944 0.951	168 169	1.441 1.447		249 250	1.938 1.944	330 331	2.434 2.440
89	0.957	170	1.453		251	1.950	332	2.446
90 91	0.963 0.969	171 172	1.459 1.466		252 253	1.956 1.962	333 334	2.452 2.459
92 93	0.975 0.981	173 174	1.472 1.478		254 255	1.956 1.956 1.962 1.968 1.974	335 336	2.465 2.471
94	0.987	175	1.484		256	1.980	337	2.477

Table 104 — Discharge Pressure Transducer (PSIG) vs. Voltage (DP-A, DP-B, 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 Units Only) (cont)

PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)	PRESSURE (PSIG)	VOLTAGE DROP (V)
338 339	2.483 2.489	421 422	2.992 2.998	504 505	3.501	587 588	4.010 4.016
340	2.469 2.495 2.502	423	3.004	506	3.507 3.513 3.519	589	4.022
341 342 343 344 345	2.502	424	3.010	507	3.519	590	4.028
342 343	2.508 2.514	425 426	3.016 3.023	508 509	3.525 3.531	591 592	4.034 4.040
344	2.520 2.526	427	3.029	510	3.538 3.544 3.550 3.556	593	4.046 4.052
345 346	2.526 2.532	428 429	3.035 3.041	511 512	3.544 3.550	594 595	4.052 4.059
346 347 348 349	2.538	430	3.047	512 513	3.556	596	4 065
348	2.544 2.551	431 432	3.053 3.059	514 515	3.562 3.568 3.574 3.580	597 598	4.071 4.077
350	2.557	432	3.066	516	3.506 3.574	599	4.077
351	2.563	434	3.072	516 517	3.580	600	4.083 4.089
351 352 353	2.569 2.575	435 436	3.078 3.084	518 519	3.587 3.593 3.599 3.605	601 602	4.095 4.102
354 355 356 357 358	2.581	437	3.090	520	3.599	603	4.108
355 356	2.587 2.593	438 439	3.096 3.102	521 522	3.605	604 605	4.114
357	2 600	440	3.108	523	3.611 3.617	606	4.120 4.126
358	2.606 2.612	441	3.115	524	3.623 3.629	607	4.132 4.138
359 360	2.612	442 443	3.121 3.127	525 526	3.629 3.636	608 609	4.138 4.144
361	2.618 2.624	444	3.133	527	3.636 3.642	610	4.144 4.151
362 363	2.630 2.636	445 446	3.139 3.145	528 529	3.648 3.654	611 612	4.157 4.163
364 365	2.643 2.649	447	3.151 3.157	530	3.660	613	4.169 4.175
365 366	2.649 2.655	448 449	3.157 3.164	531 532	3.660 3.666 3.672 3.679	614 615	4.175
367	2 661	450	3.170	533	3.679	616	4.181 4.187
366 367 368 369	2.667 2.673	451	3.176	534	3.685	617 618	4.193
369 370	2.673 2.679	452 453	3.182 3.188	535 536	3.685 3.691 3.697 3.703	618 619	4.193 4.200 4.206 4.212
370 371 372 373	2.679 2.685	454	3.194	537	3.703	619 620	4.212
372 373	2.692 2.698	455 456	3.200 3.206	538 539	3.709 3.715	621 622	4.218 4.224 4.230
374	2.704 2.710	457	3.213	540	3.721 3.728	623	4.230
374 375 376 377	2.710	458	3.219	541 540	3.728	624	4 236
376 377	2.716 2.722	459 460	3.225 3.231	542 543	3.734 3.740	625 626	4.243 4.249 4.255
378 379	2.728	461	3.237	544	3.746	627 628	4.255
380	2.734 2.741	462 463	3.243 3.249	545 546	3.752 3.758	628 629	4.261 4.267
381	2 747	464	3.256	547	3.758 3.764	630	4.267 4.273 4.279 4.285
382 383 384 385	2.753 2.759	465 466	3.262 3.268	548 549	3.770 3.777	631 632	4.279 4.285
384	2.765	467	3.274	550	3.783 3.789 3.795 3.801	633	4.292 4.298 4.304
385 386	2.771 2.777	468 469	3.280 3.286	551 552	3.789 3.785	634 635	4.298 4.304
386 387 388 389	2.784	470	3.292	553	3.801	636	4.310
388	2.790 2.796	471 472	3.298 3.305	554 555	3.807 3.813	637 638	4.316 4.322
390	2.802	473	3.311	556	3.820	639	4.328
391 392	2.808	474	3.317	557	3.826	640	4.334
392 393	2.814 2.820	475 476	3.323 3.329	558 559	3.832 3.838	641 642	4.341 4.347
394	2.826	477	3.335	560	3.844	643	4.353
395 396	2.833 2.839	478 479	3.341 3.347	561 562	3.850 3.856	644 645	4.359 4.365
397	2.845	480	3.347 3.354	563	3.856 3.862	646	4.371
398 399	2.851 2.857	481 482	3.360 3.366	564 565	3.869 3.875	647 648	4.377 4.384
400	2.863	483	3.372 3.378	566	3.881	649	4.390
401 402	2.869 2.875	484 485	3.378 3.384	567 568	3.887 3.893	650 651	4.396 4.402
403	2.882	486	3.390	569	3.899	652	4.408
404	2.888	487	3.397 3.403	570	3.905	653 654	4.414 4.420
405 406	2.894 2.900	488 489	3.409	571 572	3.911 3.918	654 655	4.426
407	2.906	490	3.415	573	3.924	656	4.433
408 409	2.912 2.918	491 492	3.421 3.427	574 575	3.930 3.936	657 658	4.439 4.445
410	2.925	493	3.433	576	3.942	659	4.451
411 412	2.931 2.937	494 495	3.439 3.446	577 578	3.948 3.954	660 661	4.457 4.463
413	2.943	496	3.446 3.452	579	3.961	662	4.469
414	2.949	497	3.458	580	3.967	663	4.475
415 416	2.955 2.961	498 499	3.464 3.470	581 582	3.973 3.979	664 665	4.482 4.488
417	2.967	500	3.476	583	3.985	666	4.494
418 419	2.974 2.980	501 502	3.482 3.488	584 585	3.991 3.997	667	4.500
420	2.986	503	3.495	586	4.003		

Forcing Inputs and Outputs — Many variables may be forced both from the CCN and directly at the local display. This can be useful during diagnostic testing and also during operation, typically as part of an advanced third party control scheme. See Appendices A and B.

NOTE: In the case of a power reset, any force in effect at the time of the power reset will be cleared.

CONTROL LEVEL FORCING — If any of the following points are forced with a priority level of 7 (consult CCN literature for a description of priority levels), the software clears the force from the point if it has not been written to or forced again within the timeout periods defined below:

```
      Temperatures → AIR.T → OAT

      Temperatures → AIR.T → RAT

      Temperatures → AIR.T → SPT
      Return Air Temperature
      3 minutes

      Inputs → RSET → SP.RS
      Static Pressure Reset
      30 minutes

      Inputs → REL.H → OA.RH
      Outside Air Relative Humidity
      30 minutes

      Inputs → AIR.Q → OAQ
      Outside Air Quality
      30 minutes
```

Run Status Menu — The Run Status menu provides the user important information about the unit. The Run Status table can be used to troubleshoot problems and to help determine how and why the unit is operating.

AUTO VIEW OF RUN STATUS — The Auto View of Run Status display table provides the most important unit information. The HVAC Mode (*Run Status →VIEW →HVAC*) informs the user what HVAC mode the unit is currently in. Refer to the Modes section on page 32 for information on HVAC modes. The occupied status, unit temperatures, unit set points, and stage information can also be shown. See Table 105.

Run Status→**VIEW**→**HVAC** — Displays the current HVAC Mode(s) by name. HVAC Modes include:

```
OFF VENT HIGH HEAT
STARTING UP HIGH COOL FIRE SHUT DOWN
SHUTTING DOWN LOW COOL PRESSURIZATION
DISABLED UNOCC FREE COOL EVACUATION
SOFTSTOP REQUEST TEMPERING HICOOL SMOKE PURGE
REM SW DISABLE TEMPERING LOCOOL
COMP STUCK ON TEMPERING VENT
TEST LOW HEAT
```

<u>Run Status</u>→<u>VIEW</u>→<u>OCC</u> — This variable displays the current occupancy status of the control.

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **MAT** — This variable displays the current value for mixed-air temperature. This value is calculated based on return-air and outside-air temperatures and economizer damper position.

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **EDT** — This variable displays the current evaporator discharge air temperature during Cooling modes. This value is read at the supply air thermistor location (or at cooling coil thermistor array if unit is equipped with hydronic heating coil).

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **LAT** — This variable displays the current leaving-air temperature during Vent and Hydronic Heating modes. This value is read at the supply air thermistor location.

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **EC.C.P** — This variable displays the current economizer control point value (a target value for air temperature leaving the evaporator coil location).

Run Status→**VIEW**→**ECN.P** — This variable displays the current actual economizer position (in percentage open).

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **CL.C.P** — This variable displays the current cooling control point (a target value for air temperature leaving the evaporator coil location).

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **C.CAP** — This variable displays the current amount of unit cooling capacity (in percent of maximum).

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **HT.C.P** — This variable displays the current heating control point, for use with staged gas control option only (a target value for air temperature leaving the supply duct).

Run Status \rightarrow **VIEW** \rightarrow **HT.ST** — This variable displays the current number of heating stages active (for staged gas control option only). Compare to following point.

Run Status→**VIEW**→**H.MAX** — This variable displays the maximum number of heat stages available for this model.

ECONOMIZER RUN STATUS — The Economizer Run Status display table provides information about the economizer and can be used to troubleshoot economizer problems. See Table 106. The current position, commanded position, and whether the economizer is active can be displayed. All the disabling conditions for the economizer and outside air information is also displayed.

COOLING INFORMATION — The Cooling Information run status display table provides information on the cooling operation of the unit. See Table 107.

<u>Current Running Capacity (C.CAP)</u> — This variable represents the amount of capacity currently running as a percent.

<u>Current Cool Stage (*CUR.S*)</u> — This variable represents the cool stage currently running.

Requested Cool Stage (*REQ.S*) — This variable represents the requested cool stage. Cooling relay time guards in place may prevent the requested cool stage from matching the current cool stage.

Maximum Cool Stages (MAX.S) — This variable is the maximum number of cooling stages the control is configured for and capable of controlling.

Active Demand Limit (**DEM.L**) — If demand limit is active, this variable will represent the amount of capacity that the control is currently limited to.

<u>Capacity Load Factor (SMZ)</u> — This factor builds up or down over time (-100 to +100) and is used as the means of adding or subtracting a cooling stage during run time. It is a normalized representation of the relationship between "Sum" and "Z". See the SUMZ Cooling Algorithm section on page 46.

Next Stage EDT Decrease (*ADD.R*) — This variable represents (if adding a stage of cooling) how much the temperature should drop in degrees depending on the *R.PCT* calculation and how much additional capacity is to be added.

ADD.R = R.PCT * (C.CAP – capacity after adding a cooling stage)

For example: If R.PCT = 0.2 and the control would be adding 20% cooling capacity by taking the next step up, 0.2 times 20 = 4 F ADD.R.

Next Stage EDT Increase (*SUB.R*) — This variable represents (if subtracting a stage of cooling) how much the temperature should rise in degrees depending on the *R.PCT* calculation and how much capacity is to be subtracted.

SUB.R = R.PCT * (C.CAP - capacity after subtracting a cooling stage)

For Example: If R.PCT = 0.2 and the control would be subtracting 30% capacity by taking the next step down, 0.2 times -30 = -6 F SUB.R.

Rise Per Percent Capacity (*R.PCT*) — This is a real time calculation that represents the amount of degrees of drop/rise across the evaporator coil versus percent of current running capacity.

R.PCT = (MAT - EDT)/C.CAP

<u>Cap Deadband Subtracting (Y.MIN)</u> — This is a control variable used for Low Temp Override (*L.TMP*) and Slow Change Override (*SLOW*).

Y.MIN = -SUB.R*0.4375

<u>Cap Deadband Adding (Y.PLU)</u> — This is a control variable used for High Temp Override (H.TMP) and Slow Change Override (SLOW).

Y.PLU = -ADD.R*0.4375

<u>Cap Threshold Subtracting (*Z.MIN*)</u> — This parameter is used in the calculation of *SMZ* and is calculated as follows:

 $Z.MIN = Configuration \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow Z.GN * (-10 + (4* (-SUB.R))) * 0.6$

<u>Cap Threshold Adding (*Z.PLU*)</u> — This parameter is used in the calculation of SMZ and is calculated as follows:

 $Z.PLU = Configuration \rightarrow COOL \rightarrow Z.GN * (10 + (4* (-ADD.R))) * 0.6$

High Temp Cap Override (*H.TMP*) — If stages of mechanical cooling are on and the error is greater than twice *Y.PLU*, and the rate of change of error is greater than 0.5° F, then a stage of mechanical cooling will be added every 30 seconds. This override is intended to react to situations where the load rapidly increases.

Low Temp Cap Override (*L.TMP*) — If the error is less than twice *Y.MIN*, and the rate of change of error is less than -0.5° F, then a mechanical stage will be removed every 30 seconds. This override is intended to quickly react to situations where the load is rapidly reduced.

Pull Down Cap Override (*PULL*) — If the error from set point is above 4° F, and the rate of change is less than –1° F per minute, then pulldown is in effect, and "SUM" is set to 0. This keeps mechanical cooling stages from being added when the error is very large, but there is no load in the space. Pulldown for units is expected to rarely occur, but is included for the rare situation when it is needed. Most likely pulldown will occur when mechanical cooling first becomes available shortly after the control goes into an occupied mode (after a warm unoccupied mode).

Slow Change Cap Override (*SLOW*) — With a rooftop unit, the design rise at 100% total unit capacity is generally around 30° F. For a unit with 4 stages, each stage represents about 7.5° F of change to EDT. If stages could reliably be cycled at very fast rates, the set point could be maintained very precisely. Since it is not desirable to cycle compressors more than 6 cycles per hour, slow change override takes care of keeping the PID under control when "relatively" close to set point.

MODE TRIP HELPER — The Mode Trip Helper table provides information on the unit modes and when the modes start and stop. See Table 108. This information can be used to help determine why the unit is in the current mode.

CCN/LINKAGE DISPLAY TABLE — The CCN/Linkage display table provides information on unit linkage. See Table 109.

COMPRESSOR RUN HOURS DISPLAY TABLE — The Compressor Run Hours Display Table displays the number of run time hours for each compressor. See Table 110.

COMPRESSOR STARTS DISPLAY TABLE — The Compressor Starts Display Table displays the number of starts for each compressor. See Table 111.

TIME GUARD DISPLAY TABLE — The Time Guard Display Table delay time for each compressor and heat relay. See Table 112.

SOFTWARE VERSION NUMBERS DISPLAY TABLE — The Software Version Numbers Display Table displays the software version numbers of the unit boards and devices. See Table 113.

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
VIEW	AUTO VIEW OF RUN STATUS				
HVAC	ascii string spelling out the hvac modes			string	
occ	Occupied?	YES/NO		OCCUPIED	forcible
MAT	Mixed Air Temperature		dF	MAT	
EDT	Evaporator Discharge Tmp		dF	EDT	
LAT	Leaving Air Temperature		dF	LAT	
EC.C.P	Economizer Control Point		dF	ECONCPNT	
ECN.P	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos.	0-100	%	ECONOPOS	
CL.C.P	Cooling Control Point		dF	COOLCPNT	
C.CAP	Current Running Capacity			CAPTOTAL	
HT.C.P	Heating Control Point		dF	HEATCPNT	
HT.ST	Requested Heat Stage			HT_STAGE	
H.MAX	Maximum Heat Stages			HTMAXSTG	

Table 105 — Auto View of Run Status Display Table

Table 106 —	Economizer	Run Status	Display	Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
ECON	ECONOMIZER RUN STATUS				
ECN.P	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos.	0-100	%	ECONOPOS	
ECN.C	Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos.	0-100	%	ECONOCMD	forcible
ACTV	Economizer Active ?	YES/NO		ECACTIVE	
DISA	ECON DISABLING CONDITIONS			========	
UNAV	Econ Act. Unavailable?	YES/NO		ECONUNAV	
R.EC.D	Remote Econ. Disabled?	YES/NO		ECONDISA	
DBC	DBC - OAT Lockout?	YES/NO		DBC_STAT	
DEW DDBC	DEW - OA Dewpt.Lockout? DDBD- OAT > RAT Lockout?	YES/NO YES/NO		DEW_STAT DDBCSTAT	
OAEC	OAEC- OA Enth Lockout?	YES/NO		OAECSTAT	
DEC	DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout?	YES/NO		DEC STAT	
EDT	EDT Sensor Bad?	YES/NO		EDT STAT	
OAT	OAT Sensor Bad ?	YES/NO		OAT STAT	
FORC	Economizer Forced ?	YES/NO		ECONFORC	
SFON	Supply Fan Not On 30s?	YES/NO		SFONSTAT	
CLOF	Cool Mode Not In Effect?	YES/NO		COOL_OFF	
OAQL	OAQ Lockout in Effect ?	YES/NO		OAQLŌCKD	
HELD	Econ Recovery Hold Off?	YES/NO		ECONHELD	
O.AIR	OUTSIDE AIR INFORMATION				
OAT	Outside Air Temperature		dF	OAT	forcible
OA.RH	Outside Air Rel. Humidity		%	OARH	forcible
OA.E	Outside Air Enthalpy		l	OAE	
OA.D.T	OutsideAir Dewpoint Temp		dF	OADEWTMP	

Table 107 — Cooling Information Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
COOL	COOLING INFORMATION				
C.CAP	Current Running Capacity		%	CAPTOTAL	
CUR.S	Current Cool Stage			COOL_STG	
REQ.S	Requested Cool Stage			CL_STAGE	
MAX.S	Maximum Cool Stages			CLMAXSTG	
DEM.L	Active Demand Limit		%	DEM_LIM	forcible
SUMZ	COOL CAP. STAGE CONTROL				
SMZ_	Capacity Load Factor	$-100 \to +100$		SMZ	
ADD.R	Next Stage EDT Decrease		^F	ADDRISE	
SUB.R	Next Stage EDT Increase		^F	SUBRISE	
R.PCT	Rise Per Percent Capacity			RISE_PCT	
Y.MIN	Cap Deadband Subtracting			Y_MINUS	
Y.PLU	Cap Deadband Adding			Y_PLUS	
Z.MIN	Cap Threshold Subtracting			Z_MINUS	
Z.PLU	Cap Threshold Adding			Z_PLUS	
H.TMP	High Temp Cap Override			HI_TEMP	
L.TMP	Low Temp Cap Override			LOW_TEMP	
PULL	Pull Down Cap Override			PULLDOWN	
SLOW	Slow Change Cap Override			SLO_CHNG	

Table 108 — Mode Trip Helper Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
TRIP	MODE TRIP HELPER				
UN.C.S	Unoccup. Cool Mode Start			UCCLSTRT	
UN.C.E	Unoccup. Cool Mode End			UCCL_END	
oc.c.s	Occupied Cool Mode Start			OCCLSTRT	
OC.C.E	Occupied Cool Mode End			OCCL_END	
TEMP	Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or Zone			CTRLTEMP	
OC.H.E	Occupied Heat Mode End			OCHT END	
OC.H.S	Occupied Heat Mode Start			OCHTSTRT	
UN.H.E	Unoccup. Heat Mode End			UCHT_END	
UN.H.S	Unoccup. Heat Mode Start			UCHTSTRT	
HVAC	ascii string spelling out the hvac modes			string	

Table 109 — CCN/Linkage Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
LINK MODE L.Z.T L.C.SP L.H.SP	CCN - LINKAGE Linkage Active - CCN Linkage Zone Control Tmp Linkage Curr. Cool Setpt Linkage Curr. Heat Setpt	ON/OFF	dF dF dF	MODELINK LZT LCSP LHSP	

Table 110 — Compressor Run Hours Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
HRS HR.A1 HR.A2 HR.B1 HR.B2	COMPRESSOR RUN HOURS Compressor A1 Run Hours Compressor A2 Run Hours Compressor B1 Run Hours Compressor B2 Run Hours	0-999999 0-999999 0-999999 0-999999	HRS HRS HRS HRS	HR_A1 HR_A2 HR_B1 HR_B2	config config config config

Table 111 — Compressor Starts Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
STRT ST.A1 ST.A2 ST.B1 ST.B2	COMPRESSOR STARTS Compressor A1 Starts Compressor A2 Starts Compressor B1 Starts Compressor B2 Starts	0-999999 0-999999 0-999999 0-999999		CY_A1 CY_A2 CY_B1 CY_B2	config config config config

Table 112 — Time Guard Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
TMGD	TIMEGUARDS				
TG.A1	Compressor A1 Timeguard		ĺ	CMPA1_TG	
TG.A2	Compressor A2 Timeguard			CMPA2_TG	
TG.B1	Compressor B1 Timeguard			CMPB1_TG	
TG.B2	Compressor B2 Timeguard			CMPB2_TG	
TG.H1	Heat Relay 1 Timeguard			HS1_TG	
TG.H2	Heat Relay 2 Timeguard			HS2_TG	
TG.H3	Heat Relay 3 Timeguard			HS3_TG	
TG.H4	Heat Relay 4 Timeguard			HS4_TG	
TG.H5	Heat Relay 5 Timeguard			HS5_TG	
TG.H6	Heat Relay 6 Timeguard			HS6_TG	

Table 113 — Software Version Numbers Display Table

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	POINT	WRITE STATUS
VERS MBB ECB1 ECB2 SCB CEM MARQ NAVI	SOFTWARE VERSION NUMBERS CESR131343-xx-xx CESR131249-xx-xx CESR131226-xx-xx CESR131174-xx-xx CESR131171-xx-xx CESR131171-xx-xx CESR130227-xx-xx			string string string string string string string	

Alarms and Alerts — There are a variety of different alerts and alarms in the system.

- P Pre-Alert: Part of the unit is temporarily down. The alarm is not broadcast on the CCN network. The alarm relay is not energized. After an allowable number of retries, if the function does not recover, the pre-alert will be upgraded to an alert or an alarm.
- T Alert: Part of the unit is down, but the unit is still partially able to provide cooling or heating.
- A Alarm: The unit is down and is unable to provide cooling or heating.

All alarms are displayed with a code of AXXX where the A is the category of alarm (Pre-Alert, Alert, or Alarm) and XXX is the number.

The response of the control system to various alerts and alarms depends on the seriousness of the particular alert or alarm. In the mildest case, an alert does not affect the operation of the unit in any manner. An alert can also cause a "strike." A "striking" alert will cause the circuit to shut down for 15 minutes. This feature reduces the likelihood of false alarms causing a properly working system to be shut down incorrectly. If three strikes occur before the circuit has an opportunity to show that it can function properly, the circuit will strike out, causing the shutdown alarm for that particular circuit. Once activated, the shutdown alarm can only be cleared via an alarm reset.

Circuits with strikes are given an opportunity to reset their strike counter to zero. As discussed above, a strike typically causes the circuit to shut down. Fifteen minutes later, that circuit will once again be allowed to run. If the circuit is able to run for 1 minute, its replacement circuit will be allowed to shut down (if not required to run to satisfy requested stages). However, the "troubled" circuit must run continuously for 5 minutes with no detectable problems before the strike counter is reset to zero.

All the alarms and alerts are summarized in Table 114.

DIAGNOSTIC ALARM CODES AND POSSIBLE CAUSES

T051, P051 (Circuit A, Compressor 1 Failure) T052, P052 (Circuit A, Compressor 2 Failure) T055, P055 (Circuit B, Compressor 1 Failure)

T056, P056 (Circuit B, Compressor 2 Failure) — Alert codes 051, 052, 055, and 056 are for compressors A1, A2, B1, and B2 respectively. These alerts occur when the current sensor (CS) does not detect compressor current during compressor

operation. When this occurs, the control turns off the compressor and logs a strike for the respective circuit. These alerts reset automatically.

If the current sensor board reads OFF while the compressor relay has been commanded ON for a period of 4 continuous seconds, an alert is generated.

Any time this alert occurs, a strike will be called out on the affected compressor. If three successive strikes occur the compressor will be locked out requiring a manual reset or power reset of the circuit board. The clearing of strikes during compressor operation is a combination of 3 complete cycles or 15 continuous minutes of run time operation. So, if there are one or two strikes on the compressor and three short cycles (ON-OFF, ON-OFF, ON-OFF) less than 15 minutes each occur, the strikes will be reset to zero for the affected compressor. Also, if the compressor turns on and runs for 15 minutes straight with no compressor failure, the compressor's strikes are cleared as well.

NOTE: Until the compressor is locked out, for the first two strikes, the alert will not be broadcast to the network, nor will the alarm relay be closed.

The possible causes are:

 High-pressure switch (HPS) open. The HPS is wired in series with compressor relays on the MBB. If the high-pressure switch opens during compressor operation, the compressor stops, and the CS no longer detects current, causing the control to activate this alert.

For 48/50AJ, AK, AW, AY units:

- Compressor internal overload protection is open. The internal overloads are used on the Scroll Tech compressors (black) and smaller Maneurop compressors used on the size 020, 025, 027, 030, 035 units and 040 A1, A2 compressors.
- Internal compressor temperature sensor trip. The large Maneurop compressors (blue) used on the size 040 (B1, B2), 050, and 060 units have an internal temperature sensor.
- Circuit breaker trip. The compressors are protected from short circuit by a breaker in the control box. On the size 020-035 and 040 A1, A2 units there is one breaker per two compressors and on the size 040 (B1, B2), 050, and 060 compressors there is one breaker per compressor because there are not internal overloads.
- Wiring error. A wiring error might not allow the compressor to start.

Table 114 — Alert and Alarm Codes

ALARM OR ALERT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	ACTION TAKEN BY CONTROL	RESET METHOD	PROBABLE CAUSE
A051	Circuit A, Compressor 1 Stuck On Failure	Turn off all compressors	Manual	Welded contact
P051	Circuit A, Compressor 1 Failure	Add strike to compressor	Automatic (max 3)	High pressure switch, compressor current, wiring error
T051	Circuit A, Compressor 1 Failure	Compressor locked off	Manual	Exceeded 3 strike limit
A052	Circuit A, Compressor 2 Stuck On Failure	Turn off all compressors	Manual	Welded contact
P052	Circuit A, Compressor 2 Failure	Add strike to compressor	Automatic (max 3)	High pressure switch, compressor current, wiring error
T052	Circuit A, Compressor 2 Failure	Compressor locked off	Manual	Exceeded 3 strike limit
A055	Circuit B, Compressor 1 Stuck On Failure	Turn off all compressors	Manual	Welded contact
P055	Circuit B, Compressor 1 Failure	Add strike to compressor	Automatic (max 3)	High pressure switch, compressor current, wiring error
T055	Circuit B, Compressor 1 Failure	Compressor locked off	Manual	Exceeded 3 strike limit
A056	Circuit B, Compressor 2 Stuck On Failure	Turn off all compressors	Manual	Welded contact
P056	Circuit B, Compressor 2 Failure	Add strike to compressor	Automatic (max 3)	High pressure switch, compressor current, wiring error
T056	Circuit B, Compressor 2 Failure	Compressor locked off	Manual	Exceeded 3 strike limit
T064	Circuit A Saturated Condensing Thermistor Failure (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units only)	Use OAT for head pressure control	Automatic	Faulty thermistor or wiring error
T065	Circuit B Saturated Condensing Thermistor Failure (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units only)	Use OAT for head pressure control	Automatic	Faulty thermistor or wiring error
T072	Evaporator Discharge Reset Sensor Failure	Unit shutdown	Automatic	Faulty remote input on CEM board
T073 T074	Outside Air Temperature Thermistor Failure Space Temperature Thermistor Failure	Stop use of economizer Unit shutdown	Automatic Automatic	Faulty thermistor or wiring error
T075	Return Air Thermistor Failure	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Faulty thermistor or wiring error Faulty thermistor or wiring error
T076	Outside Air Relative Humidity Sensor Failure	Use OAT changeover control	Automatic	Faulty sensor or wiring error
T078	Return Air Relative Humidity Sensor Failure	Use differential dry bulb changeover	Automatic	Faulty sensor or wiring error
T082	Space Temperature Offset Sensor Failure	Use Space temperature without offset	Automatic	Faulty sensor or wiring error
T090	Circuit A Discharge Pressure Transducer Failure	Stop circuit	Automatic	Faulty sensor, wiring error
T091	Circuit B Discharge Pressure Transducer Failure	Stop circuit	Automatic	Faulty sensor, wiring error
T092 T093	Circuit A Suction Pressure Transducer Failure Circuit B Suction Pressure Transducer Failure	Stop circuit Stop circuit	Automatic Automatic	Faulty sensor, wiring error Faulty sensor, wiring error
T110	Circuit A Loss of Charge	Stop circuit	Manual	Low refrigerant charge
T111	Circuit B Loss of Charge	Stop circuit	Manual	Low refrigerant charge
A120	Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alarm.	Stop circuit	Manual	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
P120	Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temp-Comp A2 Shutdown	Compressor A2 shutdown	Automatic	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
T120	Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alert.	Stop circuit	Automatic	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
A121	Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alarm.	Stop circuit	Manual	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
P121	Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temp-Comp B2 Shutdown	Compressor B2 shutdown	Automatic	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
T121	Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alert.	Stop circuit	Automatic	Low refrigerant charge, low airflow, dirty coil, broken fan belt, TXV problem
T122 T123	Circuit A High Saturated Suction Temperature Circuit B High Saturated Suction Temperature	Stop circuit Stop circuit	Manual Manual	TXV problem, high load TXV problem, high load
P126	Circuit A High Head Pressure, Comp Shutdown	Circuit staged down	Automatic	Dirty condenser, condenser fan fail-
T126	Circuit A High Head Pressure Alert	Stop circuit	Automatic	ure, system overcharged Dirty condenser, condenser fan
A126	Circuit A High Head Pressure Alarm	Stop circuit	Manual	failure, system overcharged Dirty condenser, condenser fan fail-
P127	Circuit B High Head Pressure Comp Shutdown	Circuit staged down	Automatic	ure, system overcharged Dirty condenser, condenser fan fail-
T127	Circuit B High Head Pressure Alert	Stop circuit	Automatic	ure, system overcharged. Dirty condenser, condenser fan failure, system overcharged
A127	Circuit B High Head Pressure Alarm	Stop circuit	Manual	Dirty condenser, condenser fan fail- ure, system overcharged
A140	Reverse Rotation Detected	Stop unit	Manual	Incorrect compressor wiring
A150	Unit is in Emergency Stop	Stop unit	Manual	External shutdown command
T153	Real Time Clock Hardware Failure	Stop unit	Manual	Control Board failure, check lights
A154	Serial EEPROM Storage Failure	Stop unit	Manual	Control Board failure, check lights
T155 A156	Serial EEPROM Storage Failure Error Critical Serial EEPROM Storage Failure Error	Stop unit Stop unit	Manual Manual	Control Board failure, check lights Control Board failure, check lights
A157	A/D Hardware Failure	Stop unit Stop unit	Manual	Control Board failure, check lights
A171	Staged Gas Control Board Comm Failure	Stop gas heat	Automatic	Control Board failure, check lights
A172	Controls Expansion Module Comm Failure	Stop options on CEM	Automatic	Control Board failure, check lights
A173	ECB1 Board Communication Failure	Stop economizer & power exh	Automatic	Control Board failure, check lights
A174 T177	ECB2 Board Communication Failure	Stop unit	Automatic	Control Board failure, check lights
T178	4-20 MA Demand Limit Failure 4-20 MA Static Pressure Reset/VFD Fail	Stop demand limiting Stop static pressure reset/VFD	Automatic Automatic	Input failure, wiring error Input Failure, wiring error
A200	Linkage Timeout Error - Communication Failure	Stop unit	Manual	Wiring errors, board failures
T210	Building Pressure Transducer Failure	Close economizer, stop exhaust	Automatic	Sensor failure, wiring error
T211	Static Pressure Transducer Failure	Stop unit	Automatic	Sensor failure, wiring error

Table 114 — Alert and Alarm Codes (cont)

ALARM OR ALERT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	ACTION TAKEN BY CONTROL	RESET METHOD	PROBABLE CAUSE
T220	Indoor Air Quality Sensor Failure	Stop IAQ control	Automatic	Sensor failure, wiring error
T221	Outdoor Air Quality Sensor Failure	Use a default value for IAQ	Automatic	Sensor failure, wiring error
T229	Economizer Minimum Position Override Input Failure	Use software configured minimum	Automatic	Input failure, wiring error
T300	Space Temperature Below Limit	Stop cooling, but continue to heat	Automatic	Outdoor dampers stuck, no load
T301	Space Temperature Above Limit	Stop heating, but continue to cool	Automatic	High load, dampers open
T302	Supply Temperature Below Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dampers open, check configuration setpoint
T303	Supply Temperature Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dampers open, check configuration setpoint
T304	Return Temperature Below Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dampers open, check configuration setpoint
T305	Return Temperature Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dampers open, check configuration setpoint
T308	Return Air Relative Humidity Below Limit	Alert	Automatic	Configuration error, or sensor error
T309	Return Air Relative Humidity Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dampers open, check configuration setpoint
T310	Supply Duct Static Pressure Below Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	VFD problem, broken fan belt
T311	Supply Duct Static Pressure Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	VFD problem, broken fan belt
T312	Building Static Pressure Below Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Exhaust issues, check setpoint
T313	Building Static Pressure Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Exhaust issues, check setpoint
T314	IAQ Above Limit	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Damper or IAQ control issues
A404	Fire Shut Down Emergency Mode (fire-smoke)	Unit Shutdown	Automatic	Smoke detector switch or external switch
A405	Evacuation Emergency Mode	Run power exhaust	Automatic	Special fire mode control
A406	Pressurization Emergency Mode	Run supply fan	Automatic	Special fire mode control
A407	Smoke Purge Emergency Mode	Run supply and exhaust fans	Automatic	Special fire mode control
T408	Dirty Air Filter	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Dirty filter, switch setting
A409	Supply Fan Status Failure	Stop unit	Automatic	Fan drive failure
T409	Supply Fan Status Failure	Continue to run unit	Automatic	Fan drive failure, or sensor failure
T414	Loss of Communication with the Belimo Actuator	Close economizer	Automatic	Calibrate economizer, economizer failure, wiring
T414	Belimo Actuator Direction Error	Close economizer	Automatic	Motor direction switch wrong, wiring
T414	Belimo Actuator Failure	Attempt to close economizer	Automatic	Motor failure
T414	Belimo Actuator Jammed	Close economizer	Automatic	Obstruction in damper
T414	Belimo Actuator Range Error	Close economizer	Automatic	Calibrate economizer
T420	R-W1 Jumper Must Be Installed to Run Heat in Service Test	No heat	Automatic	Add red wire jumpers
T421	Thermostat Y2 Input ON without Y1 ON	Assume Y2 is Y1	Automatic	Thermostat wiring error
T422	Thermostat W2 Input ON without W1 ON	Assume W2 is W1	Automatic	Thermostat wiring error
T423	Thermostat Y and W Inputs ON	Alert	Automatic	Thermostat issues
T424	Thermostat G Input OFF on a Call for Cooling	Turn fan on	Automatic	Thermostat or wiring issues
T500	Current Sensor Board Failure - A1	Stop compressor A1	Automatic	Faulty board or wiring
T501 T502	Current Sensor Board Failure - A2	Stop compressor A2	Automatic	Faulty board or wiring
T503	Current Sensor Board Failure - B1 Current Sensor Board Failure - B2	Stop compressor B1	Automatic	Faulty board or wiring
A700	Supply Air Temperature Sensor Failure	Stop compressor B2	Automatic Automatic	Faulty sonsor or wiring arror
T701	117	Stop staged gas heat		Faulty sensor or wiring error
T701	Staged Gas Thermistor 1 Failure Staged Gas Thermistor 2 Failure	Stop staged gas heat	Automatic Automatic	Faulty sensor or wiring error
T703	Staged Gas Thermistor 2 Failure Staged Gas Thermistor 3 Failure	Stop staged gas heat Stop staged gas heat		Faulty sensor or wiring error
A704	ŭ	1 0 0	Automatic Automatic	Faulty sensor or wiring error
T705	Staged Gas Leaving Air Temp Sum Total Failure Limit Switch Thermistor Failure	Stop staged gas heat		Faulty switch or wiring
1705	Limit Switch Thermistor Failure	Stop staged gas heat	Automatic	Faulty switch or wiring

LEGEND

Pre-Alert

Controls Expansion module Indoor Air Quality

Alert Thermostatic Expansion Valve

Outdoor Air Temperature VFD Variable Frequency Drive

For 48/50A2, A3, A4, A5 units:

- Compressor internal overload protector is open. Internal overload protectors are used in the Copeland compressors in all units except size 60 ton units with voltages of 208/230-v, 380-v, and 575-v.
- Compressor external overload protector (Kriwan module) has activated. The Copeland compressors in size 60 ton units with voltages of 208/230-v, 380-v, and 575-v use external overload protector modules that are mounted in the compressor wiring junction box. Temperature sensors embedded in the compressor motor windings are the inputs to the module. The module is powered with 120 vac from the units main control box. The module output is a normally closed contact that is wired in series with the compressor
- contactor coil. In a compressor motor overload condition, the contact opens de-energizing the compressor contactor.
- Circuit breaker trip. The compressors are protected from short circuit by a breaker in the control box. On the 020-050 size units there is one breaker per two compressors and on the 060 size units there is one breaker per compressor.
- Wiring Error. A wiring error might not allow the compressor to start.

To check out alerts 051, 052, 055 and 056:

1. Turn on the compressor in question using Service Test mode. If the compressor does not start, then most likely the problem is one of the following: HPS open, open internal protection, circuit breaker trip, incorrect safety wiring, or incorrect compressor wiring.

2. If the compressor does start verify it is rotating in the correct direction.

IMPORTANT: Prolonged operation in the wrong direction can damage the compressor. Correct rotation can be verified by a gage set and looking for a differential pressure rise on start-up.

IMPORTANT: If the compressor starts, verify that the indoor and outdoor fans are operating properly.

IMPORTANT: If the CS is always detecting current, then verify that the compressor is on. If the compressor is on, check the contactor and the relay on the MBB. If the compressor is off and there is no current, verify CS wiring and replace if necessary.

IMPORTANT: Return to Normal mode and observe compressor operation to verify that compressor current sensor is working and condenser fans are energized after compressor starts.

A051 (Circuit A, Compressor 1 Stuck On Failure)
A052 (Circuit A, Compressor 2 Stuck On Failure)
A055 (Circuit B, Compressor 1 Stuck On Failure)
A056 (Circuit B, Compressor 2 Stuck On Failure)
— Alarm codes 051, 052, 055, and 056 are for compressors A1, A2, B1, B2 respectively. These alarms occur when the current sensor (CS) detects current when the compressor should be off. When this occurs, the control turns off the compressor and logs a strike for the respective circuit. Use the scrolling marquee to reset the

If the current sensor board reads ON while the compressor relay has been commanded OFF for a period of 4 continuous seconds, an alarm is generated. These alarms are only monitored for a period of 10 seconds after the compressor relay has been commanded OFF. This is done to facilitate a service technician forcing a relay to test a compressor.

In addition, if a compressor stuck failure occurs and the current sensor board reports the compressor and the request off, certain diagnostics will take place.

- If any of the 4 compressors are diagnosed as stuck on and the current sensor board is on and the request is off, the control will request the supply fan which will automatically start building airflow control. Condenser fans will also be commanded on to maintain normal head pressure.
- Heating will be disabled while any one of the compressors has this problem.

The possible causes are:

- · welded contactor
- frozen compressor relay on MBB

To check out alarms 051, 052, 055, and 056:

- Place the unit in Service Test mode. All compressors should be off.
- 2. Verify that there is not 24 v at the contactor coil. If there is 24 v at the contactor, check relay on MBB and wiring.
- 3. Check for welded contactor.
- 4. Verify CS wiring.
- Return to Normal mode and observe compressor operation to verify that compressor current sensor is working and condenser fans are energized after compressor starts.

T064 (Circuit A Saturated Condensing Thermistor Failure)
T065 (Circuit B Saturated Condensing Thermistor Failure)
Alert codes 064 and 065 are for circuits A and B, respectively.
This alert code is for 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units only. These alerts occur when the saturated condensing temperatures (Temperatures ¬REF.T—SCT.A and SCT.B) are outside the range

-40 to 240 F (-40 to 116 C). When this occurs, the control uses the outdoor temperature (OAT) to control the outdoor fans. The control will default to control based on the OAT sensor and will turn on OFC.B when the ambient is above 65 F and off when the ambient is below 50 F.

If the SCT and OAT sensors have all failed then the control should turn on OFC.B when compressors are on.

The cause of the alert is usually a faulty thermistor, a shorted or open thermistor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection.

T072 (Evaporator Discharge Reset Sensor Failure) — If the unit is configured to use the remote EDT 4 to 20 mA reset input (*Configuration* \rightarrow *EDT.R* \rightarrow *RES.S*) and the sensor reading is less than 2 mA then the alert will occur. When this occurs the control will default to the internal set points. The sensor is connected to the optional CEM module. For this sensor to be used, the EDT 4 to 20 mA reset input (*Configuration* \rightarrow *EDT.R* \rightarrow *RES.S*) must be set to "enabled."

T073 (Outside Air Temperature Thermistor Failure) — This alert occurs when the outside air temperature sensor (*Temperatures* → *AIR.T* → *OAT*) is outside the range –40 to 240 F (–40 to 116 C). Failure of this thermistor (*Temperatures* → *AIR.T* → *OAT*) will disable any elements of the control which requires its use. Economizer control beyond the vent position and the calculation of mixed-air temperature for the sumZ algorithm will not be possible. This alert resets automatically. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty thermistor, a shorted or open thermistor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection.

T074 (Space Temperature Thermistor Failure) — This alert occurs when the space temperature sensor (*Temperatures* → *AIR.T* → *SPT*) is outside the range −40 to 240 F (−40 to 116 C). This alert will only occur if the unit is configured to use a space temperature sensor. Configuration is done through the Unit Control Type (*Configuration* → *UNIT* → *C.TYP*) configuration. Failure of this thermistor (*Temperatures* → *AIR.T* → *SPT*) will disable any elements of the control which requires its use. If the unit is configured for SPT 2 stage or SPT multi-stage operation and the sensor fails, no cooling or heating mode may be chosen. This alert resets automatically. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty thermistor in the T55, T56, or T58 device, a shorted or open thermistor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection.

T075 (Return Air Thermistor Failure) — This alert occurs when the return air temperature sensor (*Temperatures*→*AIR.T*→*RAT*) is outside the range −40 to 240 F (−40 to 116 C). The RAT is standard on all units and is located in the return section near the auxiliary control box. This alert resets automatically. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty thermistor, a shorted or open thermistor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection.

Failure of this thermistor (*Temperatures* \rightarrow *AIR.T* \rightarrow *RAT*) will disable any elements of the control which requires its use. Elements of failure include:

- the calculation of mixed air temperature for sumZ control
- the selection of a mode for VAV units
- economizer differential enthalpy or dry bulb control
- return air temperature supply air reset

T076 (Outside Air Relative Humidity Sensor Failure) — This alert occurs when the outside air humidity sensor (*Inputs→REL.H→OA.RH*) has a reading less than 2 mA. Failure of this sensor will disable any elements of the control which requires its use including economizer outdoor and differential enthalpy control. The OA.RH sensor is located in the economizer hood and is used for control of the economizer. The sensor is a loop powered 4 to 20 mA sensor. This alert resets automatically. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty sensor, a shorted or open sensor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection. The unit must be configured to use the sensor through the

Outside Air RH Sensor (*Configuration* \rightarrow *ECON* \rightarrow *ORH.S*) setting.

T078 (Return Air Relative Humidity Sensor Failure) — This alert occurs when the return air humidity sensor (*Inputs* \rightarrow *REL.H* \rightarrow *RA.RH*) has a reading less than 2 mA. Failure of this sensor (*Inputs* \rightarrow *REL.H* \rightarrow *RA.RH*) will disable any elements of the control which requires its use including economizer differential enthalpy control.

The RA.RH sensor is located in the return air section near the auxiliary control box. The sensor is a loop powered 4 to 20 mA sensor. This alert resets automatically. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty sensor, a shorted or open sensor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection. The unit must be configured to use the sensor through the Outside Air RH Sensor (Configuration \(\to UNIT \rightarrow SENS \rightarrow RRH.S\) setting.

T082 (Space Temperature Offset Sensor Failure) — If the unit is configured to use a space temperature sensor and is using a T56 sensor with an offset potentiometer, then the alert will occur if the potentiometer is outside the allowable range. The control will default to the software applicable set point because there is no offset available that may be applied to space temperature. The alert will automatically clear. The unit must be configured for one of the SPT control options through the Unit Control Type (Configuration \(\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP \) configuration.

T090 (Circuit A Discharge Pressure Transducer Failure)

T091 (Circuit B Discharge Pressure Transducer Failure) — Alert codes 090, and 091 are for circuits A and B respectively. These alerts occur when the unit is configured for pressure transducers (Configuration \(\to\)UNIT \(\to\)DP.XR) and the pressure is outside the range 0.0 to 667.0 psig. A circuit cannot run when this alert is active. Use the scrolling marquee to reset the alert. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty transducer, faulty 5v power supply, or a loose connection. Although the software supports this option, it is not possible at the time of the writing of this specification to order the optional discharge pressure transducers.

T092 (Circuit A Suction Pressure Transducer Failure)

T093 (Circuit B Suction Pressure Transducer Failure) — Alert codes 092, and 093 are for circuits A and B respectively. These alerts occur when the pressure is outside the following ranges: 0.5 to 134.5 psig when **SP.XR**=0, 0.0 to 200.0 psig when **SP.XR**=1, and 0.0 to 420.0 psig on all 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units. A circuit cannot run when this alert is active. Use the scrolling marquee to reset the alert. The cause of the alert is usually a faulty transducer, faulty 5 v power supply, or a loose connection.

T110 (Circuit A Loss of Charge)

T111 (Circuit B Loss of Charge) — Alert codes 110, and 111 are for circuits A, and B respectively. These alerts occur when the compressor is OFF and the suction pressure is less than 5 psig for 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units or 18 psig for 48/50A2, A3,A4,A5 units and the OAT is above –5 F for 1 continuous minute. The alert will automatically clear when the suction pressure transducer reading is valid and greater than 15 psig for 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units or 54 psig for 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units. The cause of the alert is usually low refrigerant pressure or a faulty suction pressure transducer.

