

ENVISION™

RESIDENTIAL

Geothermal/Water Source Heat Pumps

- R-410A Refrigerant
- 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 5, 6 Ton Single Speed
- 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ton Dual Capacity

Installation Information

Water Piping Connections

Hot Water Generator Connections

Electrical

Startup Procedures

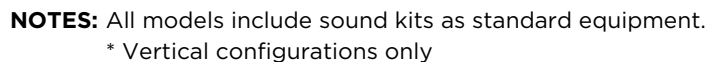
Troubleshooting

Preventive Maintenance



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General Installation Information

Safety Considerations



WARNING: Before performing service or maintenance operations on a system, turn off main power switches to the indoor unit. If applicable, turn off the accessory heater power switch. Electrical shock could cause personal injury.

Installing and servicing heating and air conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair or service heating and air conditioning equipment. Untrained personnel can perform the basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and cleaning and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on heating and air conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use a quenching cloth for brazing operations and have a fire extinguisher available.

Moving and Storage

Move units in the normal “up” orientation. Horizontal units may be moved and stored per the information on the packaging. Do not stack more than three units in total height. Vertical units may be stored one upon another to a maximum height of two units. Do not attempt to move units while stacked. When the equipment is received, all items should be carefully checked against the bill of lading to be sure all crates and cartons have been received. Examine units for shipping damage, removing the units from the packaging if necessary. Units in question should also be internally inspected. If any damage is noted, the carrier should make the proper notation on the delivery receipt, acknowledging the damage.

Unit Location

Locate the unit in an indoor area that allows for easy removal of the filter and access panels. Location should have enough space for service personnel to perform maintenance or repair. Provide sufficient room to make water, electrical and duct connection(s). If the unit is located in a confined space, such as a closet, provisions must be made for return air to freely enter the space by means of a louvered door, etc. Any access panel screws that would be difficult to remove after the unit is installed should be removed prior to setting the unit. On horizontal units, allow adequate room below the unit for a condensate drain trap and do not locate the unit above supply piping. **Care should be taken when units are located in unconditioned spaces to prevent damage from frozen water lines and excessive heat that could damage electrical components.**

Installing Vertical Units

Prior to setting the unit in place, remove and discard the compressor hold down shipping bolt located at the front of the compressor mounting bracket.

Vertical units are available in left or right air return configurations. Top and rear air discharge vertical units should be mounted level on a vibration absorbing pad slightly larger than the base to provide isolation between the unit and the floor. It is not necessary to anchor the unit to the floor (see right).

Bottomflow units should be mounted level and sealed well to floor to prevent air leakage. Bottomflow units require the supply air opening to be cut at least 1/2” larger than the unit’s air outlet. Protect the edges of combustible flooring with sheet metal over-wrap or other non-combustible material.

Figure 1: Vertical Unit Mounting



General Installation Information cont.

Installing Horizontal Units

Remove and discard the compressor hold down shipping bolt located at the front of the compressor mounting bracket prior to setting the unit in place. Horizontal units are available with side or end discharge. Horizontal units are normally suspended from a ceiling by six 3/8-inch diameter threaded rods. The rods are usually attached to the unit by hanger bracket kits furnished with each unit.

Lay out the threaded rods per the dimensions below. Assemble the hangers to the unit as shown. Securely tighten the brackets to the unit using the weld nuts located on the underside of the bottom panel. When attaching the hanger rods to the bracket, a double nut is required since vibration could loosen a single nut. To allow filter access, one bracket on the filter side should be installed 180° from the position shown in the figure below. The unit should be pitched approximately 1/4-inch towards the drain in both directions to facilitate the removal of condensate. Use only the bolts provided in the kit to attach hanger brackets. The use of longer bolts could damage internal parts.

Some residential applications require the installation of horizontal units on an attic floor. In this case, the unit should be set in a full size secondary drain pan on top of a vibration absorbing pad. The secondary drain pan prevents possible condensate overflow or water leakage damage to the ceiling. The secondary drain pan is usually placed on a plywood base isolated from the ceiling joists by additional layers of vibration absorbing material.