P120 (Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temperature — Compressor A2 Shutdown)

T120 (Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alert)
A120 (Circuit A Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alarm)
P121 (Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temperature —
Compressor B2 Shutdown)

T121 (Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alert)
A121 (Circuit B Low Saturated Suction Temperature Alarm)
— This alert/alarm is used to keep the evaporator coils from freezing and the saturated suction temperature above the low limit for the compressors.

There will be a start-up delay if the outside-air temperature is too low. When the outdoor ambient is below 60 F, during initial start-up, saturated suction temperature will be ignored for a period of 5 minutes. When *Temperatures* \rightarrow *REF.T* \rightarrow *SSTA* or *Temperatures* \rightarrow *REF.T* \rightarrow *SSTB* is less than 20 F for 4 minutes, less than 10 F for 2 minutes, less than 0° F for 1 minute or less than -20 F for 20 seconds continuously, the second compressor of the affected circuit, if it exists, will be shut down with a local alert (P120, P121) and a 10-minute timeguard will be added to the compressor. If saturated suction temperature continues to be less than 20 F for 4 minutes, less than 10 F for 2 minutes, less than 0° F for 1 minute or less than -20 F for 20 seconds continuously then compressor no. 1 will be shut down and then an alert or alarm will be issued.

This failure follows a 3 strike methodology whereby the first two times a circuit goes down entirely, an alert will be generated which keeps the circuit off for 15 minutes before allowing the circuit to try again. The third time this happens, an alarm will be generated which will necessitate a manual reset to get the circuit back running. It is important to note that a "strike" is called out only if all compressors in the circuit are off at the time of alert/alarm.

To prevent nuisance alerts, P120 and P121 show up in the alarm history and locally at the display but are not broadcast to the network. To recover from these alerts, a 10-minute holdoff timer must elapse and the saturated suction temperature must rise above 29.32 F. If recovery occurs, staging will be allowed on the circuit again. Again, a "strike" is tied to the circuit going off entirely, not reducing capacity and recovering. Therefore it is possible that multiple P120 or P121 alerts may be stored in alarm history but not broadcast.

If there are 1 or 2 strikes on the circuit and the circuit recovers for a period of time, it is possible to clear out the strikes thereby resetting the strike counter automatically. The control must have saturated suction temperature greater than or equal to 34 F for 60 minutes in order to reset the strike counters.

T122 (Circuit A High Saturated Suction Temperature)

T123 (Circuit B High Saturated Suction Temperature) — Alert codes 122 and 123 occur when compressors in a circuit have been running for at least 5 to 30 minutes (*Configuration*—*COOL*—*H.SST*). On 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units, this alert code occurs if the circuit saturated suction temperature is greater than 60 F. On 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units, this alert code occurs if the circuit saturated suction temperature is greater than 65 F when one compressor is running or 60 F when two compressors are running. For all units, the high saturated suction alert is generated and the circuit is shut down. Alert code 122 is for circuit A and 123 for circuit B.

LRTA High Saturated Condensing Temperature Alert/ Alarm

P126 (Circuit A High Head Pressure, Comp Shutdown)

T126 (Circuit A High Head Pressure Alert) A126 (Circuit A High Head Pressure Alarm)

P127 (Circuit B High Head Pressure, Comp Shutdown)

T127 (Circuit B High Head Pressure Alert)

A127 (Circuit B High Head Pressure Alarm) — This alert/alarm is used to keep the saturated condensing temperature below maximum recommended compressor operating pressure. This alert/alarm attempts to prevent the saturated condensing temperature from reaching the high pressure switch trip point by reducing the number of compressors operating on a circuit.

When the saturated condensing temperature on a circuit is greater than 145 F (140 F on R-22 units), no compressors will be added to the circuit.

When temperatures *REF.T*, *SCTA*, or temperatures *REF.T*, *SCTB* rise above 150 F (145 F on R-22 units), a compressor of the affected circuit will be immediately shut down with prealert (P126,P127) and a 10-minute timeguard will be added to the compressor. If the saturated condensing temperature

remains above 150 F (145 F on R-22 units) for 10 more seconds, another compressor of the affected circuit, if it exists, will be shut down with pre-alert (P126, P127) and a 10-minute timeguard will be added to the compressor. This sequence will continue until the last compressor on the circuit is shut down, at which time the circuit will be shut down with alert (T126, T127).

This failure follows a three strike methodology. When the circuit is shut down entirely, an alert (T126, T127) is generated and a strike is logged on the circuit. On the third strike, alarm (A126, A127) will be generated which will necessitate a manual reset to get the circuit back running. It is important to note that a strike is called out only if all compressors in the circuit are off at the time of the alert.

To prevent nuisance alerts, P126 and P127 show up in the alarm history and locally at the display, but are never broadcast to the network. To recover from these alerts, both a 10-minute hold off timer and saturated condensing temperature returning under the compressor envelope must occur. If recovery occurs, staging will be allowed on the circuit once again. Again, a strike is tied to the circuit going off entirely, not reducing capacity and recovering. Therefore, it is possible that multiple P126 and P127 alerts may be stored in alarm history but not broadcast.

<u>A140 (Reverse Rotation Detected)</u> — A test is made once, on power up, for suction pressure change on the first activated circuit. The unit control determines failure is as follows:

The suction pressure of both circuits is sampled 5 seconds before the compressor is brought on, right when the compressor is brought on and 5 seconds afterwards. The rate of suction pressure change from 5 seconds before the compressor is brought on to when the compressor is brought on is calculated. Then the rate of suction pressure change from when the compressor is brought on to 5 seconds afterwards is calculated.

With the above information, the test for reverse rotation is made. If the suction pressure change 5 seconds after compression is greater than the suction pressure change 5 seconds before compression -1.25, then there is a reverse rotation error.

This alarm will disable mechanical cooling and will require a manual reset. This alarm may be disabled once the reverse rotation check has been verified by setting *Configuration* \rightarrow *COOL* \rightarrow *REV.R* = Yes.

A150 (Unit is in Emergency Stop) — If the fire safety input condition occurs to indicate a fire or smoke condition, then Alarm code 150 will occur and the unit will be immediately stopped. Through separate inputs the unit can be put into purge, evacuation, and pressurization. This requires a manual reset.

If the CCN point name "EMSTOP" in the System table is set to emergency stop, the unit will shut down immediately and broadcast an alarm back to the CCN indicating that the unit is down. This alarm will clear when the variable is set back to "enable."

<u>T153</u> (Real Time Clock Hardware Failure) — A problem has been detected with the real timeclock on the MBB. Try resetting the power and check the indicator lights. If the alert continues, the board should be replaced.

<u>A154 (Serial EEPROM Hardware Failure)</u> — A problem has been detected with the EEPROM on the MBB. Try resetting the power and check the indicator lights. If the alarm continues, the board should be replaced.

<u>T155 (Serial EEPROM Storage Failure Error)</u> — A problem has been detected with the EEPROM storage on the MBB. Try resetting the power and check the indicator lights. If the alert continues, the board should be replaced.

A156 (Critical Serial EEPROM Storage Failure Error) — A problem has been detected with the EEPROM storage on the MBB. Try resetting the power and check the indicator lights. If the alarm continues, the board should be replaced.

A157 (A/D Hardware Failure) — A problem has been detected with A/D conversion on the boards. Try resetting the power and check the indicator lights. If the alarm continues, the board should be replaced.

A171 (Staged Gas Control Board Comm Failure) — This alarm indicates that there are communications problems with the staged gas heat control board, which is located in the gas section on units equipped with staged gas heat. If this alarm occurs, the staged gas heat will be disabled. The alarm will automatically reset.

A172 (Controls Expansion Module Comm Failure) — This alarm indicates that there are communications problems with the controls expansion board. All functions performed by the CEM will stop, which can include demand limit, reset, fire control modes, and the fan status switch. The alarm will automatically reset.

A173 (ECB1 Board Communication Failure) — This alarm indicates that there are communications problems with the economizer control board. This will result in the economizer and the power exhaust not working and the dampers to be fully closed. The exhaust fans will stop. The alarm will automatically reset.

<u>A174 (ECB2 Board Communication Failure)</u> — This alarm indicates that there are communications problems with the ECB2 which controls the VAV unit indoor fan inverter speed and hot gas bypass on CV and VAV units. Because the control of the fan is critical to unit operation, the unit will be stopped. The alarm will automatically reset.

<u>T177 (4-20 mA Demand Limit Failure)</u> — This alert indicates a problem with the optional remote 4 to 20 mA demand limit signal (*Inputs*—*A-20*—*DLM.M*) that is connected to the CEM module (if the signal reads less than 2 mA). If this occurs, then demand limiting will be disabled. The unit must be configured for 4 to 20 mA Demand Limiting using the Demand Limit Select (*Configuration*—*DMD.L*—*DM.L.S*).

T178 (4-20 mA Static Pressure Reset/VFD Failure) — If this transducer fails (if the signal reads less than 2 mA on the input of the CEM module), and the unit is configured to perform static pressure reset or remote control of the supply fan VFD with this transducer, no static pressure reset or VFD control will be performed and an alert will be generated. Recovery is automatic. Reason for error is either a faulty sensor, wiring error, or damaged input on the CEM control board.

A200 (Linkage Timeout Error — Comm Failure) — If linkage is established via the CCN with ComfortIDTM terminals, a 5-minute timeout on loss of communication will be monitored. If 5 minutes expires since the last communication from a VAV Linkage Master, the unit will remove the link and flag the alert. When the rooftop looses its link, the temperature and set points are derived locally. Recovery is automatic on re-establishment of communications. Reason for failure may be wiring error, too much bus activity, or damaged 485 drivers.

T210 (Building Pressure Transducer Failure) — The building pressure transducer (*Pressures*→*AIR.P*→*BP*) fails if the signal from the 4 to 20 mA building pressure transducer (used to control the power exhaust fans and the building pressure) is below 2 mA. If the alert occurs, then the economizer will be closed and the power exhaust fans turned off. This alert will automatically reset. Check the building pressure transducer and sensor tubing. The sensor is located in the auxiliary control box. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>T211 (Static Pressure Transducer Failure)</u> — The static pressure transducer (*Pressures* → *AIR.P* → *SP*) fails if the signal from the 4 to 20 mA static pressure transducer (used to control the VFD speed) is below 2 mA. This failure will cause the unit to stop due to the potential damage that could occur due to over-pressurization. Check the pressure transducer and sensor tubing. The sensor is located in the auxiliary control box. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>T220 (Indoor Air Quality Sensor Failure)</u> — The indoor air quality sensor (*Inputs*→*AIR.Q*→*IAQ*) fails if the signal from the 4 to 20 mA sensor is below 2 mA. If the indoor air quality sensor fails, demand control ventilation is not possible. The control defaults to the maximum vent position. Recovery is automatic. Reason for error is either a faulty sensor, wiring error, or damaged input on the MBB control board.

<u>T221 (Outdoor Air Quality Sensor Failure)</u> — The indoor air quality sensor (*Inputs*—*AIR.Q*—*OAQ*) fails if the signal from the 4 to 20 mA sensor is below 2 mA. If the outdoor air quality sensor fails, OAQ defaults to 400 ppm and demand control ventilation will continue. Recovery is automatic. Reason for error is either a faulty sensor, wiring error, or damaged input on the CEM control board.

T229 (Economizer Minimum Position Override Input Failure) — If the unit is configured to use the remote position override for the economizer and the input Econo Min. Pos. Override (*Configuration*→*IAQ*→*AQ.SP*→*IQ.O.P*) input 4 to 20 mA reading is less than 2 mA then an alert will occur and the default software minimum position will be used for the economizer. The alert will automatically reset.

T300 (Space Temperature Below Limit) — If the space temperature is below the configurable SPT Low Alert Limits (occupied [Configuration \(\rightarrow ALLM \rightarrow SP.L.O \)] for 5 minutes or unoccupied [Configuration \(\rightarrow ALLM \rightarrow SP.L.U \)] for 10 minutes), then an alert will be broadcast. The alert will automatically reset.

T301 (Space Temperature Above Limit) — If the space temperature is above the configurable SPT High Alert Limits (occupied [Configuration \(\to ALLM \to SP.H.O \)] for 5 minutes or unoccupied [Configuration \(\to ALLM \to SP.H.U \)] for 10 minutes), then an alert will be broadcast. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>T302 (Supply Temperature Below Limit)</u> — If the supply-air temperature measured by the supply temperature sensor is below the configurable SAT LO Alert Limit/Occ (*Configuration→ALLM→SA.L.O*) for 5 minutes or the SAT LO Alert Limit/Unocc (*Configuration→ALLM→SA.L.U*) for 10 minutes, then an alert will be broadcast.

<u>T303 (Supply Temperature Above Limit)</u> — If the supply temperature is above the configurable SAT HI Alert Limit Occ (*Configuration* \rightarrow *ALLM* \rightarrow *SAH.O*) for 5 minutes or the SAT HI Alert Limit/Unocc (*Configuration* \rightarrow *ALLM* \rightarrow *SAH.U*) for 10 minutes, then an alert will be broadcast. The alert will automatically reset.

<u>T304 (Return Air Temperature Below Limit)</u> — If the returnair temperature measured by the RAT sensor is below the configurable RAT LO Alert Limit/Occ (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *RA.L.O*) for 5 minutes or RAT HI Alert Limit/Occ (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *RA.L.U*) for 10 minutes, then an alert will be broadcast.

T305 (Return Air Temperature Above Limit) — If the returnair temperature is below the RAT HI Alert Limit/Occ (Configuration → ALLM → RA.H.O) for 5 minutes or RAT HI Alert Limit/Occ (Configuration → ALLM → RA.H.U) for 10 minutes, then an alert will be broadcast. The alert will automatically reset.

T308 (Return Air Relative Humidity Below Limit) — If the unit is configured to use a return air relative humidity sensor through the Return Air RH Sensor (*Configuration* →*UNIT*→*SENS*→*RRH.S*) setting, and the measured level is below the configurable RH Low Alert Limit (*Configuration* →*ALLM*→*R.RH.L*) for 5 minutes, then the alert will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

T309 (Return Air Relative Humidity Above Limit) — If the unit is configured to use a return air relative humidity sensor through the Return Air RH Sensor (*Configuration* → *UNIT* → *SENS* → *RRH.S*) setting, and the measured level is

above the configurable RH High Alert Limit (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *R.RH.H*) for 5 minutes, then the alert will occur. Unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

<u>T310 (Supply Duct Static Pressure Below Limit)</u> — If the unit is a VAV unit with a supply duct pressure sensor and the measured supply duct static pressure (*Pressures* → *AIR.P* → *SP*) is below the configurable SP Low Alert Limit (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *SPL*) for 5 minutes, then the alert will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

T311 (Supply Duct Static Pressure Above Limit) — If the unit is a VAV unit with a supply duct pressure sensor and the measured supply duct static pressure (*Pressures* → *AIR.P* → *SP*) is above the configurable SP Low Alert Limit (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *SP.H*) for 5 minutes, then the alert will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

T312 (Building Static Pressure Below Limit) — If the unit is configured to use a VFD controlled power exhaust or a modulating power exhaust then a building static pressure limit can be configured using the BP Low Alert Limit (*Configuration* $\rightarrow ALLM \rightarrow BPL$). If the measured pressure (*Pressures* $\rightarrow AIR.P \rightarrow BP$) is below the limit for 5 minutes then the alert will occur.

T313 (Building Static Pressure Above Limit) — If the unit is configured to use a VFD controlled power exhaust or a modulating power exhaust then a building static pressure limit can be configured using the BP HI Alert Limit (*Configuration* → *ALLM* → *BP.H*). If the measured pressure (*Pressures* → *AIR.P* → *BP*) is above the limit for 5 minutes, then the alert will occur.

<u>T314 (IAQ Above Limit)</u> — If the unit is configured to use an CO_2 sensor and the level (*Inputs* $\rightarrow AIR.Q \rightarrow IAQ$) is above the configurable IAQ High Alert Limit (*Configuration* $\rightarrow ALLM \rightarrow IAQ.H$) for 5 minutes then the alert will occur. The unit will continue to run and the alert will automatically reset.

A404 (Fire Shutdown Emergency Mode) — This alarm occurs when the fire shutdown input is active (either open or closed depending upon its configuration). If the fire shutdown input is energized (fire shutdown is in effect), or if two fire smoke modes are incorrectly energized at the same time, a fire shutdown mode will occur. This is an emergency mode requiring the complete shutdown of the unit. Recovery is automatic when the inputs are no longer on.

This alarm is usually caused by an auxiliary device that is trying to shut down the unit (e.g., smoke detector). The input for Fire Shutdown is at *Inputs*—*FIRE*—*FSD*. The switch logic configuration for this switch input can be found at variable *Configuration*—*SW.LG*—*FSD.L*. Verify that the configuration is set correctly, verify the wiring and auxiliary device. This alarm resets automatically.

<u>A405 (Evacuation Emergency Mode)</u> — Unit has been placed in the fire evacuation mode by means of the external command for evacuation (*Inputs* \rightarrow *FIRE* \rightarrow *EVAC*).

If the evacuation input on the CEM is energized, an evacuation mode occurs which flags an alarm. This mode attempts to lower the pressure of the space to prevent smoke from moving into another space. This is the reverse of the Pressurization mode. Closing the economizer, opening the return-air damper, turning on the power exhaust, and shutting down the indoor fan will decrease pressure in the space. Recovery is automatic when the input is no longer on.

<u>A406 (Pressurization Emergency Mode)</u> — Unit has been placed in the fire pressurization mode by means of the External command for pressurization (*Inputs* \rightarrow *FIRE* \rightarrow *PRES*).

If the pressurization input on the CEM is energized, a pressurization mode occurs which flags an alarm. This mode attempts to raise the pressure of a space to prevent smoke

infiltration from another space. The space with smoke should be in an Evacuation mode attempting to lower its pressure. Opening the economizer, closing the return-air damper, shutting down power exhaust, and turning the indoor fan on will increase pressure in the space. Recovery is automatic when the input is no longer on.

<u>A407 (Smoke Purge Emergency Mode)</u> — Unit has been placed in the fire pressurization mode by means of the external command for pressurization (*Inputs* \rightarrow *FIRE* \rightarrow *PURG*).

If the smoke purge input on the CEM is energized, a smoke purge mode occurs which flags an alarm. This mode attempts to draw out smoke from the space after the emergency condition. Opening the economizer, closing the return-air damper, and turning on both the power exhaust and indoor fan will evacuate smoke and bring in fresh air. Recovery is automatic when the input is no longer on.

<u>T408 (Dirty Air Filter)</u> — If no dirty filter switch is installed, the switch will read "clean filter" all the time. Therefore the dirty filter routine runs continuously and diagnoses the input. Because of the different possible times it takes to generate static pressure, this routine waits 2 minutes after the fan starts before the dirty filter switch is monitored. If the dirty filter switch reads "dirty filter" for 2 continuous minutes, an alert is generated. No system action is taken. This is a reminder that it is time to change the filters in the unit. Recovery from this alert is through a clearing of all alarms (manual) or after the dirty filter switch reads clean for 30 continuous seconds (automatic).

Because the Dirty Air Filter switch can be configured normally opened or closed, the switch might be open or closed. The configuration for this switch input can be found at variable *Configuration*—*SW.LG*—*SFS.L*. Verify that the configuration is set correctly. Verify the wiring and filter status switch. The hose should be connected to the low side of the switch. This alert resets automatically. The dirty filter switch is enabled at *Configuration*—*JUNIT*—*SENS*—*FLT.S*.

A409 (Supply Fan Commanded On, Sensed Off Failure) A409 (Supply Fan Commanded Off, Sensed On Failure) T409 (Supply Fan Commanded On, Sensed Off Failure) T409 (Supply Fan Commanded Off, Sensed On Failure)

Both the alert and the alarm refer to the same failure. The only difference between the alarm and alert is that in the case where the supply fan status configuration to shut down the unit is set to YES (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow SFS.S$), the alarm will be generated AND the unit will be shut down. It is possible to configure *Configuration* $\rightarrow UNITS \rightarrow SFS.M$ to either a switch or to monitor a 0.2-in. wg rise in duct pressure if the unit is VAV with duct pressure control.

The timings for failure for both are the same and are illustrated in the following table:

UNIT TYPE/MODE	MINIMUM ON TIME	MINIMUM OFF TIME
CV (no gas heat)	30 seconds	1 minute
CV (gas heat)	2 minutes	4 minutes
VAV (IGV/no gas heat)	2 minutes	4 minutes
VAV (VFD/no gas heat)	1 minute	1 minute
VAV (IGV/gas heat)	4 minutes	4 minutes
VAV (VFD/gas heat)	3 minutes	4 minutes

Recovery is manual. Reason for failure may be a broken fan belt, failed fan relay or failed supply fan status switch.

<u>T414 (Loss of Communication with Belimo Actuator)</u> — The Belimo economizer motor is a digital controlled motor. The *Comfort*LinkTM controls can monitor the status of the motor. If there is a problem, this alert will occur. The control will attempt to close the economizer dampers.

<u>T414 (Belimo Actuator Direction Error)</u> — This alert occurs when the economizer damper direction switch is in the wrong position. The direction switch should be in the clockwise

position and the actuator should be mounted so that the CW face of the actuator is accessible. Correct if necessary. This alert clears automatically.

<u>T414 (Belimo Actuator Failure)</u> — This alert occurs when the commanded damper position is changing too rapidly. This alert resets automatically.

<u>T414 (Belimo Actuator Jammed)</u> — This alert occurs when the control software has detected that the damper is stuck. Check the mechanical actuation of the dampers.

<u>T414 (Belimo Actuator Range Error)</u> — This alert occurs when the economizer range of motion is less than 90 degrees. Initiate economizer calibration (*Service Test→INDP→E.CAL*) using the Service Test menu.

T420 (R-W1 Jumper Must be Installed to Run Heat in Service Test) — This alert occurs when a request for a heat output has occurred yet the W1 input is not high. A jumper must be installed between R and W1 when trying to test heat in Service Test. The alert will clear when Service Test is exited or if another Service Test mode is selected. Remove jumper when done using Service Test if the unit is operating with a thermostat. The jumper should only be left in place if the unit is operating with a space temperature sensor.

T421 (Thermostat Y2 Input On without Y1 On) — This alert occurs in Thermostat Mode when Y2 is energized and Y1 is not. Verify thermostat and thermostat wiring. When Y2 turns on, the software will behave as if Y1 and Y2 are both on. When Y2 turns off, the software will behave as if Y1 and Y2 are both Off. This alert resets automatically when Y1 is turned on.

T422 (Thermostat W2 Input On without W1 On) — This alert occurs in Thermostat Mode when W2 is energized and W1 is not. Verify thermostat and thermostat wiring. When W2 turns on, the software will behave as if W1 and W2 are both on. When W2 turns off, the software will behave as if W1 and W2 are both off. This alert resets automatically when W1 is turned on.

T423 (Thermostat Y and W Inputs On) — This alert occurs in Thermostat Mode when Y1 or Y2 is energized simultaneously with W1 or W2. Verify thermostat and thermostat wiring. The software will enter either the cooling or heating mode depending upon which input turned on first. This alert resets automatically when Y1 and Y2 are not on simultaneously with W1 and W2.

T424 (Thermostat G Input Off On a Cooling Call) — This alert occurs in Thermostat Mode when the fan is not requested (G = ON) during cooling (Y1 or Y2 = ON). Verify thermostat and thermostat wiring.

T500 (Current Sensor Board Failure – A1) T501 (Current Sensor Board Failure – A2)

T502 (Current Sensor Board Failure – B1)

T503 (Current Sensor Board Failure – B2) — Alert codes 500, 501, 502, and 503 are for compressors A1, A2, B1, and B2 respectively. These alerts occur when the output of the current sensor (CS) is a constant high value. These alerts reset automatically. If the problem cannot be resolved and the CS board must be replaced, the CS board can be temporarily disabled while securing a replaced board. A CS board is disabled by setting *Configuration*—*COOL*—*CS.A1*, *CS.A2*, *CS.B1* or *CS.B2* to Disable.

If the current sensor board malfunctions or is not properly connected to its assigned digital input, an alert will be generated. It takes 2 to 4 seconds to log the alert. If the alert is logged, it stays for a minimum of 15 seconds to provide the application a reasonable time to catch the failure. Compressors will be not be inhibited by this failure. Recovery is automatic. Reason for failure may be a faulty current sensor board, incorrect wiring, or a damaged input on the MBB control board.

A700 (Supply Air Temperature Sensor Failure) — This alarm indicates a failure of the sensor supply air temperature sensor or the leaving air temperature sensor (if using hydronic heat). This alarm occurs when the temperature sensor (Tempera*tures* $\rightarrow AIR.T \rightarrow SAT$) is outside the range -40 to 240 F (-40 to 116 C). This alarm resets automatically. The cause of the alarm is usually a faulty thermistor, a shorted or open thermistor caused by a wiring error, or a loose connection.

T701 (Staged Gas 1 Thermistor Failure)
T702 (Staged Gas 2 Thermistor Failure)
T703 (Staged Gas 3 Thermistor Failure) — If any of the staged gas thermistors (*Temperatures*—*AIR.T*—*S.GL1-3*) fails, an alert will be generated and the remaining thermistors will be averaged together (*Temperatures* $\rightarrow AIR.T \rightarrow S.GLS$) without the failed thermistor. Recovery is automatic. Reason for failure may be incorrect wiring, faulty thermistor, or a damaged input on the staged gas control board (SCB).

A704 (Staged Gas Leaving Air Temperature Sum Total Failure) — If all three staged gas thermistors (Tempera*tures* $\rightarrow AIR.T \rightarrow S.GL1-3$) fail (the sensor is outside the range of -40 F to 240 F), staged gas will be shut down and this alarm will be generated. Recovery is automatic. Reason for failure may be faulty wiring, faulty thermistors, or damaged inputs on the staged gas control board (SCB).

T705 (Limit Switch Thermistor Failure) — A failure (the sensor is outside the range of -40 F to 240 F) of this thermistor $(Temperatures \rightarrow AIR.T \rightarrow S.GLM)$ will cause an alert to occur and a disabling of the limit switch monitoring function for the staged gas control board (SCB). Recovery is automatic. Reason for failure may be due to faulty wiring, a faulty thermistor, or a damaged input on the staged gas control board (SCB).

MAJOR SYSTEM COMPONENTS

General — The 48/50A Series package rooftop units with electric cooling and with gas heating (48A units) or electric cooling and electric heating (50A units) contain the ComfortLink electronic control system that monitors all operations of the rooftop. The control system is composed of several components as listed below. See Fig. 15-23 for typical control and power component schematics. Figures 24 and 25 show the layout of the control box, unit, and thermistor and transducer lo-

Factory-Installed Components

MAIN BASE BOARD (MBB) — See Fig 26. The MBB is the center of the ComfortLink control system. The MBB contains the major portion of the operating software and controls the operation of the unit. The MBB has 22 inputs and 11 outputs. See Table 115 for the inputs and output assignments. The MBB also continuously monitors additional data from the optional ECB1, ECB2, SCB, and CEM boards through the LEN communications port. The MBB also interfaces with the Carrier Comfort Network® system through the CCN communications port. The board is located in the main control box.

ECONOMIZER BOARD (ECB1) — The ECB1 controls the economizer actuator and the power exhaust fans. The ECB1 operates the economizer motor using a digital communication

signal that also provides status and diagnostics for the economizer motor. See Fig. 27. The ECB1 also controls the operation of the power exhaust motors and provides up to 6 stages of digitally sequenced power exhaust either based on the economizer motor position or the building pressure. The board has 4 inputs and 6 outputs. Additionally, ECB1 provides an output that will send a 4 to 20 mA signal to a field-installed VFD power exhaust accessory. Details can be found in Table 116. The ECB1 board is located in an auxiliary box located at the end of the unit behind the filter access door. The board also contains a second LEN port than can be used with the accessory NavigatorTM display.

VAV BOARD (ECB2) — The VAV board (which is the same hardware as the ECB1) is used to control the supply fan on VAV units. See Fig. 27. It sends a 4 to 20 mA signal to the VFD based on a supply duct pressure sensor connected to the board. The board also accepts a signal from another pressure sensor that monitors building pressure and controls the operation of the optional modulating power exhaust motors. The board will also be used on CV units with the optional building pressure control feature and modulating power exhaust. This board is also used to control a digitally controlled hot gas bypass solenoid with an integral orifice for use in low load applications. This board is located in the auxiliary control box. Input and output assignments are summarized in Table 117.

STAGED GAS HEAT BOARD (SCB) — When optional staged gas heat is used on CV and VAV units, the SCB board is installed and controls operation of the gas valves. See Fig. 28. The SCB also provides additional sensors for monitoring of the supply-air temperature. This board is located in the gas heat section of the unit. The inputs and outputs are summarized in Table 118.

CONTROL EXPANSION MODULE (CEM) — The optional CEM (also available as an accessory) is used to accept inputs for additional sensors or control sequence switches, including:

- smoke control mode field switches
- VAV Supply Air Temperature Set Point reset using an external 4 to 20 mA signal
- outdoor air CO₂ sensor (for supply duct pressure reset using an eternal 4 to 20 mA signal)
- external fan status pressure switch input (CV units)
- demand limit sequence proportional signal or discrete switches

The CEM board is located in the main control box. See Fig. 29. The inputs and outputs are summarized in Table 119.

INTEGRATED GAS CONTROL (IGC) — One IGC is provided with each bank of gas heat exchangers (2 used on the size 020-050 units and 3 on size 051 and 060 units). The IGC controls the direct spark ignition system and monitors the rollout switch, limit switches, and induced-draft motor Hall Effect switch. The IGC is equipped with an LED (lightemitting diode) for diagnostics. See Table 120.

COMPRESSOR PROTECTION BOARD (CS) — This board monitors the status of the compressor by sensing the current flow to the compressors and then provides digital status signal to the MBB.

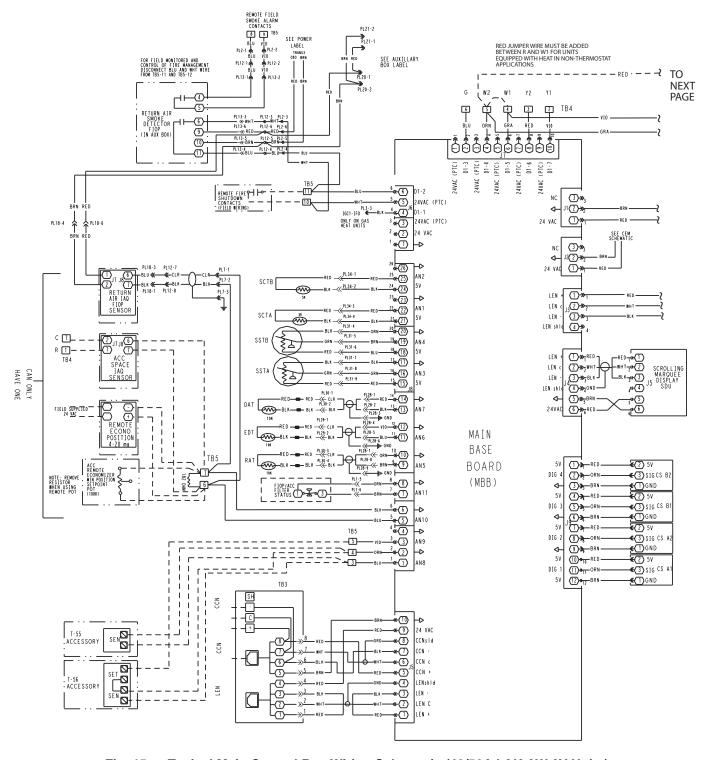


Fig. 15 — Typical Main Control Box Wiring Schematic (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY Units)

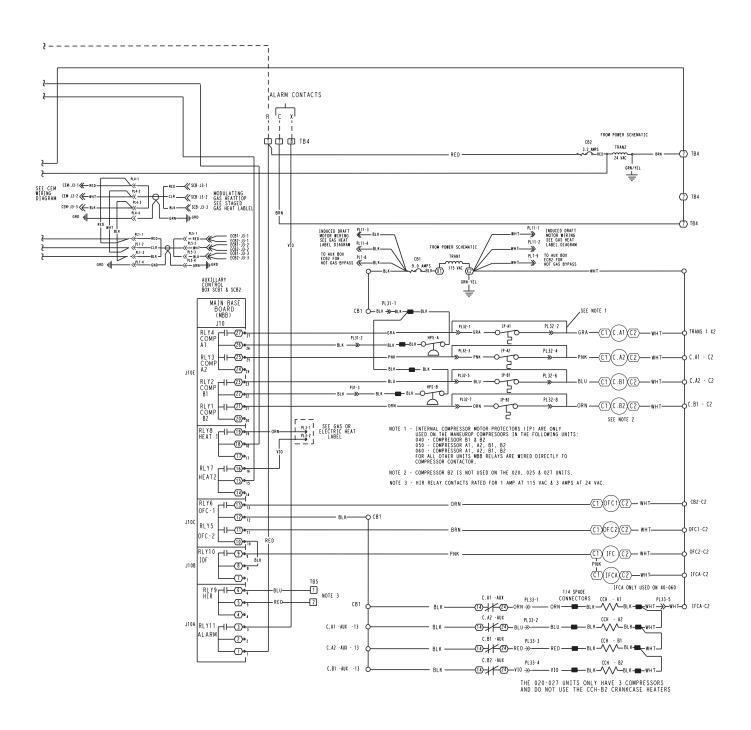


Fig. 15 — Typical Main Control Box Wiring Schematic (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY Units) (cont)

Fig. 16 — Typical Main Control Box Wiring Schematic (48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 Units)

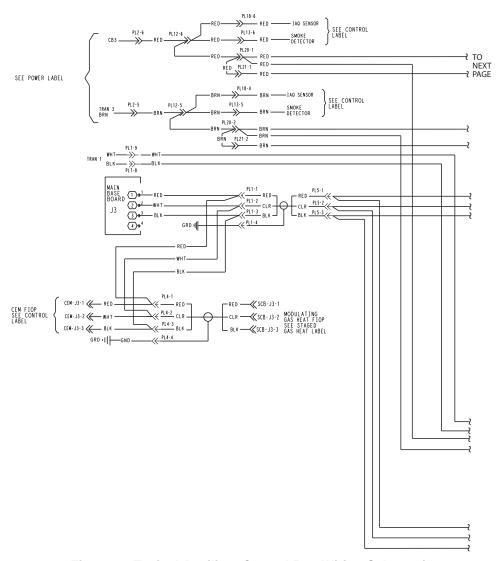


Fig. 17 — Typical Auxiliary Control Box Wiring Schematic

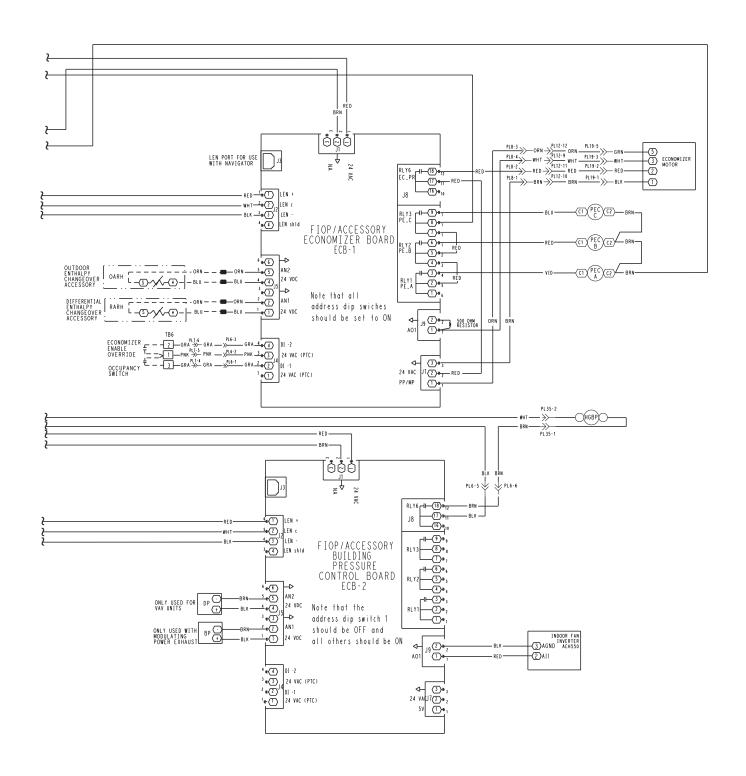


Fig. 17 — Typical Auxiliary Control Box Wiring Schematic (cont)

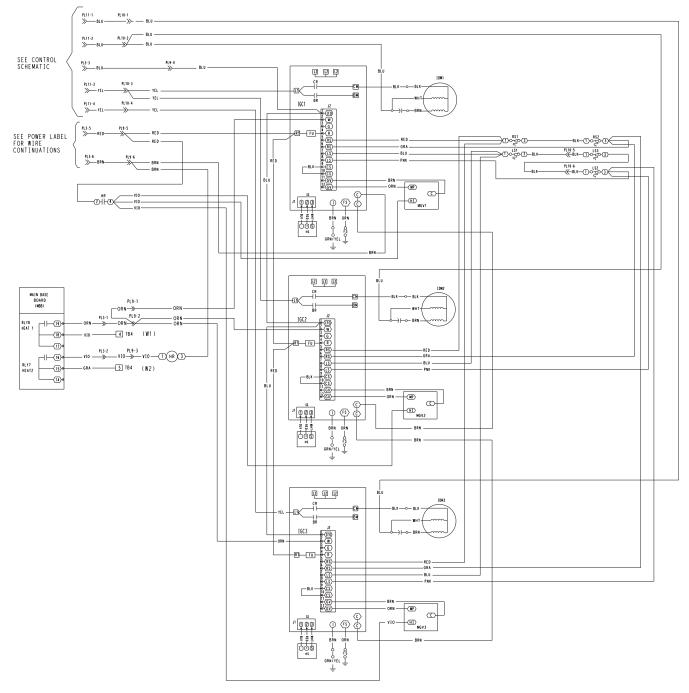


Fig. 18 — Typical 2 Stage Gas Heat Wiring Schematic (Size 051 and 060 Units Shown)

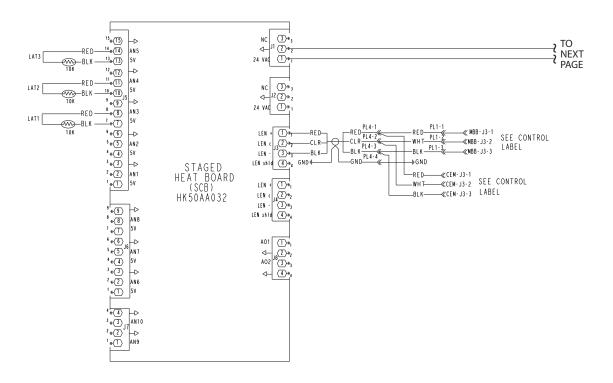


Fig. 19 — Typical Staged Gas Heat Wiring Schematic (Size 051 and 060 Units Shown)

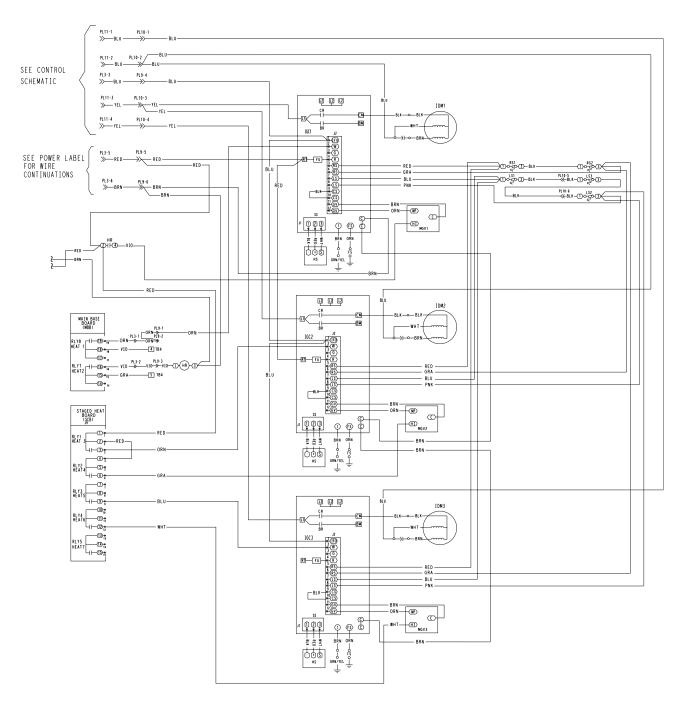


Fig. 19 — Typical Staged Gas Heat Wiring Schematic (Size 051 and 060 Units Shown) (cont)

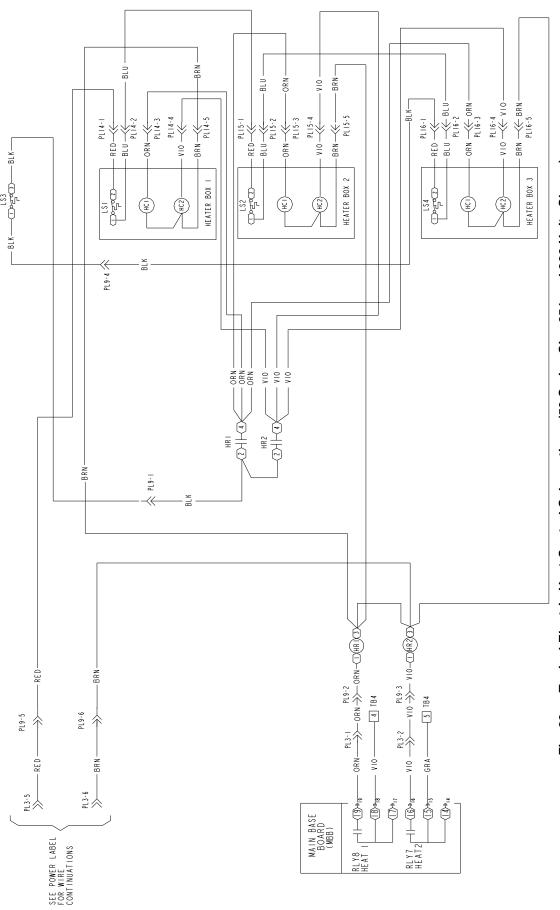


Fig. 20 — Typical Electric Heat Control Schematic — (50 Series Size 051 and 060 Units Shown)

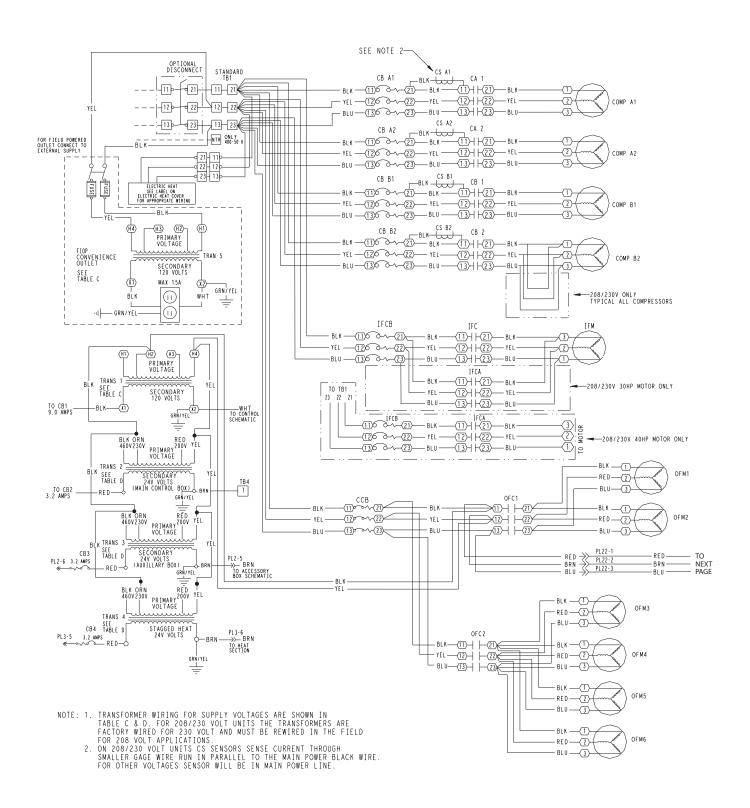


Fig. 21 — Typical Power Schematic (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY051 and 060 Units Shown)

TABLE C TABLE D

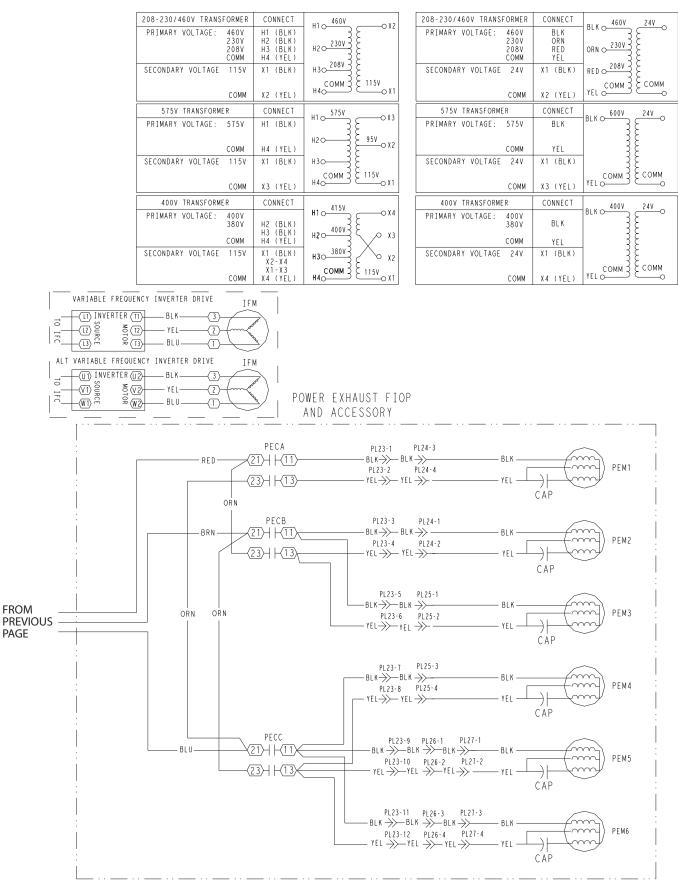


Fig. 21 — Typical Power Schematic (48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY051 and 060 Units Shown) (cont)