CAUTION: Do not use rods smaller than 3/8-inch diameter since they may not be strong enough to support the unit. The rods must be securely anchored to the ceiling.

Figure 2: Horizontal Unit Mounting

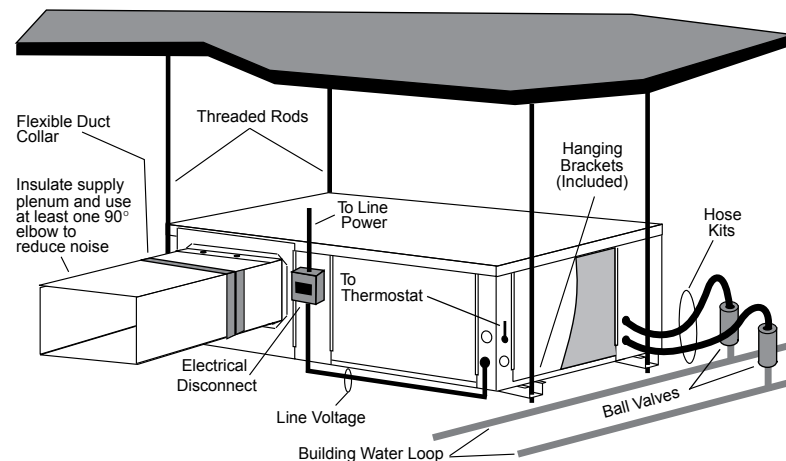
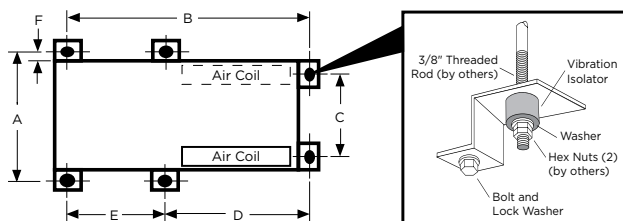


Figure 3: Hanger Location and Assembly



Model	Hanger Kit Part Number	A	B	C	D	E	F
009 - 012*	995500A04	25.1	44.7	21.4	N/A	N/A	1.3
015 - 018*	995500A04	25.1	53.7	21.4	N/A	N/A	1.3
022 - 030*	995500A04	24.8	63.4	21.1	N/A	N/A	1.1
036 - 038	995500A03	27.8	72.4	24.1	43.1	29.3	1.1
042 - 049	995500A03	27.8	77.4	24.1	48.1	29.3	1.1
060 - 072	995500A03	27.8	82.4	24.1	53.1	29.3	1.1

NOTE: *Only the four corner brackets are needed on sizes 009-030.

General Installation Information cont.

Duct System

An air outlet collar is provided on vertical top and rear air discharge units and all horizontal units to facilitate a duct connection (vertical bottomflow units have no collar). A flexible connector is recommended for discharge and return air duct connections on metal duct systems. Uninsulated duct should be insulated with a minimum of 1-inch duct insulation. Application of the unit to uninsulated ductwork in an unconditioned space is not recommended as the unit's performance will be adversely affected.

If the unit is connected to existing ductwork, check the duct system to ensure that it has the capacity to accommodate the air required for the unit application. If the duct is too small, as in the replacement of heating only systems, larger ductwork should be installed. All existing ductwork should be checked for leaks and repaired if necessary.

The duct system should be sized to handle the design airflow quietly and efficiently. To maximize sound attenuation of the unit blower, the supply and return plenums should include an internal duct liner of fiberglass or constructed of ductboard for the first few feet. On systems employing a sheet metal duct system, canvas connectors should be used between the unit and the ductwork. If air noise or excessive airflow is a problem, the blower speed can be changed.



CAUTION: Be sure to remove the shipping material from the blower discharge before connecting ductwork.