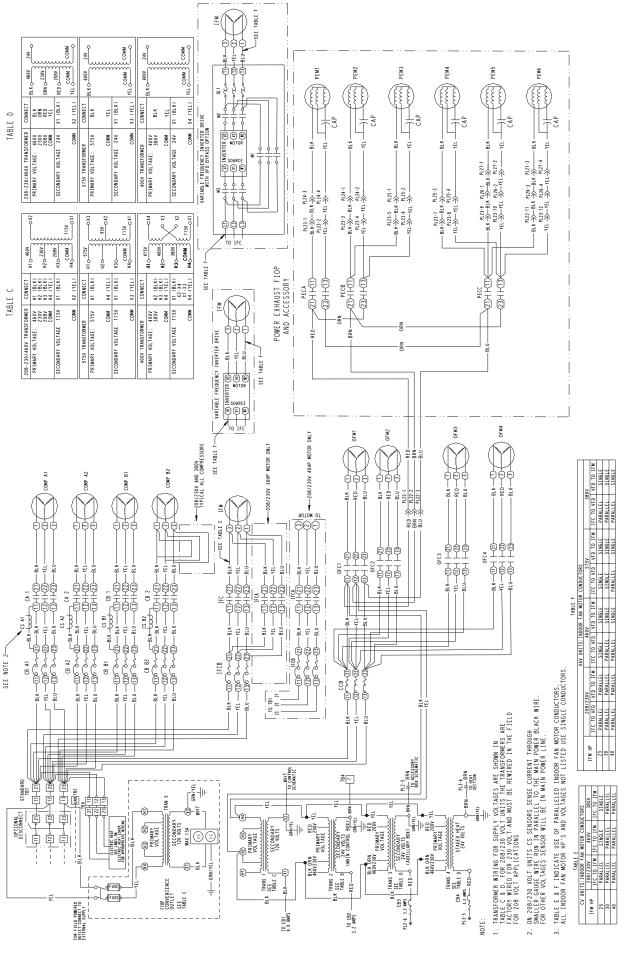


Fig. 22 — Typical Power Schematic (48/50A2, A3, A4, A5060 Unit Shown)

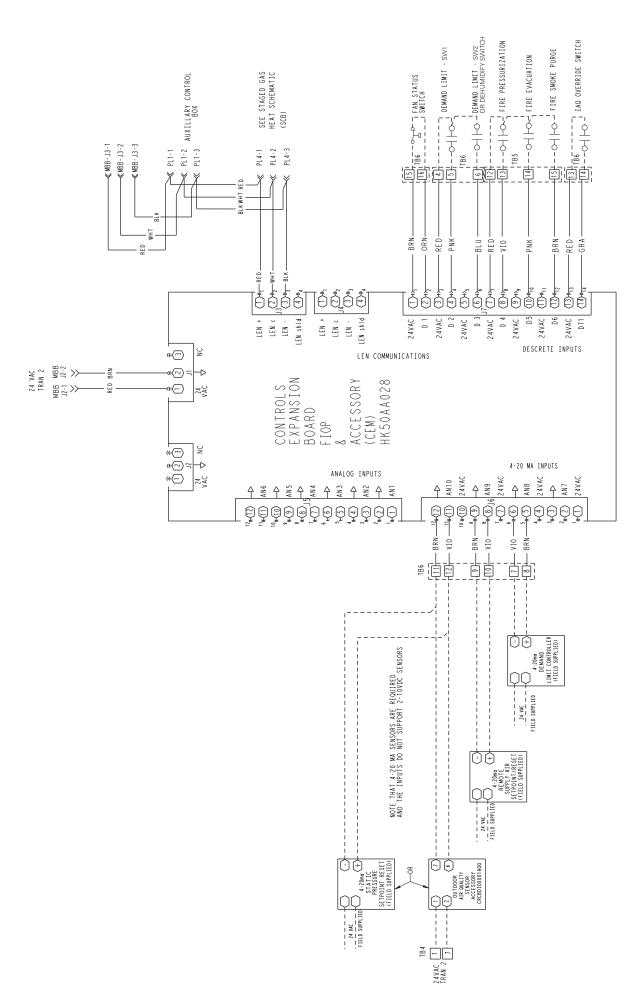


Fig. 23 — Typical Controls Option Wiring Schematic

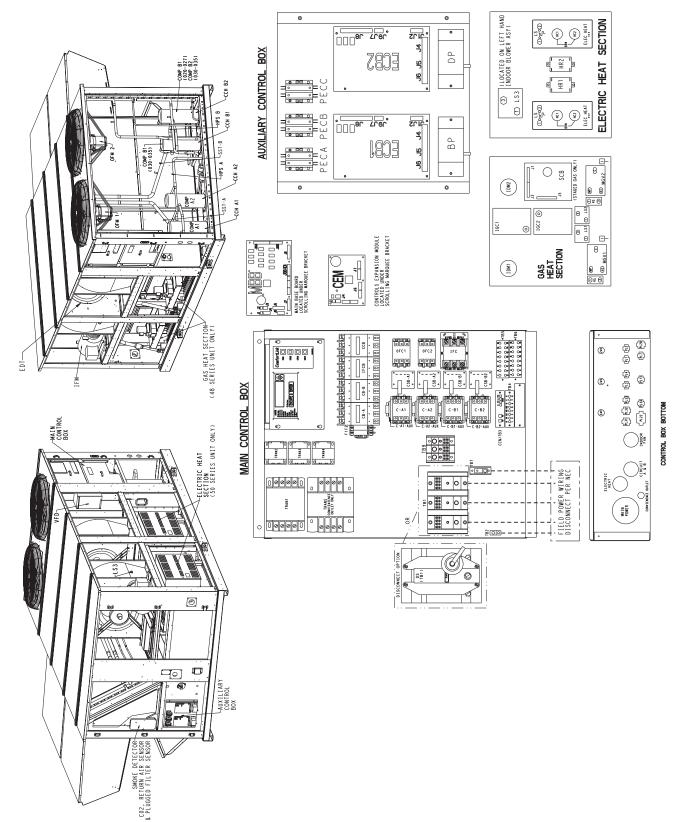


Fig. 24 — Typical Small Chassis Component Location (Size 020-035 Units)

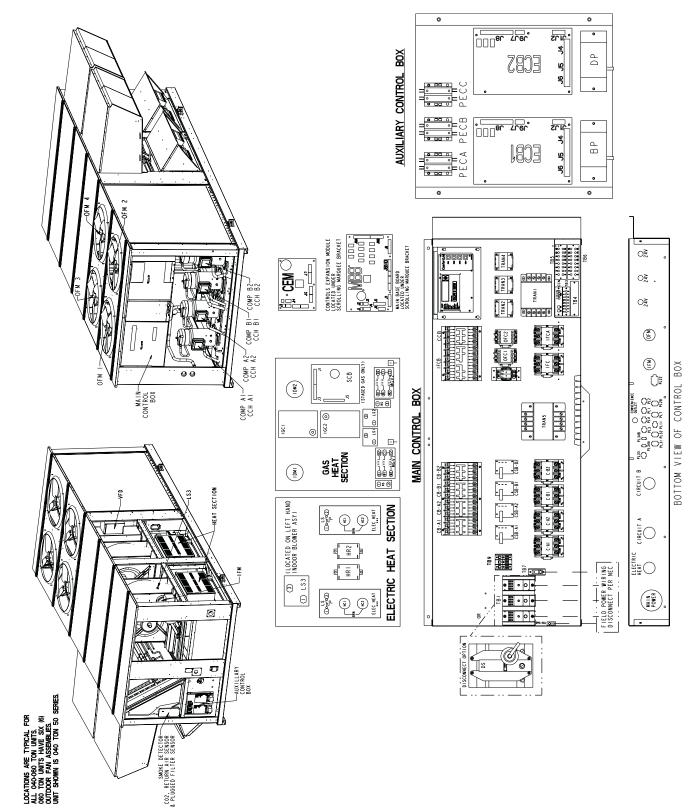


Fig. 25 — Typical Large Chassis Component Locations (Size 036-060 Units)

LEGEND AND NOTES FOR FIG. 15-25

LEGEND

A AUX Circuit A PL — RARH — RAT — Plug **Auxiliary Contact** Return Air Relative Humidity Circuit É Return Air Temperature Sensor ВP **Building Pressure Transducer** RLA Rated Load Amps Contactor, Compressor RLY Relay CAP Capacitor RS Rollout Switch Circuit Breaker SCB Staged Gas Heat Control Board CB CCB CCH CCN Saturated Condensing Temperature Sensor Scrolling Marquee Display Saturated Suction Temperature Sensor Control Circuit Breaker SCT Crankcase Heater SDU Carrier Comfort Network® SST Controls Expansion Module Compressor Motor Room Temperature Sensor Room Temperature Sensor with Setpoint CEM T-55 COMP T-56 CR Control Relay TB Terminal Block Compressor Safety
Compressor Current Sensing Board
Duct Pressure Sensor
Discharge Pressure Transducer
Disconnect Switch CS TRAN — Transformer Variable Air Volume Variable Frequency Drive CSB VAV DP VFD **DPT** Terminal Block DS Х Economizer Control Board
Building and Supplier Air Control Board
Evaporator Discharge Air Temperature ECB-1 ECB-2 0 Terminal (Unmarked) **EDT** $\langle x \rangle$ Terminal (Marked) FIOP Factory-Installed Option Flame Sensor FS FU Splice Fuse GND Ground **Factory Wiring** HC HGBP **Heat Contactor** Hot Gas Bypass Field Wiring HIR Heat Interlock Relay High Pressure Switch **HPS** To indicate common potential only. HR Heat Relay Not to represent wiring. Hall Effect Induced Draft Motor Switch HS To Indicate FIOP or Accessory IAQ Indoor Air Quality **IDF** Induced Draft Fan **IDM** Induced Draft Motor THERMOSTAT MARKINGS IFC IFCB Indoor Fan Contactor Indoor Fan Circuit Breaker BMBlower Motor IFM Indoor Fan Motor Common СM **IGC** Integrated Gas Control Board Inducer Motor Internal Compressor Protector cs Centrifugal Switch LAT Staged Gas Temperature Sensor ΪFΟ LEN Local Equipment Network Indoor Fan On Ľ1 R Limit Switch Line 1

NOTES:

MBB

MGV

NEC

OAT

OFC OFM PEC PEM

OARH

Factory wiring is in accordance with the National Electrical Codes. Any field modifications or additions must be in compliance with all applicable codes.

Main Base Board

Outdoor Fan Motor Power Exhaust Contactor Power Exhaust Motor

Main Gas Valve National Electrical Code

Outdoor Air Relative Humidity Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Outdoor Fan Contactor

- 2. Use 75° C min wire for field power supply, use copper wires for all units.
- All circuit breakers "Must Trip Amps" are equal to or less than 156% RLA.
- 4. Compressor and fan motors are thermally protected three phase motors protected against primary single phase conditions. Red jumper wire must be added between R, W1, and W2 for

Thermostat Power

Thermostat Heat Stage 1

Thermostat Heat Stage 2

Thermostat Cooling Stage 1

Thermostat Cooling Stage 2

Power Supply Speed Sensor

Alarm Output

RT

SS

W1

W2

X Y1

space temperature sensor and all VAV units with heat and temporarily during Service Test mode when the heaters need to

Table 115 — Main Control Board (MBB) Inputs and Outputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	I/O POINT NAME	PLUG AND PIN REFERENCE	SIGNAL PIN(S)	PORT STATE
INPUTS					
GASFAN	YAC Indoor Fan relay (fan request from YAC)	DI1	J6, 3-4	4	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
FSD	Fire Shutdown switch input	DI2	J6, 5-6	6	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
G	Thermostat 'G' input	DI3	J7, 1-2	2	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
W2	Thermostat 'W2' input	DI4	J7, 3-4	4	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
W1	Thermostat 'W1' input	DI5	J7, 5-6	6	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
Y2	Thermostat 'Y2' input	DI6	J7, 7-8	8	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
Y1	Thermostat 'Y1' input	DI7	J7, 9-10	10	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
CSB_A1	Compressor A1 current sensor	DIG1	J9, 10-12	10=5v, 11=Vin, 12=GND	0 = 5vdc, 1 = 0vdc
CSB_A2	Compressor A2 current sensor	DIG2	J9, 7-9	7=5v, 8=Vin, 9=GND	0 = 5vdc, 1 = 0vdc
CSB_B1	Compressor B1 current sensor	DIG3	J9, 4-6	4=5v, 5=Vin, 6 =GND	0 = 5vdc, 1 = 0vdc
CSB_B2	Compressor B2 current sensor	DIG4	J9, 1-3	1=5v, 2=Vin, 3=GND	0 = 5vdc, 1 = 0vdc
DP_A/SCTA	Circuit A saturated condensing pressure/temp	AN1	J8, 21-23	21=5v, 22=Vin, 23=GND (thermistor 21-22)	(0-5vdc, thermistor, ohms)
DP_B/SCTB	Circuit B saturated condensing pressure/temp	AN2	J8, 24-26	24=5v, 25=Vin, 26=GND (thermistor 24-25)	(0-5vdc, thermistor, ohms)
SP_A/SSTA	Circuit A saturated suction pressure/temp	AN3	J8, 15-17	15=5v, 16=Vin, 17=GND (thermistor 15-16)	(0-5vdc, thermistor, ohms)
SP_B/SSTB	Circuit B saturated suction pressure/temp	AN4	J8, 18-20	18=5v, 19=Vin, 20=GND (thermistor 18-20)	(0-5vdc, thermistor, ohms)
RAT	Return air temperature	AN5	J8, 9-10	9	(thermistor, ohms)
SA_TEMP	Supply air temperature	AN6	J8, 11-12	11	(thermistor, ohms)
OAT	Outdoor air temperature	AN7	J8, 13-14	13	(thermistor, ohms)
SPT	Space temperature (T55/56)	AN8	J8, 1-2	1	(thermistor, ohms)
SPTO	Space temperature offset (T56)	AN9	J8, 3-4	3	(thermistor, ohms)
IAQ/IAQMINOV	IAQ analog input	AN10	J8, 5-6	5	(thermistor, ohms)
FLTS	Filter Status	AN11	J8, 7-8	7	(thermistor, ohms)
OUTPUTS					
CMPB2	Compressor B2	RLY 1	J10, 20-21	20 = RLY1A (=RLY2A), 21 = RLY1B	1 = Closes RLY1A/RLY1B
CMPB1	Compressor B1	RLY 2	J10, 22-23	22 = RLY2A (=RLY1A), 23 = RLY2B	1 = Closes RLY2A/RLY2B
CMPA2	Compressor A2	RLY 3	J10, 24-25	24 = RLY3A (=RLY4A), 25 = RLY3B	1 = Closes RLY3A/RLY3B
CMPA1	Compressor A1	RLY 4	J10, 26-27	26 = RLY4A (=RLY3A), 27 = RLY4B	1 = Closes RLY4A/RLY4B
CONDFANB	Condenser fan B	RLY 5	J10, 10-11	10 = RLY5A (=RLY6A), 11 = RLY5B	1 = Closes RLY5A/RLY5B
CONDFANA	Condenser fan A	RLY 6	J10, 12-13	12 = RLY6A (=RLY5A), 13 = RLY6B	1 = Closes RLY6A/RLY6B
HS2	Heat stage 2	RLY7	J10, 14-16	14 = 15 = RLY7A, 16 = RLY7B	1 = Closes RLY7A/RLY7B
HS1	Heat stage 1	RLY 8	J10, 17-19	17 = 18 = RLY8A, 19 = RLY8B	1 = Closes RLY8A/RLY8B
HIR	Heat interlock relay	RLY 9	J10, 4-6	4 = 5 = RLY9A, 6 = RLY9B	1 = Closes RLY9A/RLY9B
SF	Supply fan	RLY 10	J10, 7-9	7 = 8 = RLY10A, 9 = RLY10B	1 = Closes RLY10A/RLY10B
ALRM	Alarm output relay	RLY 11	J10, 1-3	1 = 2 = RLY11A, 3 = RLY11B	1 = Closes RLY11A/RLY11B

YAC — Gas Heat Unit

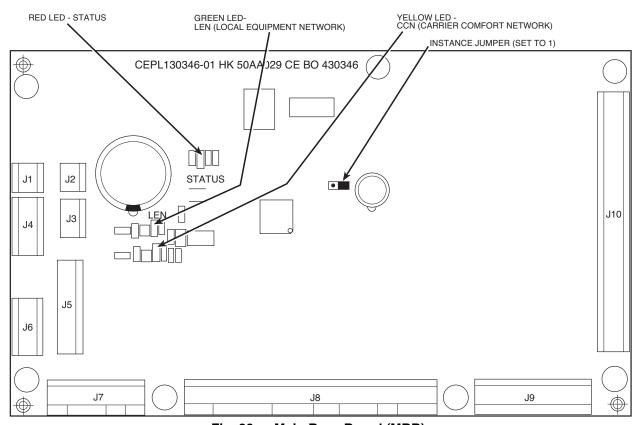


Fig. 26 — Main Base Board (MBB)

Table 116 — Economizer Control Board (ECB1) Inputs and Outputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	I/O POINT NAME	PLUG AND PIN REFERENCE	SIGNAL PIN(S)	PORT STATE
INPUTS					
RMTIN	Remote occupancy	DI1	J4, 1-2	2	24VAC = 1, 0VAC = 0
ECONENBL, ECOORIDE	Economizer enable	DI2	J4, 3-4	4	24VAC = 1, 0VAC = 0
RARH	Return air relative humidity	AN1	J5, 1-3	1=24VDC, 2=0-20mA in, 3=GND	0-20mA
OARH	Outdoor air relative humidity	AN2	J5, 4-6	4=24VDC, 5=0-20mA in, 6=GND	0-20mA
OUTPUTS					
ECB1_AO1	ECB1, analog output 1	AO1	J9, 1-2	1=0-20mA, 2=GND	0-20mA OUT
ECONOCMD	Economizer actuator (digital control)	PP/MP	J7, 1-3	1=PP/MP Data, 2=24VAC, 3=GND	Belimo PP/MP Protocol
PE_A	Power Exhaust stage A	RLY1	J8, 1-3	1 = 2 = RLY1A, 3 = RLY1B	1 = Closes RLY1A/RLY1B
PE_B	Power Exhaust stage B	RLY 2	J8, 4-6	4 =5 = RLY2A, 6 = RLY2B	1 = Closes RLY2A/RLY2B
PE_C	Power Exhaust stage C	RLY 3	J8, 7-9	7 = 8 = RLY3A, 9 = RLY3B	1 = Closes RLY3A/RLY3B
ECON_PWR	Economizer Power	RLY 6	J8, 16-18	16 = 17 = RLY6A, 18 = RLY6B	1 = Closes RLY6A/RLY6B

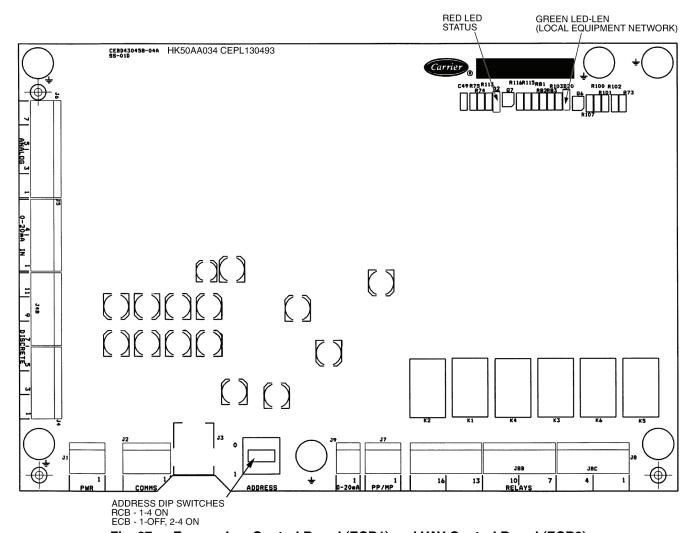


Fig. 27 — Economizer Control Board (ECB1) and VAV Control Board (ECB2)

Table 117 — VAV Control Board (ECB2) Inputs and Outputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	I/O POINT NAME	PLUG AND PIN REFERENCE	SIGNAL PIN(S)	PORT STATE
INPUTS					
		DI1	J4, 1-2	2	24VAC = 1, 0VAC = 0
		DI2	J4, 3-4	4	24VAC = 1, 0VAC = 0
BP	Building static pressure	AN1	J5, 1-3	1=24VDC, 2=0-20mA in, 3=GND	0-20mA
SP	Supply Duct static pressure	AN2	J5, 4-6	4=24VDC, 5=0-20mA in, 6=GND	0-20mA
OUTPUTS					
SFAN_VFD	Supply Fan Inverter speed	AO1	J9, 1-2	1=0-20mA, 2=GND	0-20mA OUT
		PP/MP	J7, 1-3	1=PP/MP Data, 2=24VAC, 3=GND	Belimo PP/MP Protocol
		RLY1	J8, 1-3	1 = 2 = RLY1A, 3 = RLY1B	1 = Closes RLY1A/RLY1B
		RLY 2	J8, 4-6	4 =5 = RLY2A, 6 = RLY2B	1 = Closes RLY2A/RLY2B
		RLY 3	J8, 7-9	7 = 8 = RLY3A, 9 = RLY3B	1 = Closes RLY3A/RLY3B
MLV	Minimum load valve	RLY 6	J8, 16-18	16 = 17 = RLY6A, 18 = RLY6B	1 = Closes RLY6A/RLY6B

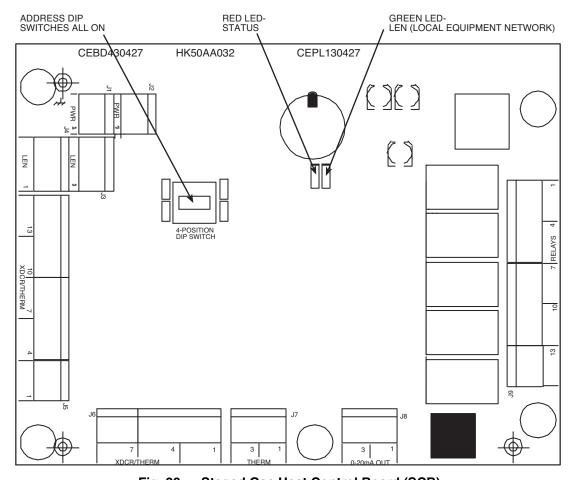


Fig. 28 — Staged Gas Heat Control Board (SCB)

Table 118 — Staged Gas Control Board (SCB) Inputs and Outputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	I/O POINT NAME	PLUG AND PIN REFERENCE	SIGNAL PIN(S)	PORT STATE
INPUTS					
		AN1	J5, 1-3	1=5v, 2=Vin, 3=GND (thermistor 1-2)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
		AN2	J5, 4-6	4=5v, 5=Vin, 6=GND (thermistor 4-5)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
LAT1SGAS	Leaving air temperature 1	AN3	J5, 7-9	7=5v, 8=Vin, 9=GND (thermistor 7-8)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
LAT2SGAS	Leaving air temperature 2	AN4	J5, 10-12	10=5v, 11=Vin, 12=GND (thermistor 10-11)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
LAT3SGAS	Leaving air temperature 3	AN5	J5, 13-15	13=5v, 14=Vin, 15=GND (thermistor 13-14)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
		AN6	J6, 1-3	1=5v, 2=Vin, 3=GND (thermistor 1-2)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
		AN7	J6, 4-6	4=5v, 5=Vin, 6=GND (thermistor 4-5)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
		AN8	J6, 7-9	7=5v, 8=Vin, 9=GND (thermistor 7-8)	(0-5VDC, thermistor, ohms)
		AN9	J7, 1-2	1	(thermistor, ohms)
		AN10	J7, 3-4	3	(thermistor, ohms)
OUTPUTS					
		AO1	J8, 1-2	1=0-20mA, 2=GND	0-20mA OUT
		AO2	J8, 3-4	3=0-20mA, 4=GND	0-20mA OUT
HS3	Heat Stage 3	RLY1	J9, 1-3	1 = 2 = RLY1A, 3 = RLY1B	1 = Closes RLY1A/RLY1B
HS4	Heat Stage 4	RLY 2	J9, 4-6	4 = 5 = RLY2A, 6 = RLY2B	1 = Closes RLY2A/RLY2B
HS5	Heat Stage 5	RLY 3	J9, 7-9	7 = 8 = RLY3A, 9 = RLY3B	1 = Closes RLY3A/RLY3B
HS6	Heat Stage 6	RLY 4	J9, 10-12	10 = 11= RLY4A, 12 = RLY4B	1 = Closes RLY4A/RLY4B
		RLY 5	J9, 13-15	13 = 14 = RLY5A, 15 = RLY5B	1 = Closes RLY5A/RLY5B

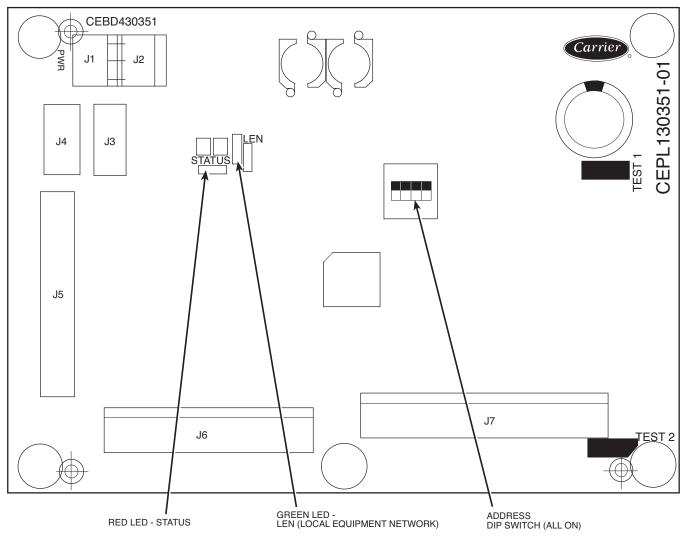


Fig. 29 — Controls Expansion Board (CEM)

Table 119 — Controls Expansion Board (CEM) Inputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	I/O POINT NAME	PLUG AND PIN REFERENCE	SIGNAL PIN(S)	PORT STATE
INPUTS					
SFS	Supply Fan Status switch	DI 1	J7, 1-2	2	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
DMD_SW1	Demand Limit - SW1	DI 2	J7, 3-4	4	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
DMD_SW2/ DHD ISCIN	Demand Limit - SW2/ Dehumidification Switch Input	DI 3	J7, 5-6	6	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
PRES	Pressurization	DI 4	J7, 7-8	8	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
EVAC	Evacuation	DI 5	J7, 9-10	10	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
PURG	Purge	DI 6	J7, 11-12	12	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
IAQIN	Indoor Air Quality Switch	DI 7	J7, 13-14	14	0 = 24vac, 1= 0vac
		AN7	J6, 1-3	2 (1 = loop power)	(0-20mA input)
DMDLMTMA	4-20mA Demand Limit	AN8	J6, 4-6	5 (4 = loop power)	(0-20mA input)
EDTRESMA	4-20mA Evaporator Discharge SP Reset	AN9	J6, 7-9	8 (7 = loop power)	(0-20mA input)
OAQ	Outside Air CO ₂ Sensor	AN10	J6, 10-12	11 (10 = loop power)	(0-20mA input)
SPRESET	SP Reset milliamps	AN10	J6, 10-12	11 (10 = loop power)	(0-20mA input)
CEM_10K1/ CEM_4201	CEM AN1 10k temp J5,1-2/ CEM AN1 4-20 ma J5,1-2	AN1	J5, 1-2	1	(thermistor, ohms)
CEM_10K2/ CEM_4202	CEM AN2 10k temp J5,3-4/ CEM AN2 4-20 ma J5,3-4	AN2	J5, 3-4	3	(thermistor, ohms)
CEM_10K3/ CEM_4203	CEM AN3 10k temp J5,5-6/ CEM AN3 4-20 ma J5,5-6	AN3	J5, 5-6	5	(thermistor, ohms)
CEM_10K4/ CEM_4204	CEM AN4 10k temp J5,7-8/ CEM AN4 4-20 ma J5,7-8	AN4	J5, 7-8	7	(thermistor, ohms)
		AN5	J5, 9-10	9	(thermistor, ohms)
		AN6	J5, 11-12	11	(thermistor, ohms)

Table 120 — IGC Board Inputs and Outputs

POINT NAME	POINT DESCRIPTION	CONNECTOR PIN NO.
INPUTS		
RT	24 Volt Power Supply	R1,C
W	Heat Demand	2
G	Fan	3
LS	Limit Switch	7,8
RS	Rollout Switch	5,6
SS	Hall Effect Sensor	1,2,3
CS	Centrifugal Switch (Not Used)	9,10
FS	Flame Sense	FS
OUTPUTS		
CM	Induced Draft Motor	CM
IFO	Indoor Fan	IFO
R	24 Volt Power Output (Not Used)	R
SPARK	Sparker	_
LED	Display LED	

SCROLLING MARQUEE — This device is the keypad interface used to access the control information, read sensor values, and test the unit. The scrolling marquee display is a 4-key, 4-character, 16-segment LED display as well as an Alarm Status LED. See Fig. 30. The display is easy to operate using 4 buttons and a group of 11 LEDs that indicate the following menu structures:

- Run Status
- Service Test
- Temperatures
- Pressures
- Set points
- Inputs
- Outputs
- Configuration
- Timeclock
- Operating Modes
- Alarms

Through the scrolling marquee the user can access all the inputs and outputs to check on their values and status. Because the unit is equipped with suction pressure transducers and discharge saturation temperature sensors it can also display

pressures typically obtained from gages. The control includes a full alarm history, which can be accessed from the display. In addition, through the scrolling marquee the user can access a built-in test routine that can be used at start-up commission and to diagnose operational problems with the unit. The scrolling marquee is located in the main control box and is standard on all units.

SUPPLY FAN — The size 020 to 050 units are equipped with two 15 x 11-in. forward-curved fans. The size 051 and 060 units have three 15 x 11-in. fans. They are on a common shaft and are driven by single belt drive 3-phase motor. The fan is controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls.

VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE (VFD) — On variable volume units, the supply fan speed is controlled by a 3-phase VFD. The VFD is located in the fan section behind a removable panel as shown in Fig. 24 and 25. The VFD speed is controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls through a 4 to 20 mA signal based on a supply duct pressure sensor. The inverter has a display, which can be used for service diagnostics, but setup of the supply duct pressure set point and control loop factors is done through the scrolling marquee display. The VFD is powered during normal operation to prevent condensation from forming on the boards during the off mode and is stopped by driving the speed to 0 (by sending a 2 mA signal to the VFD).

The A Series units use ABB ACH550 VFDs. The interface wiring for the VFDs is shown in Fig. 31. Terminal designations are shown in Table 121.

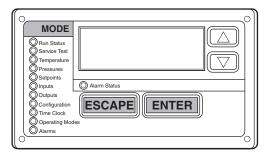


Fig. 30 — Scrolling Marquee

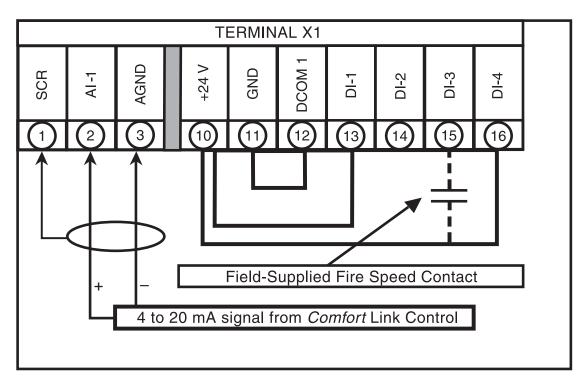


Fig. 31 — VFD Wiring

Table 121 — VFD Terminal Designations

TERMINAL	FUNCTION
U1 V1 W1	Three-Phase Main Circuit Input Power Supply
U2 V2 W2	Three-Phase AC Output to Motor, 0 V to Maximum Input Voltage Level
X1-11 (GND) X1-12 (COMMON)	Factory-supplied jumper
X1-10 (24 VDC) X1-13 (DI-1)	Run (factory-supplied jumper)
X1-10 (24 VDC) X1-16 (DI-4)	Start Enable 1 (factory-supplied jumper). When opened the drive goes to emergency stop.
X1-2 (Al-1) X1-3 (AGND)	Factory wired for 4 to 20 mA remote input

POWER EXHAUST — The units can be equipped with an optional power exhaust system. The power exhaust fans are forward-curved fans with direct-drive motors. The motors are controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls through the ECB1 board. On the 48/50A020-050 units there are 4 fans. On the 48/50A051 and 060 units there are 6 fans. The fan sequences are controlled to provide 4 stages on the 48/50A020-050 units and 6 stages on the 48/50A051 and 060 units. There are two control methods. For CV applications the fans can be configured for 2 stages based on adjustable economizer damper positions. For VAV applications and CV units with the building pressure control option, the fans are sequenced to maintain a building pressure set point based on a building pressure transducer.

ECONOMIZER MOTOR — The economizer outside air and return air dampers are gear-driven dampers without linkage. A digitally controlled economizer motor controls their position. The motor position is controlled by the ECB1 board by means of a digital two-way communication signal. This allows for

accurate control of the motors as well as feedback information and diagnostics information. The control has a self-calibration routine that allows the motor position to be configured at initial unit start-up. The motor is located on the economizer and can be reached through the filter access door.

THERMISTORS AND PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS — The 48/50AJ,AK,AW,AY units are equipped with thermistors and pressure transducers. These units have two thermistors connected to the condenser coil and two pressure transducers that are connected to the low side of the system.

The 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 units are equipped with four pressure transducers. These units have two pressure transducers connected to the low side of the system and two pressure transducers connected to the high side of the system.

By using either temperature sensors or transducers, the *Comfort*Link controller displays the high and low side pressures and saturation temperatures. A normal gage set is not required.

SMOKE DETECTOR — The units can be equipped with an optional smoke detector located in the return air. The detector is wired to the *Comfort*Link controls and, if activated, will stop the unit by means of a special fire mode. The smoke detector can also be wired to an external alarm system through TB5 terminals 10 and 11. The sensor is located in the return air section behind the filter access door.

FILTER STATUS SWITCH — The units can be equipped with an optional filter status switch. The switch measures the pressure drop across the filters and closes when an adjustable pressure set point is exceeded. The sensor is located in the return air section behind the filter access door.

RETURN AIR CO_2 SENSOR — The unit can also be equipped with a return air IAQ CO_2 sensor that is used for the demand control ventilation. The sensor is located in the return air section and can be accessed from the filter access door.

BOARD ADDRESSES — Each board in the system has an address. The MBB has a default address of 1 but it does have an instance jumper that should be set to 1 as shown in Fig. 26. For the other boards in the system there is a 4-dip switch header on each board that should be set as shown below.

BOARD	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4
ECB1	0	0	0	0
ECB2	1	0	0	0
SCB	0	0	0	0
CEM	0	0	0	0

0 = On; 1 = Off

FIELD CONNECTION TERMINAL STRIPS — Field connection terminal strips are located in the main control box. See Fig. 32 and Table 122.

Accessory Control Components — In addition to the factory-installed options, the units can also be equipped with several field-installed accessories that expand the control features of the unit. The following hardware components can be used as accessories

ROOM THERMOSTATS (48/50AJ,AW,A2,A4 UNITS ONLY) — The *Comfort*Link controls support a conventional electro-mechanical or electronic thermostat that uses the Y1, Y2, W1, W2, and G signals. The control also supports an additional input for an occupied/unoccupied command that is available on some new thermostats. The *Comfort*Link controls can be configured to run with multiple stages of capacity which allows up to 6 stages of capacity. Although the unit can be configured for normal 2-stage control, it is recommended that the multi-stage control be used. The room thermostat is connected to TB4.

SPACE SENSOR — The *Comfort*Link controls support the use of space temperature sensors. The T55 and T56 sensors and CCN communicating T58 room sensor can be used. The T55 and T56 sensors are connected to TB5 terminal 3, 4, and 5. The T58 sensor is connected to the CCN connections on TB3. When a T55, T56, or T58 sensor is used, the user must install the red jumpers from R to W1, and W2 on TB4 for the heat function to work correctly.

SPACE CO₂ SENSORS — The *Comfort*Link controls also support a CO₂ IAQ sensor that can be located in the space for use in demand ventilation. The sensor must be a 4 to 20 mA sensor and should be connected to TB5 terminal 6 and 7. See Fig. 33 for sensor wiring.

ECONOMIZER HUMIDITY CHANGEOVER SEN-SORS — The *Comfort*Link controls support 5 different changeover schemes for the economizer. These are:

- outdoor air dry bulb
- · differential dry bulb

- outdoor air enthalpy curves
- differential enthalpy
- custom curves (a combination of an enthalpy/dewpoint curve and a dry bulb curve).

The units are equipped as standard with an outside air and return air dry bulb sensor which supports the dry bulb change-over methods. If the other methods are to be used, then a field-installed humidity sensor must be installed for outdoor air enthalpy and customer curve control and two humidity sensors must be installed for differential enthalpy. Installation holes are pre-drilled and wire harnesses are installed in every unit for connection of the humidity sensors. The *Comfort*Link controls convert the measured humidity into enthalpy, dewpoint, and the humidity changeover curves.

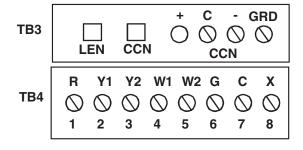
MOTORMASTER® V CONTROL — For operation below 32 F when an economizer is not used, the units can be equipped with an accessory Motormaster V control, which controls the speed of the stage 1 condenser fans. The Motormaster V control is a 3-phase inverter that controls the speed of the fans based on a pressure transducer connected to the liquid line. On 48/50A020-035 units, one fan will be controlled. On 48/50A036-060 units, two fans will be controlled. For units equipped with an economizer, there should not be a need for this control because the economizer can provide free cooling using outside air, which will be significantly lower in operating cost.

The accessory Motormaster V speed control is a completely self-contained control and is not controlled by the unit's *Comfort*Link controller. On 48/50A051 and 060 units with 6 fan motors, the Motormaster control configuration (*M.M.*) must be set to YES. See page 39.

ACCESSORY NAVIGATOR™ DISPLAY — The accessory handheld Navigator display can be used with the 48/50A series units. See Fig. 34. The Navigator display operates the same way as the scrolling marquee device. The ECB1 and ECB2 boards contain a second LEN port (J3 connection) than can be used with the handheld Navigator display.

CONTROL MODULE COMMUNICATIONS

Red LED — Proper operation of the control boards can be visually checked by looking at the red status LEDs as shown on Fig. 26-29. When operating correctly, the red status LEDs should blink in unison at a rate of once every 2 seconds. If the red LEDs are not blinking in unison, verify that correct power is being supplied to all modules. Also, be sure that the main base board is supplied with the current software. If necessary, reload current software. If the problem still persists, replace the MBB. A board LED that is lit continuously or blinking at a rate of once per second or faster indicates that the board should be replaced.



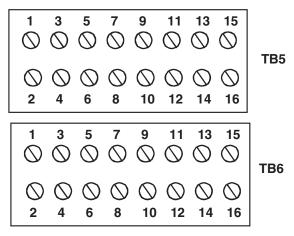


Fig. 32 — Field Connection Terminal Strips (Main Control Box)

Table 122 — Field Connection Terminal Strips

TERMINAL BOARD	TERMINAL NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ
		OR DISCONNECT (in Main Control Box)	
	11	L1 power supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50
TB1	12	L2 power supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50
	13	L3 power supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50
TB-2 - GROUNI	O (in Main Contr	ol Box)	
TB2	1	Neutral Power	
TB-3 - CCN CO	MMUNICATIONS	6 (HY84HA096) (in Main Control Box)	
	1	LEN +	5 VDC, logic
	2	LEN C	5 VDC, logic
	3	LEN –	5 VDC, logic
TB3	4	24 VAC	24 VAC
100	5	CCN+	5 VDC, logic
	6	CCN c	5 VDC, logic
	7	CCN -	5 VDC, logic
	8	Grd	ground
TB-4 - THERON	ISTAT CONNEC	TIONS (HY84HA090) (in Main Control Box)	
	1	Thermostat R	24VAC
	2	Thermostat Y1	24VAC
	3	Thermostat Y2	24VAC
TB4	4	Thermostat W1	24VAC
.54	5	Thermostat W2	24VAC
	6	Thermostat G	24VAC
	7	Thermostat C	24VAC
	8	Thermostat X	24VAC
TB-5 - FIELD C	ONNECTIONS (I	1Y84HA101) (in Main Control Box)	
	1	VAV Heater Interlock Relay, Ground	external 24 VDC relay
	2	VAV Heater Interlock Relay, 24 VAC	external 24 VDC relay
	3	T56 Sensor	5VDC
	4	T56/T58 Ground	5VDC
	5	T58 Setpoint	5VDC
	6	Indoor Air IAQ Remote Sensor/Remote Pot/Remote 4-20 mA	4-20 mA, ext. powered w/res or 0-5 VDC
	7	Indoor Air IAQ Remote Sensor/Remote Pot/Remote 4-20 mA	4-20 mA, ext. powered w/res or 0-5 VDC
TB5	8	Smoke Detector Remote Alarm	external contacts
	9	Smoke Detector Remote Alarm	external contacts
	10	Fire Shutdown	24 VAC external
	11	Fire Shutdown	external contact
	12	Fire Control Common	external contact
	13	Fire Pressurization	external contact
	14	Fire Evacuation	external contact
	15	Fire Smoke Purge	external contact
	16	Not Used	_
IB-6 - FIELD C	•	HY84HA101) (in Main Control Box)	
	1	Remote Occupied/Economizer Enable 24 VAC	external 24 VAC contact
	2	Remote Economizer Contact	external 24 VAC contact
	3	Remote Occupied Contact	external 24 VAC contact
	<u>4</u> 5	Demand Limit Contacts Common	external 24 VAC contact
		Demand Limit Switch 1 Demand Limit Switch 2/Dehumidify Switch Input	external 24 VAC contact external 24 VAC contact
	6		
	7	Demand Limit 4-20 mA Demand Limit 4-20 mA	externally powered 4-20 mA externally powered 4-20 mA
TB6	8		
	9 10	Remote Supply Air Setpoint 4-20 mA Remote Supply Air Setpoint 4-20 mA	externally powered 4-20 mA externally powered 4-20 mA
_	11	Outdoor Air IAQ 4-20 mA	externally powered 4-20 mA externally powered 4-20 mA
	12	Outdoor Air IAQ 4-20 mA	externally powered 4-20 mA externally powered 4-20 mA
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	13 14	IAQ Remote Switch IAQ Remote Switch	external contact
	15	Supply Fan Status Switch	external contact —
	16	11.7	
TR-7 - EL ECTR		Supply Fan Status Switch R BLOCK (in Electric Heat section)	_
19-1 - ELECTR	1	L1 Power Supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50
TB7	2	L2 Power Supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50
10/			
	3	L3 Power Supply	208-230/460/575/380/-3-60, 400-3-50

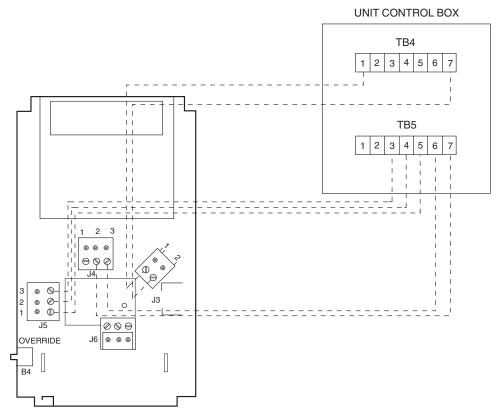


Fig. 33 — CO₂ and Space Temperature Sensor Wiring (33ZCT55CO2 and 33ZCT56CO2)

Green LED — The boards also have a green LED, which is the indicator of the operation of the LEN communications, which is used for communications between the boards. On the MBB board the Local Equipment Network (LEN) LED should always be blinking whenever power is on. All other boards have a LEN LED that will blink whenever power is on and there is communication occurring. If LEN LED is not blinking, check LEN connections for potential communication errors (J3 and J4 connectors). A 3-wire sensor bus accomplishes communication between modules. These 3 wires run in parallel from module to module.

<u>Yellow LED</u> — The MBB has one yellow LED. The Carrier Comfort Network® (CCN) LED will blink during times of network communication. The other boards do not have a CCN communications port.

CARRIER COMFORT NETWORK INTERFACE — The 48/50A Series units can be connected to the CCN interface if desired. The communication bus wiring is a shielded, 3-conductor cable with drain wire and is field supplied and installed. See the Installation Instructions for wiring information. The system elements are connected to the communication bus in a daisy chain arrangement. The positive pin of each system element communication connector must be wired to the positive pins of the system elements on either side of it. This is also required for the negative and signal ground pins of each system element. Wiring connections for CCN should be made at TB3. See Fig. 35. Consult the CCN Contractor's Manual for further information.

NOTE: Conductors and drain wire must be 20-AWG (American Wire Gage) minimum stranded, tinned copper. Individual conductors must be insulated with PVC, PVC/nylon, vinyl, Teflon, or polyethylene. An aluminum/polyester 100% foil shield and an outer jacket of PVC, PVC/nylon, chrome vinyl, or Teflon with a minimum operating temperature range of –20 C to 60 C is required.

It is important when connecting to a CCN communication bus that a color-coding scheme be used for the entire network to simplify the installation. It is recommended that red be used for the signal positive, black for the signal negative and white for the signal ground. Use a similar scheme for cables containing different colored wires.

At each system element, the shields of its communication bus cables must be tied together. If the communication bus is entirely within one building, the resulting continuous shield must be connected to a ground at one point only. If the communication bus cable exits from one building and enters another, the shields must be connected to grounds at the lightning suppressor in each building where the cable enters or exits the building (one point per building only).



Fig. 34 — Accessory Navigator Display

To connect the unit to the network:

- 1. Turn off power to the control box.
- Cut the CCN wire and strip the ends of the red (+), white (ground), and black (-) conductors. (Substitute appropriate colors for different colored cables.)
- 3. Connect the red wire to (+) terminal on TB3 of the plug, the white wire to COM terminal, and the black wire to the (-) terminal.
- 4. The RJ14 CCN connector on TB3 can also be used, but is only intended for temporary connection (for example, a laptop computer running Service Tool).

5. Restore power to unit.

IMPORTANT: A shorted CCN bus cable will prevent some routines from running and may prevent the unit from starting. If abnormal conditions occur, unplug the connector. If conditions return to normal, check the CCN connector and cable. Run new cable if necessary. A short in one section of the bus can cause problems with all system elements on the bus.

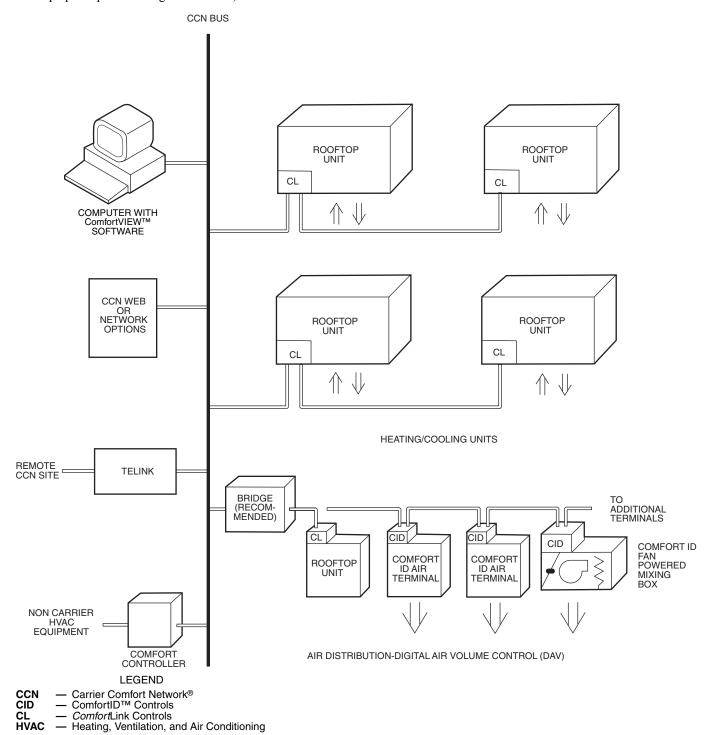


Fig. 35 — CCN System Architecture

SERVICE

MARNING

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit. Electrical shock could cause personal injury.

Service Access — All unit components can be reached through clearly labelled hinged access doors. These doors are not equipped with tiebacks, so if heavy duty servicing is needed, either remove them or prop them open to prevent accidental closure.

Each door is held closed with 3 latches. The latches are secured to the unit with a single $^{1}/_{4}$ -in. - 20 x $^{1}/_{2}$ -in. long bolt. See Fig. 36.

To open, loosen the latch bolt using a $^{7}/_{16}$ -in. wrench. Pivot the latch so it is not in contact with the door. Open the door. To shut, reverse the above procedure.

NOTE: Disassembly of the top cover may be required under special service circumstances. It is very important that the orientation and position of the top cover be marked on the unit prior to disassembly. This will allow proper replacement of the top cover onto the unit and prevent rainwater from leaking into the unit.

IMPORTANT: After servicing is completed, make sure door is closed and relatched properly, and that the latches are tight. Failure to do so can result in water leakage into the evaporator section of the unit.

Cleaning — Inspect unit interior at beginning of each heating and cooling season and as operating conditions require. Remove unit side panels and/or open doors for access to unit interior.

MAIN BURNERS — At the beginning of each heating season, inspect for deterioration or blockage due to corrosion or other causes. Observe the main burner flames and adjust if necessary. Check spark gap. See Fig. 37. Refer to Main Burners section on page 140.

FLUE GAS PASSAGEWAYS — The flue collector box and heat exchanger cells may be inspected by removing gas section access panel, flue box cover, collector box, and main burner assembly (Fig. 38 and 39). Refer to Main Burners section on page 140 for burner removal sequence. If cleaning is required, clean all parts with a wire brush. Reassemble using new high-temperature insulation for sealing.

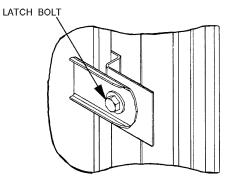


Fig. 36 — Door Latch

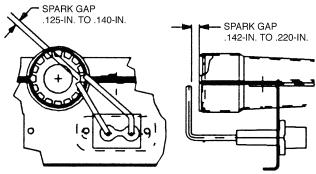
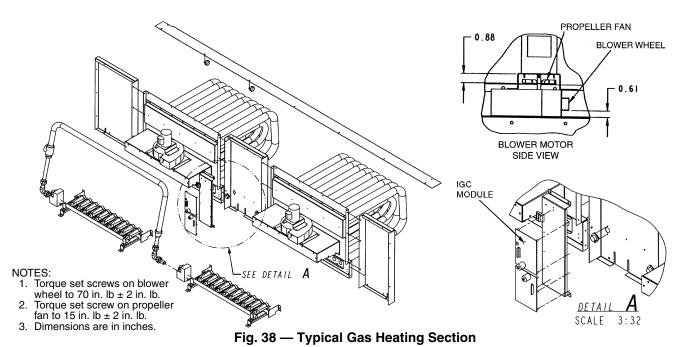


Fig. 37 — Spark Gap Adjustment



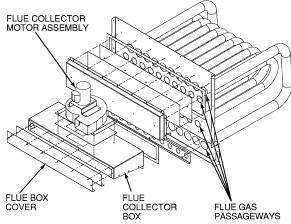


Fig. 39 — Gas Heat Section Details

COMBUSTION-AIR BLOWER — Clean periodically to assure proper airflow and heating efficiency. Inspect blower wheel every fall and periodically during heating season. For the first heating season, inspect blower wheel bi-monthly to determine proper cleaning frequency.

To inspect blower wheel, remove heat exchanger access panel. Shine a flashlight into opening to inspect wheel. If cleaning is required, remove motor and wheel assembly by removing screws holding motor mounting plate to top of combustion fan housing (Fig. 38 and 39). The motor, scroll, and wheel assembly can be removed from the unit. Remove scroll from plate. Remove the blower wheel from the motor shaft and clean with a detergent or solvent. Replace motor and wheel assembly.

ROUND TUBE PLATE FIN COIL MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING RECOMMENDATIONS — Routine cleaning of coil surfaces is essential to maintain proper operation of the unit. Elimination of contamination and removal of harmful residues will greatly increase the life of the coil and extend the life of the unit. The following maintenance and cleaning procedures are recommended as part of the routine maintenance activities to extend the life of the coil.

Remove Surface Loaded Fibers — Surface loaded fibers or dirt should be removed with a vacuum cleaner. If a vacuum cleaner is not available, a soft non-metallic bristle brush may be used. In either case, the tool should be applied in the direction of the fins. Coil surfaces can be easily damaged (fin edges can be easily bent over and damage to the coating of a protected coil) if the tool is applied across the fins.

NOTE: Use of a water stream, such as a garden hose, against a surface loaded coil will drive the fibers and dirt into the coil. This will make cleaning efforts more difficult. Surface loaded fibers must be completely removed prior to using low velocity clean water rinse.

<u>Periodic Clean Water Rinse</u> — A periodic clean water rinse is very beneficial for coils that are applied in coastal or industrial environments. However, it is very important that the water rinse is made with very low velocity water stream to avoid damaging the fin edges. Monthly cleaning as described below is recommended.

Routine Cleaning of Coil Surfaces — Monthly cleaning with Totaline® environmentally sound coil cleaner is essential to extend the life of coils. This cleaner is available from Carrier Replacement parts division as part number P902-0301 for a one gallon container, and part number P902-0305 for a 5 gallon container. It is recommended that all coils, including copper tube aluminum fin, pre-coated fin, copper fin, or E-coated coils be cleaned with the Totaline environmentally sound coil cleaner as described below. Coil cleaning should be part of the unit's regularly scheduled maintenance procedures to ensure long life

of the coil. Failure to clean the coils may result in reduced durability in the environment.

Avoid the use of:

- coil brighteners
- acid cleaning prior to painting
- high pressure washers
- poor quality water for cleaning

Totaline environmentally sound coil cleaner is non-flammable, hypoallergenic, nonbacterial, and a USDA accepted biodegradable agent that will not harm the coil or surrounding components such as electrical wiring, painted metal surfaces, or insulation. Use of non-recommended coil cleaners is strongly discouraged since coil and unit durability could be affected.

Totaline Environmentally Sound Coil Cleaner Application Equipment

- $2^{1}/_{2}$ gallon garden sprayer
- water rinse with low velocity spray nozzle

A CAUTION

Harsh chemicals, household bleach or acid or basic cleaners should not be used to clean outdoor or indoor coils of any kind. These cleaners can be very difficult to rinse out of the coil and can accelerate corrosion at the fin/tube interface where dissimilar materials are in contact. If there is dirt below the surface of the coil, use the Totaline environmentally sound coil cleaner as described above.

A CAUTION

High velocity water from a pressure washer, garden hose, or compressed air should never be used to clean a coil. The force of the water or air jet will bend the fin edges and increase airside pressure drop. Reduced unit performance or nuisance unit shutdown may occur.

Totaline Environmentally Sound Coil Cleaner Application Instructions

- Remove any foreign objects or debris attached to the coil face or trapped within the mounting frame and brackets.
- Put on personal protective equipment including safety glasses and/or face shield, waterproof clothing and gloves. It is recommended to use full coverage clothing.
- 3. Remove all surface loaded fibers and dirt with a vacuum cleaner as described above.
- 4. Thoroughly wet finned surfaces with clean water and a low velocity garden hose, being careful not to bend fins.
- Mix Totaline environmentally sound coil cleaner in a 2¹/₂ gallon garden sprayer according to the instructions included with the cleaner. The optimum solution temperature is 100 F.

NOTE: Do <u>NOT USE</u> water in excess of 130 F, as the enzymatic activity will be destroyed.

- Thoroughly apply Totaline environmentally sound coil cleaner solution to all coil surfaces including finned area, tube sheets and coil headers.
- Hold garden sprayer nozzle close to finned areas and apply cleaner with a vertical, up-and-down motion. Avoid spraying in horizontal pattern to minimize potential for fin damage.
- 8. Ensure cleaner thoroughly penetrates deep into finned areas.
- Interior and exterior finned areas must be thoroughly cleaned.
- Finned surfaces should remain wet with cleaning solution for 10 minutes.

- Ensure surfaces are not allowed to dry before rinsing. Reapplying cleaner as needed to ensure 10-minute saturation is achieved.
- 12. Thoroughly rinse all surfaces with low velocity clean water using downward rinsing motion of water spray nozzle. Protect fins from damage from the spray nozzle.

MICROCHANNEL HEAT EXCHANGER (MCHX) CON-DENSER COIL MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING RECOMMENDATIONS

A CAUTION

Do not apply any chemical cleaners to MCHX condenser coils. These cleaners can accelerate corrosion and damage the coil.

Routine cleaning of coil surfaces is essential to maintain proper operation of the unit. Elimination of contamination and removal of harmful residues will greatly increase the life of the coil and extend the life of the unit. The following steps should be taken to clean MCHX condenser coils:

- Remove any foreign objects or debris attached to the coil face or trapped within the mounting frame and brackets.
- Put on personal protective equipment including safety glasses and/or face shield, waterproof clothing and gloves. It is recommended to use full coverage clothing.
- Start high pressure water sprayer and purge any soap or industrial cleaners from sprayer before cleaning condenser coils. Only clean potable water is authorized for cleaning condenser coils.
- 4. Clean condenser face by spraying the coil steady and uniformly from top to bottom while directing the spray straight toward the coil. Do not exceed 900 psig or 30 degree angle. The nozzle must be at least 12 in. from the coil face. Reduce pressure and use caution to prevent damage to air centers.

A CAUTION

Excessive water pressure will fracture the braze between air centers and refrigerant tubes.

CONDENSATE DRAIN — Check and clean each year at start of cooling season. In winter, keep drains and traps dry.

FILTERS — Clean or replace at start of each heating and cooling season, or more often if operating conditions require. Refer to Installation Instructions for type and size.

NOTE: The unit requires industrial grade throwaway filters capable of withstanding face velocities up to 625 fpm.

OUTDOOR-AIR INLET SCREENS — Clean screens with steam or hot water and a mild detergent. Do not use disposable filters in place of screens.

Lubrication

FAN SHAFT BEARINGS — Lubricate bearings at least every 6 months with suitable bearing grease. Do not over grease. Typical lubricants are given below:

MANUFACTURER	LUBRICANT
Texaco	Regal AFB-2*
Mobil	Mobilplex EP No. 1
Sunoco	Prestige 42
Texaco	Multifak 2

*Preferred lubricant because it contains rust and oxidation inhibitors. CONDENSER AND EVAPORATOR-FAN MOTOR BEARINGS — The condenser and evaporator-fan motors have permanently sealed bearings, so no field lubrication is necessary.

Evaporator Fan Performance Adjustment (Fig. 40) — Fan motor pulleys are designed for speed shown in Physical Data table in unit Installation Instructions (factory speed setting).

IMPORTANT: Check to ensure that the unit drive matches the duct static pressure using Tables 3-38.

To change fan speeds, change pulleys.

To align fan and motor pulleys:

- 1. Shut off unit power supply.
- 2. Loosen fan shaft pulley bushing.
- 3. Slide fan pulley along fan shaft.
- Make angular alignment by loosening motor from mounting plate.
- 5. Retighten pulley.
- 6. Return power to the unit.

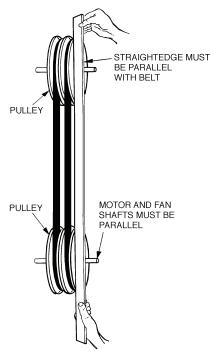


Fig. 40 — Evaporator-Fan Alignment and Adjustment

Evaporator Fan Coupling Assembly — If the coupling has been removed for other blower assembly component repair or replacement, it is critical that the coupling be reassembled and aligned correctly to prevent premature failures.

REASSEMBLING THE COUPLING INTO THE UNIT (Fig. 41)

- 1. Prior to reassembling the coupling, loosen the 4 bearing mounting bolts, which secure the 2 bearings on either side of the coupling. Remove the drive belts.
- 2. Reassemble the coupling with the bearings loose. This allows the coupling to find its own self-alignment position.
- 3. Check the hub-to-shaft fit for close fitting clearances. Replace hubs if high clearances are determined.
- Check the key for close-fitted clearances on the sides and 0.015 in. clearance over the top of the key. Replace key if necessary.
- 5. Be sure that hub flanges, flex members, spacer, and hardware are clean and free of oil.
- 6. Place the flanges onto the shafts with the hub facing outward. Do not tighten the set screws at this time.

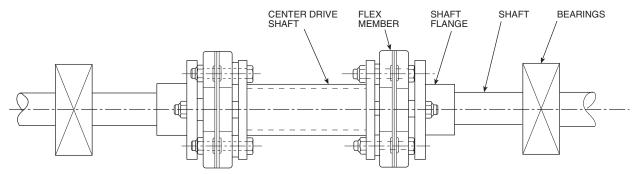


Fig. 41 — Evaporator Fan Coupling

- 7. Outside of the unit, assemble the flex members to the center drive shaft with 4 bolts and nuts. The flex members have collars that need to be inserted into the smaller hole of the drive shaft flange.
- 8. Assemble the flex member/drive shaft assembly to one of the shaft flanges, using 2 bolts and nuts. Slide the other shaft flange towards the assembly and assemble using 2 bolts and nuts. If the shafts are not misaligned, the collar in the flex member should line up with the shaft flange holes.
- 9. Torque nuts properly to 95 to 100 ft-lb. Do not turn a coupling bolt. Always turn the nut. Always use thread lubricant or anti-seize compound to prevent thread galling.
- 10. The ends of the shafts should be flush with the inside of the shaft flange. Torque the set screws to 25 ft-lb.
- 11. After assembly is complete, slowly rotate the shafts by hand for 30 to 60 seconds.
- 12. Tighten the bearing mounting bolts, using care not to place any loads on the shaft which would cause flexure to the shafts.
- 13. Reinstall drive belts. (Refer to Belt Tension Adjustment section below.)
- Visually inspect the assembly. If the shafts are overly misaligned, the drive shaft flange will not be parallel with the shaft flanges.
- 15. Recheck nut torque after 1 to 2 hours of operation. Bolts tend to relax after being initially torqued.

Evaporator Fan Service and Replacement

- 1. Turn off unit power supply.
- 2. Remove supply-air section panels.
- 3. Remove belt and blower pulley.
- 4. Loosen setscrews in blower wheels.
- 5. Remove locking collars from bearings.
- Remove shaft.
- 7. Remove venturi on opposite side of bearing.
- 8. Lift out wheel.
- 9. Reverse above procedure to reinstall fan.
- 10. Check and adjust belt tension as necessary.
- 11. Restore power to unit.

Belt Tension Adjustment — To adjust belt tension:

- 1. Turn off unit power supply.
- 2. Loosen motor mounting nuts and bolts. See Fig. 42.
- 3. Loosen fan motor nuts.
- 4. Turn motor jacking bolts to move motor mounting plate left or right for proper belt tension. A slight bow should be present in the belt on the slack side of the drive while running under full load.
- 5. Tighten nuts.

- Adjust bolts and nut on mounting plate to secure motor in fixed position. Recheck belt tension after 24 hours of operation. Adjust as necessary. Refer to Installation Instructions for proper tension values.
- 7. Restore power to unit.

Evaporator-Fan Motor Replacement

- 1. Turn off unit power supply.
- Remove upper outside panel and open hinged door to gain access to motor.
- 3. Fully retract motor plate adjusting bolts.
- 4. Loosen the 2 rear (nearest the evaporator coil) motor plate nuts.
- 5. Remove the 2 front motor plate nuts and carriage bolts.
- Slide motor plate to the rear (toward the coil) and remove fan belt(s).
- 7. Slide motor plate to the front and hand tighten one of the rear motor plate nuts (tight enough to prevent the motor plate from sliding back but loose enough to allow the plate to pivot upward).
- Pivot the front of the motor plate upward enough to allow access to the motor mounting hex bolts and secure in place by inserting a prop.
- Remove the nuts from the motor mounting hex bolts and remove motor.
- Replace the locktooth washer under the motor base with a new washer. Be sure that the washer contacts the motor base surface.
- 11. Reverse above steps to install new motor.

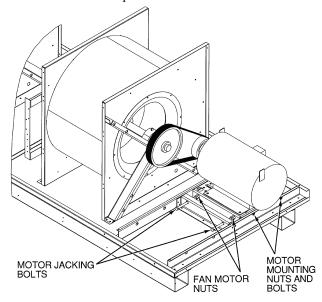


Fig. 42 — Belt Tension Adjustment

Condenser-Fan Adjustment

NOTE: Condenser fans on size 060 MCHX units are not adjustable.

- 1. Turn off unit power supply.
- 2. Remove fan guard.
- 3. Loosen fan hub setscrews.
- 4. Adjust fan height on shaft using a straightedge placed across venturi and measure per Fig. 43.
- 5. Fill hub recess with permagum if rubber hubcap is missing.
- 6. Tighten setscrews and replace panel(s).
- 7. Turn on unit power.

Four-Inch Filter Replacement — The 4-Inch Filter Change Mode variable is used to service the unit when 4-in. filters are used. When the filters need to be changed, set *Service Test→F.4.CH* = YES. The unit will be placed in Service Test mode and the economizer will move to the 40% open position to facilitate removal of the 4-in. filters. After the filters have been changed, set *Service Test→F.4.CH* = NO to return the unit to normal operation.

Power Failure — The economizer damper motor is a spring return design. In event of power failure, dampers will return to fully closed position until power is restored.

Refrigerant Charge — Amount of refrigerant charge is listed on unit nameplate. Refer to Carrier GTAC II; Module 5; Charging, Recovery, Recycling, and Reclamation section for charging methods and procedures.

Unit panels must be in place when unit is operating during charging procedure.

NOTE: Do not use recycled refrigerant as it may contain contaminants.

NO CHARGE — Use standard evacuating techniques. After evacuating system, weigh in the specified amount of refrigerant from the unit nameplate.

LOW CHARGE COOLING

All Units with Round Tube-Plate Fin Condenser Coils—Connect the gage set and a temperature-measuring device to the liquid line. Ensure that all condenser fans are operating. It may be necessary to block part of the coil on cold days to ensure that condensing pressures are high enough to turn on the fans. Adjust the refrigerant charge in each circuit to obtain state point liquid subcooling for specific models as listed in Table 123.

NOTE: Indoor-air cfm must be within normal operating range of unit.

Table 123 – Round Tube, Plate Fin Unit Charge

UNIT 48/50	REFRIGERANT TYPE	SIZE	LIQUID SUBCOOLING
AJ,AK,AW,AY	R-22	020, 025, 027, 030, 035, 040, 050, 060	20 F ± 2 F
		036	18 F ± 2 F
		041, 051	15 F ± 2 F
	3, A4,A5 R-410A	020, 027, 040, 050, 060	15 F ± 2 F
A2,A3,A4,A5		030, 035	20 F ± 2 F
		025	12 F ± 2 F

48/50A2,A3,A4,A5 Units with MCHX Condenser — Due to the compact, all aluminum design, microchannel heat exchangers will reduce refrigerant charge and overall operating weight. As a result, charging procedures for MCHX units require more accurate measurement techniques. Charge should be added in small increments. Using cooling charging charts provided (Fig. 44-50), add or remove refrigerant until conditions of the chart are met. As conditions get close to the point

on the chart, add or remove charge in ¹/₄ lb increments until complete. Ensure that all fans are on and all compressors are running when using charging charts.

<u>To Use the Cooling Charging Chart</u> — Use the outdoor air temperature, saturated suction temperature and saturated condensing temperature (available on the *Comfort*Link display), and find the intersection point on the cooling charging chart. If intersection point is above the line, carefully recover some of the refrigerant. If intersection point is below the line, carefully add refrigerant.

NOTE: Indoor-air cfm must be within normal operating range of unit.

Thermostatic Expansion Valve (TXV) — Each circuit has a TXV. The TXV is adjustable and is factory set to maintain 8 to 12° F superheat leaving the evaporator coil. The TXV controls flow of liquid refrigerant to the evaporator coils. Adjusting the TXV is not recommended.

Gas Valve Adjustment

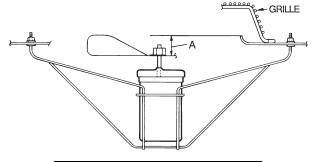
NATURAL GAS — The 2-stage gas valve opens and closes in response to the thermostat or limit control.

When power is supplied to valve terminals 3 and 4, the pilot valve opens to the preset position. When power is supplied to terminals 1 and 2, the main valve opens to its preset position.

The regular factory setting is stamped on the valve body (3.5 in. wg).

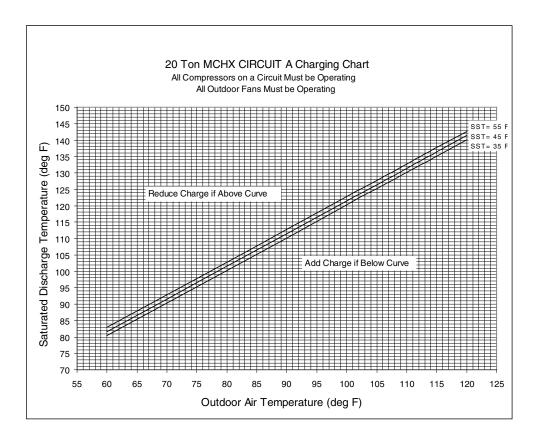
To adjust regulator:

- 1. Set thermostat at setting for no call for heat.
- 2. Switch main gas valve to OFF position.
- 3. Remove ¹/₈-in. pipe plug from manifold. Install a water manometer pressure-measuring device.
- 4. Switch main gas valve to ON position.
- 5. Set thermostat at setting to call for heat (high fire).
- 6. Remove screw cap covering regulator adjustment screw (See Fig. 51).
- 7. Turn adjustment screw clockwise to increase pressure or counterclockwise to decrease pressure.
- 8. Once desired pressure is established, set unit to no call for heat (3.3-in. wg high fire).
- 9. Switch main gas valve to OFF position.
- 10. Remove pressure-measuring device and replace $^{1}/_{8}$ -in. pipe plug and screw cap.
- Turn main gas valve to ON position and check heating operation.



UNIT SIZE	DIMENSION "A" (in.)
020-035, 050	1.30 ± 0.12
036-041, 051, 060	0.87 ± 0.12

Fig. 43 — Condenser-Fan Adjustment (All Units Except Size 060 MCHX)



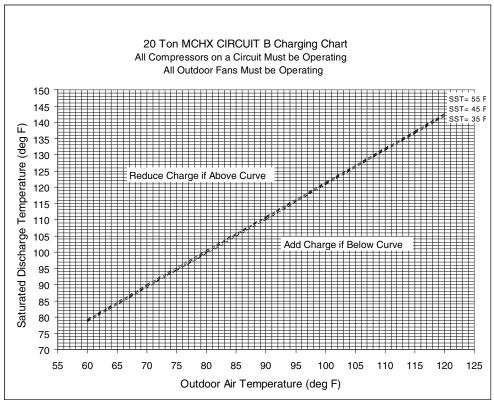
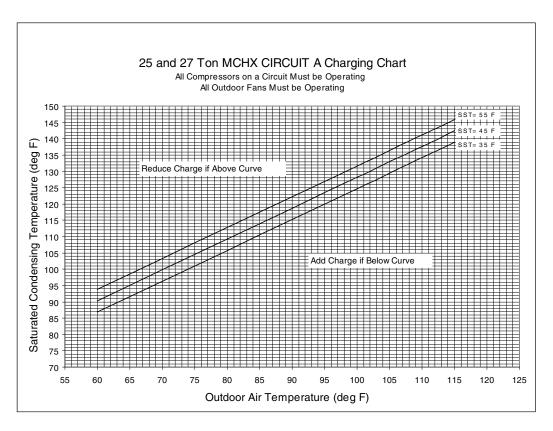


Fig. 44 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5020 with R-410A Refrigerant



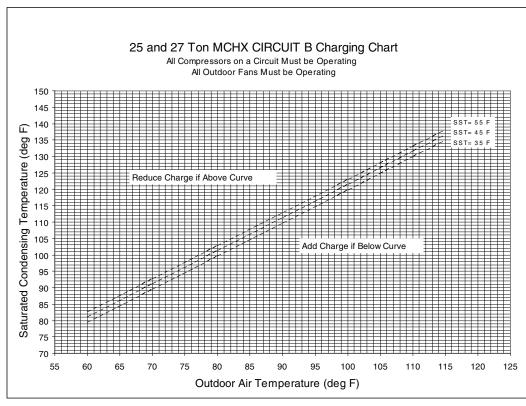
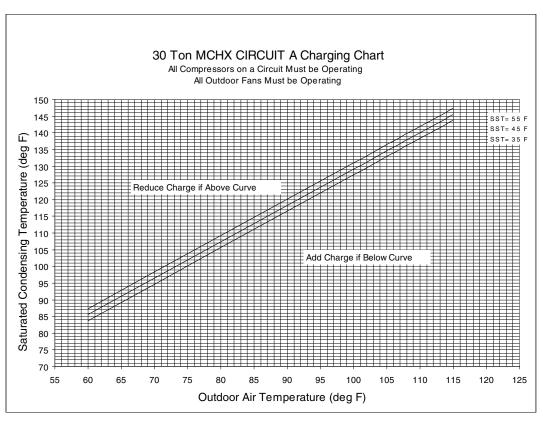


Fig. 45 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5025 and 027 with R-410A Refrigerant



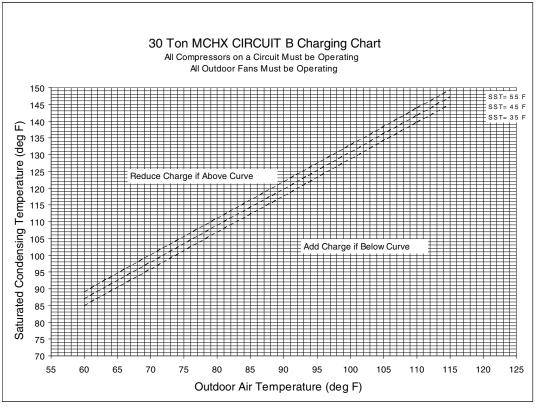
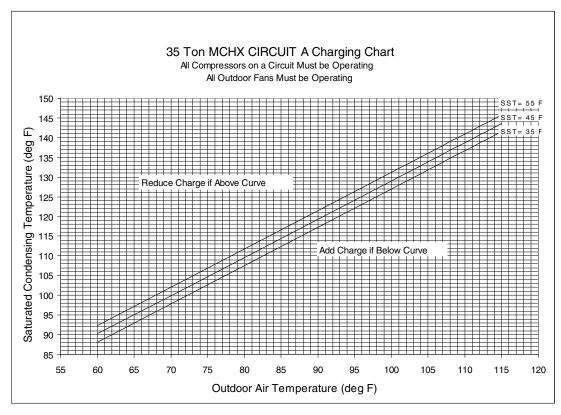


Fig. 46 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5030 with R-410A Refrigerant



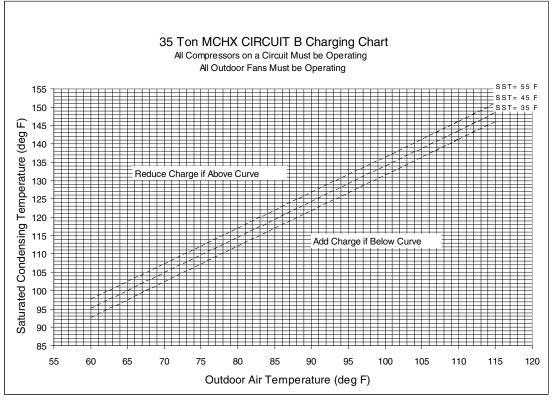
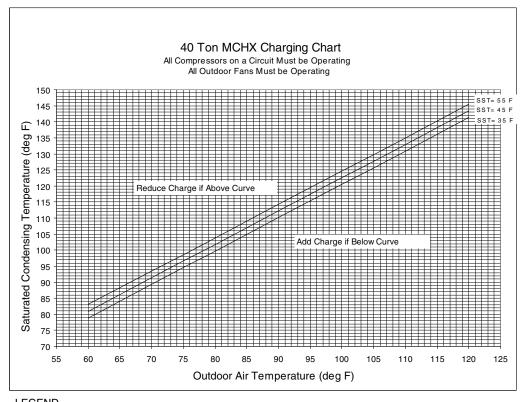
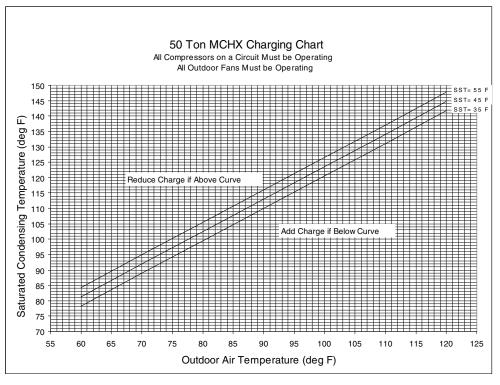


Fig. 47 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5035 with R-410A Refrigerant



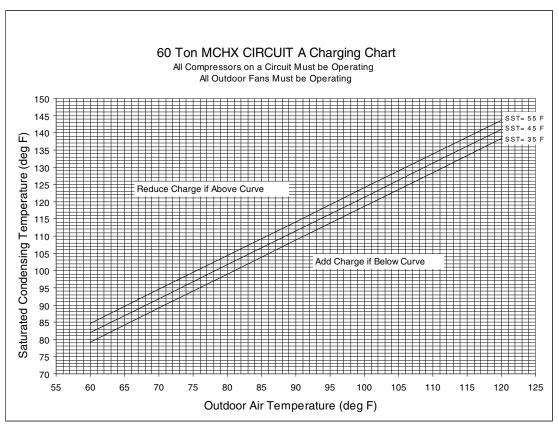
MCHX — Microchannel Heat ExchangerSST — Saturated Suction Temperature

Fig. 48 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5040 with R-410A Refrigerant



LEGEND

Fig. 49 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5050 with R-410A Refrigerant



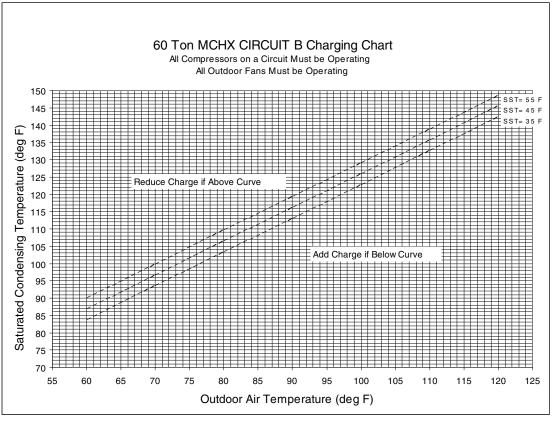


Fig. 50 — Charging Chart — 48/50A2,A3,A4,A5060 with R-410A Refrigerant

Main Burners — For all applications, main burners are factory set and should require no adjustment.

MAIN BURNER REMOVAL (Fig. 52)

- 1. Shut off (field-supplied) manual main gas valve.
- 2. Shut off power supply to unit.
- 3. Remove heating access panel.
- 4. Disconnect gas piping from gas valve inlet.
- 5. Remove wires from gas valve.
- 6. Remove wires from rollout switch.
- 7. Remove sensor wire and ignitor cable from IGC board.
- 8. Remove 2 screws securing manifold bracket to basepan.
- 9. Remove 4 screws that hold the burner support plate flange to the vestibule plate.
- 10. Lift burner assembly out of unit.
- 11. Reverse procedure to re-install burners.

Filter Drier — Replace whenever refrigerant system is exposed to atmosphere.

Replacement Parts — A complete list of replacement parts may be obtained from any Carrier distributor upon request.

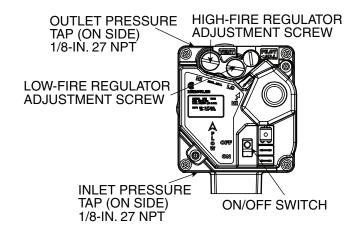


Fig. 51 — Gas Valve (Part Number EF33CW271)

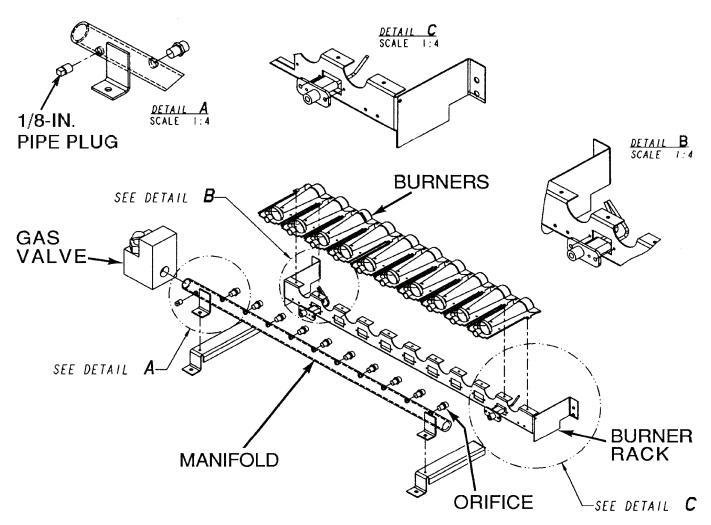


Fig. 52 — Main Burner Removal

APPENDIX A — LOCAL DISPLAY TABLES

MODE — RUN STATUS

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS	PAGE NO.
VIEW →HVAC	AUTO VIEW OF RUN STATUS ascii string spelling out the hvac modes			otring		91.92
→ΠVAC →OCC	Occupied?	YES/NO		string OCCUPIED	forcible	91,92
<i>→MAT</i>	Mixed Air Temperature		dF	MAT		91,92
→EDT →LAT	Evaporator Discharge Tmp Leaving Air Temperature		dF dF	EDT LAT		91,92 91,92
→EC.C.P	Economizer Control Point		dF	ECONCPNT		50,63,64,71,91,92
→ECN.P →CL.C.P	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Cooling Control Point	0-100	% dF	ECONOPOS COOLCPNT		91,92 41,42,64,91,92
→C.CAP	Current Running Capacity		ur	CAPTOTAL		91,92
→HT.C.P	Heating Control Point		dF	HEATCPNT		53,91,92
→HT.ST →H.MAX	Requested Heat Stage Maximum Heat Stages			HT_STAGE HTMAXSTG		54-56,91,92 54,91,92
ECON	ECONOMIZER RUN STATUS					
<i>→ECN.P</i> <i>→ECN.C</i>	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos.	0-100 0-100	%	ECONOPOS ECONOCMD	forcible	50,64,92 64,92
→ACTV	Economizer Active ?	YES/NO	/0	ECACTIVE	lorcible	42,50,64,92
→DISA	ECON DISABLING CONDITIONS	VEC/NO		ECONUMENTAL		64,92
→DISA→UNAV →DISA→R.EC.D	Econ Act. Unavailable? Remote Econ. Disabled ?	YES/NO YES/NO		ECONUNAV ECONDISA		64,92 64,92
<i>→DISA→DBC</i>	DBC - OAT Lockout?	YES/NO		DBC_STAT		64,92
→DISA→DEW →DISA→DDBC	DEW - OA Dewpt.Lockout? DDBD- OAT > RAT Lockout?	YES/NO YES/NO		DEW_STAT DDBCSTAT		64,92 64,92
<i>→DISA→OAEC</i>	OAEC- OA Enth Lockout?	YES/NO		OAECSTAT		64,92
→DISA→DEC →DISA→EDT	DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout? EDT Sensor Bad?	YES/NO YES/NO		DEC_STAT EDT_STAT		64,92 64,92
<i>→DISA→OAT</i>	OAT Sensor Bad ?	YES/NO		OAT_STAT		64,92
→DISA→FORC →DISA→SFON	Economizer Forced ? Supply Fan Not On 30s ?	YES/NO YES/NO		ECONFORC SFONSTAT		64,92 64,92
<i>→DISA→SFON</i> <i>→DISA→CLOF</i>	Cool Mode Not In Effect?	YES/NO		COOL_OFF		64,92 64,92
<i>→DISA→OAQL</i>	OAQ Lockout in Effect ?	YES/NO		OAQLŌCKD		64,92
→DISA→HELD →DISA→DH.DS	Econ Recovery Hold Off? Dehumid. Disabled Econ?	YES/NO YES/NO		ECONHELD DHDISABL		64,92 64,92
<i>→O.AIR</i>	OUTSIDE AIR INFORMATION					64,92
→O.AIR→OAT →O.AIR→OA.RH	Outside Air Temperature Outside Air Rel. Humidity		dF %	OAT OARH	forcible forcible	64,92 64,92
<i>→O.AIR→OA.E</i>	Outside Air Enthalpy			OAE	TOTOIDIO	64,92
→O.AIR→OA.D.T	OutsideAir Dewpoint Temp COOLING INFORMATION		dF	OADEWTMP		64,92
COOL →C.CAP	Current Running Capacity		%	CAPTOTAL		46,47,49,91,93
<i>→CUR.S</i>	Current Cool Stage		, -	COOL_STG		46,47,64,91,93
→REQ.S →MAX.S	Requested Cool Stage Maximum Cool Stages			CL_STAGE CLMAXSTG		46,47,91,93 46,47,91,93
<i>→DEM.L</i>	Active Demand Limit			DEM_LIM	forcible	46-48,91,93
<i>→SUMZ</i> <i>→SUMZ→SMZ</i>	COOL CAP. STAGE CONTROL Capacity Load Factor		%	SMZ		46,47,91,93 46,47,91,93
<i>→SUMZ→ADD.R</i>	Next Stage EDT Decrease		^F ^F	ADDRISE		43,46,47,91,93
<i>→SUMZ→SUB.R</i> <i>→SUMZ→R.PCT</i>	Next Stage EDT Increase Rise Per Percent Capacity		^F	SUBRISE RISE PCT		46,47,91,93 46,47,91,93
→SUMZ→Y.MIN	Cap Deadband Subtracting			Y_MINUS		46,47,91,93
<i>→SUMZ→Y.PLU</i> <i>→SUMZ→Z.MIN</i>	Cap Deadband Adding Cap Threshold Subtracting			Y_PLUS Z MINUS		46,47,91,93 46,47,92,93
→SUMZ→Z.IVIIN →SUMZ→Z.PLU	Cap Threshold Subtracting Cap Threshold Adding			Z_NINUS Z_PLUS		46,47,92,93
<i>→SUMZ→H.TMP</i>	High Temp Cap Override			HI_TEMP		46,47,92,93
<i>→SUMZ→L.TMP</i> <i>→SUMZ→PULL</i>	Low Temp Cap Override Pull Down Cap Override			LOW_TEMP PULLDOWN		46,47,92,93 46,47,92,93
<i>→SUMZ→SLOW</i>	Slow Change Cap Override			SLO_CHNG		47,92,93
TRIP →UN.C.S	MODE TRIP HELPER Unoccup. Cool Mode Start			UCCLSTRT		46,53,93
<i>→UN.C.E</i>	Unoccup. Cool Mode End			UCCL_END		46,53,93
→OC.C.S →OC.C.E	Occupied Cool Mode Start Occupied Cool Mode End			OCCLSTRT OCCL END		46,53,93 46,53,93
→UC.C.E →TEMP	Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or Zone			CTRLTEMP		46,53,93
→OC.H.E →OC.H.S	Occupied Heat Mode End			OCHT_END		46,53,93
→UC.H.S →UN.H.E	Occupied Heat Mode Start Unoccup. Heat Mode End			OCHTSTRT UCHT END		46,53,93 46,53,93
<i>→UN.H.S</i>	Unoccup. Heat Mode Start			UCHTSTRT		46,53,93
→HVAC LINK	ascii string spelling out the hvac modes CCN - LINKAGE	+		string		46,53,93
<i>→MODE</i>	Linkage Active - CCN	ON/OFF		MODELINK		93
→L.Z.T →L.C.SP	Linkage Zone Control Tmp Linkage Curr. Cool Setpt		dF dF	LZT LCSP		93 93
→L.C.SP →L.H.SP	Linkage Curr. Cool Setpt Linkage Curr. Heat Setpt		dF	LHSP		93
HRS	COMPRESSOR RUN HOURS	0.000000	LIDO	LID A4		00
→HR.A1 →HR.A2	Compressor A1 Run Hours Compressor A2 Run Hours	0-999999	HRS HRS	HR_A1 HR_A2	config config	93 93
<i>→HR.B1</i>	Compressor B1 Run Hours	0-999999	HRS	HR_B1	config	93
→HR.B2	COMPRESSOR STARTS	0-999999	HRS	HR_B2	config	93
STRT →ST.A1	COMPRESSOR STARTS Compressor A1 Starts	0-999999		CY_A1	config	93
<i>→ST.A2</i>	Compressor A2 Starts	0-999999		CY_A2	config	93
→ST.B1 →ST.B2	Compressor B1 Starts Compressor B2 Starts	0-999999		CY_B1 CY_B2	config config	93 93
	p == 0.00.10	- 30000	1			-

APPENDIX A — LOCAL DISPLAY TABLES (cont) MODE — RUN STATUS (cont)

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS	PAGE NO.
TMGD →TG.A1	TIMEGUARDS Compressor A1 Timeguard			CMPA1 TG		94
→TG.A1 →TG.A2 →TG.B1	Compressor A2 Timeguard Compressor B1 Timeguard			CMPA2_TG CMPB1_TG		94 94
→TG.B2 →TG.H1	Compressor B2 Timeguard Heat Relay 1 Timeguard			CMPB2_TG HS1_TG		94 94
→TG.H2 →TG.H3	Heat Relay 2 Timeguard Heat Relay 3 Timeguard			HS2_TG HS3_TG		94 94
→TG.H4 →TG.H5 →TG.H6	Heat Relay 4 Timeguard Heat Relay 5 Timeguard Heat Relay 6 Timeguard			HS4_TG HS5_TG HS6_TG		94 94 94
VERS →MBB	SOFTWARE VERSION NUMBERS CESR131343-xx-xx			string		94
→ECB1 →ECB2	CESR131249-xx-xx CESR131249-xx-xx			string string		94 94
→SCB →CEM →MARQ	CESR131226-xx-xx CESR131174-xx-xx CESR131171-xx-xx			string string string		94 94 94
→NAVI	CESR130227-xx-xx			string		94

MODE — SERVICE TEST

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS	PAGE NO.
TEST STOP S.STP FAN.F F.4.CH	Service Test Mode Local Machine Disable Soft Stop Request Supply Fan Request 4 in. Filter Change Mode	ON/OFF YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO		MAN_CTRL UNITSTOP SOFTSTOP SFANFORC FILT4CHG	config forcible forcible	27,29,30,33 29,30 29,30 29,30
INDP →ECN.C →E.PWR →E.CAL →PE.A →PE.B →PE.C →H.I.R →ALRM	TEST INDEPENDENT OUTPUTS Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos. Economizer Power Test Calibrate the Economizer? Power Exhaust Relay A Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay C Heat Interlock Relay Remote Alarm/Aux Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF		ECONCTST ECONPTST ECON_CAL PE_A_TST PE_B_TST PE_C_TST HIR_TST ALRM_TST		30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
FANS →S.FAN →S.VFD →CD.F.A →CD.F.B	TEST FANS Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan VFD Speed Condenser Fan Circuit A Condenser Fan Circuit B	ON/OFF 0-100 ON/OFF ON/OFF	%	SFAN_TST SGVFDTST CNDA_TST CNDB_TST		30 30 30 30
COOL →A1 →A2 →MLV →B1 →B2	TEST COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Min. Load Valve (HGBP) Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		CMPA1TST CMPA2TST MLV_TST CMPB1TST CMPB2TST		30 30 30 30 30 30
HEAT →HT.ST →HT.1 →HT.2 →HT.3 →HT.4 →HT.5 →HT.6	TEST HEATING Requested Heat Stage Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3	0-MAX ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		HTST_TST HS1_TST HS2_TST HS3_TST HS4_TST HS5_TST HS6_TST		30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30

MODE — TEMPERATURES

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
AIR.T →CTRL →CTRL→EDT →CTRL→LAT →CTRL→R.TMP →CTRL→S.TMP →SAT →OAT →SPT →SPTO →S.G.LS →S.G.L2 →S.G.L3 →S.G.LM	AIR TEMPERATURES CONTROL TEMPS Evaporator Discharge Tmp Leaving Air Temperature Mixed Air Temperature Controlling Return Temp Controlling Space Temp Air Tmp Lvg Supply Fan Outside Air Temperature Return Air Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Offset Staged Gas LAT Sum Staged Gas LAT 1 Staged Gas LAT 2 Staged Gas LAT 3 Staged Gas Limit Sw.Temp	-40 - 240 -40 - 240	######################################	EDT LAT MAT RETURN_T SPACE_T SAT OAT RAT SPT SPTO LAT_SGAS LAT1SGAS LAT1SGAS LAT2SGAS LAT3SGAS LIMSWTMP	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible
REF.T →SCT.A →SST.A →SCT.B →SST.B	REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURES Cir A Sat.Condensing Tmp Cir A Sat.Suction Temp. Cir B Sat.Condensing Tmp Cir B Sat.Suction Temp.		dF dF dF dF	SCTA SSTA SCTB SSTB	

APPENDIX A — LOCAL DISPLAY TABLES (cont)

MODE — PRESSURES

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
AIR.P →SP →BP	AIR PRESSURES Static Pressure Building Pressure		"H2O "H2O	SP BP	
REF.P →DP.A →SP.A →DP.B →SP.B	REFRIGERANT PRESSURES Cir A Discharge Pressure Cir A Suction Pressure Cir B Discharge Pressure Cir B Suction Pressure		PSIG PSIG PSIG PSIG	DP_A SP_A DP_B SP_B	

MODE — SET POINTS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT
OHSP	Occupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	OHSP	68
OCSP	Occupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	OCSP	75
UHSP	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	UHSP	55
UCSP	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	UCSP	90
GAP	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap	2-10	^F	HCSP_GAP	5
V.C.ON	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	0-25	^F	VAVOCON	3.5
V.C.OF	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	1-25	^F	VAVOCOFF	2
SASP	Supply Air Setpoint	45-75	dF	SASP	55
SA.HI	Supply Air Setpoint Hi	45-75	dF	SASP_HI	55
SA.LO	Supply Air Setpoint Lo	45-75	dF	SASP_LO	60
SA.HT	Heating Supply Air Setpt	80-120	dF	SASPHEAT	85
T.PRG	Tempering Purge SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPPURG	50
T.CL	Tempering in Cool SASP	5-75	dF	TEMPCOOL	5
T.V.OC	Tempering Vent Occ SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVOCC	65
T.V.UN	Tempering Vent Unocc. SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVUNC	50

MODE — INPUTS

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
GEN.I →FLT.S →G.FAN →REMT →E.SW →E.ENA →E.OVR →S.FN.S →DL.S1 →DL.S2 →DH.IN	GENERAL INPUTS Filter Status Input Fan Request From IGC Remote Input State Economizer Control Input Remote Economizer Enable Econo Position Override Supply Fan Status Switch Demand Limit Switch 1 Dehumidify Switch Input	DRTY/CLN ON/OFF * YES/NO YES/NO ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		FLTS IGCFAN RMTIN ECOSW ECONENBL ECOORIDE SFS DMD_SW1 DMD_SW2 DHDISCIN	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible
FD.BK →CS.A1 →CS.A2 →CS.B1 →CS.B2	COMPRESSOR FEEDBACK Compressor A1 Feedback Compressor A2 Feedback Compressor B1 Feedback Compressor B2 Feedback	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		CSB_A1 CSB_A2 CSB_B1 CSB_B2	
STAT →G →W1 →W2 →Y1 →Y2	THERMOSTAT INPUTS Thermostat G Input Thermostat W1 Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y2 Input	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		G W1 W2 Y1 Y2	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible
FIRE →FSD →PRES →EVAC →PURG	FIRE-SMOKE INPUTS Fire Shutdown Input Pressurization Input Evacuation Input Smoke Purge Input	ALARM/NORMAL ALARM/NORMAL ALARM/NORMAL ALARM/NORMAL		FSD PRES EVAC PURG	forcible forcible forcible forcible
REL.H →OA.RH →OA.EN →OA.DP →RA.RH →RA.EN	RELATIVE HUMIDITY Outside Air Rel. Humidity Outdoor Air Enthalpy OutsideAir Dewpoint Temp Return Air Rel. Humidity Return Air Enthalpy		% dF %	OARH OAE OADEWTMP RARH RAE	forcible forcible
AIR.Q →IAQ.I →IAQ →OAQ →DAQ →IQ.P.O	AIR QUALITY SENSORS IAQ - Discrete Input IAQ - PPM Return CO2 OAQ - PPM Return CO2 Diff.Air Quality in PPM IAQ Min.Pos. Override	HIGH/LOW	%	IAQIN IAQ OAQ DAQ IAQMINOV	forcible forcible forcible forcible
RSET →SA.S.R →SP.RS	RESET INPUTS Supply Air Setpnt. Reset Static Pressure Reset		^F	SASPRSET SPRESET	forcible forcible

^{*}The display text changes depending on the remote switch configuration (*Configuration* → *UNIT* → *RM.CF*). If *RM.CF* is set to 0 (No Remote Switch), then the display text will be "On" or "Off." If *RM.CF* is set to 1 (Occupied/Unoccupied Switch), then the display text will be "Occupied" or "Unoccupied." If *RM.CF* is set to 2 (Start/Stop), then the display text will be "Stop" or "Start." If *RM.CF* is set to 3 (Override Switch), then the display text will be "No Override" or "Override."