Water Piping

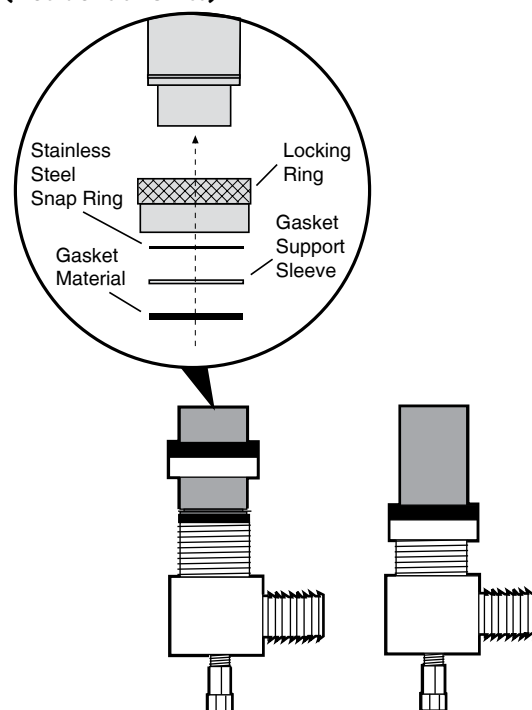
The proper water flow must be provided to each unit whenever the unit operates. To assure proper flow, use pressure/temperature ports to determine the flow rate. These ports should be located at the supply and return water connections on the unit. The proper flow rate cannot be accurately set without measuring the water pressure drop through the refrigerant-to-water heat exchanger.

All source water connections on commercial units are fittings that accept a male pipe thread (MPT). Insert the connectors by hand, then tighten the fitting with a wrench to provide a leakproof joint. When connecting to an open loop (groundwater) system, thread any copper MPT fitting into the connector and tighten in the same manner as described above.

All source water connections on residential units are swivel piping fittings (see Figure 4) that accept a 1-inch male pipe thread (MPT). The swivel connector has a rubber gasket seal similar to a rubber hose gasket, which when mated to the flush end of any 1-inch threaded pipe provides a leak-free seal without the need for thread sealing tape or compound. Check to ensure that the rubber seal is in the swivel connector prior to attempting any connection. The rubber seals are shipped attached to the waterline. To make the connection to a ground loop system, mate the brass connector (supplied in CK4L connector kit) against the rubber gasket in the swivel connector and thread the female locking ring onto the pipe threads, while maintaining the brass connector in the desired direction. Tighten the connectors by hand, then gently snug the fitting with pliers to provide a leak-proof joint. When connecting to an open loop (ground water) system, thread any 1-inch MPT fitting (SCH80 PVC or copper) into the swivel connector and tighten in the same manner as noted above. The open and closed loop piping system should include pressure/temperature taps for serviceability.

Never use flexible hoses smaller than 1-inch inside diameter on the unit. Limit hose length to 10 feet per connection. Check carefully for water leaks.

Figure 4: Swivel Connections (Residential Units)



General Installation Information cont.

Water Quality

In ground water situations where scaling could be heavy or where biological growth such as iron bacteria will be present, a closed loop system is recommended. The heat exchanger coils in ground water systems may, over a period of time, lose heat exchange capabilities due to a buildup of mineral deposits inside. These can be cleaned, but only by a qualified service mechanic, as special solutions and pumping equipment are required. Hot water generator coils can likewise become scaled and possibly plugged. In areas with extremely hard water, the owner should be informed that the heat exchanger may require occasional flushing.

Units with cupronickel heat exchangers are recommended for open loop applications due to the increased resistance to build-up and corrosion, along with reduced wear caused by acid cleaning.

Material		Copper	90/10 Cupro-Nickel	316 Stainless Steel
pH	Acidity/Alkalinity	7 - 9	7 - 9	7 - 9
Scaling	Calcium and Magnesium Carbonate	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm
Corrosion	Hydrogen Sulfide	Less than .5 ppm (rotten egg smell appears at 0.5 PPM)	10 - 50 ppm	Less than 1 ppm
	Sulfates	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 200 ppm
	Chlorine	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm
	Chlorides	Less than 20 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 300 ppm
	Carbon Dioxide	Less than 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm
	Ammonia	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 20 ppm
	Ammonia Chloride	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm
	Ammonia Nitrate	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm
	Ammonia Hydroxide	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm
	Ammonia Sulfate	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm	Less than .5 ppm
Iron Fouling (Biological Growth)	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Less than 1000 ppm	1000-1500 ppm	1000-1500 ppm
	LSI Index	+0.5 to -.05	+0.5 to -.05	+0.5 to -.05
	Iron, Fe ²⁺ (Ferrous) Bacterial Iron Potential	< .2 ppm	< .2 ppm	< .2 ppm
Erosion	Iron Oxide	Less than 1 ppm. Above this level deposition will occur.	Less than 1 ppm. Above this level deposition will occur.	Less than 1 ppm. Above this level deposition will occur.
	Suspended Solids	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max of 600 micron size
	Threshold Velocity (Fresh Water)	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec

Grains = PPM divided by 17 • mg/l is equivalent to PPM

2/8/08

General Installation Information cont.

Freeze Protection

Set the freeze sensing switch SW2-2 on the printed circuit board for applications using a closed loop antifreeze solution to "LOOP". On applications using an open loop/ground water system (or closed loop no antifreeze), set this dip switch to "WELL", the factory default setting. (Refer to the DIP Switch Settings table in the Microprocessor Control section.)

Condensate Drain

On vertical units, the internal condensate drain assembly consists of a drain tube which is connected to the drain pan, a 3/4-inch PVC female adapter and a flexible connecting hose. The female adapter may exit either the front or the side of the cabinet. The adapter should be glued to the field-installed PVC condensate piping. On vertical units, a condensate hose is inside all cabinets as a trapping loop; therefore, an external trap is not necessary.

On horizontal units, a PVC stub is provided for condensate drain piping connection. An external trap is required (see below). If a vent is necessary, an open stand pipe may be applied to a tee in the field-installed condensate piping.

Figure 5: Horizontal Drain Connection

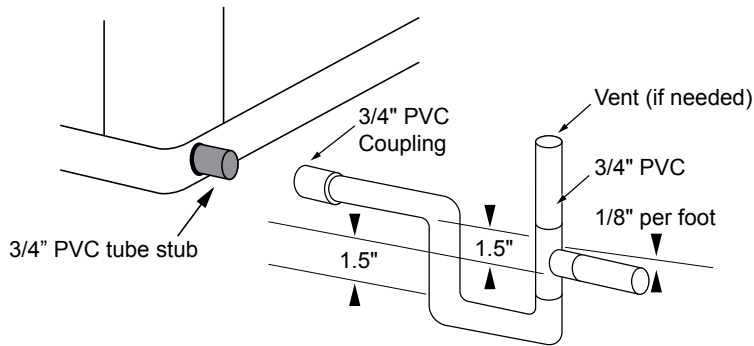
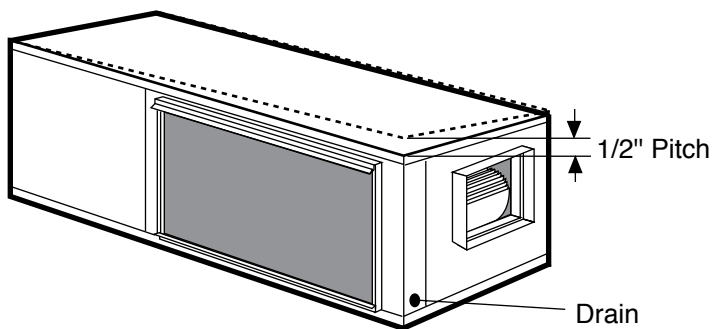