APPENDIX A — LOCAL DISPLAY TABLES (cont)

MODE — INPUTS (cont)

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
4-20	4-20 MILLIAMP INPUTS				
<i>→IAQ.M</i>	IAQ Milliamps		ma	IAQ_MA	
<i>→OAQ.M</i>	OAQ Milliamps		ma	OAQ_MA	
<i>⇒SP.R.M</i>	SP Reset milliamps		ma	SPRST_MA	
ightarrowDML.M	4-20 ma Demand Signal		ma	DMDLMTMA	forcible
<i>→EDR.M</i>	EDT Reset Milliamps		ma	EDTRESMA	
<i>→ORH.M</i>	OARH Milliamps		ma	OARH_MA	
<i>→RRH.M</i>	RARH Milliamps		ma	RARH_MA	
<i>→BP.M</i>	BP Milliamps		ma	BP_MA	
<i>→BP.M.T</i>	Bldg. Pressure Trim (ma)	-2.0 - 2.0		BPMATRIM	config
<i>→SP.M</i>	SP Milliamps		ma	SP_MA	
<i>⇒SP.M.T</i>	Static Press. Trim (ma)	-2.0 - 2.0		SPMATRIM	config

^{*}The display text changes depending on the remote switch configuration (*Configuration→UNIT→RM.CF*). If *RM.CF* is set to 0 (No Remote Switch), then the display text will be "On" or "Off." If *RM.CF* is set to 1 (Occupied/Unoccupied Switch), then the display text will be "Occupied" or "Unoccupied." If *RM.CF* is set to 2 (Start/Stop), then the display text will be "Stop" or "Start." If *RM.CF* is set to 3 (Override Switch), then the display text will be "No Override" or "Override."

MODE — **OUTPUTS**

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
FANS →S.FAN →S.VFD →P.E.A →P.E.B →P.E.C →CD.F.A →CD.F.B	FANS Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan VFD Speed Power Exhaust Relay A Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay C Condenser Fan Circuit A Condenser Fan Circuit B	ON/OFF 0-100 ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF	%	SFAN_RLY SFAN_VFD PE_A PE_B PE_C CONDFANA CONDFANB	
COOL →A1 →A2 →MLV →B1 →B2	COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Min. Load Valve (HGBP) Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		CMPA1 CMPA2 MLV CMPB1 CMPB2	
HEAT →HT.1 →HT.2 →HT.3 →HT.4 →HT.5 →HT.6 →H.I.R	HEATING Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3 Heat Interlock Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		HS1 HS2 HS3 HS4 HS5 HS6 HIR	forcible
ECON →ECN.P →ECN.C →E.PWR GEN.O ALRM	ECONOMIZER Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos. Economizer Power Relay GENERAL OUTPUTS Remote Alarm/Aux Relay	0-100 0-100 ON/OFF	%	ECONOPOS ECONOCMD ECON_PWR	forcible forcible

MODE — **CONFIGURATION**

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT	PAGE NO.
UNIT	UNIT CONFIGURATION					
<i>→C.TYP</i>	Machine Control Type	1 - 6 (multi-text strings)		CTRLTYPE	4	27,28,32,35-37, 63,76,97
→CV.FN →RM.CF →CEM →TCS.C	Fan Mode (0=Auto, 1=Cont) Remote Switch Config CEM Module Installed Temp.Cmp.Strt.Cool Factr	0 - 1 (multi-text strings) 0 - 3 (multi-text strings) Yes/No 0 - 60	min	FAN_MODE RMTINCFG CEM_BRD TCSTCOOL	1 0 No 0	27,28,35,36 31,35,36,75 35,36 35,36,71
→TCS.H →SFS.S →SFS.M →VAV.S	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Heat Factr Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit Fan Stat Monitoring Type VAV Unocc.Fan Retry Time	0 - 60 Yes/No 0 - 2 (multi-text strings) 0 - 720	min min	TCSTHEAT SFS_SHUT SFS_MON SAMPMINS	0 No 0 50	36,71 36,60,101 35,36,60,101 36
→SIZE →DP.XR →SP.XR	Unit Size (20-60) Disch.Press. Transducers Suct. Pres. Trans. Type	20 - 60 Yes/No 0 - 1 (multi-text strings)		UNITSIZE DP_TRANS SPXRTYPE	20 No 0	36,38,42,49 36,98 36
→RFG.T →CND.T →MAT.S →MAT.R	Refrig: 0=R22 1=R410A Cnd HX Typ:0=RTPF 1=MCHX MAT Calc Config Reset MAT Table Entries?	0 - 1 (multi-text strings) 0 - 1 (multi-text strings) 0 - 2 (multi-text strings) Yes/No		REFRIG_T COILTYPE MAT_SEL MATRESET	1 0 1 No	36,38,49 36,38,49 36,47,48 36,37,47,48
→MAT.D →ALTI →DLAY	MAT Outside Air Default Altitudein feet: Startup Delay Time	0-100 0 - 60000 0 - 900	% sec	MATOADOS ALTITUDE DELAY	20 0 0	36,37 36,37 36,37 36,37
→STAT →AUX.R →SENS	TSTAT-Both Heat and Cool Auxiliary Relay Config INPUT SENSOR CONFIG	Yes/No 0 - 3		TSTATALL AUXRELAY	No 0	36,37 36,37 36
→SENS→SPT.S →SENS→SP.O.S →SENS→SP.O.R →SENS→RRH.S →SENS→FLT.S	Space Temp Sensor Space Temp Offset Sensor Space Temp Offset Range Return Air RH Sensor Filter Stat.Sw.Enabled ?	Enable/Disable Enable/Disable 1 - 10 Enable/Disable Enable/Disable		SPTSENS SPTOSENS SPTO_RNG RARHSENS FLTS_ENA	Disable Disable 5 Disable Disable	27,28,36,37 36,37,76 36,37,76 36,37,62,98,100 36,37,60,101

MODE — CONFIGURATION (cont)

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT	PAGE NO.
COOL	COOLING CONFIGURATION					
→Z.GN	Capacity Threshold Adjst	-10 - 10		Z_GAIN	1	39,46,92
→MC.LO →C.FOD	Compressor Lockout Temp Fan-Off Delay, Mech Cool	-20 - 55 0 - 600	dF sec	OATLCOMP COOL FOD	40 60	39,48 39
→MLV	Min. Load Valve? (HGBP)	Yes/No	300	MLV_SEL MOTRMAST	No	39.76
<i>→M.M.</i>	Motor Master Control	Yes/No	l		No	39,49
→HPSP →A1.EN	Head Pressure Setpoint Enable Compressor A1	80 - 150 Enable/Disable	dF	HPSP CMPA1ENA	113 Enable	39,49 39
→A1.EN →A2.EN	Enable Compressor A2	Enable/Disable		CMPA2ENA	Enable	39
<i>→B1.EN</i>	Enable Compressor B1	Enable/Disable		CMPB1ENA	Enable	39
<i>→B2.EN</i> <i>→CS.A1</i>	Enable Compressor B2 CSB A1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable Enable/Disable		CMPB2ENA CSB_A1EN	Enable	39 39,101
→CS.A1 →CS.A2	CSB AT Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_ATEN	Enable Enable	39,101
→CS.B1	CSB B1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_B1EN	Enable	39,101
→CS.B2 →REV.R	CSB B2 Feedback Alarm Rev Rotation Verified ?	Enable/Disable Yes/No		CSB_B2EN	Enable	39,101 39,99
→H.SST	Hi SST Alert Delay Time	5 - 30	min	REVR_VER HSSTTIME	No 10	39,98
EDT.R	EVAP.DISCHRGE TEMP RESET					,
→RS.CF	EDT Reset Configuration	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)		EDRSTCFG	0	28,38
→RTIO →LIMT	Reset Ratio Reset Limit	0 - 10 0 - 20	^F	RTIO LIMT	2 10	28,38 28,38
→RES.S	EDT 4-20 ma Reset Input	Enable/Disable	1	EDTRSENS	Disable	28,35,38,97
HEAT	HEATING CONFIGURATION					-,,,-
<i>→HT.CF</i>	Heating Control Type	0 - 4		HEATTYPE	0_	50,51,56,71
→HT.SP	Heating Supply Air Setpt	80 - 120 Yes/No	dF	SASPHEAT	85 No	50,51 51
→OC.EN →LAT.M	Occupied Heating Enabled MBB Sensor Heat Relocate	Yes/No Yes/No		HTOCCENA HTLATMON	No No	51
<i>→G.FOD</i>	Fan-Off Delay, Gas Heat	45-600		GAS_FOD	45	51
→E.FOD SC CE	Fan-Off Delay, Elec Heat STAGED GAS CONFIGS	10-600		HEAT_FOD	30	51
→SG.CF →SG.CF→HT.ST	Staged Gas Heat Type	0 - 4		HTSTGTYP	0	51,53-56
<i>→SG.CF→CAP.M</i>	Max Cap Change per Cycle	5 - 45		HTCAPMAX	45	51.53.54
<i>→SG.CF→M.R.DB</i> <i>→SG.CF→S.G.DB</i>	S.Gas DB min.dF/PID Rate St.Gas Temp. Dead Band	0 - 5 0 - 5	^F	HT_MR_DB HT_SG_DB	0.5 2	51,53,54 51,53,54
→SG.CF→S.G.DB →SG.CF→RISE	Heat Rise dF/sec Clamp	0.05 - 0.2	\^F	HTSGRISE	0.06	51,53,54
ightarrowSG.CF $ ightarrow$ LAT.L	LAT Limit Config	0 - 20	^F	HTLATLIM	10	51,53
→SG.CF→LIM.M →SG.CF→SW.H.T	Limit Switch Monitoring? Limit Switch High Temp	Yes/No 110 - 180	dF	HTLIMMON HT_LIMHI	No 170	51,53 51,53
→SG.CF→SW.H.T →SG.CF→SW.L.T	Limit Switch Low Temp	100 - 180	dF	HT_LIMLO	160	51,53
ightarrowSG.CF $ ightarrow$ HT.P	Heat Control Prop. Gain	0 - 1.5		HT_PGAIN	1	51,53
→SG.CF→HT.D →SG.CF→HT.TM	Heat Control Derv. Gain Heat PID Rate Config	0 - 1.5 60 - 300	sec	HT_DGAIN HTSGPIDR	90	51,53 51,53
SP	SUPPLY STATIC PRESS.CFG.	00 000	300	modribit	30	01,00
→SP.CF	Static Pressure Config	0 - 1 (multi-text strings)		STATICFG	No	31,57-60
→CV.FD	Constant Vol IDF is VFD?	Yes/No		CVIDFVFD	No	57,58
→SP.FN →SP.S	Static Pres.Fan Control? Static Pressure Sensor	Yes Enable/Disable		STATPFAN SPSENS	Yes Disable	57-59 57-59
<i>→SP.LO</i>	Static Press. Low Range	-10 - 0		SP LOW	0	58,59
→SP.HI	Static Press. High Range	0 - 10	#LIOO	SP_HIGH	5	58,59
→SP.SP →SP.MN	Static Pressure Setpoint VFD Minimum Speed	0 - 5 0 - 100	"H2O %	SPSP STATPMIN	1.5 20	28,57-59 58,59
<i>→SP.MX</i>	VFD Maximum Speed	0 - 100	%	STATPMAX	100	57-59
→SP.FS →HT.V.M	VFD Fire Speed Override	0 - 100	%	STATPFSO	100	57-59,67
→п≀.v.м →SP.RS	VFD Heating Min Speed Stat. Pres. Reset Config	75-100 0-4 (multi-text strings)	%	VFDHTMIN SPRSTCFG	75 0	57-59 31,57-60
<i>⇒SP.RT</i>	SP Reset Ratio ("/dF)	0 - 2.00		SPRRATIO	0.2	58,59
→SP.LM →SP.EC	SP Reset Limit in iwc(") SP Reset Econo.Position	0 - 2.00 0 - 100	%	SPRLIMIT ECONOSPR	0.75 5	58,59 58,59
→S.PID	STAT.PRESS.PID CONFIGS	0 - 100	/0	ECONOSER	3	59
<i>→S.PID->SP.TM</i>	Stat.Pres.PID Run Rate	1 - 200	sec	SPIDRATE	2	59
→S.PID->SP.P →S.PID->SP.I	Static Press. Prop. Gain Static Pressure Intg. Gain	0 - 100 0 - 50		STATP_PG STATP_IG	20 2	59 59
→S.PID->SP.D →S.PID->SP.D	Static Pressure Intg. Gain	0 - 50		STATP_DG	0	59
→S.PID->SP.SG	Static Press.System Gain	0 - 50		STATP_SG	1	59
ECON →EC.EN	ECONOMIZER CONFIGURATION	Voc/No		ECON ENA	Voc	20 61 62
→EC.EN →EC.MN	Economizer Installed? Economizer Min.Position	Yes/No 0 - 100	%	ECON_ENA ECONOMIN	Yes 5	28,61,62 28,61,62
→EC.MX	Economizer Max.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMAX	98	28,42,43,50,61,
<i>→E.TRM</i>	Economzr Trim For SumZ ?	Yes/No		ECONTRIM	Yes	62 28,48,61,62
<i>→E.SEL</i>	Econ ChangeOver Select	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)		ECON SEL	1	28,32,61,62
→OA.E.C	OA Enthalpy ChgOvr Selct	1 - 5 (multi-text strings)		OAEC_SEL	4	28,61,62
→OA.EN →OAT.L	Outdr.Enth Compare Value High OAT Lockout Temp	18 - 28 -40 - 120	dF	OAEN_CFG OAT_LOCK	24 60	28,61,62 28,61,62
<i>→O.DEW</i>	OĂ Dewpoint Temp Limit	50 - 62	dF	OADEWCFG	55	28,62
→ORH.S	Outside Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable		OARHSENS	Disable	28,61,62,98
<i>→E.TYP</i> <i>→EC.SW</i>	Economizer Control Type Economizer Switch Config	1-3 (multi-text strings) 0 - 2 (multi-text strings)		ECON_CTL ECOSWCFG	1	61,62 61,62
<i>→E.CFG</i>	ECON.OPERATION CONFIGS					
<i>→E.CFG→E.P.GN</i> <i>→E.CFG→E.RNG</i>	Economizer Prop.Gain	0.7 - 3.0 0.5 - 5.0	^F	EC_PGAIN EC_RANGE	1 2.5	62
→E.CFG→E.RNG →E.CFG→E.SPD	Economizer Range Adjust Economizer Speed Adjust	0.5 - 5.0	``F	EC_SPEED	0.75	62 62
ightarrowE.CFG $ ightarrow$ E.DBD	Economizer Deadband	0.1 - 2.0	^F	EC_DBAND	0.5	62
→UEFC →UEFC→FC.CF	UNOCC.ECON.FREE COOLING Unoc Econ Free Cool Cfg	0-2 (multi-text strings)		UEFC_CFG	0	62,63
→UEFC→FC.CF →UEFC→FC.TM	Unoc Econ Free Cool Cig	0 - 720	min	UEFCTIME	120	62,63
→UEFC→FC.L.O	Un.Ec.Free Cool OAT Lock	40 - 70	dF	UEFCNTLO	50	62,63

MODE — CONFIGURATION (cont)

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT	PAGE NO.
BP →BP.CF	BUILDING PRESS. CONFIG Building Press. Config	0-3		BLDG_CFG	0	29,64,66
→BP.RT →BP.P	Bldg.Pres.PID Run Rate Bldg. Press. Prop. Gain	5-120 0-5	sec	BPIDRATE BLDGP_PG	10 0.5	64,66 64,66
→BP.I →BP.D	Bldg.Press.Integ.Gain Bldg.Press.Deriv.Gain	0-2 0-5	"!!	BLDGP_IG BLDGP_DG	0.5 0.3	64,66 64,66
<i>→BP.SO</i> <i>→BP.MN</i>	BP Setpoint Offset BP VFD Minimum Speed	0.0 - 0.5 0-100	"H2O %	BPSO BLDGPMIN	0.05 10	64,66 64,66
<i>→BP.MX</i> <i>→BP.FS</i>	BP VFD Maximum Speed VFD/Act. Fire Speed/Pos.	0-100 0-100	% %	BLDGPMAX BLDGPFSO	100 100	65,66 65,66
<i>→BP.MT</i> <i>→BP.S</i>	Power Exhaust Motors Building Pressure Sensor	1-2 Enable/Dsable		PWRM BPSENS	1 Dsable	65,66 65,66
→BP.R →BP.SP	Bldg Press (+/-) Range Building Pressure Setp.	0 - 1.00 -0.25 -> 0.25	"H2O "H2O	BP_RANGE BPSP	0.25 0.05	65,66 29,65,66
<i>→BP.P1</i> <i>→BP.P2</i>	Power Exhaust On Setp.1 Power Exhaust On Setp.2	0 - 100 0 - 100	%	PES1 PES2	35 75	29,65,66 29,65,66
→B.CFG →B.CFG→BP.SL	BP ALGORITHM CONFIGS Modulating PE Alg. Slct.	1-3		BPSELECT	1	65,66 65,66
→B.CFG→BP.TM →B.CFG→BP.ZG	BP PID Evaluation Time BP Threshold Adjustment	0 - 10 0.1 - 10.0	min "H2O	BPPERIOD BPZ_GAIN	1	65,66 65,66
<i>→B.CFG→BP.HP</i> <i>→B.CFG→BP.LP</i>	High BP Level Low BP Level	0 - 1.000 0 - 1.000	"H2O "H2O	BPHPLVL BPLPLVL	0.05 0.04	65,66 65,66
D.LV.T →L.H.ON	COOL/HEAT SETPT. OFFSETS Dmd Level Lo Heat On	-1 - 2	^F	DMDLHON	1.5	27,28,42,52
→H.H.ON →L.H.OF	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat On Dmd Level(-) Lo Heat Off	0.5 - 20.0 0.5 - 2	^F ^F	DMDHHON DMDLHOFF	0.5 1	27,28,42,52 27,28,42,52
→L.C.ON →H.C.ON	Dmd Level Lo Cool On Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool On	-1 - 2 0.5 - 20.0	^F ^F	DMDLCON DMDHCON	1.5 0.5	27,28,42,52 27,28,42,52
→L.C.OF →C.T.LV	Dmd Level(-) Lo Cool Off Cool Trend Demand Level	0.5 - 2 0.1 - 5	^F ^F	DMDLCOFF CTRENDLV	1 0.1	27,28,42,52 42,52
→H.T.LV →C.T.TM	Heat Trend Demand Level Cool Trend Time	0.1 - 5 30 - 600	^F sec	HTRENDLV CTRENDTM	0.1 120	42,52 42,52
→H.T.TM DMD.L	Heat Trend Time DEMAND LIMIT CONFIG.	30 - 600	sec	HTRENDTM	120	42,52
→DM.L.\$ →D.L.20	Demand Limit Select Demand Limit at 20 ma	0 - 3 (multi-text strings) 0 - 100	%	DMD_CTRL DMT20MA	0 100	31,35,48,49,99 31,49
→SH.NM →SH.DL	Loadshed Group Number Loadshed Demand Delta	0 - 99 0 - 60	%	SHED_NUM SHED_DEL	0	49 49
→SH.TM →D.L.S1	Maximum Loadshed Time Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt.	0 - 120 0 - 100	min %	SHED_TIM DLSWSP1	60 80	49 31,49
→D.L.S2 IAQ	Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt. INDOOR AIR QUALITY CFG.	0 - 100	%	DLSWSP2	50	31,49
→DCV.C →DCV.C→EC.MN	DCV ECONOMIZER SETPOINTS Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMIN	5	29,31,32,68-70
<i>→DCV.C→IAQ.M</i> <i>→AQ.CF</i>	IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos. AIR QUALITY CONFIGS	0 - 100	%	IAQMINP	0	29,31,68-70
<i>→AQ.CF→IQ.A.C</i> <i>→AQ.CF→IQ.A.F</i>	IAQ Analog Sensor Config IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config	0 - 4 (multi-text strings) 0 - 2 (multi-text strings)		IAQANCFG IAQANFAN	0	32,68-70 32,69,70
<i>→AQ.CF→IQ.I.C</i> <i>→AQ.CF→IQ.I.F</i>	IAQ Discrete Input Config IAQ Disc.In. Fan Config	0 - 2 (multi-text strings) 0 - 2 (multi-text strings)		IAQINCFG IAQINFAN	0	31,35,69-70 32,69-70
<i>→AQ.CF→OQ.A.C</i> <i>→AQ.SP</i>	OAQ 4-20ma Sensor Config AIR QUALITY SETPOINTS	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)		OAQANCFG	0	35,69-70
<i>→AQ.SP→IQ.O.P</i> <i>→AQ.SP→DAQ.L</i>	IAQ Econ Override Pos. Diff.Air Quality LoLimit	0 - 100 0 - 1000	%	IAQOVPOS DAQ_LOW	100 100	32,68-70,100 68-70
→AQ.SP→DAQ.H →AQ.SP→D.F.OF	Diff.Air Quality HiLimit DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint	100 - 2000 0 - 2000		DAQ_HIGH DAQFNOFF	700 200	32,68-70 32,69,70
→AQ.SP→D.F.ON →AQ.SP→IAQ.R	DAQ PPM Fan On Setpoint Diff. AQ Responsiveness	0 - 2000 -5 - 5		DAQFNON IAQREACT	400	32,69,70 68-70
→AQ.SP→OAQ.L →AQ.SP→OAQ.U →AQ.S.R	OAQ Lockout Value User Determined OAQ AIR QUALITY SENSOR RANGE	0 - 2000 0 - 5000		OAQLOCK OAQ_USER	0 400	68-70 32,68-70
→AQ.S.R →AQ.S.R→IQ.R.L →AQ.S.R→IQ.R.H	IAQ Low Reference IAQ High Reference	0 - 5000 0 - 5000		IAQREFL IAQREFH	0 2000	32,68-70 32,68-70
→AQ.S.R→IQ.R.R →AQ.S.R→OQ.R.L →AQ.S.R→OQ.R.H	OAQ Low Reference OAQ High Reference	0 - 5000 0 - 5000 0 - 5000		OAQREFL OAQREFH	0 2000	68-70 68-70
→AQ.3.n→OQ.n.n →IAQ.P →IAQ.P→IQ.PG	IAQ PRE-OCCUPIED PURGE IAQ Purge	Yes/No		IAQPURGE	No	69.70
→IAQ.P→IQ.P.T →IAQ.P→IQ.P.L	IAQ Purge Duration IAQ Purge LoTemp Min Pos	5-60 0-100	min %	IAQPTIME IAQPLTMP	15 10	69,70 69,70
→IAQ.P→IQ.P.H →IAQ.P→IQ.L.O	IAQ Purge HiTemp Min Pos IAQ Purge OAT Lockout	0-100 35-70	% dF	IAQPHTMP IAQPNTLO	35 50	69,70 69,70
DEHU →D.SEL	DEHUMIDIFICATION CONFIG. Dehumidification Config	0-2 (multi-text strings)		DHSELECT	0	70,71
→D.SEN →D.EC.D	Dehumidification Sensor Econ disable in DH mode?	1-2 (multi-text strings) Yes/No		DHSENSOR DHECDISA	1 Yes	70,71 70,71 70,71
→D.V.CF →D.V.RA	Vent Reheat Setpt Select Vent Reheat RAT offset	0-1 (multi-text strings) 0-8	^F	DHVHTCFG DHVRAOFF	0	71 71
→D.V.HT →D.C.SP	Vent Reheat Setpoint Dehumidify Cool Setpoint	55-95 40-55	dF dF	DHVHT_SP DHCOOLSP	70 45	71 71
→D.RH.S	Dehumidify RH Setpoint	10-90	%	DHRELHSP	55	71

MODE — CONFIGURATION (cont)

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT	PAGE NO.
CCN	CCN CONFIGURATION	4 000		0011455		
→CCNA →CCNB	CCN Address CCN Bus Number	1 - 239 0 - 239		CCNADD CCNBUS	0	72 72
→BAUD	CCN Baud Rate	1 - 5 (multi-text strings)		CCNBAUDD	3	72
<i>→BROD</i>	CCN BROADCST DEFINITIONS	, , , , ,				
<i>→BROD→TM.DT</i>	CCN Time/Date Broadcast	ON/OFF		CCNBC	On	72
→BROD→OAT.B →BROD→ORH.B	CCN OAT Broadcast CCN OARH Broadcast	ON/OFF ON/OFF		OATBC OARHBC	Off Off	72 72
→BROD→OAQ.B	CCN OAQ Broadcast	ON/OFF		OAQBC	Off	72
<i>→BROD→G.S.B</i>	Global Schedule Broadcst	ON/OFF		GSBC	Off	72
<i>→BROD→B.ACK</i>	CCN Broadcast Ack'er CCN SCHEDULES-OVERRIDES	ON/OFF		CCNBCACK	Off	72
→SC.OV →SC.OV→SCH.N	Schedule Number	0 - 99		SCHEDNUM	1	27-29,72
<i>⇒SC.OV→HOL.T</i>	Accept Global Holidays?	YES/NO		HOLIDAYT	No	72
→SC.OV→O.T.L.	Override Time Limit	0 - 4	HRS	OTL	1	27,72
→SC.OV→OV.EX →SC.OV→SPT.O	Timed Override Hours SPT Override Enabled?	0 - 4 YES/NO	HRS	OVR_EXT SPT_OVER	0 Yes	72,73 27,72,73
→SC.OV→51 1.0 →SC.OV→T58.0	T58 Override Enabled ?	YES/NO		T58_OVER	Yes	27,72,73
→SC.OV→GL.OV	Global Sched. Override?	YES/NO		GLBLOVER	No	72,73
ALLM	ALERT LIMIT CONFIG.	10.015		001.0		70 71 15
→SP.L.O →SP.H.O	SPT lo alert limit/occ SPT hi alert limit/occ	-10-245 -10-245	dF dF	SPLO SPHO	60 85	73,74,100 73,74,100
⇒SP.H.U →SP.L.U	SPT in alert limit/occ	-10-245 -10-245	dF	SPLU	45	73,74,100
<i>⇒SP.H.U</i>	SPT hi alert limit/unocc	-10-245	dF	SPHU	100	73,74,100
→SA.L.O	EDT lo alert limit/occ	-40-245 40-045	dF	SALO	40	43,73,74,100
→SA.H.O →SA.L.U	EDT hi alert limit/occ EDT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245 -40-245	dF dF	SAHO SALU	100 40	73,74,100 73,74,100
→SA.H.U	EDT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	SAHU	100	73,74,100
→RA.L.O	RAT lo alert limit/occ	-40-245	dF	RALO	60	73,74,100
→RA.H.O →RA.L.U	RAT hi alert limit/occ RAT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245 -40-245	dF dF	RAHO RALU	90 40	73,74,100 73,74,100
→RA.H.U	RAT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245	dF	RAHU	100	73,74,100
→R.RH.L	RARH low alert limit	0-100	%	RRHL	0	73,74,100
→R.RH.H →SP.L	RARH high alert limit SP low alert limit	0-100 0-5	% "H2O	RRHH SPL	100	73,74,100 73,74,100
→SP.L →SP.H	SP low alert limit	0-5	"H2O	SPH	2	73,74,100
<i>⇒BP.L</i>	BP lo alert limit	-0.25-0.25	"H2O	BPL	-0.25	73,74,100
→BP.H	BP high alert limit	-0.25-0.25	"H2O	BPH	0.25 1200	73,74,100
→IAQ.H TRIM	IAQ high alert limit SENSOR TRIM CONFIG.	0-5000		IAQH	1200	73,74,100
→SAT.T	Air Temp Lvg SF Trim	-10 - 10	^F	SAT TRIM	0	73,74
→RAT.T	RAT Trim	_10 - 10	^F	RAT_TRIM	0	73,74
→OAT.T	OAT Trim	-10 - 10	^F	OAT_TRIM	0	74
<i>→SPT.T</i> <i>→CTA.T</i>	SPT Trim Cir A Sat.Cond.Temp Trim	-10 - 10 -30 - 30	^F ^F	SPT_TRIM SCTATRIM	0	74 74
→CTA.T →CTB.T	Cir B Sat.Cond.Temp Trim	_30 - 30 _30 - 30	^F	SCTBTRIM	ő	74
→SP.A.T	Suct.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50	PSIG	SPA_TRIM	0	74
→SP.B.T →DP.A.T	Suct.Press.Circ.B Trim Dis.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50 -50 - 50	PSIG PSIG	SPB_TRIM DPA_TRIM	0	74 74
→DP.A.T →DP.B.T	Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim	-50 - 50 -50 - 50	PSIG	DPB_TRIM	0	74
SW.LG	SWITCH LOGIC: NO / NC			_		
→FTS.L	Filter Status Inpt-Clean	Open/Close		FLTSLOGC	Open	74,75
<i>→IGC.L</i> <i>→RMI.L</i>	IGC Feedback - Off RemSw Off-Unoc-Strt-NoOv	Open/Close Open/Close		GASFANLG RMTINLOG	Open Open	74,75 31,75,76
→rivii.L →ECS.L	Economizer Switch - No	Open/Close		ECOSWLOG	Open	75,
<i>⇒SFS.L</i>	Fan Status Sw Off	Open/Close		SFSLOGIC	Open	75,101
→DL1.L	Dmd.Lmt.Sw.1 - Off	Open/Close		DMD_SW1L	Open	31,75
→DL2.L →IAQ.L	Dmd.Lmt.Sw.2 - Dehumid - Off IAQ Disc.Input - Low	Open/Close Open/Close		DMD_SW2L IAQINLOG	Open Open	31,75 31,32,75
<i>→FSD.L</i>	Fire Shutdown - Off	Open/Close		FSDLOGIC	Open	75,100
→PRS.L	Pressurization Sw Off	Open/Close		PRESLOGC	Open	75
<i>→EVC.L</i> <i>→PRG.L</i>	Evacuation Sw Off Smoke Purge Sw Off	Open/Close Open/Close		EVACLOGC PURGLOGC	Open Open	75 75
→FNG.L DISP	DISPLAY CONFIGURATION	Sp011/ 01030	 	. Orialodo	Ороп	1,0
JISF →TEST	Test Display LEDs	ON/OFF		TEST	Off	75
<i>→METR</i>	Metric Display	ON/OFF		DISPUNIT	Off	75
<i>→LANG</i> <i>→PAS.E</i>	Language Selection Password Enable	0-1(multi-text strings) ENABLE/DISABLE		LANGUAGE PASS_EBL	0 Enable	75 75
→PAS.E →PASS	Service Password	0000-9999		PASS_EBL PASSWORD	1111	75 75
	2000 40011014	1 2230 0000	1		1	

MODE — TIME CLOCK

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	DEFAULT	PAGE NO.
TIME →HH.MM	TIME OF DAY Hour and Minute	00:00		TIME		76,78
DATE →MNTH →DOM →DAY →YEAR	MONTH,DATE,DAY AND YEAR Month of Year Day of Month Day of Week Year	multi-text strings 0-31 multi-text strings e.g. 2003		MOY DOM DOWDISP YOCDISP		76,78 76,78 76,78 76,78
SCH.L →PER.1 →PER.1→DAYS →PER.1→DAYS→MON →PER.1→DAYS→TUE →PER.1→DAYS→WED →PER.1→DAYS→THU →PER.1→DAYS→FRI →PER.1→DAYS→SAT →PER.1→DAYS→SUN →PER.1→DAYS→HOL →PER.1→DCC →PER.1→UNC Repeated for periods 2-8	LOCAL TIME SCHEDULE PERIOD 1 DAY FLAGS FOR PERIOD 1 Monday in Period Tuesday in Period Wednesday in Period Thursday in Period Friday in Period Saturday in Period Sunday in Period Holiday in Period Occupied from Occupied to	YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO YES/NO O0:00 00:00		PER1MON PER1TUE PER1WED PER1THU PER1FRI PER1SAT PER1SON PER1HOL PER1_OCC PER1_UNC	Period 1 only Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes O0:00 24:00	27,28,76,78 76,78 76,78 76,78 76,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78
HOL.L →HD.01 →HD.01→MON →HD.01→DAY →HD.01→LEN	LOCAL HOLIDAY SCHEDULES HOLIDAY SCHEDULE 01 Holiday Start Month Start Day Duration (Days)	0-12 0-31 0-99		HOL_MON1 HOL_DAY1 HOL_LEN1		77,78 77,78 77,78
Repeated for holidays 2-30 DAY.S DS.ST DS.ST→ST.MN DS.ST→ST.WK DS.ST→ST.DY DS.ST→MIN.A DS.SP DS.SP→SP.MN DS.SP→SP.WK DS.SP→SP.WK DS.SP→SP.DY DS.SP→SP.DY DS.SP→SP.DY DS.SP→MIN.S	DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME DAYLIGHT SAVINGS START Month Week Day Minutes to Add DAYLIGHTS SAVINGS STOP Month Week Day Minutes to Subtract	1 - 12 1 - 5 1 - 7 0 - 90 1 - 12 1 - 5 1 - 7 0 - 90		STARTM STARTW STARTD MINADD STOPM STOPW STOPD MINSUB	4 1 7 60 10 5 7 60	77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78 77,78

MODE — OPERATING MODES

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT
SYS.M	ascii string spelling out the system mode			string
HVAC	ascii string spelling out the hvac modes			string
CTRL	ascii string spelling out the "control type"			string
MODE	MODES CONTROLLING UNIT			
<i>→OCC</i>	Currently Occupied	ON/OFF		MODEOCCP
<i>→T.OVR</i>	Timed Override in Effect	ON/OFF		MODETOVR
<i>→DCV</i>	DCV Resetting Min Pos	ON/OFF		MODEADCV
<i>→SA.R</i>	Supply Air Reset	ON/OFF		MODESARS
ightarrowDMD.L	Demand Limit in Effect	ON/OFF		MODEDMLT
<i>→T.C.ST</i>	Temp.Compensated Start	ON/OFF		MODETCST
<i>→IAQ.P</i>	IAQ Pre-Occ Purge Active	ON/OFF		MODEIQPG
<i>→LINK</i>	Linkage Active - ČCN	ON/OFF		MODELINK
→LOCK	Mech.Cooling Locked Out	ON/OFF		MODELOCK
→H.NUM	HVAC Mode Numerical Form	0-24		MODEHVAC

${\tt MODE-ALARMS}$

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	UNITS	CCN POINT	WRITE STATUS
CURR R.CUR	CURRENTLY ACTIVE ALARMS this is a dynamic list of active alarms Reset All Current Alarms	YES/NO		strings ALRESET	ram config
HIST	ALARM HISTORY this is a record of the last 20 alarms			strings	Tam com g

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES

All A Series units with *Comfort*Link controls have a port for interface with the Carrier Comfort Network® (CCN) system. On TB3 there is a J11 jack which can be used for temporary connection to the CCN network or to computers equipped with CCN software like the Service Tool. Also on TB3 there are screw connections that can be used for more permanent CCN connections.

In the following tables the structure of the tables which are used with the Service Tool as well as the names and data that are included in each table are shown. As a reference the equivalent scrolling marquee tables and names are included. There are several CCN variables that are not displayed through the scrolling marquee and are used for more extensive diagnostics and system evaluations.