Figure 6: Unit Pitch for Drain



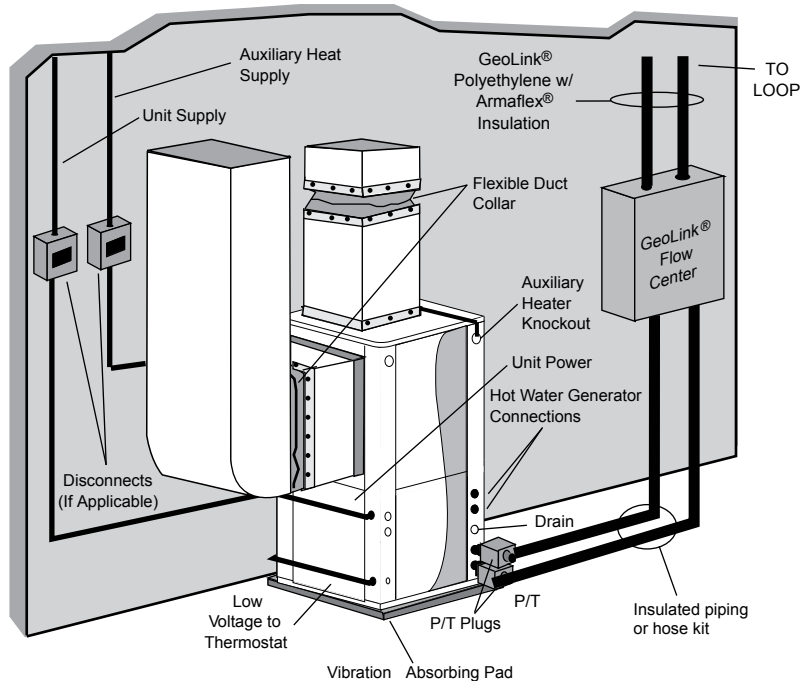
Closed Loop Ground Source Systems

NOTE: For closed loop systems with antifreeze protection, set SW2-2 to the “loop.” position (Refer to the DIP Switch Settings table in the Microprocessor Control section.)

Once piping is completed between the unit, pumps and the ground loop (see figure below), final purging and charging of the loop is required. A flush cart (or a 1.5 HP pump minimum) is needed to achieve adequate flow velocity in the loop to purge air and dirt particles from the loop itself. Antifreeze solution is used in most areas to prevent freezing. Flush the system adequately to remove as much air as possible then pressurize the loop to a static pressure of 40-50 PSI (summer) or 50-75 PSI (winter). This is normally adequate for good system operation. Loop static pressure will fluctuate with the seasons. Pressures will be higher in the winter months than during the cooling season. This fluctuation is normal and should be considered when initially charging the system.

After pressurization, be sure to turn the venting (burping) screw in the center of the pump two (2) turns open (water will drip out), wait until all air is purged from the pump, then tighten the plug. Ensure that the loop pumps provide adequate flow through the unit(s) by checking the pressure drop across the heat exchanger and comparing it to the unit capacity data in the specification catalog. 2.5 to 3 GPM of flow per ton of cooling capacity is recommended in earth loop applications.

Figure 7: Closed Loop Ground Source Application



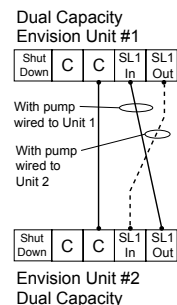
NOTE: Additional information can be found in Flow Center installation manual (IM1961) and Flush Cart manual (WFS302).

Multiple Units on One Flow Center

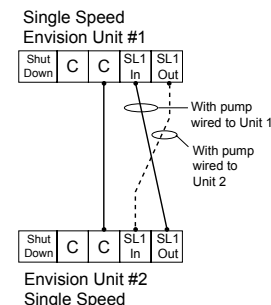
When two units are connected to one loop pumping system, pump control is automatically achieved by connecting the SL terminals on connector P2 in both units with 2-wire thermostat wire. These terminals are polarity dependant (see Figure 8). The loop pump(s) may be powered from either unit, whichever is more convenient. If either unit calls, the loop pump(s) will automatically start. The use of two units on one flow center is generally limited to a total of 20 GPM capacity.