STATUS DISPLAY TABLES

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
COOLING	HVAC Mode	ascii text strings			
	Control Mode:	ascii text strings			
	Current Running Capacity		%	CAPTOTAL	
	Cooling Control Point Evaporator Discharge Tmp		dF dF	COOLCPNT EDT	
	Mixed Air Temperature		dF	MAT	
COOL_A	Compressor A1 Relay			CMPA1	
	Compressor A1 Feedback Compressor A1 Timeguard			CSB_A1 CMPA1 TG	
	Compressor A2 Relay			CMPA2	
	Compressor A2 Feedback Compressor A2 Timeguard			CSB_A2 CMPA2_TG	
	Minimum Load Valve Cir A Discharge Pressure		PSIG	MLV DP A	
	Cir A Suction Pressure Cir A Sat.Condensing Tmp		PSIG dF	SP_A SCTA	
	Cir A Sat. Condensing Trip Cir A Sat. Suction Temp.		dF	SSTA	
COOL_B	Compressor B1 Relay			CMPB1	
	Compressor B1 Feedback			CSB_B1	
	Compressor B1 Timeguard Compressor B2 Relay			CMPB1_TG CMPB2	
	Compressor B2 Feedback Compressor B2 Timeguard			CSB_B2 CMPB2 TG	
	Cir B Discharge Pressure		PSIG	DP_B	
	Cir B Suction Pressure Cir B Sat.Condensing Tmp		PSIG dF	SP_B SCTB	
	Cir B Sat.Suction Temp.		dF	SSTB	
ECONDIAG	Economizer Active ?	Yes/No		ECACTIVE	
	Conditions which prevent				
	economizer being active: Econ Act. Unavailable?	Yes/No		ECONUNAV	
	Remote Econ. Disabled ?	Yes/No		ECONDISA	
	DBC - OAT lockout? DEW - OA Dewpt. lockout?	Yes/No Yes/No		DBC_STAT DEW_STAT	
	DDBC- OAT > RAT lockout? OAEC- OA Enth Lockout?	Yes/No Yes/No		DDBCSTAT OAECSTAT	
	DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout?	Yes/No		DEC_STAT	
	EDT Sensor Bad ? OAT Sensor Bad ?	Yes/No Yes/No		EDT_STAT OAT STAT	
	Economizer forced ? Supply Fan not on 30s ?	Yes/No Yes/No		ECONFORC SFONSTAT	
	Cool Mode not in effect?	Yes/No		COOL_OFF	
	OAQ lockout in effect ? Econ recovery hold off?	Yes/No Yes/No		OAQLOCKD ECONHELD	
ECONOMZR			0,		
	Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos.		%	ECONOPOS ECONOCMD	forcible
	Economizer Active ?			ECACTIVE	
	Economizer Control Point		dF	ECONCPNT	
	Outside Air Temperature		dF	OAT	forcible
	Evaporator Discharge Tmp Controlling Return Temp		dF dF	EDT RETURN T	forcible

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) STATUS DISPLAY TABLES (cont)

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
GENERAL	Occupied ?	Yes/No		OCCUPIED	forcible
	Static Pressure Building Pressure		"H2O "H2O	SP BP	
	Outside Air Rel.Humidity Return Air Rel.Humidity		%	OARH RARH	forcible forcible
	Space Temperature Offset Supply Air Setpnt. Reset Static Pressure Reset		^F ^F	SPTO SASPRSET SPRESET	forcible forcible forcible
	IAQ - PPM Return CO2 OAQ - PPM Return CO2 IAQ Min.Pos.Override		%	IAQ OAQ IAQMINOV	forcible forcible forcible
GENERIC	20 points dependent upon the configuration of the "generics" table in the Service-Config section on page 156.				
HEATING	HVAC Mode: Control Mode	ascii text strings ascii text strings			
	Heat Control Type: Re-Heat Control Type Heating Mode:	ascii text strings ascii text strings ascii text strings			
	Current Heat Stage Heating Control Point		dF	HT_STAGE HEATCPNT	
	Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3 Heat Interlock Relay			HS1 HS2 HS3 HS4 HS5 HS6 HIR	forcible
	Heat Stage 1 Timeguard Heat Stage 2 Timeguard Heat Stage 3 Timeguard Heat Stage 4 Timeguard Heat Stage 5 Timeguard Heat Stage 6 Timeguard			HS1_TG HS2_TG HS3_TG HS4_TG HS5_TG HS6_TG	
MODEDISP	System Mode:	ascii text strings			
	HVAC Mode	ascii text strings ascii text strings On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off number		MODEOCCP MODETOVR MODEADCV MODESARS MODEDMLT MODETCST MODEIQPG MODELINK MODELOCK MODEHVAC	
MODETRIP	Unoccup. Cool Mode Start Unoccup. Cool Mode End Occupied Cool Mode Start Occupied Cool Mode End			UCCLSTRT UCCL_END OCCLSTRT OCCL_END	
	Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or Zone			CTRLTEMP	
	Occupied Heat Mode End Occupied Heat Mode Start Unoccup. Heat Mode End Unoccup. Heat Mode Start HVAC Mode	ascii text strings		OCHT_END OCHTSTRT UCHT_END UCHTSTRT string	
TEMPCTRL	Evaporator Discharge Tmp		dF	EDT	
	Leaving Air Temperature Mixed Air Temperature Controlling Return Temp Controlling Space Temp		dF dF dF dF	LAT MAT RETURN_T SPACE_T	forcible forcible

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) STATUS DISPLAY TABLES (cont)

Return Air Temperature Outside Air Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Space Temperature Offset Staged Gas LAT Sum Staged Gas LAT 1 Staged Gas LAT 2 Staged Gas LAT 3 Staged Gas LAT 4 Staged Gas LAT 4 Staged Gas LAT 4 Staged Gas LAT 3 Staged Gas LAT 4 Staged Gas LA	TABLE	UNITS POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
Control Mode	A R C S S S S S S S C C C C C C C C C C C	RAT OAT SPT SPTO LAT_SGAS LAT1SGAS LAT2SGAS LAT23SGAS LAT23SGAS LIMSWTMP SCTA SCTB SSTA	forcible forcible forcible forcible
Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat W1 Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat G Input Filter Status Input Fan request from IGC Fire Shutdown Switch Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat G Input Filter Status Input Fan request from IGC Fire Shutdown Switch Thermostat G Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat W1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Con/Off Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Faconomizer Control Input Economizer Control Input Economizer State Fan Economizer Enable Econo Position Override Famula Init Switch Famula Limit Switch Demand Input Evacuation Input Evacuation Input Alarm/Normal Alarm/Normal Alarm/Normal Fancke Purge Input IAQ - Discrete Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input FANS Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan Relay Con/Off Condenser Fan A Condenser Fan A Condenser Fan A Condenser Fan B COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Minimum Load Valve Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off			
Filter Status Input Fan request from IGC Fire Shutdown Switch Thermostat G Input Thermostat W2 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y1 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y2 Input Thermostat Y3 Input Thermostat Y4 Input Thermostat Y4 Input Thermostat Y4 Input Economizer Control Input Remote Economizer Enable Econo Position Override Remote Input State Supply Fan Status Switch Demand Limit Switch 1 Demand Limit Switch 1 Demand Limit Switch 1 Demand Limit Switch 2 Pressurization Input Evacuation Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input Dehumidify Switch Input On/Off FANS Supply Fan Relay On/Off Power Exhaust Relay A On/Off Power Exhaust Relay A On/Off Condenser Fan A On/Off Condenser Fan B COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off	T T T	Y1 Y2 W1 W2 G	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible
FANS Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan VFD Speed Supply Fan NFD Speed Supply Fan Request Power Exhaust Relay A Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay C Condenser Fan A Condenser Fan B COOLING Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Minimum Load Valve Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B2 Relay On/Off Compressor B3 Relay On/Off Compressor B4 Relay On/Off	PUTS FF FT TT TT TE ER S D D P ES	FLTS IGCFAN FSD G W2 W1 Y2 Y1 ECOSW ECONENBL ECOORIDE RMTIN SFS DMD_SW1 DMD_SW2 PRES EVAC PURG IAQIN DHDISCIN	forcible
Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 On/Off Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3 Heat Interlock Relay ECONOMIZER Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos. Economizer Power Relay GENERAL OUTPUTS On/Off Heat Interlock Relay On/Off ECONOMIZER On/Off ECONOMIZER ECONOMIZE	DUTPUTS F. S.	SFAN_RLY SFAN_VFD SFANFORC PE_A PE_B PE_C CONDFANA CONDFANB CMPA1 CMPA2 MLV CMPB1 CMPB2 HS1 HS2 HS3 HS4 HS5 HS6 HIR	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont)

SET POINT TABLE

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
SET PNT					
_	Occupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	OHSP	68
	Occupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	OCSP	75
	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint	40-99	dF	UHSP	55
	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint	40-99	dF	UCSP	90
	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap	2-10	^F	HCSP_GAP	5
	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	0-25	^F	VAVOCON	3.5
	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	1-25	^F	VAVOCOFF	2
	Supply Air Setpoint	45-75	dF	SASP	55
	Supply Air Setpoint Hi	45-75	dF	SASP_HI	55
	Supply Air Setpoint Lo	45-75	dF	SASP_LO	60
	Heating Supply Air Setpt	80-100	dF	SASPHEAT	85
	Tempering Purge SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPPURG	50
	Tempering in Cool SASP	5-75	dF	TEMPCOOL	5
	Tempering in Vent Occ SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVOCC	65
	Tempering Vent Unocc. SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPVUNC	50

CONFIG TABLES

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
ALARMDEF	Alarm Routing Control Equipment Priority Comm Failure Retry Time Re-Alarm Time Alarm System Name	00000000-11111111 0 - 7 1 - 240 1 - 255 up to 8 alphanum	min min	ALRM_CNT EQP_TYPE RETRY_TM RE-ALARM ALRM_NAM	11000000 5 10 30 A-SERIES
BRODEFS	CCN Time/Date Broadcast CCN OAT Broadcast CCN OARH Broadcast CCN OAQ Broadcast Global Schedule Broadcst Daylight Savings Start: Month Week Day Minutes to Add Daylight Savings Stop: Month Week Day Minutes to Subtract	Off/On Off/On Off/On Off/On Off/On 1 - 12 1 - 5 1 - 7 0 - 90 1 - 12 1 - 5 1 - 7 0 - 90		CCNBC OATBC OARHBC OAQBC GSBC STARTM STARTW STARTD MINADD STOPM STOPW STOPD MINSUB	Off Off Off Off Off 4 1 7 60 10 5 7 60
Ctir-ID	Device Name: Description: Location: Software Part Number: Model Number: Serial Number: Reference Number:	A-Series A Series Rooftop CESR131343-XX-XX			
HOLIDAY HOLDY01S to HOLDY30S	Broadcast Supervisory Holiday Start Month Start Day Duration (days)	1-12 1-31 1-99		HOL-MON HOL-DAY HOL-LEN	0 0 0
OCCDEFCS	Occupancy Supervisory Timed Override Hours Period 1 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied To Period 2 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied From Occupied From Occupied From Occupied From Occupied To Period 3 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied To Period 4 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied From Occupied From Occupied To Period 5 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied To Period 6 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From Occupied To Period 7 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied To Period 8 DOW (MTWTFSSH) Occupied From	0 00000000 0:00 0:00 00000000 0:00 0:0		OVR-EXT DOW1 OCCTOD1 UNOCTOD1 DOW2 OCCTOD2 UNOCTOD2 DOW3 OCCTOD3 UNOCTOD3 DOW4 OCCTOD4 UNOCTOD4 DOW5 OCCTOD5 UNOCTOD5 UNOCTOD5 UNOCTOD6 UNOCTOD6 UNOCTOD6 UNOCTOD6 UNOCTOD7 DOW7 OCCTOD7 UNOCTOD7 DOW8 OCCTOD7 DOW8 OCCTOD8 UNOCTOD8	

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) CONFIG TABLES (cont)

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
SCHEDOVR					
	Schedule Number	0-99		SCHEDNUM	0
	Accept Global Holidays?	Yes/No	l.	HOLIDAYT	No
	Override Time Limit	0-4	hours	OTL	1
	Timed Override Hours Accepting an Override:	0-4	hours	OVR_EXT	0
	SPT Override Enabled ?	Yes/No		SPT OVER	Yes
	T58 Override Enabled ?	Yes/No		T58_OVER	Yes
	Allowed to Broadcast a				
	Global Sched. Override?	Yes/No		GLBLOVER	No
SET_PNT					
	Occupied Heat Setpoint	55-80	dF	OHSP	68
	Occupied Cool Setpoint	55-80	dF	OCSP	75
	Unoccupied Heat Setpoint	40-80	dF	UHSP	55
	Unoccupied Cool Setpoint	75-95	dF	UCSP	90
	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap	2-10	^E	HCSP_GAP	5
	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	0-25	^F	VAVOCON	3.5
	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	1-25 45-75	^F dF	VAVOCOFF SASP	2 55
	Supply Air Setpoint Supply Air Setpoint Hi	45-75	dF	SASP HI	55
	Supply Air Setpoint Lo	45-75	dF	SASP LO	60
	Heating Supply Air Setpt	90-145	dF	SASPHEAT	85
	Tempering Purge SASP	-20-80	dF	TEMPPURG	50

SERVICE-CONFIG TABLES

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
TABLE ALLM	SPT lo alert limit/occ SPT hi alert limit/occ SPT lo alert limit/unocc SPT hi alert limit/unocc SPT hi alert limit/unocc EDT lo alert limit/occ EDT hi alert limit/occ EDT hi alert limit/unocc EDT hi alert limit/unocc EAT lo alert limit/occ RAT lo alert limit/occ RAT hi alert limit/unocc RAT hi alert limit/unocc RAT hi alert limit/unocc RAT hi alert limit/unocc RARH low alert limit SP low alert limit	-10-245 -10-245 -10-245 -10-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 -40-245 0-100 0-5	dF dF dF dF dF dF dF dF dF dF dF dF	SPLO SPHO SPLU SPHU SALO SAHO SAHU RAHO RAHO RAHO RAHU RAHU RRHL RRHL	60 85 45 100 40 100 40 100 60 90 40 100 0
	SP high alert limit BP lo alert limit BP high alert limit IAQ high alert limit	0-5 -0.25-0.25 -0.25-0.25 0-5000	"H2O "H2O "H2O	SPH BPL BPH IAQH	2 -0.25 0.25 1200
BP	Building Press. Config Bldg.Pres.PID Run Rate Bldg.Press.Prop. Gain Bldg.Press.Integ.Gain Bldg.Press.Deriv.Gain BP Setpoint Offset BP VFD Minimum Speed BP VFD Maximum Speed VFD/Act. Fire Speed/Pos. Power Exhaust Motors 0=None,1=4 Mtr, 2=6 Mtr	0-3 5-120 0-5 0-2 0-5 0.0 - 0.5 0-100 0-100 0-2		BLDG_CFG BPIDRATE BLDGP_PG BLDGP_IG BLDGP_DG BPSO BLDGPMIN BLDGPMAX BLDGPFSO PWRM	0 10 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.05 10 100 100
	Building Pressure Sensor Bldg Press (+/-) Range Building Pressure Setp. Power Exhaust On Setp.1 Power Exhaust On Setp.2 Modulating PE Alg. Slct. BP PID Evaluation Time BP Threshold Adjustment High BP Level Low BP Level	Enable/Disable 0-1 -0.25 -> 0.25 0-100 0-100 1-3 0-10 0.1-10 0-1 0-1	"H2O % % min	BPSENS BP_RANGE BPSP PES1 PES2 BPSELECT BPPERIOD BPZ_GAIN BPHPLVL BPLPLVL	Dsable 0.25 0.05 35 75 1 1 0.05

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) SERVICE-CONFIG TABLES (cont)

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
COOL	Capacity Threshold Adjust	-10 -> 10		Z GAIN	1
	Compressor Lockout Temp	-20 -> 55	dF	OATLCOMP	40
	Fan-off Delay, Mech Cool	0-600	sec	COOL_FOD	60
	Minimum Load Valve?	Yes/No		MLV_SEL	No
	Motor Master Control ?	Yes/No		MOTRMAST	No
	Head Pressure Setpoint	80-150	dF	HPSP	110
	Enable Compressor A1 Enable Compressor A2	Enable/Disable Enable/Disable		CMPA1ENA CMPA2ENA	Enable Enable
	Enable Compressor B1	Enable/Disable		CMPB1ENA	Enable
	Enable Compressor B2	Enable/Disable		CMPB2ENA	Enable
	CSB A1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_A1EN	Enable
	CSB A2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_A2EN	Enable
	CSB B1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable		CSB_B1EN	Enable
	CSB B2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable Yes/No		CSB_B2EN	Enable
	Rev. Rotation Verified ? Hi SST Alert Delay Time	5-30	min	REVR_VER HSSTTIME	No 10
DEHU	5 1 115 11 0 5			DUOSI SOT	
	Dehumidification Config Dehumidification Sensor	0-2 1-2		DHSELECT DHSENSOR	0
	Econ disable in DH mode?	Yes/No		DHECONEN	No
	Vent Reheat Setpt Select	0-1		DHVHTCFG	0
	Vent Reheat RAT offset	0-8	^F	DHVRAOFF	lŏ
	Vent Reheat Setpoint	55-95	dF	DHVHT_SP	70
	Dehumidify Cool Setpoint	40-55	dF	DHCOOLSP	45
DICD	Dehumidifý RH Setpoint	10-90	%	DHRELHSP	55
DISP	Metric Display	Off/On		DISPUNIT	Off
	Language Selection	0-1		LANGUAGE	0
	Password Enable	Enable/Disable		PASS_EBL	Enable
	Service Password	0000-9999		PASSWORD	1111
	Contrast Adjustment	–255 - 255 –255 - 255		CNTR_ADJ BRTS_ADJ	0
DLVT	Brightness Ádjustment	-255 - 255		DN13_ADJ	0
DLVI	Dmd Level Lo Heat On	-1 - 2	^F	DMDLHON	1.5
	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat On	0.5 - 20.0	^F ^F	DMDHHON	0.5
	Dmd Level(-) Lo Heat Off	0.5 - 2	^F	DMDLHOFF	1
	Dmd Level Lo Cool On	-1 - 2	^F	DMDLCON	1.5
	Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool On	0.5 - 20.0	^F	DMDHCON	0.5
	Dmd Level(-) Lo Cool Off	0.5 - 2	^F ^F	DMDLCOFF	1
	Cool Trend Demand Level Heat Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5 0.1 - 5	^F	CTRENDLV HTRENDLV	0.1
	Cool Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	CTRENDTM	120
	Heat Trend Time	30 - 600	sec	HTRENDTM	120
DMDL	Demand Limit Colort	0 0		DMD CTDI	
	Demand Limit Select Demand Limit at 20 ma	0 - 3 0 - 100	%	DMD_CTRL DMT20MA	0 100
	Loadshed Group Number	0 - 100	/0	SHED_NUM	0
	Loadshed Demand Delta	0 - 60	%	SHED_DEL	ő
	Maximum Loadshed Time	0 - 120	min	SHED_TIM	60
	Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt.	0 - 100	%	DLSWSP1	80
ECON	Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt.	0 - 100	%	DLSWSP2	50
ECON	Economizer Installed ?	Yes/No		ECON_ENA	Yes
	Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMIN	20
	Economizer Max.Position	0 - 100	%	ECONOMAX	98
	Economzr trim for sumZ ?	Yes/No		ECONTRIM	Yes
	Econ ChangeOver Select	0 - 3		ECON_SEL	1
	OA Enthalpy ChgOvr Selct Outdr.Enth Compare Value	1 - 5 18 - 28		OAEC_SEL OAEN_CFG	2 24
	High OAT Lockout Temp	18 - 28 155 - 120	dF	OAT LOCK	60
	OA Dewpoint Temp Limit	50 - 62	dF	OADEWCFG	55
	Outside Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable		OARHSENS	Disable
	Economizer Control Type	1-3		ECON_CTL	1
	Economizer Switch Config	0-2		ECOSWCFG	0
	Economizer Prop.Gain	0.7 - 3.0		EC_PGAIN	1
	Economizer Range Adjust	0.5 - 5	^F	EC_RANGE	2.5
	Economizer Speed Adjust Economizer Deadband	0.1 - 10 0.1 - 2	^F	EC_SPEED EC_DBAND	0.75 0.5
	Unoc Econ Free Cool Cfg	0.1 - 2	1° T	UEFC_CFG	0.5
	Unoc Econ Free Cool Time	0-720	min	UEFCTIME	120
	Un.Ec.Free Cool OAT Lock	40-70	dF	UEFCNTLO	50
				i	1
EDTR	EDT Reset Configuration	0 - 3		EDBSTCEG	0
EDTR	EDT Reset Configuration Reset Ratio	0 - 3 0 - 10		EDRSTCFG RTIO	0 2
EDTR	EDT Reset Configuration Reset Ratio Reset Limit	0 - 3 0 - 10 0 - 20	^F	EDRSTCFG RTIO LIMT	0 2 10

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) SERVICE-CONFIG TABLES (cont)

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
HEAT	Heating Control Type Heating Supply Air Setpt Occupied Heating Enabled MBB Sensor Heat Relocate Fan-off Delay, Gas Heat Fan-off Delay, Elec Heat Staged Gas Heat Type Max Cap Change per Cycle S.Gas DB min.dF/PID Rate St.Gas Temp. Dead Band Heat Rise dF/sec Clamp LAT Limit Config Heat Control Prop. Gain Heat Control Derv. Gain Heat PID Rate Config	0 - 4 80-120 Yes/No Yes/No 45-600 10-600 0 - 4 5 - 45 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 20 0 - 1.5 0 - 1.5 60 - 300	dF ^F ^F sec	HEATTYPE SASPHEAT HTOCCENA HTLATMON GAS_FOD ELEC_FOD HTSTGTYP HTCAPMAX HT_MR_DB HT_SG_DB HTSGRISE HTLATLIM HT_PGAIN HT_DGAIN HTSGPIDR	0 85 No No 45 30 0 45 0.5 2 0.06 10 1
IAQ_	Economizer Min.Position IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos. IAQ Analog Sensor Config IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config IAQ Discrete Input Config IAQ Disc.In. Fan Config IAQ Econo Override Pos. Diff.Air Quality LoLimit Diff. Air Quality HiLimit DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint DIff. AQ Responsiveness OAQ Lockout Value User determined OAQ IAQ Low Reference IAQ High Reference OAQ High Reference OAQ Horye Duration IAQ Purge Duration IAQ Purge LoTemp Min Pos IAQ Purge OAT Lockout	0 - 100 0 - 100 0 - 4 0 - 2 0 - 2 0 - 2 0 - 2 0 - 100 0 - 1000 100 - 2000 0 - 2000 0 - 2000 0 - 2000 0 - 5000 0 - 5000	% % % min % dF	ECONOMIN IAQMINP IAQANCFG IAQANFAN IAQINCFG IAQINFAN OAQANCFG IAQINFAN OAQANCFG IAQOVPOS DAQ_LOW DAQ_HIGH DAQFNOFF DAOFNON IAQREACT OAQLOCK OAQ_USER IAQREFL IAQREFL IAQREFL OAQREFH IAQPURGE IAQPURGE IAQPURME IAQPLIMP IAQPHTMP IAQPNTLO	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 100 100 700 200 400 0 0 400 0 2000 0 2000 No 15 10 35 50
SP	Static Pres.VFD Control? Constant Vol IDF is VFD? Static Pres.Fan Control? Static Pressure Sensor Static Press. Low Range Static Press. High Range Static Pressure Setpoint VFD Minimum Speed VFD Maximum Speed VFD Fire Speed Override VFD Heating Min Speed Stat. Pres. Reset Config SP Reset Latio ("/dF) SP Reset Limit in iwc(") SP Reset Econo.Position Stat.Pres.PID Run Rate Static Pressure Intg. Gain Static Pressure Derv. Gain Static Press.System Gain	No Yes/No Yes Enable/Disable -10 - 0 0 - 10 0 - 5 10 - 50 50 - 100 0 - 100 75-100 0 - 2.00 0 - 2.00 0 - 2.00 0 - 100 1 - 200 0 - 100 0 - 50 0 - 50 0 - 50 0 - 50	"H2O % % % % %	STATICFG CVIDFVFD STATPFAN SPSENS SP_LOW SP_HIGH SPSP STATPMIN STATPMAX STATPFSO VFDHTMIN SPRSTCFG SPRATIO SPRLIMIT ECONOSPR SPIDRATE STATP_PG STATP_IG STATP_JG STATP_SG	No No Yes Disable 0 5 1.5 20 100 100 75 0 0.2 0.75 5 2 20 1.3
TRIM	Air Temp Lvg SF Trim RAT Trim OAT Trim SPT Trim Cir A Sat.Cond.Temp Trim Cir B Sat.Cond.Temp Trim Suct.Press.Circ.A Trim Suct.Press.Circ.B Trim Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim Static Press.Trim (ma) Bldg. Pressure Trim (ma)	-10 - 10 -10 - 10 -10 - 10 -10 - 10 -30 - 30 -30 - 30 -50 - 50 -50 - 50 -50 - 50 -50 - 50 -2 - 2 -2 - 2	^F	SAT_TRIM RAT_TRIM OAT_TRIM SPT_TRIM SCTATRIM SCTBTRIM SCB_TRIM SPA_TRIM SPA_TRIM DPA_TRIM DPB_TRIM SPMĀTRIM BPMATRIM	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

APPENDIX B — CCN TABLES (cont) SERVICE-CONFIG TABLES (cont)

TABLE	NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	DEFAULT
SWLG					
	Filter Status Inpt-Clean	Open/Close		FLTSLOGC	Open
	IGC Feedback - Off	Open/Close		GASFANLG	Open
	RemSw Off-Unoc-Strt-NoOv	Open/Close		RMTINLOG	Open
	Economizer Switch - No	Open/Close		ECOSWLOG	Open
	Fan Status Sw Off	Open/Close		SFSLOGIC	Open
	Dmd.Lmt.Sw.1 - Off	Open/Close		DMD_SW1L DMD_SW2L	Open
	Dmd.LmtDehumid - Off IAQ Disc.Input - Low	Open/Close Open/Close		IAQINLOG	Open Open
	Fire Shutdown - Off	Open/Close		FSDLOGIC	Open
	Press. Switch - Off	Open/Close		PRESLOGC	Open
	Evacuation Sw Off	Open/Close		EVACLOGC	Open
	Smoke Purge Sw Off	Open/Close		PURGLOGC	Open
UNIT	omena i dige em en				950
_	Machine Control Type	1-6		CTRLTYPE	4
	Fan Mode (0=auto, 1=cont)	0-1		FAN_MODE	1
	Remote Switch Config	0 -3		RMTINCFG	0
	CEM Module installed	Yes/No		CEM_BRD	No
	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Cool Factr	0-60	min	TCSTCOOL	0
	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Heat Factr	0-60	min	TCSTHEAT	0
	Fan fail shuts down unit	Yes/No		SFS_SHUT	No
	Fan Stat Monitoring Type	0-2	1 .	SFS_MON	0
	VAV Unocc.Fan Retry time	0-720	min	SAMPMINS	50
	Unit Size (20-60)	20-60	TONS	UNITSIZE	20
	20,25,27,30,35,40,50,60	V/N		DD TDANG	Na
	Disch. Press. Transducer	Yes/No		DP_TRANS SPXRTYPE	No
	Suct. Pres. Trans. Type	0-1 0-1		REFRIG T	0
	Refrig: 0=R22 1=R410A Cnd HX Typ:0=RTPF 1=MCHX	0-1		COILTYPE	
	MAT Calc Config	0-2		MAT_SEL	1
	Reset MAT Table Entries?	Yes/No		MATRESET	No
	MAT Outside Air Default	0-100	%	MATOAPOS	20
	Altitudein feet:	0-60000	/0	ALTITUDE	0
	Startup Delay Time	0-900	sec	DELAY	lő
	TSTAT-Both Heat and Cool	Yes/No		TSTATALL	No
	Auxiliary Relay Config	0 - 3		AUXRELAY	0
	Space Temp Sensor	Enable/Disable		SPTSENS	Disable
	Space Temp Offset Sensor	Enable/Disable		SPTOSENS	Disable
	Space Temp Offset Range	1 - 10	^F	SPTO_RNG	5
	Return Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable		RARHSENS	Disable
	Filter Stat.Sw.Enabled ?	Enable/Disable		FLTS_ENA	Disable
generics	POINT_01 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_01	
	POINT 02 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT 02	
	POINT_03 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_03	
	POINT 04 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_04	
	POINT 05 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_05	
	POINT_06 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_06	
	POINT_07 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_07	
	POINT_08 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_08	
	POINT_09 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_09	
	POINT_10 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_10	
	POINT_11 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_11	
	POINT_12 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_12	
	POINT_13 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_13	
	POINT_14 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_14	
	POINT_15 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_15	
	POINT_16 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_16	
	POINT_17 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_17	
	POINT_18 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_18	
	POINT_19 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_19	
	POINT_20 Definition	8 CHAR ASCII		POINT_20	

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
ALARMS01	Active Alarm	ascii ascii		ALARM_01	
	Active Alarm	ascii ascii		ALARM_02	
	Active Alarm	ascii ascii		ALARM_03	
	Active Alarm	ascii ascii		ALARM_04	
follow same format for ALARMS02 ALARMS03 ALARMS04 ALARMS05					
COMPRESR					
	Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A1 Feedback Curr.Sens.Brd. A1 Status CSB A1 Feedback Alarm Comp A1 Locked Out ? Compressor A1 Strikes	On/Off On/Off ascii Enable/Disable Yes/No		CMPA1 CSB_A1 CSBA1ASC CSB_A1EN CMPA1LOK CMPA1STR	config
	Enable Compressor A1	Enable/Disable		CMPA1ENA	config
	Compressor A2 Relay Compressor A2 Feedback Curr.Sens.Brd. A2 Status CSB A2 Feedback Alarm Comp A2 Locked Out ? Compressor A2 Strikes Enable Compressor A2	On/Off On/Off ascii Enable/Disable Yes/No Enable/Disable		CMPA2 CSB_A2 CSBA2ASC CSB_A2EN CMPA2LOK CMPA2STR CMPA2ENA	config
	Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B1 Feedback Curr.Sens.Brd. B1 Status CSB B1 Feedback Alarm Comp B1 Locked Out ? Compressor B1 Strikes Enable Compressor B1	On/Off On/Off ascii Enable/Disable Yes/No Enable/Disable		CMPB1 CSB_B1 CSBB1ASC CSB_B1EN CMPB1LOK CMPB1STR CMPB1ENA	config
	Compressor B2 Relay Compressor B2 Feedback Curr.Sens.Brd. B2 Status CSB B2 Feedback Alarm Comp B2 Locked Out ? Compressor B2 Strikes Enable Compressor B2	On/Off On/Off ascii Enable/Disable Yes/No Enable/Disable		CMPB2 CSB_B2 CSBB2ASC CSB_B2EN CMPB2LOK CMPB2STR CMPB2STR CMPB2ENA	config
DMANDLIM	Active Demand Limit Percent Total Capacity	0-100 0-100	%	DEM_LIM CAPTOTAL	forcible
	Demand Limit Select	0-3		DMD_CTRL	config
	Demand Limit Switch 1 Demand Limit Switch 2 Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt. Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt.	On/Off On/Off 0-100 0-100	%	DMD_SW1 DMD_SW2 DLSWSP1 DLSWSP2	forcible forcible config config
	4-20 ma Demand Signal Demand Limit at 20 ma	4-20 0-100	ma %	DMDLMTMA DMT20MA	forcible config
	CCN Loadshed Signal Loadshed Group Number Loadshed Demand Delta Maximum Loadshed Time	0-99 0-99 0-60 0-120	% min	DL_STAT SHED_NUM SHED_DEL SHED_TIM	config config config

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
ECON_MIN	Econo Damper Command Pos Econo Damper Current Pos Econo Current Min. Pos.		% % %	ECONOCMD ECONOPOS ECMINPOS	forcible
	Diff.Air Quality in PPM Econo Position Override IAQ Min.Pos.Override Econ Remote 10K Pot Val. IAQ - PPM Return CO2 OAQ - PPM Return CO2 IAQ - Discrete Input		%	DAQ ECOORIDE IAQMINOV ECON_POT IAQ OAQ IAQIN	forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible forcible
	IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos. Economizer Min.Position IAQ Analog Sensor Config IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config IAQ Discrete Input Confg IAQ Disc.In. Fan Config IAQ Econo Override Pos. Diff.Air Quality LoLimit Diff.Air Quality HiLimit DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint DAQ PPM Fan On Setpoint Diff. AQ Responsiveness IAQ Low Reference IAQ High Reference OAQ Lockout Value OAQ 4-20ma Sensor Config IAQ milliamps OAQ milliamps		% % ma ma	IAQMINP ECONOMIN IAQANCFG IAQANFAN IAQINFAN IAQINFAN IAQOVPOS DAQ_LOW DAQ_HIGH DAQFNOFF DAQFNON IAQREACT IAQREFL IAQREFH OAQLOCK OAQANCFG IAQ_MA OAQ_MA	config
EC_DIAG	Economizer Active ?	Yes/No		ECACTIVE	
	Conditions which prevent economizer being active: Econ Act. Unavailable? Remote Econ. Disabled? DBC - OAT lockout? DEW - OA Dewpt. lockout? DDBC- OAT > RAT lockout? OAEC- OA Enth Lockout? DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout? EDT Sensor Bad? OAT Sensor Bad? Economizer forced? Supply Fan not on 30s? Cool Mode not in effect? OAQ lockout in effect? Econ recovery hold off?	Yes/No		ECONUNAV ECONDISA DBC_STAT DEW_STAT DDBCSTAT OAECSTAT DEC_STAT EDT_STAT OAT_STAT ECONFORC SFONSTAT COOL_OFF OAQLOCKD ECONHELD	
	Outside Air Temperature Outside Air DewPoint Temp Outside Air Rel.Humidity Outdoor Air Enthalpy		dF dF %	OAT OADEWTMP OARH OAE	forcible forcible
	Return Air Temperature Return Air Rel.Humidity Return Air Enthalpy		dF %	RAT RARH RAE	forcible forcible
	High OAT Lockout Temp Econ ChangeOver Select OA Enthalpy ChgOvr Selct Outdr.Enth Compare Value OA Dewpoint Temp Limit		dF dF	OAT_LOCK ECON_SEL OAEC_SEL OAEN_CFG OADEWCFG	config config config config config
	Supply Fan State Economizer Act.Cmd.Pos. Economizer Act.Curr.Pos. Evaporator Discharge Tmp Economizer Control Point		% % dF dF	SFAN ECONOCMD ECONOPOS EDT ECONCPNT	forcible
	EDT Trend in degF/minute Economizer Prop.Gain Economizer Range Adjust Economizer Speed Adjust Economizer Deadband Economizer Timer		^F ^F ^F sec	EDTTREND EC_PGAIN EC_RANGE EC_SPEED EC_DBAND ERATETMR	config config config config config

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
ENTHALPY	Outdoor Air Enthalpy Outside Air Temperature Outside Air Rel.Humidity Outside Air RH Sensor OA Dewpoint Temp Limit OutsideAir DewPoint Temp OutsideAir Humidty Ratio OA H2O Vapor Sat.Pressur OA H2O Partial.Press.Vap		dF % dF dF "Hg	OAE OAT OARH OARHSENS OADEWCFG OADEWTMP OA_HUMR OA_PWS OA_PWS	forcible forcible config config
	Return Air Enthalpy Return Air Temperature Controlling Return Temp Return Air Rel.Humidity Return Air Temp Sensor Return Air RH Sensor		dF dF %	RAE RAT RETURN_T RARH RATSENS RARHSENS	forcible forcible forcible config config
	Altitudein feet: Atmospheric Pressure		"Hg	ALTITUDE ATMOPRES	config config
LINKDATA	Supervisory Element # Supervisory Bus Supervisory Block Number Average Occup. Heat Stp. Average Unocc. Heat Stp. Average Unocc. Cool Stp. Average Unocc. Cool Stp. Average Zone Temperature Average Occup. Zone Temp Linkage System Occupied? Next Occupied Day Next Occupied Time Next Unoccupied Day Next Unoccupied Time Last Unoccupied Day Last Unoccupied Time		dF dF dF dF dF	SUPE-ADR SUPE-BUS BLOCKNUM AOHS AOCS AUHS AUCS AZT AOZT LOCC LNEXTOCD LNEXTOCC LNEXTUOD LNEXTUNC LLASTUOD LLASTUNC	
MILLIAMP	IAQ milliamps OAQ milliamps SP Reset milliamps 4-20 ma Demand Signal EDT Reset milliamps OARH milliamps RARH milliamps BP milliamps SP milliamps		ma ma ma ma ma ma ma ma ma	IAQ_MA OAQ_MA SPRST_MA DMDLMTMA EDTRESMA OARH_MA RARH_MA BP_MA SP_MA	forcible
MODES	System Mode:	ascii text strings			
	HVAC Mode	ascii text strings ascii text strings On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off		MODEOCCP MODETOVR MODEADCV MODESARS	
	Demand Limit in Effect Temp.Compensated Start IAQ pre-occ purge active Linkage Active - DAV Mech.Cooling Locked Out HVAC Mode Numerical Form	On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off 0-24		MODEDMLT MODETCST MODEIQPG MODELINK MODELOCK MODEHVAC	
OCCDEFME	Current Day, Time & Date:	ascii date & time		TIMEDATE	
	Occupancy Controlled By: Currently Occupied	ascii date & time ascii text ascii text ascii text Yes/No		OCDFTXT1 OCDFTXT2 OCDFTXT3 MODE_OCC	
	Current Occupied Time Current Unoccupied Time Next Occupied Day & Time Next Unocc. Day & Time Last Unocc. Day & Time Current Occup. Period # Timed-Override in Effect Timed-Override Duration	Yes/No	hours	STRTTIME ENDTIME NXTOC_DT NXTUN_DT PRVUN_DT PER_NO OVERLAST OVR_HRS	

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
PRESBLDG	Building Pressure Econo Damper Current Pos Power Exhaust Stage A Power Exhaust Stage B Power Exhaust Stage C		"H2O %	BP ECONOPOS PE_A PE_B PE_C	
	BP Load Factor BP Rise Per Stage			BPSMZ BPRISE	
	BP PID/Integral Term BP PID Threshold BP Deadband Building Pressure Error Rate of Chng of BPERROR High BP Override Low BP Override			BPINT BPZ BPY BPERROR BPRATE BPHPOVRD BPLPOVRD	config config config config config config config
PRESDUCT	Static Pressure Supply Fan VFD Speed Static Pressure Setpoint		"H2O % "H2O	SP SFAN_VFD SPSP	config
STAGEGAS	Static Pressure Reset			SPRESET	forcible
SIAGEGAS	Heating Mode: Requested Heat Stage Heating Control Point			HT_STAGE HEATCPNT	
	Staged Gas LAT Sum Staged Gas LAT 1 Staged Gas LAT 2 Staged Gas LAT 3 Staged Gas LAT 3 Staged Gas Limit Sw.Temp Heat PID Timer Staged Gas Capacity Calc Current Running Capacity Proportional Cap. Change Derivative Cap. Change Maximum Heat Stages Hi Limit Switch Tmp Mode LAT Cutoff Mode Capacity Clamp Mode		dF dF dF dF sec %	LAT_SGAS LAT1SGAS LAT2SGAS LAT3SGAS LIMSWTMP HTSGTIMR HTSGCALC HTSG_CAP HTSG_P HTSG_D HTMAXSTG LIMTMODE LATCMODE CAPMODE	
STRTHOUR	Compressor A1 Run Hours Compressor A2 Run Hours Compressor B1 Run Hours Compressor B2 Run Hours		hours hours hours hours	HR_A1 HR_A2 HR_B1 HR_B2	config config config config
	Compressor A1 Starts Compressor A2 Starts Compressor B1 Starts Compressor B2 Starts			CY_A1 CY_A2 CY_B1 CY_B2	config config config config
SUMZ	Cooling Control Point Mixed Air Temperature Evaporator Discharge Tmp Return Air Temperature Outside Air Temperature Econo Damper Current Pos		dF dF dF dF dF %	COOLCPNT MAT EDT RAT OAT ECONOPOS	
	Capacity Threshold Adjst Capacity Load Factor Next Stage EDT Decrease Next Stage EDT Increase Rise Per Percent Capacity Cap Deadband Subtracting Cap Deadband Adding Cap Threshold Subtracting Cap Threshold Adding High Temp Cap Override Low Temp Cap Override Pull Down Cap Override Slow Change Cap Override	On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off		Z_GAIN SMZ ADDRISE SUBRISE RISE_PCT Y_MINUS Y_PLUS Z_MINUS Z_PLUS HI_TEMP LOW_TEMP PULLDOWN SLO_CHNG	
SYSTEM	Reset All Current Alarms Reset the Device Local Machine Disable Soft Stop Request Emergency Stop CEM AN1 10K temp J5,1-2 CEM AN2 10K temp J5,3-4 CEM AN3 10K temp J5,5-6 CEM AN4 10K temp J5,7-8 CEM AN4 4-20 ma J5,1-2 CEM AN2 4-20 ma J5,3-4 CEM AN3 4-20 ma J5,7-8 CEM AN4 4-20 ma J5,7-8	Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Yes/No Enable/Disable -40 - 240 -40 - 240 -40 - 240 -40 - 240 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	dF dF dF dF ma ma ma	ALRESET RESETDEV UNITSTOP SOFTSTOP EMSTOP CEM10K1 CEM10K2 CEM10K3 CEM10K4 CEM4201 CEM4201 CEM4202 CEM4203 CEM4203 CEM4204	config config config forcible

TABLE	DISPLAY NAME	RANGE	UNITS	POINT NAME	WRITE STATUS
TESTCOOL	Compressor A1 Relay Compressor A2 Relay Min. Load Valve (HGBP) Compressor B1 Relay Compressor B2 Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		CMPA1TST CMPA2TST MLV_TST CMPB1TST CMPB2TST	test test test test test
TESTFANS	Supply Fan Relay Supply Fan VFD Speed Condenser Fan Circuit A Condenser Fan Circuit B	ON/OFF 0-100 ON/OFF ON/OFF	%	SFAN_TST SGVFDTST CNDA_TST CNDB_TST	test test test test
TESTHEAT	Requested Heat Stage Heat Relay 1 Heat Relay 2 Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2 Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2 Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3 Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3	0-MAX ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF		HTST_TST HS1_TST HS2_TST HS3_TST HS4_TST HS5_TST HS6_TST	test test test test test test test test
TESTINDP	Economizer Position Test Economizer Power Test Calibrate the Economizer? Power Exhaust Relay A Power Exhaust Relay B Power Exhaust Relay C Heat Interlock Relay Remote Alarm/Aux Relay	ON/OFF ON/OFF		ECONCTST ECONPTST ECON_CAL PE_A_TST PE_B_TST PE_C_TST HIR_TST ALRM_TST	test test test test test test test test
VERSIONS	MBB CESR131343- ECB1 CESR131249- ECB2 CESR131249- SCB CESR131226- CEM CESR131174- MARQUEE CESR131171- NAVIGATOR CESR130227-	ascii version#		MBB_SW ECB1_SW ECB2_SW SCB_SW CEM_SW MARQ_SW NAVI_SW	

TIME SCHEDULE CONFIG TABLE

Allowable Entries: Day not selected = 0 Day selected = 1

	DAY FLAGS MTWTFSSH	OCCUPIED TIME	UNOCCUPIED TIME
Period 1:	00000000	00:00	00:00
Period 2:	00000000	00:00	00:00
Period 3:	00000000	00:00	00:00
Period 4:	0000000	00:00	00:00
Period 5:	00000000	00:00	00:00
Period 6:	0000000	00:00	00:00
Period 7:	00000000	00:00	00:00
Period 8:	00000000	00:00	00:00

APPENDIX C — VFD INFORMATION

On variable air volume units with optional VFD, the supply fan speed is controlled by a 3-phase VFD. The VFD is located in the supply fan section behind a removable panel. The VFD speed is controlled directly by the *Comfort*Link controls through a 4 to 20 mA signal based on a supply duct pressure sensor. The VFD has a display, which can be used for service diagnostics, but setup of the building pressure and control loop factors should be done through the scrolling marquee display. The VFD is powered during normal operation to prevent condensation from forming on the boards during the off mode and is stopped by driving the speed to 0 (by sending a 4 mA signal to the VFD).

The A Series units use ABB VFDs. The interface wiring for the VFDs is shown in Fig. A. The VFD connects through an isolation board to the 4 to 20 mA RCB board. Terminal designations are shown in Table A. Configurations are shown in Table B.

Table A — VFD Terminal Designations

TERMINAL	FUNCTION
U1 V1 W1	Three-Phase Main Circuit Input Power Supply
U2 V2 W2	Three-Phase AC Output to Motor, 0 V to Maximum Input Voltage Level
X1-11 (GND) X1-12 (COMMON)	Factory-supplied jumper
X1-10 (24 VDC) X1-13 (DI-1)	Run (factory-supplied jumper)
X1-10 (24 VDC) X1-16 (DI-4)	Start Enable 1 (Factory-supplied jumper). When opened the drive goes to emergency stop.
X1-2 (AI-1) X1-3 (AGND)	Factory wired for 4 to 20 mA remote input

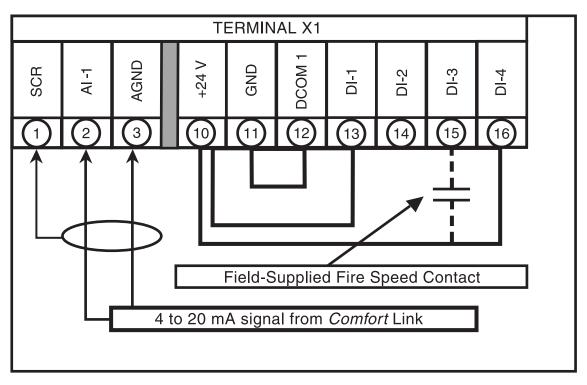


Fig. A — VFD Wiring

Table B — VFD Configurations

PARAMETER GROUP	PARAMETER TITLE	PARAMETER INDEX	CARRIER DEFAULT
	LANGUAGE	9901	ENGLISH
	APPLIC MACRO	9902	USER 1
	MOTOR CTRL MODE	9904	SCALAR: FREQ
Start-Up Data	MOTOR NOM VOLT	9905	460v
	MOTOR NOM CURR	9906	*TBD*
	MOTOR NOM FREQ	9907	60 Hz
	MOTOR NOM SPEED	9908	1750 rpm
Stout/Ston/Div	EXT1 COMMANDS	1001	DI-1
Start/Stop/Dir	DIRECTION	1003	REVERSE
Analog Innuts	MINIMUM AI1	1301	20.0 %
Analog Inputs	MAXIMUM AI1	1302	100.0 %
	RELAY OUTPUT 1	1401	STARTED
Relay Outputs	RELAY OUTPUT 2	1402	RUN
	RELAY OUTPUT 3	1403	FAULT (-1)
System Controls	RUN ENABLE	1601	NOT SELECTED
System Controls	START ENABLE 1	1608	DI-4
	OVERRIDE SEL	1701	DI-3
	OVERRIDE FREQ	1702	60 Hz
OVER RIDE	OVERRIDE SPEED	1703	1750 rpm
OVER RIDE	OVER PASS CODE	1704	ENTERED
	OVERRIDE	1705	ON
	STOP FUNCTION	2102	RAMP
Accel/Decel	ACCELER TIME 1	2202	30.0s
Accei/Decei	DECELER TIME 1	2203	30.0s
MOTOR	SWITCHING FREQ	2606	8 kHz

VFD Operation — The VFD keypad is shown in Fig. B. The function of SOFT KEYS 1 and 2 change depending on what is displayed on the screen. The function of SOFT KEY 1 matches the word in the lower left-hand box on the display screen. The function of SOFT KEY 2 matches the word in the lower right-hand box on the display screen. If the box is empty, then the SOFT KEY does not have a function on that specific screen. The UP and DOWN keys are used to navigate through the menus. The OFF key is used to turn off the VFD. The AUTO key is used to change control of the drive to automatic control. The HAND key is used to change control of the drive to local (hand held) control. The HELP button is used to access the help screens.

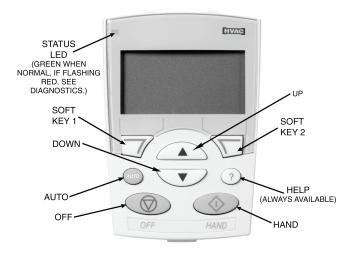


Fig. B — VFD Keypad

START UP WITH ASSISTANT — Initial start-up has been performed at the factory. To start up the VFD with the Start-Up Assistant or reset the VFD with the Carrier defaults, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight ASSISTANTS on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight Carrier Assistant and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. The Carrier Assistant will ask questions to determine the correct parameters for the VFD. Select the desired values and press SAVE (SOFT KEY 2) after every change. The process will continue until all the parameters are set.
 - a. The Carrier Assistant will ask "Is this an Air Handler or Rooftop?" Select "Rooftop."
 - b. The Carrier Assistant will ask "Is this a High E or Premium E motor?" Select the correct efficiency type.
 - c. If the VFD can be used with two different size (HP) motors, then the Carrier Assistant will ask the user to choose the proper HP. Select the correct motor horsepower.

START UP BY CHANGING PARAMETERS INDIVIDU-ALLY — Initial start-up is performed at the factory. To start up the VFD with by changing individual parameters, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight PARAMETERS on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired parameter group and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).

- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired parameter and press EDIT (SOFT KEY 2).
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the value of the parameter.
- Press SAVE (SOFT KEY 2) to store the modified value. Press CANCEL (SOFT KEY 1) to keep the previous value. Any modifications that are not saved will not be changed.
- 7. Choose another parameter or press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the listing of parameter groups. Continue until all the parameters have been configured and then press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the main menu.

NOTE: The current parameter value appears above the highlight parameter. To view the default parameter value, press the UP and DOWN keys simultaneously. To restore the default factory settings, select the application macro "HVAC Default."

VFD Modes — The VFD has several different modes for configuring, operating, and diagnosing the VFD. The modes are:

- Standard Display mode shows drive status information and operates the drive
- Parameters mode edits parameter values individually
- Start-up Assistant mode guides the start-up and configuration
- Changed Parameters mode shows all changed parameters
- Drive Parameter Backup mode stores or uploads the parameters
- Clock Set mode sets the time and date for the drive
- I/O Settings mode checks and edits the I/O settings

STANDARD DISPLAY MODE — Use the standard display mode to read information on the drive status and operate the drive. To reach the standard display mode, press EXIT until the LCD display shows status information as described below. See Fig. C.

The top line of the LCD display shows the basic status information of the drive. The HAND icon indicates that the drive control is local from the control panel. The AUTO icon indicates that the drive is in remote control mode, such as the basic I/O (X1) or field bus.

The arrow icon indicates the drive and motor rotation status. A rotating arrow (clockwise or counterclockwise) indicates that the drive is running and at set point and the shaft direction is forward or reverse. A rotating blinking arrow indicates that the drive is running but not at set point. A stationary arrow indicates that the drive is stopped. For Carrier rooftop units, the correct rotation is counterclockwise.

The upper right corner shows the frequency set point that the drive will maintain.

Using parameter group 34, the middle of the LCD display can be configured to display 3 parameter values. The default display shows parameters 0103 (OUTPUT FREQ) in percentages, 0104 (CURRENT) in amperes, and 0120 (AI1) in milliamperes.

The bottom corners of the LCD display show the functions currently assigned to the two soft keys. The lower middle displays the current time (if configured to show the time).

The first time the drive is powered up, it is in the OFF mode. To switch to local hand-held control and control the drive using the control panel, press and hold the HAND button. Pressing the HAND button switches the drive to hand control while keeping the drive running. Press the AUTO button to switch to

remote input control. To start the drive press the HAND or AUTO buttons, to stop the drive press the OFF button.

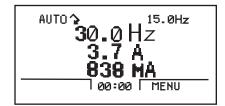


Fig. C — Standard Display Example

To adjust the speed in HAND mode, press the UP or DOWN buttons (the reference changes immediately). The reference can be modified in the local control (HAND) mode, and can be parameterized (using Group 11 reference select) to also allow modification in the remote control mode.

PARAMETERS MODE — The Parameters mode is used to change the parameters on the drive. To change parameters, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight PARAMETERS on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired parameter group and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired parameter and press EDIT (SOFT KEY 2).
- 5. Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the value of the parameter.
- Press SAVE (SOFT KEY 2) to store the modified value. Press CANCEL (SOFT KEY 1) to keep the previous value. Any modifications that are not saved will not be changed.
- 7. Choose another parameter or press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the listing of parameter groups. Continue until all the parameters have been configured and then press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the main menu.

NOTE: The current parameter value appears above the highlight parameter. To view the default parameter value, press the UP and DOWN keys simultaneously. To restore the default factory settings, select the Carrier application macro.

START-UP ASSISTANT MODE — To use the Start-Up Assistant, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight ASSISTANTS on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight Commission Drive and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. The Start-Up Assistant will display the parameters that need to be configured. Select the desired values and press SAVE (SOFT KEY 2) after every change. The process will continue until all the parameters are set. The assistant checks to make sure that entered values are in range.

The assistant is divided into separate tasks. The user can activate the tasks one after the other or independently. The tasks are typically done in this order: Application, References 1 and 2, Start/Stop Control, Protections, Constant Speeds, PID Control, Low Noise Setup, Panel Display, Timed Functions, and Outputs.