Figure 8: Primary/Secondary Hook-up

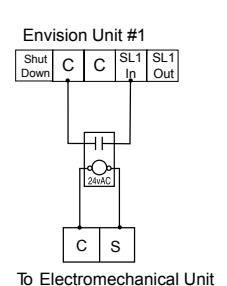
Envision to Envision Microprocessor Units



Envision to Envision Microprocessor Units



Envision to Electromechanical Units



Open Loop Ground Water Systems

Typical open loop piping is shown below. Always maintain water pressure in the heat exchanger by placing water control valves at the outlet of the unit to prevent mineral precipitation. Use a closed, bladder-type expansion tank to minimize mineral formation due to air exposure. Insure proper water flow through the unit by checking pressure drop across the heat exchanger and comparing it to the figures in unit capacity data tables in the specification catalog. 1.5-2 GPM of flow per ton of cooling capacity is recommended in open loop applications.

Discharge water from the unit is not contaminated in any manner and can be disposed of in various ways, depending on local codes, i.e. recharge well, storm sewer, drain field, adjacent stream or pond, etc. Most local codes forbid the use of sanitary sewer for disposal. Consult your local building and zoning departments to assure compliance in your area.

NOTE: For open loop/groundwater systems or systems that do not contain an antifreeze solution, set SW2-Switch #2 to the "WELL" position. (Refer to the DIP Switch Settings table in the Microprocessor Control section.) Slow opening/closing solenoid valves (type VM) are recommended to eliminate water hammer.

Figure 9a: Open Loop Solenoid Valve Connection Option

Typical quick operating external 24V water solenoid valve (type PPV100 or BPV100) wiring.

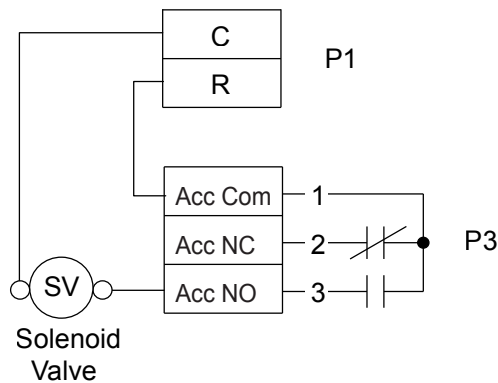
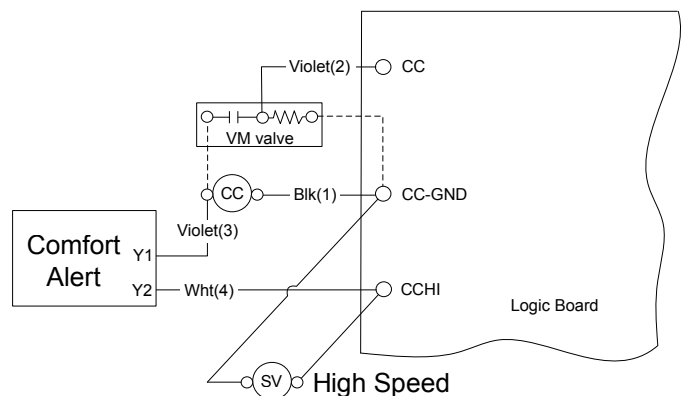