CHANGED PARAMETERS MODE — The Changed Parameters mode is used to view and edit recently changed parameters on the drive. To view the changed parameters, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight CHANGED PAR on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2). A list of the recently changed parameters will be displayed.
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired parameter group and press EDIT (SOFT KEY 2) to change the parameter if desired.
- Press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to exit the Changed Parameters mode.

DRIVE PARAMETER BACKUP MODE — The drive parameter back up mode is used to export the parameters from one drive to another. The parameters can be uploaded from a VFD to the removable control panel. The control panel can then be transferred to another drive and the parameters downloaded into memory.

Depending on the motor and application, there are two options available. The first option is to download all parameters. This copies both application and motor parameters to the drive from the control panel. This is recommended when using the same application for drives of the same size. This can also be used to create a backup of the parameters group for the drive.

The second option downloads only the application parameters to the drive. This is recommended when using the same application for drives of different sizes. Parameters 9905, 9906, 9907, 9908, 9909, 1605, 1607, 5201, and group 51 parameters and internal motor parameters are not copied.

<u>Upload All Parameters</u> — To upload and store parameters in the control panel from the VFD, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight PAR BACKUP on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight UPLOAD TO PANEL and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. The text "Copying Parameters" will be displayed with a progress indicator. To stop the process, select ABORT (SOFT KEY 1).
- 5. When the upload is complete, the text "Parameter upload successful" will be displayed.
- 6. The display will then return to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the main menu.
- The control panel can now be disconnected from the drive.

<u>Download All Parameters</u> — To download all parameters from the control panel to the VFD, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Install the control panel with the correct parameters onto the VFD.
- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight PAR BACKUP on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight DOWNLOAD TO DRIVE ALL and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).

- 5. The text "Restoring Parameters" will be displayed with a progress indicator. To stop the process, select ABORT (SOFT KEY 1).
- When the download is complete, the text "Parameter download successful" will be displayed.
- 7. The display will then return to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the main menu.
- 8. The control panel can now be disconnected from the drive

<u>Download Application Parameters</u> — To download application parameters only to the control panel from the VFD, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Install the control panel with the correct parameters onto the VFD.
- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight PAR BACKUP on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight DOWNLOAD APPLICATION and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- The text "Downloading Parameters (partial)" will be displayed with a progress indicator. To stop the process, select ABORT (SOFT KEY 1).
- When the download is complete, the text "Parameter download successful" will be displayed.
- 7. The display will then return to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) to return to the main menu.
- 8. The control panel can now be disconnected from the drive.

CLOCK SET MODE — The clock set mode is used for setting the date and time for the internal clock of the VFD. In order to use the timer functions of the VFD control, the internal clock must be set. The date is used to determine weekdays and is visible in the fault logs.

To set the clock, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight CLOCK SET on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2). The clock set parameter list will be displayed.
- 3. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight CLOCK VISI-BILITY and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2). This parameter is used to display or hide the clock on the screen. Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the parameter setting. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration and return to the Clock Set menu.
- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight SET TIME and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2). Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the hours and minutes. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration and return to the Clock Set menu
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight TIME FORMAT and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2). Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the parameter setting. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration and return to the Clock Set menu.
- 6. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight SET DATE and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2). Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the day, month, and year. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration and return to the Clock Set menu.

- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight DATE FOR-MAT and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2). Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the parameter setting. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration and return to the Clock Set menu.
- 8. Press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) twice to return to the main menu.

I/O SETTINGS MODE — The I/O Settings mode is used for viewing and editing the I/O settings.

To configure the I/O settings, perform the following procedure:

- Select MENU (SOFT KEY 2). The Main menu will be displayed.
- 2. Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight I/O SETTINGS on the display screen and press ENTER (SOFT KEY 2). The I/O Settings parameter list will be displayed.
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to highlight the desired I/O setting and press SEL (SOFT KEY 2).
- 4. Use the UP or DOWN keys to select the parameter to view. Press OK (SOFT KEY 2).
- Use the UP or DOWN keys to change the parameter setting. Press SAVE (SOFT KEY 2) to save the configuration. Press CANCEL (SOFT KEY 1) to keep the previous value. Any modifications that are not saved will not be changed.
- 6. Press EXIT (SOFT KEY 1) twice to return to the main menu.

Third Party Controls — For conversion to third party control of the VFD, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Remove the factory-installed jumper between X1-10 and X1-13 (control of VFD start/stop).
- Remove the factory-installed jumper between X1-10 and X1-16 and replace with a normally closed safety contact for control of VFD start enable.
- 3. Install speed signal wires to AI-1 and AGND. This input is set at the factory for a 4 to 20 mA signal. If a 0 to 10 vdc signal is required, change DIP switch J1 (located above the VFD control terminal strip) to OFF (right position to left position) and change parameter 1301 to 0% from 20%.

VFD Diagnostics — The drive detects error situations and reports them using:

- the green and red LEDs on the body of the drive (located under the keypad)
- the status LED on the control panel
- the control panel display
- the Fault Word and Alarm Word parameter bits (parameters 0305 to 0309)

The form of the display depends on the severity of the error. The user can specify the severity for many errors by directing the drive to ignore the error situation, report the situation as an alarm, or report the situation as a fault.

FAULTS (RED LED LIT) — The VFD signals that it has detected a severe error, or fault, by:

- enabling the red LED on the drive (LED is either steady or flashing)
- setting an appropriate bit in a Fault Word parameter (0305 to 0307)
- overriding the control panel display with the display of a fault code
- stopping the motor (if it was on)

The fault code on the control panel display is temporary. Pressing the MENU, ENTER, UP button or DOWN buttons removes the fault message. The message reappears after a few seconds if the control panel is not touched and the fault is still active.

ALARMS (GREEN LED FLASHING) — For less severe errors, called alarms, the diagnostic display is advisory. For these situations, the drive is simply reporting that it had detected something unusual. In these situations, the drive:

- flashes the green LED on the drive (does not apply to alarms that arise from control panel operation errors)
- sets an appropriate bit in an Alarm Word parameter (0308 or 0309)
- overrides the control panel display with the display of an alarm code and/or name

Alarm messages disappear from the control panel display after a few seconds. The message returns periodically as long as the alarm condition exists.

CORRECTING FAULTS — The recommended corrective action for faults is shown in the Fault Listing Table C. The VFD can also be reset to remove the fault. If an external source for a start command is selected and is active, the VFD may start immediately after fault reset.

To reset a fault indicated by a flashing red LED, turn off the power for 5 minutes. To reset a fault indicated by a red LED (not flashing), press RESET from the control panel or turn off the power for 5 minutes. Depending on the value of parameter 1604 (FAULT RESET SELECT), digital input or serial communication could also be used to reset the drive. When the fault has been corrected, the motor can be started.

HISTORY — For reference, the last three fault codes are stored into parameters 0401, 0412, 0413. For the most recent fault (identified by parameter 0401), the drive stores additional data (in parameters 0402 through 0411) to aid in troubleshooting a problem. For example, a parameter 0404 stores the motor speed at the time of the fault. To clear the fault history (all of Group 04, Fault History parameters), follow these steps:

- 1. In the control panel, Parameters mode, select parameter 0401.
- 2. Press EDIT.
- 3. Press the UP and DOWN buttons simultaneously.
- 4. Press SAVE.

CORRECTING ALARMS — To correct alarms, first determine if the Alarm requires any corrective action (action is not always required). Use Table D to find and address the root cause of the problem.

If diagnostics troubleshooting has determined that the drive is defective during the warranty period, contact ABB Automation Inc., at 1-800-435-7365, option 4, option 3. A qualified technician will review the problem with the caller and make a determination regarding how to proceed. This may involve dispatching a designated service station (DSS) representative from an authorized station, dispatching a replacement unit, or advising return for repair.

VFD Maintenance — If installed in an appropriate environment, the VFD requires very little maintenance.

Table E lists the routine maintenance intervals recommended by Carrier.

HEAT SINK — The heat sink fins accumulate dust from the cooling air. Since a dusty sink is less efficient at cooling the drive, overtemperature faults become more likely. In a normal environment check the heat sink annually, in a dusty environment check more often.

APPENDIX C — VFD INFORMATION (cont) Table C — Fault Codes

FAULT CODE	FAULT NAME IN PANEL	DESCRIPTION AND RECOMMENDED CORRECTIVE ACTION
1	OVERCURRENT	Output current is excessive. Check for excessive motor load, insufficient acceleration time (parameters 2202 ACCELER TIME 1, default 30 seconds), or faulty motor, motor cables or connections.
2	DC OVERVOLT	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is excessive. Check for static or transient over voltages in the input power supply, insufficient deceleration time (parameters 2203 DECELER TIME 1, default 30 seconds), or undersized brake chopper (if present).
3	DEV OVERTEMP	Drive heat sink is overheated. Temperature is at or above 115 C (239 F). Check for fan failure, obstructions in the air flow, dirt or dust coating on the heat sink, excessive ambient temperature, or excessive motor load.
4	SHORT CIRC	Fault current. Check for short-circuit in the motor cable(s) or motor or supply disturbances.
5	OVERLOAD	Inverter overload condition. The drive output current exceeds the ratings.
6	DC UNDERVOLT	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient. Check for missing phase in the input power supply, blown fuse, or under voltage on main circuit.
7	Al1 LOSS	Analog input 1 loss. Analog input value is less than Al1 FLT LIMIT (3021). Check source and connection for analog input and parameter settings for Al1 FLT LIMIT (3021) and 3001 Al <min function.<="" th=""></min>
8	AI2 LOSS	Analog input 2 loss. Analog input value is less than Al2 FLT LIMIT (3022). Check source and connection for analog input and parameter settings for Al2 FLT LIMIT (3022) and 3001 Al <min function.<="" th=""></min>
9	MOT OVERTEMP	Motor is too hot, as estimated by the drive. Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the estimate (3005 through 3009). Check the temperature sensors and Group 35 parameters.
10	PANEL LOSS	Panel communication is lost and either drive is in local control mode (the control panel displays LOC), or drive is in remote control mode (REM) and is parameterized to accept start/stop, direction or reference from the control panel. To correct check the communication lines and connections. Check parameter 3002 PANEL COMM ERROR, parameters in Group 10: Command Inputs and Group 11:Reference Select (if drive operation is REM).
11	ID RUN FAIL	The motor ID run was not completed successfully. Check motor connections.
12	MOTOR STALL	Motor or process stall. Motor is operating in the stall region. Check for excessive load or insufficient motor power. Check parameters 3010 through 3012.
13	RESERVED	Not used.
14	EXT FAULT 1	Digital input defined to report first external fault is active. See parameter 3003 EXTERNAL FAULT 1.
15	EXT FAULT 2	Digital input defined to report second external fault is active. See parameter 3004 EXTERNAL FAULT 2.
16	EARTH FAULT	The load on the input power system is out of balance. Check for faults in the motor or motor cable. Verify that motor cable does not exceed maximum specified length.
17	UNDERLOAD	Motor load is lower than expected. Check for disconnected load. Check parameters 3013 UNDERLOAD FUNCTION through 3015 UNDERLOAD CURVE.
18	THERM FAIL	Internal fault. The thermistor measuring the internal temperature of the drive is open or shorted. Contact Carrier.
19	OPEX LINK	Internal fault. A communication-related problem has been detected between the OMIO and OINT boards. Contact Carrier.
20	OPEX PWR	Internal fault. Low voltage condition detected on the OINT board. Contact Carrier.
21	CURR MEAS	Internal fault. Current measurement is out of range. Contact Carrier.
22	SUPPLY PHASE	Ripple voltage in the DC link is too high. Check for missing main phase or blown fuse.
23	RESERVED	Not used.
24	OVERSPEED	Motor speed is greater than 120% of the larger (in magnitude) of 2001 MINIMUM SPEED or 2002 MAXIMUM SPEED parameters. Check parameter settings for 2001 and 2002. Check adequacy of motor braking torque. Check applicability of torque control. Check brake chopper and resistor.
25	RESERVED	Not used.
26	DRIVE ID	Internal fault. Configuration block drive ID is not valid.
27	CONFIG FILE	Internal configuration file has an error. Contact Carrier.
28	SERIAL 1 ERR	Field bus communication has timed out. Check fault setup (3018 COMM FAULT FUNC and 3019 COMM FAULT TIME). Check communication settings (Group 51 or 53 as appropriate). Check for poor connections and/or noise on line.
29	EFB CON FILE	Error in reading the configuration file for the field bus adapter.
30	FORCE TRIP	Fault trip forced by the field bus. See the field bus reference literature.
31	EFB 1	Fault code reserved for the EFB protocol application. The meaning is protocol dependent.
32	EFB 2	Fault code reserved for the EFB protocol application. The meaning is protocol dependent.
33	EFB 3	Fault code reserved for the EFB protocol application. The meaning is protocol dependent.
34	MOTOR PHASE	Fault in the motor circuit. One of the motor phases is lost. Check for motor fault, motor cable fault, thermal relay fault, or internal fault.
35	OUTP WIRING	Error in power wiring suspected. Check that input power wired to drive output. Check for ground faults.
101-105	SYSTEM ERROR	Error internal to the drive. Contact Carrier and report the error number.
201-206	SYSTEM ERROR	Error internal to the drive. Contact Carrier and report the error number.
1000	PAR HZRPM	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check for any of the following: 2001 MINIMUM SPEED > 2002 MAXIMUM SPEED 2007 MINIMUM FREQ > 2008 MAXIMUM FREQ 2001 MINIMUM SPEED / 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED is outside of the range: -128/+128 2002 MAXIMUM SPEED / 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED is outside of the range: -128/+128 2007 MINIMUM FREQ / 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ is outside of the range: -128/+128 2008 MAXIMUM FREQ / 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ is outside of the range: -128/+128
1001	PAR PFA REFNG	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check that 2007 MINIMUM FREQ is negative, when 8123 PFA ENABLE is active.
1002	PAR PFA IOCNF	Parameter values are inconsistent. The number of programmed PFA relays does not match with Interlock configuration, when 8123 PFA ENABLE is active. Check consistency of RELAY OUTPUT parameters 1401 through 1403, and 1410 through 1412. Check 8117 NR OF AUX MOTORS, 8118 AUTOCHANGE INTERV, and 8120 INTERLOCKS.
1003	PAR AI SCALE	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check that parameter 1301 Al 1 MIN > 1302 Al 1 MAX and that parameter 1304 Al 2 MIN > 1305 Al 2 MAX.
1004	PAR AO SCALE	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check that parameter 1504 AO 1 MIN > 1505 AO 1 MAX and that parameter 1510 AO 2 MIN > 1511 AO 2 MAX.
1005	PAR PCU 2	Parameter values for power control are inconsistent: Improper motor nominal kVA or motor nominal power. Check the following parameters: 1.1 < (9906 MOTOR NOM CURR * 9905 MOTOR NOM VOLT * 1.73 / PN) < 2.6 Where: PN = 1000 * 9909 MOTOR NOM POWER (if units are kW) or PN = 746 * 9909 MOTOR NOM POWER (if units are HP, e.g., in US)
1006	PAR EXT RO	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check the extension relay module for connection and 1410 through 1412 RELAY OUTPUTS 4 through 6 have non-zero values.
1007	PAR FBUS	Parameter values are inconsistent. Check that a parameter is set for field bus control (e.g., 1001 EXT1 COMMANDS = 10 (COMM)), but 9802 COMM PROT SEL = 0.
1008	PAR PFA MODE	Parameter values are inconsistent. The 9904 MOTOR CTRL MODE must = 3 (SCALAR SPEED) when 8123 PFA ENABLE activated.
1009	PAR PCU 1	Parameter values for power control are inconsistent or improper motor nominal frequency or speed. Check for both of the following: 1 < (60 * 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ / 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED < 16 0.8 < 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED / (120 * 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ / Motor poles) < 0.992
1010	OVERRIDE/PFA	Override mode is enabled and PFA is activated at the same time. This cannot be done because PFA interlocks cannot be observed in
1010	CONFLICT	the override mode.

Table D — Alarm Codes

ALARM CODE	ALARM NAME IN PANEL	DESCRIPTION AND RECOMMENDED CORRECTIVE ACTION
2001	_	Reserved
2002	_	Reserved
2003	_	Reserved
2004	DIR LOCK	The change in direction being attempted is not allowed. Do not attempt to change the direction of motor rotation, or Change parameter 1003 DIRECTION to allow direction change (if reverse operation is safe).
2005	I/O COMM	Field bus communication has timed out. Check fault setup (3018 COMM FAULT FUNC and 3019 COMM FAULT TIME). Check communication settings (Group 51 or 53 as appropriate). Check for poor connections and/or noise on line.
2006	Al1 LOSS	Analog input 1 is lost, or value is less than the minimum setting. Check input source and connections. Check the parameter that sets the minimum (3021) and the parameter that sets the Alarm/Fault operation (3001).
2007	AI2 LOSS	Analog input 2 is lost, or value is less than the minimum setting. Check input source and connections. Check parameter that sets the minimum (3022) and the parameter that sets the Alarm/Fault operation (3001).
2008	PANEL LOSS	Panel communication is lost and either the VFD is in local control mode (the control panel displays HAND), or the VFD is in remote control mode (AUTO) and is parameterized to accept start/stop, direction or reference from the control panel. To correct, check the communication lines and connections, Parameter 3002 PANEL LOSS, and parameters in groups 10 COMMAND INPUTS and 11 REFERENCE SELECT (if drive operation is REM).
2009	_	Reserved
2010	MOT OVERTEMP	Motor is hot, based on either the VFD estimate or on temperature feedback. This alarm warns that a Motor Overload fault trip may be near. Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the estimate (3005 through 3009). Check the temperature sensors and Group 35 parameters.
2011	UNDERLOAD	Motor load is lower than expected. This alarm warns that a Motor Underload fault trip may be near. Check that the motor and drive ratings match (motor is NOT undersized for the drive). Check the settings on parameters 3013 to 3015.
2012	MOTOR STALL	Motor is operating in the stall region. This alarm warns that a Motor Stall fault trip may be near.
2013*	AUTORESET	This alarm warns that the drive is about to perform an automatic fault reset, which may start the motor. To control automatic reset, use parameter group 31 (AUTOMATIC RESET).
2014*	AUTOCHANGE	This alarm warns that the PFA autochange function is active. To control PFA, use parameter group 81 (PFA) and the Pump Alternation macro.
2015	PFA INTERLOCK	This alarm warns that the PFA interlocks are active, which means that the drive cannot start any motor (when Autochange is used), or a speed regulated motor (when Autochange is not used).
2016	_	Reserved
2017*	OFF BUTTON	This alarm indicates that the OFF button has been pressed.
2018*	PID SLEEP	This alarm warns that the PID sleep function is active, which means that the motor could accelerate when the PID sleep function ends. To control PID sleep, use parameters 4022 through 4026 or 4122 through 4126.
2019	ID RUN	The VFD is performing an ID run.
2020	OVERRIDE	Override mode is activated.
2021	START ENABLE 1 MISSING	This alarm warns that the Start Enable 1 signal is missing. To control Start Enable 1 function, use parameter 1608. To correct, check the digital input configuration and the communication settings.
2022	START ENABLE 2 MISSING	This alarm warns that the Start Enable 2 signal is missing. To control Start Enable 2 function, use parameter 1609. To correct, check the digital input configuration and the communication settings.
2023	EMERGENCY STOP	Emergency stop is activated.

^{*}This alarm is not indicated by a relay output, even when the relay output is configured to indicate alarm conditions, parameter 1401 RELAY OUT-PUT = 5 (ALARM) or 16 (FLT/ALARM).

Check the heat sink as follows (when necessary):

- 1. Remove power from drive.
- 2. Remove the cooling fan.
- 3. Blow clean compressed air (not humid) from bottom to top and simultaneously use a vacuum cleaner at the air outlet to trap the dust. If there a risk of the dust entering adjoining equipment, perform the cleaning in another room.
- 4. Replace the cooling fan.
- 5. Restore power.

Table E — Maintenance Intervals

MAINTENANCE	INTERVAL
Heat Sink Temperature Check and Cleaning	Every 6 to 12 months (depending on the dustiness of the environment)
Main Cooling Fan Replacement	Every five years
Internal Enclosure Cooling Fan Replacement	Every three years
Capacitor Change (Frame Size R5 and R6)	Every ten years
HVAC Control Panel Battery Change	Every ten years

MAIN FAN REPLACEMENT — The main cooling fan of the VFD has a life span of about 60,000 operating hours at maximum rated operating temperature and drive load. The expected life span doubles for each 18 F drop in the fan temperature (fan temperature is a function of ambient temperatures and drive loads).

Fan failure can be predicted by the increasing noise from fan bearings and the gradual rise in the heat sink temperature in spite of heat sink cleaning. If the drive is operated in a critical part of a process, fan replacement is recommended once these symptoms start appearing. Replacement fans are available from Carrier.

To replace the main fan for frame sizes R1 through R4, perform the following (see Fig. D):

- 1. Remove power from drive.
- 2. Remove drive cover.
- 3. For frame sizes R1 and R2, press together the retaining clips on the fan cover and lift. For frame sizes R3 and R4, press in on the lever located on the left side of the fan mount, and rotate the fan up and out.
- 4. Disconnect the fan cable.
- 5. Install the new fan by reversing Steps 2 to 4.
- 6. Restore power.

To replace the main fan for frame sizes R5 and R6, perform the following (see Fig. E):

- 1. Remove power from drive.
- 2. Remove the screws attaching the fan.
- 3. Disconnect the fan cable.
- 4. Install the fan in reverse order.
- 5. Restore power.

INTERNAL ENCLOSURE FAN REPLACEMENT — The VFD IP 54 / UL Type 12 enclosures have an additional internal fan to circulate air inside the enclosure.

To replace the internal enclosure fan for frame sizes R1 to R4, perform the following (see Fig. F):

- 1. Remove power from drive.
- 2. Remove the front cover.
- 3. The housing that holds the fan in place has barbed retaining clips at each corner. Press all four clips toward the center to release the barbs.
- When the clips/barbs are free, pull the housing up to remove from the drive.
- 5. Disconnect the fan cable.
- 6. Install the fan in reverse order, noting the following: the fan airflow is up (refer to arrow on fan); the fan wire harness is toward the front; the notched housing barb is located in the right-rear corner; and the fan cable connects just forward of the fan at the top of the drive.

To replace the internal enclosure fan for frame sizes R5 or R6, perform the following:

- 1. Remove power from drive.
- 2. Remove the front cover.
- 3. Lift the fan out and disconnect the cable.
- 4. Install the fan in reverse order.
- Restore power.

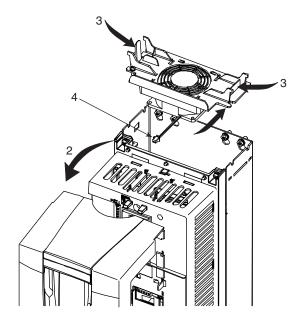


Fig. D — Main Fan Replacement (Frame Sizes R1-R4)

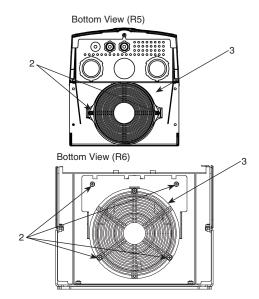


Fig. E — Main Fan Replacement (Frame Sizes R5 and R6)

CONTROL PANEL CLEANING — Use a soft damp cloth to clean the control panel. Avoid harsh cleaners which could scratch the display window.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT — A battery is only used in assistant control panels that have the clock function available and enabled. The battery keeps the clock operating in memory during power interruptions. The expected life for the battery is greater than ten years. To remove the battery, use a coin to rotate the battery holder on the back of the control panel. Replace the battery with type CR2032.

${\bf APPENDIX} \; {\bf C-VFD} \; {\bf INFORMATION} \; ({\bf cont})$

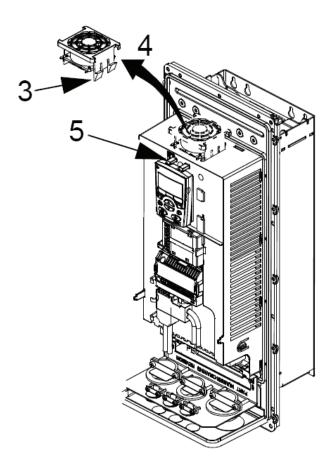


Fig. F — Internal Enclosure Fan Replacement

APPENDIX D — MODE SELECTION PROCESS

The following section is to be used in conjunction with Fig. 4 on page 34. To help determine why the unit controls are in a certain mode, the programming logic is provided below. The software will proceed, step by step, until a mode is reached. If an "If" statement is true, then that mode will be entered. The "Else" statement refers to other possible choices.

If the System Mode is OFF:

{ If the fire shut down input (*Inputs→FIRE→FSD*) is in "alarm":

HVAC mode: ("Fire Shut Down") OFF

Else

HVAC mode: ("Disabled ") OFF}

Else If: The rooftop is not in "factory test" and a fire smoke-control mode is "alarming":

If the pressurization input (*Inputs→FIRE→PRES*) is in "alarm":

HVAC mode: ("Pressurization ")

Else If the evacuation input ($Inputs \rightarrow FIRE \rightarrow EVAC$) is in "alarm":

HVAC mode: ("Evacuation "

Else If the smoke purge input ($Inputs \rightarrow FIRE \rightarrow PURG$) is in "alarm":

HVAC mode: ("Smoke Purge ")}

Else If: Someone changed the machine's control type (*Configuration* $\rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow C.TYP$) during run time, a 15 second delay is called out:

HVAC mode: ("Disabled ") OFF}

Else If: The System Mode is TEST:

HVAC mode: ("Test")

Else If: The "soft stop" command (*Service Test* \rightarrow *S.STP*) is forced to *YES*:

HVAC mode: ("SoftStop Request")}

Else If: The remote switch config (*Configuration* \rightarrow *UNIT* \rightarrow *RM.CF*)=2; "start/stop", and the remote input state (*Inputs* \rightarrow *GEN.I* \rightarrow *REMT*)=ON:

HVAC mode: ("Rem. Sw. Disable") OFF}

Else If: Configured for static pressure control (*Configuration* $\rightarrow SP \rightarrow SP.CF = 1,2$) and the static pressure sensor (*Pressures* $\rightarrow AIR.P \rightarrow SP$) fails:

HVAC mode: ("Static Pres.Fail") OFF}

Else If: Configured for supply fan status monitoring ($Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow SFS.M = 1,2$) and configured to shut the unit down on fan status fail ($Configuration \rightarrow UNIT \rightarrow SFS.S = YES$)

HVAC mode: ("Fan Status Fail ") OFF}

Else If: The unit is just waking up from a power reset

HVAC mode: ("Starting Up ") OFF}

Else If: A compressor is diagnosed as being "Stuck On"

HVAC mode: ("Comp. Stuck On ")}

Else The control is free to select the normal heating/cooling HVAC modes:

HVAC mode: ("Off ")

— The unit is off and no operating modes are active.

HVAC mode: ("Tempering Vent ")

 The economizer is at minimum vent position but the supply air temperature has dropped below the tempering vent set point. Gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

HVAC mode: ("Tempering LoCool")

 The economizer is at minimum vent position but the combination of the outside-air temperature and the economizer position has dropped the supply-air temperature below the tempering cool set point.
 Gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

HVAC mode: ("Tempering HiCool")

 The economizer is at minimum vent position but the combination of the outside air temperature and the economizer position has dropped the supply air temperature below the tempering cool set point.
 Gas heat is used to temper the ventilation air.

HVAC mode: ("Re-Heat")

The unit is operating in reheat mode.

HVAC mode: ("Dehumidification")

The unit is operating in dehumidification mode.

HVAC mode: ("Vent")

 This is a normal operation mode where no heating or cooling is required and outside air is being delivered to the space to control IAQ levels.

HVAC mode: ("Low Cool")

 This is a normal cooling mode when a low cooling demand exists.

HVAC mode: ("High Cool")

 This is a normal cooling mode when a high cooling demand exists.

HVAC mode: ("Low Heat")

 This is a normal heating mode when a low heating demand exists.

HVAC mode: ("High Heat")

 This is a normal heating mode when a high heating demand exists.

HVAC mode: ("Unocc. Free Cool")

In this mode the unit will operate in cooling but will be using the economizer for free cooling. Entering this mode will depend on the status of the outside air. The unit can be configured for outside air changeover, differential dry bulb changeover, outside air enthalpy changeover, differential enthalpy changeover, or a custom arrangement of enthalpy/dewpoint and dry bulb. See the Economizer section for further details.

NOTE: There is also a transitional mode whereby the machine may be waiting for relay timeguards to expire before shutting the machine completely down:

HVAC mode: ("Shutting Down ")

The following section is used to configure the UPC Open. The UPC Open controller is mounted in a separate enclosure below the main control box.

To Address the UPC Open Controller — The user must give the UPC Open controller an address that is unique on the BACnet* network. Perform the following procedure to assign an address:

- 1. If the UPC Open controller is powered, pull the screw terminal connector from the controller's power terminals labeled Gnd and HOT. The controller reads the address each time power is applied to it.
- Using the rotary switches (see Fig. G and H), set the controller's address. Set the Tens (10's) switch to the tens digit of the address, and set the Ones (1's) switch to the ones digit.

As an example in Fig. G, if the controller's address is 25, point the arrow on the Tens (10's) switch to 2 and the arrow on the Ones (1's) switch to 5.

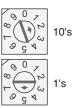


Fig. G — Address Rotary Switches

BACNET DEVICE INSTANCE ADDRESS — The UPC Open controller also has a BACnet Device Instance address. This Device Instance MUST be unique for the complete BACnet system in which the UPC Open controller is installed. The Device Instance is auto generated by default and is derived by adding the MAC address to the end of the Network Number. The Network Number of a new UPC Open controller is 16101, but it can be changed using i-Vu® Tools or BACView device. By default, a MAC address of 20 will result in a Device Instance of 1610120.

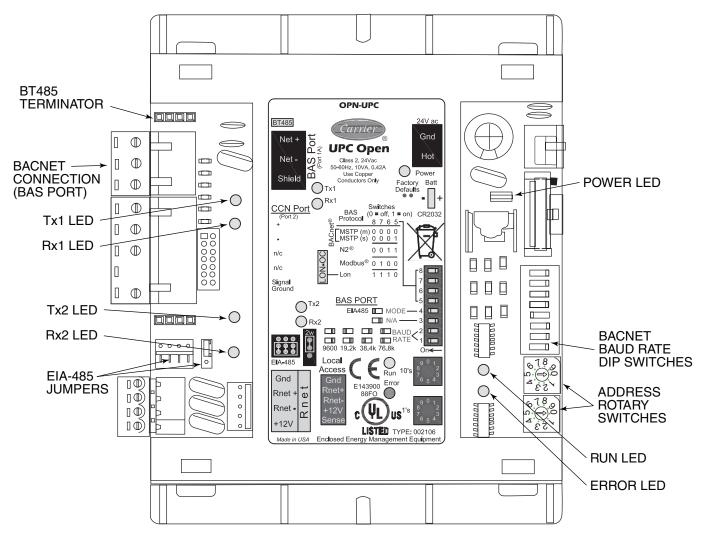


Fig. H — UPC Open Controller

^{*} Sponsored by ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers).

Configuring the BAS Port for BACnet MS/

TP — Use the same baud rate and communication settings for all controllers on the network segment. The UPC Open controller is fixed at 8 data bits, No Parity, and 1 Stop bit for this protocol's communications.

If the UPC Open controller has been wired for power, pull the screw terminal connector from the controller's power terminals labeled Gnd and HOT. The controller reads the DIP Switches and jumpers each time power is applied to it.

Set the BAS Port DIP switch DS3 to "enable." Set the BAS Port DIP switch DS4 to "E1485." Set the BMS Protocol DIP switches DS8 through DS5 to "MSTP." See Table F.

Table F — SW3 Protocol Switch Settings for MS/TP

	_				
DS8	DS7	DS6	DS5	DS4	DS3
Off	Off	Off	Off	On	Off

Verify that the EIA-485 jumpers below the CCN Port are set to EIA-485 and 2W.

The example in Fig. J shows the BAS Port DIP Switches set for 76.8k (Carrier default) and MS/TP.

Set the BAS Port DIP Switches DS2 and DS1 for the appropriate communications speed of the MS/TP network (9600, 19.2k, 38.4k, or 76.8k bps). See Fig. I and Table G.

Table G — Baud Selection Table

BAUD RATE	DS2	DS1
9,600	Off	Off
19,200	On	Off
38,400	Off	On
76,800	On	On

Wiring the UPC Open Controller to the MS/TP Network — The UPC Open controller communicates using BACnet on an MS/TP network segment communications at 9600 bps, 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, or 76.8 kbps.

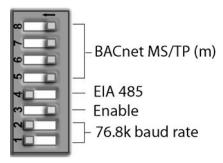


Fig. I — DIP Switches

Wire the controllers on an MS/TP network segment in a daisy-chain configuration. Wire specifications for the cable are 22 AWG (American Wire Gage) or 24 AWG, low-capacitance, twisted, stranded, shielded copper wire. The maximum length is 2000 ft.

Install a BT485 terminator on the first and last controller on a network segment to add bias and prevent signal distortions due to echoing. See Fig. H, J, and K.

To wire the UPC Open controller to the BAS network:

- Pull the screw terminal connector from the controller's BAS Port.
- Check the communications wiring for shorts and grounds.
- 3. Connect the communications wiring to the BAS port's screw terminals labeled Net +, Net -, and Shield.

NOTE: Use the same polarity throughout the network segment.

- Insert the power screw terminal connector into the UPC Open controller's power terminals if they are not currently connected.
- 5. Verify communication with the network by viewing a module status report. To perform a module status report using the BACview keypad/display unit, press and hold the "FN" key then press the "." Key.

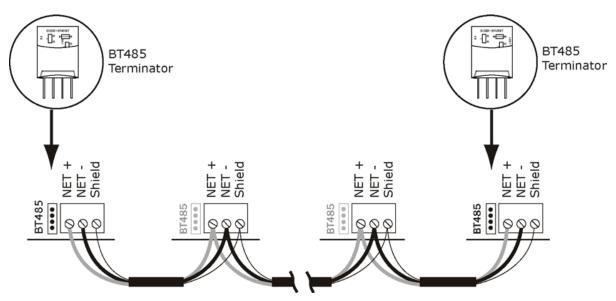


Fig. J — Network Wiring

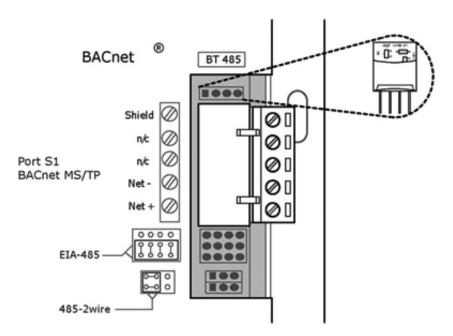


Fig. K — BT485 Terminator Installation

To install a BT485 terminator, push the BT485 terminator, on to the BT485 connector located near the BACnet connector. NOTE: The BT485 terminator has no polarity associated with it.

To order a BT485 terminator, consult Commercial Products i-Vu® Open Control System Master Prices.

MS/TP Wiring Recommendations — Recommendations are shown in Tables H and I. The wire jacket and UL

temperature rating specifications list two acceptable alternatives. The Halar specification has a higher temperature rating and a tougher outer jacket than the SmokeGard specification, and it is appropriate for use in applications where the user is concerned about abrasion. The Halar jacket is also less likely to crack in extremely low temperatures.

NOTE: Use the specified type of wire and cable for maximum signal integrity.

Table H — MS/TP Wiring Recommendations

SPECIFICATION	RECOMMMENDATION
Cable	Single twisted pair, low capacitance, CL2P, 22 AWG (7x30), TC foam FEP, plenum rated cable
Conductor	22 or 24 AWG stranded copper (tin plated)
Insulation	Foamed FEP 0.015 in. (0.381 mm) wall 0.060 in. (1.524 mm) O.D.
Color code	Black/White
Twist Lay	2 in. (50.8 mm) lay on pair 6 twists/foot (20 twists/meter) nominal
Shielding	Aluminum/Mylar shield with 24 AWG TC drain wire
Jacket	SmokeGard Jacket (SmokeGard PVC) 0.021 in. (0.5334 mm) wall 0.175 in. (4.445 mm) O.D. Halar Jacket (E-CTFE) 0.010 in. (0.254 mm) wall 0.144 in. (3.6576 mm) O.D.
DC resistance	15.2 Ohms/1000 feet (50 Ohms/km) nominal
Capacitance	12.5 pF/ft (41 pF/meter) nominal conductor to conductor
Characteristic impedance	100 Ohms nominal
Weight	12 lb/1000 feet (17.9 kg/km)
UL Temperature Rating	SmokeGard 167°F (75°C) Halar -40 to 302°F (-40 to 150°C)
Voltage	300 Vac, power limited
Listing	UL: NEC CL2P, or better

LEGEND

AWG — American Wire Gage
CL2P — Class 2 Plenum Cable
DC — Direct Current

FEP — Fluorinated Ethylene Polymer
NEC — National Electrical Code

O.D. — Outside Diameter TC — Tinned Copper

UL — Underwriters Laboratories

Table I — Open System Wiring Specifications and Recommended Vendors

	WIRING SPECIFICATIONS	RECOMMENDED VENDORS AND PART NUMBERS				
Wire Type	Description	Connect Air International	Belden	RMCORP	Contractors Wire and Cable	
MS/TP	22 AWG, single twisted shielded pair, low capacitance, CL2P, TC foam FEP, plenum rated. See MS/TP Installation Guide for specifications.	W221P-22227	_	25160PV	CLP0520LC	
Network (RS-485)	24 AWG, single twisted shielded pair, low capacitance, CL2P, TC foam FEP, plenum rated. See MS/TP Installation Guide for specifications.	W241P-2000F	82841	25120-OR	_	
Rnet	4 conductor, unshielded, CMP, 18 AWG, plenum rated.	W184C-2099BLB	6302UE	21450	CLP0442	

LEGEND

AWG — American Wire Gage — Class 2 Plenum Cable

CMP — Communications Plenum Rated
 FEP — Fluorinated Ethylene Polymer
 TC — Tinned Copper

Local access to the UPC Open — The user can use a BACview⁶ handheld keypad display unit or the Virtual BACview software as a local user interface to an Open controller. These items let the user access the controller network information. These are accessory items and do not come with the UPC Open controller.

The BACview⁶ unit connects to the local access port on the UPC Open controller. See Fig. L. The BACview software must

be running on a laptop computer that is connected to the local access port on the UPC Open controller. The laptop will require an additional USB link cable for connection.

See the *BACview Installation and User Guide* for instructions on connecting and using the BACview⁶ device.

To order a BACview⁶ Handheld (BV6H), consult Commercial Products i-Vu Open Control System Master Prices.

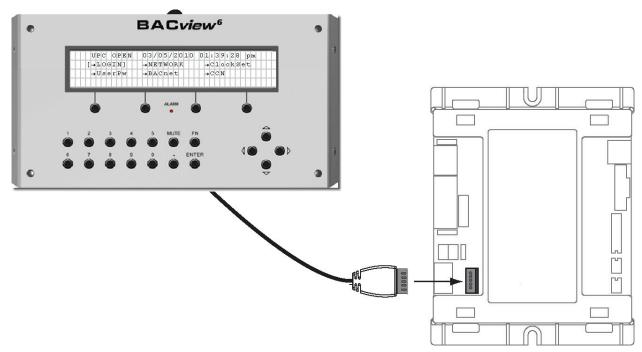


Fig. L — BACview⁶ Device Connection

Configuring the UPC Open Controller's Properties — The UPC Open device and *Comfort*Link controls must be set to the same CCN Address (Element) number and CCN Bus number. The factory default settings for CCN Element and CCN Bus number are 1 and 0 respectively.

If modifications to the default Element and Bus number are required, both the *Comfort*Link and UPC Open configurations must be changed.

The following configurations are used to set the CCN Address and Bus number in the *Comfort*Link controls. These configurations can be changed using the scrolling marquee display or accessory Navigator handheld device.

Configuration→**CCN**→**CCN.A** (CCN Address) **Configuration**→**CCN**→**CCN.B** (CCN Bus Number)

The following configurations are used to set the CCN Address and Bus Number in the UPC Open controller. These configurations can be changed using the accessory BACview⁶ display.

Navigation: BACview→CCN Home: Element Comm Stat

Element: 1 Bus: 0 **Troubleshooting** — If there are problems wiring or addressing the UPC Open controller, contact Carrier Technical Support.

COMMUNICATION LEDS — The LEDs indicate if the controller is communicating with the devices on the network. See Tables J and K. The LEDs should reflect communication traffic based on the baud rate set. The higher the baud rate the more solid the LEDs become. See Fig. H for location of LEDs on UPC Open module.

REPLACING THE UPC OPEN BATTERY — The UPC Open controller's 10-year lithium CR2032 battery provides a minimum of 10,000 hours of data retention during power outages.

IMPORTANT: Power must be **ON** to the UPC Open when replacing the battery, or the date, time, and trend data will be lost.

Remove the battery from the controller, making note of the battery's polarity. Insert the new battery, matching the battery's polarity with the polarity indicated on the UPC Open controller.

Table J — LED Status Indicators

LED	STATUS
Power	Lights when power is being supplied to the controller. The UPC Open controller is protected by internal solid-state polyswitches on the incoming power and network connections. These polyswitches are not replaceable and will reset themselves if the condition that caused the fault returns to normal.
Rx	Lights when the controller receives data from the network segment; there is an Rx LED for Ports 1 and 2.
Tx	Lights when the controller transmits data to the network segment; there is an Rx LED for Ports 1 and 2.
Run	Lights based on controller status. See Table K.
Error	Lights based on controller status. See Table K.

Table K — Run and Error LEDs Controller and Network Status Indication

RUN LED	ERROR LED	STATUS
2 flashes per second	Off	Normal
2 flashes per second	2 flashes, alternating with Run LED	Five minute auto-restart delay after system error
2 flashes per second	3 flashes, then off	Controller has just been formatted
2 flashes per second	1 flash per second	Controller is alone on the network
2 flashes per second	On	Exec halted after frequent system errors or control programs halted
5 flashes per second	On	Exec start-up aborted, Boot is running
5 flashes per second	Off	Firmware transfer in progress, Boot is running
7 flashes per second	7 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Ten second recovery period after brownout
14 flashes per second	14 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Brownout

NETWORK POINTS LIST

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
AV:9	Active Demand Limit	W	%	n/a	0-100	dem_lim_1	DEM_LIM
AV:10	Air Temp Lvg Supply Fan	R	°F	n/a	n/a	sat_1	SAT
AV:11	CEM AN1 4-20 ma J5,1-2	W	mA	n/a	0-20	cem4201_1	CEM4201
AV:12	CEM AN1 10K temp J5,1-2	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	cem10k1_1	CEM10K1
AV:13	CEM AN2 4-20 ma J5,3-4	W	mA	n/a	0-20	cem4202_1	CEM4202
AV:14	CEM AN2 10K temp J5,3-4	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	cem10k2_1	CEM10K2
AV:15	Temper Supply Air Setpt	W	°F	n/a	0-100	sasptemp_1	SASPTEMP
AV:16	BP PID Evaluation Time Level	W	min	1	0-10	bpperiod_1	BPPERIOD
AV:17	BP Setpoint Offset	W	in H2O	0.05	0-0.5	bpso_1	BPSO
AV:18	BP Threshold Adjustment	W	n/a	1	0.1-10	bpz_gain_1	BPZ_GAIN
AV:22	Capacity Load Factor	R	%	n/a	n/a	smz_1	SMZ
AV:23	Capacity Threshold Adj	W	n/a	1	0-10	z_gain_1	Z_GAIN
AV:24	Compressor A1 Run Hours	R	hr	n/a	n/a	hr_a1_1	HR_A1
AV:25	Compressor A1 Starts	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cy_a1_1	CY_A1
AV:26	Compressor A1 Strikes	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa1str_1	CMPA1STR
AV:27	Compressor A1 Timeguard	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa1_tg_1	CMPA1_TG
AV:28	Compressor A2 Run Hours	R	hr	n/a	n/a	hr_a2_1	HR_A2
AV:29	Compressor A2 Starts	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cy_a2_1	CY_A2
AV:30	Compressor A2 Strikes	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa2str_1	CMPA2STR
AV:31	Compressor A2 Timeguard	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa2_tg_1	CMPA2_TG
AV:32	Compressor B1 Run Hours	R	hr	n/a	n/a	hr_b1_1	HR_B1
AV:33	Compressor B1 Starts	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cy_b1_1	CY_B1
AV:34	Compressor B1 Strikes	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb1str_1	CMPB1STR
AV:35	Compressor B1 Timeguard	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb1_tg_1	CMPB1_TG
AV:36	Compressor B2 Run Hours	R	hr	n/a	n/a	hr_b2_1	HR_B2
AV:37	Compressor B2 Starts	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cy_b2_1	CY_B2
AV:38	Compressor B2 Strikes	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb2str_1	CMPB2STR
AV:39	Compressor B2 Timeguard	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb2_tg_1	CMPB2_TG
AV:40	Compressor Lockout Temp	W	°F	40	-20-55	oatlcomp_1	OATLCOMP
AV:41	Cool Trend Demand Level	W	°^F	0.1	0.1-5	ctrendlv_1	CTRENDLV
AV:42	Cool Trend Time (secs)	W	sec	120	30-600	ctrendtm_1	CTRENDTM
AV:43	Ctl.Temp RAT,SPT or ZONE	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ctrltemp_1	CTRLTEMP
AV:44	Current Running Capacity	R	%	n/a	n/a	htsg_cap_1	HTSG_CAP
AV:45	DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint	W	n/a	200	0-2000	daqfnoff_1	DAQFNOFF
AV:46	DAQ PPM Fan On Setpoint	W	n/a	400	0-2000	daqfnon_1	DAQFNON
AV:49	Dehumidify Cool Setpoint	W	°F	45	40-55	dhcoolsp_1	DHCOOLSP
AV:50	Dehumidify RH Setpoint	W	%	55	10-90	dhrelhsp_1	DHRELHSP
AV:52	Demand Limit Select	W	n/a	0	0-3	dmd_ctrl_1	DMD_CTRL
AV:53	Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt.	W	%	80	0-100	dlswsp1_1	DLSWSP1
AV:54	Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt.	W	%	50	0-100	dlswsp2_1	DLSWSP2
AV:56	Diff.Air Quality in PPM	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	daq_1	DAQ
AV:58	Diff. AQ Responsiveness	W	n/a	0	-5-5	iaqreact_1	IAQREACT
AV:59	Dmd Level(-) Low Cool OFF	W	°^F	1	0.5-2	dmdlcoff_1	DMDLCOFF
AV:60	Dmd Level(-) Low Heat OFF	W	°^F	1	0.5-2	dmdlhoff_1	DMDLHOFF

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
AV:61	Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool ON	W	°^F	0.5	0.5-20	dmdhcon_1	DMDHCON
AV:62	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat ON	W	°^F	0.5	0.5-20	dmdhhon_1	DMDHHON
AV:63	Dmd Level Low Cool ON	W	°^F	1.5	0.5-2	dmdlcon_1	DMDLCON
AV:64	Dmd Level Low Heat ON	W	°^F	1.5	0.5-2	dmdlhon_1	DMDLHON
AV:66	Econo Current Min. Pos.	R	%	n/a	n/a	min_pos_1	MIN_POS
AV:67	Economizer Act. Cmd. Pos.	W	%	n/a	0-100	econocmd_1	ECONOCMD
AV:68	Economizer Control Point	R	°F	n/a	n/a	econpnt_1	ECONCPNT
AV:70	Economizer Max.Position	W	%	98	0-100	economax_1	ECONOMAX
AV:76	Evaporator Discharge Tmp	R	°F	n/a	n/a	edt_1	EDT
AV:77	Fan Mode	W	n/a	1	0-1	fan_mode_1	FAN_MODE
AV:78	Fan-Off Delay, Elec Heat	W	n/a	30	10-600	elec_fod_1	ELEC_FOD
AV:79	Fan-Off Delay, Gas Heat	W	n/a	45	45-600	gas_fod_1	GAS_FOD
AV:80	Fan-Off Delay, Mech Cool	W	sec	60	0-600	cool_fod_1	COOL_FOD
AV:83	Heat-Cool Setpoint Gap	W	°^F	5	2-10	hcsp_gap_1	HCSP_GAP
AV:85	Heating Supply Air Setpt	W	°F	85	80-120	saspheat_1	SASPHEAT
AV:86	High BP Level	W	n/a	0.05	0-1	bphplvl_1	BPHPLVL
AV:87	Low BP Level	W	n/a	0.04	0-1	bplplvl_1	BPLPLVL
AV:93	IAQ Econo Override Pos.	W	%	100	0-100	iaqovpos_1	IAQOVPOS
AV:95	IAQ High Reference	W	n/a	2000	0-5000	iaqrefh_1	IAQREFH
AV:96	IAQ Low Reference	W	n/a	0	0-5000	iaqrefl_1	IAQREFL
AV:97	IAQ Min.Pos.Override	W	%	n/a	0-100	iaqminov_1	IAQMINOV
AV:98	IAQ Purge Duration	W	min	15	5-60	iaqptime_1	IAQPTIME
AV:99	IAQ Purge HiTemp Min Pos	W	%	35	0-100	iaqphtmp_1	IAQPHTMP
AV:100	IAQ Purge LoTemp Min Pos	W	%	10	0-100	iaqpltmp_1	IAQPLTMP
AV:101	IAQ Purge OAT Lockout	W	°F	50	35-70	iaqpntlo_1	IAQPNTLO
AV:102	LAT Limit Config	W	°^F	10	0-20	htlatlim_1	HTLATLIM
AV:107	Maximum Heat Stages	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	htmaxstg_1	HTMAXSTG
AV:112	OAQ Lockout Value	W	n/a	0	0-2000	oaqlock_1	OAQLOCK
AV:113	OAQ - PPM Outdoor CO2	W	n/a	n/a	0-5000	oaq_1	OAQ
AV:114	Occupied Cool Mode End	R	°F	n/a	n/a	occl_end_1	OCCL_END
AV:115	Occupied Cool Mode Start	R	°F	n/a	n/a	occlstrt_1	OCCLSTRT
AV:116	Occupied Heat Mode End	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ocht_end_1	OCHT_END
AV:117	Occupied Heat Mode Start	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ochtstrt_1	OCHTSTRT
AV:118	Outside Air Humidity Ratio	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	oa_humr_1	OA_HUMR
AV:119	Outside Air Relative Humidity	W	%	n/a	0-100	oarh_1	OARH
AV:120	Override Time Limit	W	hr	1	0-4	otl_1	OTL
AV:121	Power Exhaust Motors	W	n/a	1	0-2	pwrm_1	PWRM
AV:122	Power Exhaust On Setp.1	W	%	35	0-100	pes1_1	PES1
AV:123	Power Exhaust On Setp.2	W	%	75	0-100	pes2_1	PES2
AV:130	Remote Switch Config	W	n/a	0	0-3	rmtincfg_1	RMTINCFG
AV:131	Reset Limit	W	°^F	10	0-20	limt_1	LIMT
AV:132	Reset Ratio	W	n/a	2	0-10	rtio_1	RTIO
AV:133	Return Air Enthalpy	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	rae_1	RAE

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
AV:134	Return Air Relative Humidity	W	%	n/a	0-100	rarh_1	RARH
AV:135	Return Air Temperature	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	rat_1	RAT
AV:136	Schedule Number	W	n/a	0	0-99	schednum_1	SCHEDNUM
AV:137	Space Temperature	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	spt_1	SPT
AV:138	Space Temperature Offset	W	°^F	n/a	-10-10	spto_1	SPTO
AV:139	Space Temp Offset Range	W	°^F	5	1-10	spto_rng_1	SPTO_RNG
AV:143	SP Reset Limit	W	n/a	0.75	0-2	sprlimit_1	SPRLIMIT
AV:144	SP Reset Ratio	W	n/a	0.2	0-2	sprratio_1	SPRRATIO
AV:150	Staged Gas LAT 1	R	°F	n/a	n/a	lat1sgas_1	LAT1SGAS
AV:151	Staged Gas LAT 2	R	°F	n/a	n/a	lat2sgas_1	LAT2SGAS
AV:152	Staged Gas LAT 3	R	°F	n/a	n/a	lat3sgas_1	LAT3SGAS
AV:153	Staged Gas LAT Sum	R	°F	n/a	n/a	lat_sgas_1	LAT_SGAS
AV:154	Staged Gas Limit Sw Temp	R	°F	n/a	n/a	limswtmp_1	LIMSWTMP
AV:155	Startup Delay Time	W	sec	0	0-900	delay_1	DELAY
AV:156	Stat. Pres. Reset Config	W	n/a	0	0-4	sprstcfg_1	SPRSTCFG
AV:157	Static Pressure Reset	W	n/a	n/a	0-15	spreset_1	SPRESET
AV:158	Supply Air Setpnt. Reset	W	°^F	n/a	0-20	sasprset_1	SASPRSET
AV:159	Temp Comp Start Cool Factor	W	min	0	0-60	tcstcool_1	TCSTCOOL
AV:160	Temp Comp Start Heat Factor	W	min	0	0-60	tcstheat_1	TCSTHEAT
AV:161	Tempering in Cool SASP	W	n/a	5	5-75	tempcool_1	TEMPCOOL
AV:162	Tempering Purge SASP	W	n/a	50	-20-80	temppurg_1	TEMPPURG
AV:163	Tempering Vent Occ SASP	W	n/a	65	-20-80	tempvocc_1	TEMPVOCC
AV:164	Temper Vent Unocc	W	n/a	50	-20-80	tempvunc_1	TEMPVUNC
AV:165	Supply Fan VFD Speed	W	%	n/a	0-100	sf_vfd_output_1	SFVFDTST
AV:166	Un.Ec.Free Cool OAT Lock	W	°F	50	40-70	uefcntlo_1	UEFCNTLO
AV:168	Unoccupied Cool Mode End	R	°F	n/a	n/a	uccl_end_1	UCCL_END
AV:169	Unoccupied Cool Mode Start	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ucclstrt_1	UCCLSTRT
AV:170	Unoccupied Heat Mode End	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ucht_end_1	UCHT_END
AV:171	Unoccupied Heat Mode Start	R	°F	n/a	n/a	uchtstrt_1	UCHTSTRT
AV:172	Unoc Econ Free Cool Cfg	W	n/a	0	0-2	uefc_cfg_1	UEFC_CFG
AV:173	Unoc Econ Free Cool Time	W	min	120	0-720	uefctime_1	UEFCTIME
AV:179	User Determined OAQ	W	n/a	400	0-5000	oaq_user_1	OAQ_USER
AV:180	VAV Occ. Cool Off Delta	W	°^F	2	1-25	vavocoff_1	VAVOCOFF
AV:181	VAV Occ. Cool On Delta	W	°^F	3.5	0-25	vavocon_1	VAVOCON
AV:182	VAV Unocc Fan Retry Time	W	min	60	0-720	sampmins_1	SAMPMINS
AV:183	Vent Reheat RAT Offset	W	°^F	0	0-8	dhvraoff_1	DHVRAOFF
AV:184	Vent Reheat Setpoint	W	°F	70	55-95	dhvht_sp_1	DHVHT_SP
AV:185	Vent Reheat Setpt Select	W	n/a	0	0-1	dhvhtcfg_1	DHVHTCFG
AV:186	VFD/Act. Fire Speed/Pos.	W	%	100	0-100	bldgpfso_1	BLDGPFSO
AV:187	VFD Fire Speed Override	W	%	100	0-100	statpfso_1	STATPFSO
AV:188	VFD Maximum Speed	W	%	100	0-100	statpmax_1	STATPMAX
AV:189	VFD Minimum Speed	W	%	20	0-100	statpmin_1	STATPMIN
AV:1003	Outside Air Temperature	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	oat_1	OAT

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
AV:1009	IAQ - PPM Indoor CO2	W	n/a	n/a	0-5000	iaq_1	IAQ
AV:1016	Static Pressure	R	in H2O	n/a	n/a	static_press_1	SP
AV:1022	HVAC Mode Numerical Form	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hvac_mode_1	MODEHVAC
AV:1023	Current Running Capacity	R	%	n/a	n/a	cool_capacity_1	CAPTOTAL
AV:1024	Cooling Control Point	R	°F	n/a	n/a	cool_ctrl_point_1	COOLCPNT
AV:1025	Heating Control Point	R	°F	n/a	n/a	heat_ctrl_point_1	HEATCPNT
AV:1027	Leaving Air Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	lvg_air_temperature_1	LAT
AV:1028	Economizer Act. Curr. Pos	R	%	n/a	n/a	econ_pos_1	ECONOPOS
AV:1030	Controlling Return Temp	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	ra_temp_1	RETURN_T
AV:1070	Building Pressure	R	in H2O	n/a	n/a	bldg_static_press_1	BP
AV:1500	Mixed Air Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	ma_temp_1	MAT
AV:1600	Cir A Suction Pressure	R	psig	n/a	n/a	suction_press_a_1	SP_A
AV:1601	Cir A Discharge Pressure	R	psig	n/a	n/a	discharge_press_a_1	DP_A
AV:1602	Cir A Sat. Condensing Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	sat_cond_temp_a_1	SCTA
AV:1603	Cir A Sat. Suction Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	sat_suction_temp_a_1	SSTA
AV:1604	Cir B Suction Pressure	R	psig	n/a	n/a	suction_press_b_1	SP_B
AV:1605	Cir B Discharge Pressure	R	psig	n/a	n/a	discharge_press_b_1	DP_B
AV:1606	Cir B Sat. Condensing Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	sat_cond_temp_b_1	SCTB
AV:1607	Cir B Sat. Suction Temperature	R	°F	n/a	n/a	sat_suction_temp_b_1	SSTB
AV:2003	Requested Heat Stage	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	heat_run_1	HT_STAGE
AV:2007	Controlling Space Temp	W	°F	n/a	-40-240	space_temp_1	SPACE_T
AV:2050	Supply Fan VFD Speed	R	%	n/a	n/a	sfvfdtst_1	SFAN_VFD
AV:2075	Exhaust Fan VFD Speed	R	%	n/a	n/a	ef_vfd_output_1	EFAN_VFD
AV:2901	User Defined Analog 1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_analog_1_1	n/a
AV:2902	User Defined Analog 2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_analog_2_1	n/a
AV:2903	User Defined Analog 3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_analog_3_1	n/a
AV:2904	User Defined Analog 4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_analog_4_1	n/a
AV:2905	User Defined Analog 5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_analog_5_1	n/a
AV:3001	Cooling Occupied Setpoint	W	°F	75	40-99	occ_cl_stpt_1	OCSP
AV:3002	Heating Occupied Setpoint	W	°F	68	409-99	occ_ht_stpt_1	OHSP
AV:3003	Cooling Unoccupied Setpoint	W	°F	90	40-99	unocc_cl_stpt_1	UCSP
AV:3004	Heating Unoccupied Setpoint	W	°F	55	40-99	unocc_ht_stpt_1	UHSP
AV:3007	Supply Air Setpoint	W	°F	55	45-75	sa_temp_stpt_1	SASP
AV:3016	IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos.	W	%	0	0-100	iaq_min_pos_1	IAQMINP
AV:3050	Static Pressure Setpoint	W	in H2O	1.5	0-5	sa_static_stpt_1	SPSP
AV:3070	Building Pressure Setp.	W	in H2O	0.05	-0.25- 0.25	bldg_press_stpt_1	BPSP
AV:4005	Economizer Min.Position	W	%	5	0-100	econ_min_1	ECONOMIN
AV:9008	High OAT Lockout Temp	W	°F	60	-40-120	econ_oat_lockout_1	OAT_LOCK

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
BV:9	Alarm State	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	alm_1	ALM
BV:10	Capacity Clamp Mode	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	capmode_1	CAPMODE
BV:11	Fan request from IGC	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	igcfan_1	IGCFAN
BV:12	Comp A1 Locked Out ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa1lok_1	CMPA1LOK
BV:13	Comp A2 Locked Out ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa2lok_1	CMPA2LOK
BV:14	Comp B1 Locked Out ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb1lok_1	CMPB1LOK
BV:15	Comp B2 Locked Out ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb2ok_1	CMPB2LOK
BV:16	Compressor A1 Relay	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa1_1	CMPA1
BV:17	Compressor A2 Relay	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpa2_1	CMPA2
BV:18	Compressor B1 Relay	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb1_1	CMPB1
BV:19	Compressor B2 Relay	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cmpb2_1	CMPB2
BV:20	Cool Mode Not In Effect?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cool_off_1	COOL_OFF
BV:21	Override Modes in Effect	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modes_1	MODES
BV:22	Supply Fan not on 30s ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	sfonstat_1	SFONSTAT
BV:25	DBC - OAT Lockout?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	dbc_stat_1	DBC_STAT
BV:26	DCV Resetting Min Pos	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modeadcv_1	MODEADCV
BV:27	DDBC- OAT > RAT Lockout?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	ddbcstat_1	DDBCSTAT
BV:28	DEC - Diff.Enth.Lockout?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	dec_stat_1	DEC_STAT
BV:29	Dehumid. Disabled Econ.?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	dhdisabl_1	DHDISABL
BV:30	Dehumidify Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	dhdiscin_1	DHDISCIN
BV:31	Demand Limit In Effect	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modedmlt_1	MODEDMLT
BV:32	DEW - OA Dewpt.Lockout?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	dew_stat_1	DEW_STAT
BV:34	Econ Act. Unavailable?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	econunav_1	ECONUNAV
BV:35	Econ disable in DH mode?	W	n/a	1	0-1	dhecdisa_1	DHECDISA
BV:36	Economizer Active?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	ecactive_1	ECACTIVE
BV:37	Economizer Control Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	ecosw_1	ECOSW
BV:38	Economizer Forced ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	econforc_1	ECONFORC
BV:41	Econo Position Override	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	ecooride_1	ECOORIDE
BV:42	Econ Recovery Hold Off?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	econheld_1	ECONHELD
BV:44	EDT Sensor Bad ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	edt_stat_1	EDT_STAT
BV:45	Emergency Stop	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	emstop_1	EMSTOP
BV:46	Enable Compressor A1	W	n/a	Enable	0-1	cmpa1ena_1	CMPA1ENA
BV:47	Enable Compressor A2	W	n/a	Enable	0-1	cmpa2ena_1	CMPA2ENA
BV:48	Enable Compressor B1	W	n/a	Enable	0-1	cmpb1ena_1	CMPB1ENA
BV:49	Enable Compressor B2	W	n/a	Enable	0-1	cmpb2ena_1	CMPB2ENA
BV:50	Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit	W	n/a	0	0-1	sfs_shut_1	SFS_SHUT
BV:52	Heat Relay 1	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs1_1	HS1
BV:53	Heat Relay 2	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs2_1	HS2
BV:54	High BP Override	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	bphpovrd_1	BPHPOVRD
BV:55	Hi Limit Switch Tmp Mode	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	limtmode_1	LIMTMODE
BV:56	IAQ Pre-Occ Purge Active	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modeiqpg_1	MODEIQPG
BV:57	IAQ Purge	W	n/a	0	0-1	iaqpurge_1	IAQPURGE
BV:58	LAT Cutoff Mode	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	latcmode_1	LATCMODE

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
BV:59	Local Machine Disable	W	n/a	No	0-1	unitstop_1	UNITSTOP
BV:60	Low BP Override	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	bplpovrd_1	BPLPOVRD
BV:61	Low Temp Cap Override	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	low_temp_1	LOW_TEMP
BV:63	Mech Cooling Locked Out	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modelock_1	MODELOCK
BV:64	Min. Load Valve (HGBP)	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	mlv_1	MLV
BV:67	OAEC- OA Enth Lockout?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	oaecstat_1	OAECSTAT
BV:68	OAQ Lockout In Effect ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	oaqlockd_1	OAQLOCKD
BV:69	OAT Sensor Bad ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	oat_stat_1	OAT_STAT
BV:70	Occupied Heating Enabled	W	n/a	No	0-1	htoccena_1	HTOCCENA
BV:72	Power Exhaust Relay A	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	pe_a_1	PE_A
BV:73	Power Exhaust Relay B	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	pe_b_1	PE_B
BV:74	Power Exhaust Relay C	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	pe_c_1	PE_C
BV:75	Pull Down Cap Override	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	pulldown_1	PULLDOWN
BV:76	Relay 3 W1 Gas Valve 2	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs3_1	HS3
BV:77	Relay 4 W2 Gas Valve 2	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs4_1	HS4
BV:78	Relay 5 W1 Gas Valve 3	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs5_1	HS5
BV:79	Relay 6 W2 Gas Valve 3	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	hs6_1	HS6
BV:80	Remote Econ. Disabled ?	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	econdisa_1	ECONDISA
BV:81	Remote Input State	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	rmtin_1	RMTIN
BV:86	Slow Change Cap Override	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	slo_chng_1	SLO_CHNG
BV:87	Soft Stop Request	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	softstop_1	SOFTSTOP
BV:93	Supply Air Reset	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modesars_1	MODESARS
BV:94	Supply Fan Relay	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	sfan_rly_1	SFAN_RLY
BV:95	Supply Fan Status Switch	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	sfs_1	SFS
BV:96	Temp Compensated Start	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modetcst_1	MODETCST
BV:97	Timed Override In Effect	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	modetovr_1	MODETOVR
BV:98	Timed-Override in Effect	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	overlast_1	OVERLAST
BV:99	TSTAT Both Heat and Cool	W	n/a	No	0-1	tstatall_1	TSTATALL
BV:1005	Fire Shutdown Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	firedown_status_1	FSD
BV:1006	Demand Limit Switch 1	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	dmd_sw1_1	DMD_SW1
BV:1007	Demand Limit Switch 2	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	dmd_sw2_1	DMD_SW2
BV:1010	Remote Economizer Enable	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	remote_econ_enable_1	ECONENBL
BV:1017	Thermostat Y1 Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	y1_input_1	Y1
BV:1018	Thermostat Y2 Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	y2_input_1	Y2
BV:1019	Thermostat W1 Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	w1_input_1	W1
BV:1020	Thermostat W2 Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	w2_input_1	W2
BV:1021	Thermostat G Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	g_input_1	G
BV:1026	Heat Interlock Relay	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	heat_interlock_relay_1	HIR
BV:1050	IAQ - Discrete Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	iaq_status_1	IAQIN

NETWORK POINTS LIST (cont)

BACNET OBJECT ID	POINT NAME	READ ONLY	UNITS	DEFAULT VALUE	RANGE	BACNET OBJECT NAME	UNIT POINT
BV:1052	Filter Status Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	filter_status_1	FLTS
BV:1060	Evacuation Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	smk_evac_1	EVAC
BV:1061	Pressurization Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	smk_press_1	PRES
BV:1062	Smoke Purge Input	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	smk_purg_1	PURG
BV:2001	Supply Fan State	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	sfan_1	SFAN
BV:2004	Supply Fan Request	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	sfan_forc_1	SFANFORC
BV:2008	Occupied?	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	occ_status_1	OCCUPIED
BV:2012	Condenser Fan Circuit A	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cond_fan_a_1	CONDFANA
BV:2013	Condenser Fan Circuit B	R	n/a	n/a	n/a	cond_fan_b_1	CONDFANB
BV:2014	Remote Alarm/Aux Relay	W	n/a	n/a	0-1	aux_relay_1	ALRM
BV:2911	User Defined Binary 1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_binary_1_1	n/a
BV:2912	User Defined Binary 2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_binary_2_1	n/a
BV:2913	User Defined Binary 3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_binary_3_1	n/a
BV:2914	User Defined Binary 4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_binary_4_1	n/a
BV:2915	User Defined Binary 5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	user_binary_5_1	n/a
BV:2999	Element Comm Status	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	element_stat_1	n/a

LEGEND

BP CEM DAQ DBC DCV

LEGEND

Building Pressure
Controls Expansion Module
Differential Air Quality
Dry Bulb Changeover
Demand Controlled Ventilation
Differential Dry Bulb Changeover
Differential Enthalpy Changeover
Dehumidification
Evaporator Discharge Temperature
Indoor Air Quality
Integrated Gas Control
Leaving Air Temperature
Not Available
Outdoor Air Temperature
Outdoor Air Quality
Outdoor Air Temperature
Proportional, Integral, Derivative
Read
Return Air Temperature
Relative Humidity
Supply Air Set Point
Setpoint
Space Temperature
Thermostat
Variable Air Volume
Variable Frequency Drive
Write DDBC DEC DH EDT

IAQ IGC LAT

OAEC
OAQ
OAT
PID
R
RAT
RH
SASP
SP
SPT
TSTAT
VAV
VFD
W

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CONTROLS SET POINT AND CONFIGURATION LOG

MODEL NUMBER:	Software Version	1	
SERIAL NUMBER:	MBB	CESR131343	
DATE:	RCB	CESR131249	
TECHNICIAN:	ECB	CESR131249	
	NAVI	CESR131227	
	SCB	CESR131226	
	CEM	CESR131174	
	MARQ	CESR131171	

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	DEFAULT	ENTRY
UNIT	UNIT CONFIGURATION	HANGE	DEFAULI	ENINI
→C.TYP	Machine Control Type	1 - 6 (multi-text strings)	4	
→C.TTF →CV.FN	Fan Mode (0=Auto, 1=Cont)	0 - 1 (multi-text strings)	1	
→C v.rn →RM.CF	Remote Switch Config	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)	0	
→NW.CF →CEM	CEM Module Installed	Yes/No	No	
→CEM →TCS.C	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Cool Factr	0 - 60 min	0	
→TCS.H	Temp.Cmp.Strt.Heat Factr	0 - 60 min	0	
→rсз.н →SFS.S	Fan Fail Shuts Down Unit	Yes/No	No	
<i>→</i> SFS.M	Fan Stat Monitoring Type	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
<i>→SF3.W</i> <i>→VAV.S</i>	VAV Unocc.Fan Retry Time	0 - 720 min	50	
→vav.3 →SIZE	Unit Size (20-60)	20 - 60	20	
→SIZE →DP.XR	Disch.Press. Transducers	Yes/No	No No	
→SP.XR	Suct. Pres. Trans. Type		0	
→SF.An →RFG.T		0 -1 (multi-text strings)	1	
→RFG.1 →CND.T	Refrig: 0=R22 1=R410A	0 -1 (multi-text strings)		
→CND.T →MAT.S	Cnd HX Typ:0=RTPF 1=MCHX MAT Calc Config	0 -1 (multi-text strings) 0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
	Reset MAT Table Entries?			
→MAT.R		Yes/No	No 20	
→MAT.D	MAT Outside Air Default Altitudein feet:	0-100% 0 - 60000		
→ALTI			0	
→DLAY →STAT	Startup Delay Time	0 - 900 sec	0	
/ 	TSTAT_Both Heat and Cool	Yes/No	No	
→AUX.R	Auxiliary Relay Config	0 - 3	0	
→SENS	INPUT SENSOR CONFIG		D: 11	
→SENS→SPT.S	Space Temp Sensor	Enable/Disable	Disable	
→SENS→SP.O.S	Space Temp Offset Sensor	Enable/Disable	Disable	
→SENS→SP.O.R	Space Temp Offset Range	1 - 10	5	
→SENS→RRH.S	Return Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable	Disable	
→SENS→FLT.S	Filter Stat.Sw.Enabled ?	Enable/Disable	Disable	
COOL	COOLING CONFIGURATION			
→Z.GN	Capacity Threshold Adjst	-10 - 10	1	
→MC.LO	Compressor Lockout Temp	–20 - 55 dF	40	
→C.FOD	Fan-Off Delay, Mech Cool	0 - 600 sec	60	
→MLV	Min. Load Valve? (HGBP)	Yes/No	No	
→M.M.	Motor Master Control	Yes/No	No	
→HPSP	Head Pressure Setpoint	80 - 150 dF	113	
→A1.EN	Enable Compressor A1	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→A2.EN	Enable Compressor A2	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→B1.EN	Enable Compressor B1	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→B2.EN	Enable Compressor B2	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→CS.A1	CSB A1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→CS.A2	CSB A2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→CS.B1	CSB B1 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→CS.B2	CSB B2 Feedback Alarm	Enable/Disable	Enable	
→REV.R	Rev Rotation Verified ?	Yes/No	No	
→H.SST	Hi SST Alert DelayTime	5 - 30 min	10	
EDT.R	EVAP.DISCHRGE TEMP RESET			
→RS.CF	EDT Reset Configuration	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)	0	
→RTIO	Reset Ratio	0 - 10	2	
→LIMT	Reset Limit	0 - 20 ^F	10	
→RES.S	EDT 4-20 ma Reset Input	Enable/Disable	Disable	

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ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	DEFAULT	ENTRY
HEAT	HEATING CONFIGURATION		3	
→HT.CF	Heating Control Type	0 - 4	0	
→HT.SP	Heating Supply Air Setpt	80 - 120 dF	85	
→OC.EN	Occupied Heating Enabled	Yes/No	No	
→LAT.M	MBB Sensor Heat Relocate	Yes/No	No	
→G.FOD	Fan-Off Delay, Gas Heat	45-600	45	
→E.FOD	Fan-Off Delay, Elec Heat	10-600	30	
→SG.CF	STAGED GAS CONFIGS			
→SG.CF→HT.ST	Staged Gas Heat Type	0 - 4	0	
→SG.CF→CAP.M	Max Cap Change per Cycle	5 - 45	45	
→SG.CF→M.R.DB	S.Gas DB min.dF/PID Rate	0 - 5	0.5	
→SG.CF→S.G.DB	St.Gas Temp. Dead Band	0 - 5 ^F	2	
→SG.CF→RISE	Heat Rise dF/sec Clamp	0.05 - 0.2	0.06	
→SG.CF→LAT.L	LAT Limit Config	0 - 20 ^F	10	
→SG.CF→LIM.M	Limit Switch Monitoring?	Yes/No	No	
→SG.CF→SW.H.T	Limit Switch High Temp	110 - 180 dF	170	
\rightarrow SG.CF \rightarrow SW.L.T	Limit Switch Low Temp	100 - 170 dF	160	
→SG.CF→HT.P	Heat Control Prop. Gain	0 - 1.5	1	
→SG.CF→HT.D	Heat Control Derv. Gain	0 - 1.5	1	
→SG.CF→HT.TM	Heat PID Rate Config	60 - 300 sec	90	
SP	SUPPLY STATIC PRESS.CFG.			
→SP.CF	Static Pressure Config	0 - 1 (multi-text strings)	No	
→CV.FD	Constant Vol IDF is VFD?	Yes/No	No	
→SP.FN	Static Pres.Fan Control?	Yes	Yes	
→SP.S	Static Pressure Sensor	Enable/Disable	Disable	
→SP.LO	Static Press. Low Range	-10 - 0	0	
→SP.HI	Static Press. High Range	0 - 10	5	
→SP.SP	Static Pressure Setpoint	0 - 5 "H2O	1.5	
→SP.MN	VFD Minimum Speed	0 - 100 %	20	
→SP.MX	VFD Maximum Speed	0 - 100 %	100	
→SP.FS	VFD Fire Speed Override	0 - 100 %	100	
→HT.VM	VFD Heating Min Speed	75 - 100 %	75	
→SP.RS	Stat. Pres. Reset Config	0 - 4 (multi-text strings)	0	
→SP.RT	SP Reset Ratio ("/dF)	0 - 2.00 in. wg/dF	0.2	
→SP.LM	SP Reset Limit in iwc (")	0 - 2.00 in. wg	0.75	
→SP.EC	SP Reset Econo. Position	0 - 100 %	55	
→S.PID	STAT.PRESS.PID CONFIGS			
→S.PID→SP.TM	Stat.Pres.PID Run Rate	1 - 200 sec	2	
→S.PID→SP.P	Static Press. Prop. Gain	0 - 100	20	
→S.PID→SP.I	Static Pressure Intg. Gain	0 - 50	2	
→S.PID→SP.D	Static Pressure Derv. Gain	0 - 50	0	
→S.PID→SP.SG	Static Press.System Gain	0 - 50	1	
ECON	ECONOMIZER CONFIGURATION		-	
→EC.EN	Economizer Installed?	Yes/No	Yes	
→EC.MN	Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100 %	5	
→EC.MX	Economizer Max.Position	0 - 100 %	98	
→E.TRM	Economizer Trim For SumZ ?	Yes/No	Yes	
→E.SEL	Econ ChangeOver Select	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)	1	
→OA.E.C	OA Enthalpy ChgOvr Selct	1 - 5 (multi-text strings)	4	
→OA.EN	Outdr.Enth Compare Value	18 - 28	24	
→OAT.L	High OAT Lockout Temp	-40 - 120 dF	60	
→O.DEW	OA Dewpoint Temp Limit	50 - 62 dF	55	
→ORH.S	Outside Air RH Sensor	Enable/Disable	Disable	
→E.TYP	Economizer Control Type	1-3 (multi-text strings)	1	
→EC.SW	Economizer Switch Config	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
→E.CFG	ECON.OPERATION CONFIGS	o z (maia toxt offingo)	+	
→E.CFG→E.P.GN	Economizer Prop.Gain	0.7 - 3.0	1	
→E.CFG→E.RNG	Economizer Prop.dam Economizer Range Adjust	0.7 - 3.0 0.5 - 5.0 ^F	2.5	
→E.CFG→E.SPD	Economizer Speed Adjust	0.1 - 10.0	0.75	
→E.CFG→E.DBD	Economizer Deadband	0.1 - 10.0 0.1 - 2.0 ^F	0.75	
→UEFC	UNOCC.ECON.FREE COOLING	0.1 - 2.0 - 1	0.5	
→UEFC→FC.CF	Unoc Econ Free Cool Cfg	0-2 (multi-text strings)	0	
→UEFC→FC.TM	Unoc Econ Free Cool Time	0 - 720 min	120	
→UEFC→FC.L.O	Un.Ec.Free Cool OAT Lock	40 - 70 dF	50	
→ULI U→FU.L.U	On.Lo.i iee Oool OAT LOCK	40 - 70 UI	50	

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	DEFAULT	ENTRY
BP	BUILDING PRESS. CONFIG			
→BP.CF	Building Press. Config	0-2	0	
<i>→BP.RT</i>	Bldg.Pres.PID Run Rate	5-120 sec	10	
→BP.P	Bldg. Press. Prop. Gain	0-5	0.5	
→BP.I	Bldg.Press.Integ.Gain	0-2	0.5	
→BP.D	Bldg.Press.Deriv.Gain	0-5	0.3	
→BP.SO	BP Setpoint Offset	0.0 - 0.5 "H2O	0.05	
→BP.MN	BP VFD Minimum Speed	0-100%	10	
→BP.MX	BP VFD Maximum Speed	0-100%	100	
→BP.FS	VFD/Act. Fire Speed/Pos.	0-100%	100	
→BP.MT	Power Exhaust Motors	1-2	1	
→BP.S	Building Pressure Sensor	Enable/Dsable	Dsable	
→BP.R	Bldg Press (+/-) Range	0 - 1.00 "H2O	0.25	
→BP.SP	Building Pressure Setp.	-0.25 → 0.25 "H2O	0.05	
<i>→BP.P1</i> <i>→BP.P2</i>	Power Exhaust On Setp.1	0 - 100 % 0 - 100 %	35 75	
→BP.P2 →B.CFG	Power Exhaust On Setp.2 BP ALGORITHM CONFIGS	0 - 100 %	/5	
→B.CFG→BP.SL	Modulating PE Alg. Slct.	1.2	1	
→B.CFG→BP.SL →B.CFG→BP.TM	BP PID Evaluation Time	1-3 0 - 10 min	1	
\rightarrow B.CFG \rightarrow BP.ZG	BP PID Evaluation Time BP Threshold Adjustment	0.1 - 10.0 "H2O	1	
<i>→B.CFG→BP.HP</i>	High BP Level	0 - 1.000 "H2O	0.05	
<i>→B.CFG→BP.LP</i>	Low BP Level	0 - 1.000 H2O	0.03	
<i>D.LV.T</i>	COOL/HEAT SETPT. OFFSETS	0 1.000 1120	0.04	
→L.H.ON	Dmd Level Lo Heat On	-1 - 2 ^F	1.5	
→H.H.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Heat On	0.5 - 20.0 ^F	0.5	
→L.H.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Heat Off	0.5 - 2 ^F	1	
→L.C.ON	Dmd Level Lo Cool On	-1 - 2 ^F	1.5	
→H.C.ON	Dmd Level(+) Hi Cool On	0.5 - 20.0 ^F	0.5	
→L.C.OF	Dmd Level(-) Lo Cool Off	0.5 - 2 ^F	1	
→C.T.LV	Cool Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5 ^F	0.1	
→H.T.LV	Heat Trend Demand Level	0.1 - 5 ^F	0.1	
→C.T.TM	Cool Trend Time	30 - 600 sec	120	
→H.T.TM	Heat Trend Time	30 - 600 sec	120	
DMD.L	DEMAND LIMIT CONFIG.			
→DM.L.S	Demand Limit Select	0 - 3 (multi-text strings)	0	
<i>→</i> D.L.20	Demand Limit at 20 ma	0 - 100 %	100	
→SH.NM	Loadshed Group Number	0 - 99	0	
→SH.DL	Loadshed Demand Delta	0 - 60 %	0	
→SH.TM	Maximum Loadshed Time	0 - 120 min	60	
→D.L.S1	Demand Limit Sw.1 Setpt.	0 - 100 %	80	
→D.L.S2	Demand Limit Sw.2 Setpt.	0 - 100 %	50	
IAQ	INDOOR AIR QUALITY CFG.			
→DCV.C	DCV ECONOMIZER SETPOINTS	0. 100 %		
→DCV.C→EC.MN	Economizer Min.Position	0 - 100 %	5	
→DCV.C→IAQ.M →AQ.CF	IAQ Demand Vent Min.Pos. AIR QUALITY CONFIGS	0 - 100 %	0	
→AQ.CF→IQ.A.C	IAQ Analog Sensor Config	0 - 4 (multi-text strings)	0	
→AQ.CF→IQ.A.F	IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config	0 - 4 (multi-text strings)	0	
→AQ.CF→IQ.A.F →AQ.CF→IQ.I.C	IAQ 4-20 ma Fan Config	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
→AQ.CF→IQ.I.F	IAQ Disclete input config	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
→AQ.CF→OQ.A.C	OAQ 4-20ma Sensor Config	0 - 2 (multi-text strings)	0	
→AQ.SP	AIR QUALITY SETPOINTS	o z (maia toxt strings)	 	
→AQ.SP→IQ.O.P	IAQ Econ Override Pos.	0 - 100 %	100	
→AQ.SP→DAQ.L	Diff.Air Quality LoLimit	0 - 1000	100	
→AQ.SP→DAQ.H	Diff.Air Quality HiLimit	100 - 2000	700	
→AQ.SP→D.F.OF	DAQ PPM Fan Off Setpoint	0 - 2000	200	
→AQ.SP→D.F.ON	DAQ PPM Fan On Setpoint	0 - 2000	400	
→AQ.SP→IAQ.R	Diff. AQ Responsiveness	_5 - 5	0	
	·			
ightarrowAQ.SP $ ightarrow$ OAQ.L	OAQ Lockout Value	0 - 2000	0	
→AQ.SP→OAQ.L →AQ.SP→OAQ.U	OAQ Lockout Value User Determined OAQ	0 - 2000	400	

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	DEFAULT	ENTRY
→AQ.S.R→IQ.R.L	IAQ Low Reference	0 - 5000	0	
<i>→AQ.S.R→IQ.R.H</i>	IAQ High Reference	0 - 5000	2000	
→AQ.S.R→OQ.R.L	OAQ Low Reference	0 - 5000	0	
→AQ.S.R→OQ.R.H	OAQ High Reference	0 - 5000	2000	
<i>→IAQ.P</i> <i>→IAQ.P→IQ.PG</i>	IAQ PRE-OCCUPIED PURGE IAQ Purge	Yes/No	No	
→IAQ.P→IQ.P.T	IAQ Purge Duration	5-60 min	15	
→IAQ.P→IQ.P.L	IAQ Purge LoTemp Min Pos	0-100 %	10	
→IAQ.P→IQ.P.H	IAQ Purge HiTemp Min Pos	0-100 %	35	
→IAQ.P→IQ.L.O	IAQ Purge OAT Lockout	35-70 dF	50	
DEHU	DEHUMIDIFICATION CONFIG.			
→D.SEL	Dehumidification Config	0-2(multi-text strings)	0	
→D.SEN	Dehumidification Sensor	1-2(multi-text strings)	1	
→D.EC.D	Econ disable in DH mode?	Yes/No	Yes	
→D.V.CF	Vent Reheat Setpt Select	0-1(multi-text strings)	0	
→D.V.RA	Vent Reheat RAT offset	0-8 ^F	0	
→D.V.HT →D.C.SP	Vent Reheat Setpoint	55-95 dF 40-55 dF	70 45	
→D.C.SP →D.RH.S	Dehumidify Cool Setpoint Dehumidify RH Setpoint	10-90 %	55	
CCN	CCN CONFIGURATION	10-90 /8	33	
→CCNA	CCN Address	1 - 239	1	
→CCNB	CCN Bus Number	0 - 239	0	
→BAUD	CCN Baud Rate	1 - 5 (multi-text strings)	3	
→BROD	CCN BROADCST DEFINITIONS			
ightarrowBROD $ ightarrow$ TM.DT	CCN Time/Date Broadcast	ON/OFF	On	
→BROD→OAT.B	CCN OAT Broadcast	ON/OFF	Off	
→BROD→ORH.B	CCN OARH Broadcast	ON/OFF	Off	
→BROD→OAQ.B	CCN OAQ Broadcast	ON/OFF	Off	
→BROD→G.S.B	Global Schedule Broadcst	ON/OFF	Off	
→BROD→B.ACK →SC.OV	CCN Broadcast Ack'er CCN SCHEDULES-OVERRIDES	ON/OFF	Off	
→SC.OV→SCH.N	Schedule Number	0 - 99	1	
→SC.OV → SCH.N →SC.OV → HOL.T	Accept Global Holidays?	YES/NO	No	
→SC.OV → O.T.L.	Override Time Limit	0 - 4 HRS	1	
→SC.OV→OV.EX	Timed Override Hours	0 - 4 HRS	0	
→SC.OV→SPT.O	SPT Override Enabled ?	YES/NO	Yes	
<i>→SC.OV→T58.0</i>	T58 Override Enabled ?	YES/NO	Yes	
→SC.OV→GL.OV	Global Sched. Override?	YES/NO	No	
ALLM	ALERT LIMIT CONFIG.			
→SP.L.O	SPT lo alert limit/occ	-10-245 dF	60	
→SP.H.O	SPT hi alert limit/occ	-10-245 dF	85	
→SP.L.U →SP.H.U	SPT lo alert limit/unocc	−10-245 dF −10-245 dF	45 100	
→SA.L.O	SPT hi alert limit/unocc EDT lo alert limit/occ	-10-245 dF	40	
→SA.H.O	EDT hi alert limit/occ	-40-245 dF	100	
→SA.L.U	EDT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245 dF	40	
→SA.H.U	EDT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245 dF	100	
→RA.L.O	RAT lo alert limit/occ	-40-245 dF	60	
→RA.H.O	RAT hi alert limit/occ	-40-245 dF	90	
→RA.L.U	RAT lo alert limit/unocc	-40-245 dF	40	
→RA.H.U	RAT hi alert limit/unocc	-40-245 dF	100	
→R.RH.L	RARH low alert limit	0-100 %	0	
→R.RH.H	RARH high alert limit	0-100 %	100	
→SP.L	SP low alert limit	0-5 "H2O	0	
→SP.H →BP.L	SP high alert limit BP lo alert limit	0-5 "H2O -0.25-0.25 "H2O	-0.25	
→BP.H	BP high alert limit	-0.25-0.25 H2O	0.25	
→ыг.п →IAQ.H	IAQ high alert limit	0-5000	1200	
TRIM	SENSOR TRIM CONFIG.	0 0000	1200	
→SAT.T	Air Temp Lvg SF Trim	-10 - 10 ^F	0	
→RAT.T	RAT Trim	-10 - 10 ^F	0	
→OAT.T	OAT Trim	-10 - 10 ^F	0	
→SPT.T	SPT Trim	-10 - 10 ^F	0	
→CTA.T	Cir A Sat.Cond.Temp Trim	−30 - 30 ^F	0	
→CTB.T	Cir B Sat.Cond.Temp Trim	-30 - 30 ^F	0	
→SP.A.T	Suct.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50 PSIG	0	
→SP.B.T	Suct.Press.Circ.B Trim	-50 - 50 PSIG	0	
→DP.A.T	Dis.Press.Circ.A Trim	-50 - 50 PSIG	0	
→DP.B.T	Dis.Press.Circ.B Trim	–50 - 50 PSIG	0	

ITEM	EXPANSION	RANGE	DEFAULT	ENTRY
SW.LG	SWITCH LOGIC: NO / NC			
→FTS.L	Filter Status Inpt-Clean	Open/Close	Open	
→IGC.L	IGC Feedback - Off	Open/Close	Open	
→RMI.L	RemSw Off-Unoc-Strt-NoOv	Open/Close	Open	
→ECS.L	Economizer Switch - No	Open/Close	Open	
→SFS.L	Fan Status Sw Off	Open/Close	Open	
→DL1.L	Dmd.Lmt.Sw.1 - Off	Open/Close	Open	
→DL2.L	Dmd.LmtDehumid - Off	Open/Close	Open	
→IAQ.L	IAQ Disc.Input - Low	Open/Close	Open	
→FSD.L	Fire Shutdown - Off	Open/Close	Open	
→PRS.L	Pressurization Sw Off	Open/Close	Open	
→EVC.L	Evacuation Sw Off	Open/Close	Open	
→PRG.L	Smoke Purge Sw Off	Open/Close	Open	
DISP	DISPLAY CONFIGURATION			
<i>→TEST</i>	Test Display LEDs	ON/OFF	Off	
→METR	Metric Display	ON/OFF	Off	
→LANG	Language Selection	0-1(multi-text strings)	0	
→PAS.E	Password Enable	ENABLE/DISABLE	Enable	
<i>→PASS</i>	Service Password	0000-9999	1111	

UNIT START-UP CHECKLIST

MODEL NO.:	SERIAL NO.:		
SOFTWARE VERSION TECHNICIAN:			
DATE:			
PRE-START-UP:			
☐ VERIFY THAT DIP SWITCH SETTINGS ARE CO	PRRECT		
☐ VERIFY THAT ALL PACKING MATERIALS HAV	/E BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT		
☐ REMOVE ALL COMPRESSOR SHIPPING HOLDI	DOWN BOLTS AND BRACKETS PER INSTRUCTIONS		
☐ VERIFY INSTALLATION OF ECONOMIZER HOO	OD		
☐ VERIFY INSTALLATION OF ALL OPTIONS AND	D ACCESSORIES		
☐ VERIFY THAT ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTION	NS AND TERMINALS ARE TIGHT		
\square CHECK GAS PIPING FOR LEAKS (48A ONLY)			
☐ CHECK THAT RETURN-AIR FILTER AND OUTD	DOOR-AIR FILTERS ARE CLEAN AND IN PLACE		
☐ VERIFY THAT UNIT IS LEVEL WITHIN TOLERA	ANCES FOR PROPER CONDENSATE DRAINAGE		
\square CHECK FAN WHEELS AND PROPELLERS FOR \square	LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE, AND SETSCREW IS TIGHT		
☐ VERIFY THAT FAN SHEAVES ARE ALIGNED A	ND BELTS ARE PROPERLY TENSIONED		
\square VERIFY THAT SUCTION, DISCHARGE, AND LIG	QUID SERVICE VALVES ON EACH CIRCUIT ARE OPEN		
☐ VERIFY THAT CRANKCASE HEATERS HAVE B	BEEN ON 24 HOURS BEFORE START-UP		
START-UP:			
ELECTRICAL			
SUPPLY VOLTAGE L1-L2 L2-	-L3 L3-L1		
${\tt COMPRESSOR\ AMPS-COMPRESSOR\ NO.\ 1 L1}$	L2 L3		
$COMPRESSOR\ AMPS COMPRESSOR\ NO.\ 2 L1$	L2 L3		
SUPPLY FANS AMPS (CV)	EXHAUST FAN AMPS		
(VAV) *			
*VAV fan supply amps reading must be taken with a true $$	RMS meter for accurate readings.		
TEMPERATURES			
OUTDOOR-AIR TEMPERATURE I	F DB (Dry Bulb)		
	F DB F WB (Wet Bulb)		
COOLING SUPPLY AIRI			
	F (48A ONLY)		
	F (50A ONLY, IF EQUIPPED)		
PRESSURES			
GAS INLET PRESSURE IN. V			
GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE STAGE NO. 1			
REFRIGERANT SUCTION CIRCUIT NO. 1			
REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE CIRCUIT NO. 2	PSIG CIRCUIT NO. 2 PSIG		
☐ VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE.			

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