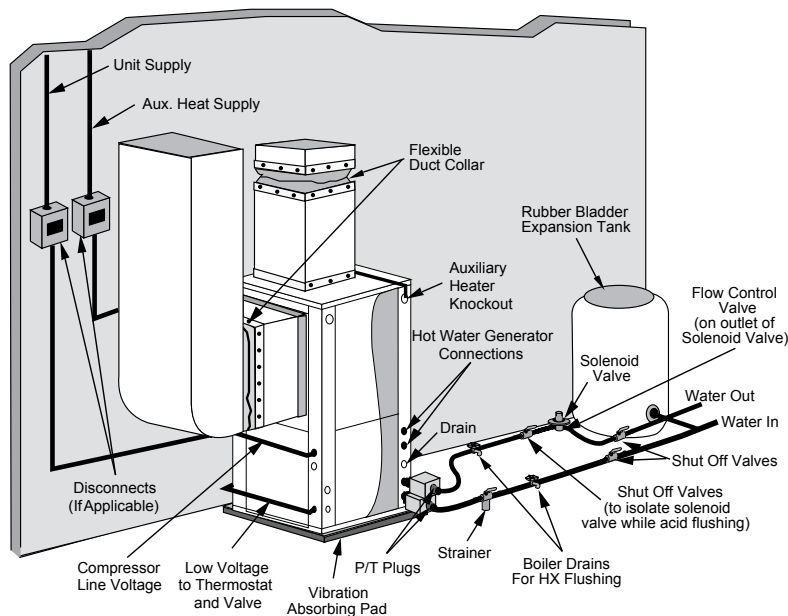
Figure 9b: Open Loop Solenoid Valve Connection Option

Typical slow operating external 24V water solenoid valve (type VM) wiring and one (1) quick operating valve.



NOTE: SW2-3 should be in the Comp "ON" position.

Figure 10: Open System - Groundwater Application



Hot Water Generator Connections

To maximize the benefits of the hot water generator a minimum 50-gallon water heater is recommended. For higher demand applications, use an 80-gallon water heater or two 50-gallon water heaters connected in a series as shown below. Electric water heaters are recommended. Make sure all local electrical and plumbing codes are met for installing a hot water generator. Residential units with hot water generators contain an internal circulator and fittings. A water softener is recommended with hard water (greater than 10 grains or 170 total hardness).

Note: Under certain conditions, Envision dual capacity units operate with very low refrigerant discharge temperatures, producing little or no water heating capability. This scenario occurs when the unit is operating with cold entering source water (loop or well). Allowing the hot water generator pump to operate during these conditions actually removes heat from the DHW circulating through the unit. To overcome this, Envision unit microprocessors have been programmed to disengage the hot water generator pump during such conditions. (During low capacity cooling operation, the pump will operate only if the DHW temperature entering the unit is less than the liquid line temperature plus 35° F. During high capacity cooling operation, the pump will operate only if the DHW temperature is less than the liquid line temperature plus 60° F.) Using a preheat tank, as shown in Figure 12, will maximize hot water generator capabilities.

Water Tank Preparation

To install a unit with a hot water generator, follow these installation guidelines.

1. Turn off the power to the water heater.
2. Attach a water hose to the water tank drain connection and run the other end of the hose to an open drain or outdoors.
3. Close the cold water inlet valve to the water heater tank.
4. Drain the tank by opening the valve on the bottom of the tank, then open the pressure relief valve or hot water faucet.
5. Flush the tank by opening the cold water inlet valve to the water heater to free the tank of sediments. Close when draining water is clear.
6. Disconnect the garden hose and remove the drain valve from the water heater.
7. Refer to Plumbing Installation and Hot Water Generator Startup.



CAUTION: Elements will burn out if energized dry.

Figure 11: Typical Hot Water Generator Installation

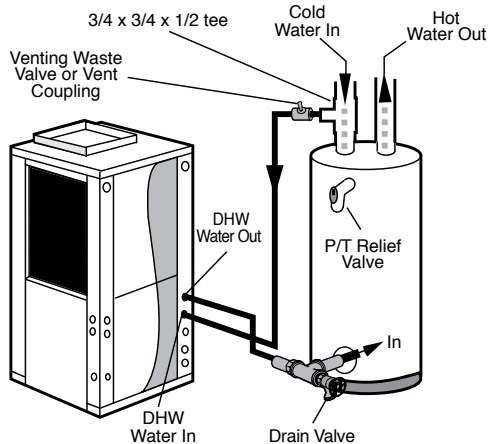
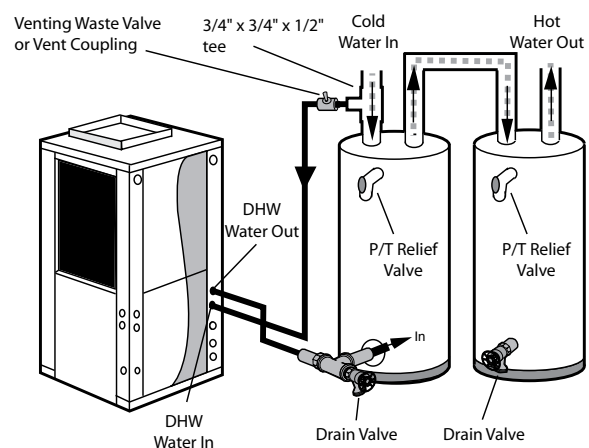


Figure 12: Hot Water Generator Installation In Preheat Tank



NOTE: This configuration maximizes hot water generator capability.

Hot Water Generator Connections cont.

Plumbing Installation

1. Inspect the dip tube in the water heater cold inlet for a check valve. If a check valve is present it must be removed or damage to the hot water generator circulator will occur.
2. Remove drain valve and fitting.
3. Thread the 3/4-inch NPT x 3-1/2-inch brass nipple into the water heater drain port.
4. Attach the center port of the 3/4-inch FPT tee to the opposite end of the brass nipple.
5. Attach the 1/2-inch copper to 3/4-inch NPT adaptor to the side of the tee closest to the unit.
6. Install the drain valve on the tee opposite the adaptor.
7. Run interconnecting tubing from the tee to DHW water out.
8. Cut the cold water "IN" line going to the water heater.
9. Insert the reducing solder tee in line with cold water "IN" line as shown.
10. Run interconnecting copper tubing between the unit DHW water "IN" and the tee (1/2-inch nominal). The recommended maximum distance is 50 feet.
11. To prevent air entrapment in the system, install a vent coupling at the highest point of the interconnecting lines.
12. Insulate all exposed surfaces of both connecting water lines with 3/8-inch wall closed cell insulation.

NOTE: All plumbing and piping connections must comply with local plumbing codes.

Hot Water Generator Startup

1. Close the drain valve to the water heater.
2. Open the cold water supply to the tank.
3. Open a hot water faucet in the building to bleed air from the system. Close when full.
4. Open the pressure relief valve to bleed any remaining air from the tank, then close.
5. If so equipped, turn the venting (burping) screw in the center of the pump two (2) turns open (water will drip out), wait until all air is purged from the pump, then tighten the plug. Use vent couplings to bleed air from the lines.
6. Carefully inspect all plumbing for water leaks and correct as required.
7. Before restoring electrical supply to the water heater, adjust the temperature setting on the tank.
 - On tanks with both upper and lower elements, the lower element should be turned down to the lowest setting, approximately 100°F. The upper element should be adjusted to 120°F to 130°F. Depending upon the specific needs of the customer, you may want to adjust the upper element differently.
 - On tanks with a single element, lower the thermostat setting to 120°F.
8. After the thermostat(s) is adjusted, replace the access cover and restore electrical supply to the water heater.
9. Make sure that any valves in the hot water generator water circulating circuit are open.
10. Turn on the unit to first stage heating.
11. The DHW pump should be running. When the pump is first started, turn the venting (burping) screw (if equipped) in the center of the pump two (2) turns open until water dribbles out, then replace. Allow the pump to run for at least five minutes to ensure that water has filled the circulator properly. Be sure the switch for the DHW pump (SW4) is "ON". The DHW "OFF" LED on the unit should not be illuminated.
12. The temperature difference between the water entering and leaving the hot water generator should be 5°F to 15°F. The water flow should be approximately 0.4 GPM per ton of nominal cooling.
13. Allow the unit to heat water for 15 to 20 minutes to be sure operation is normal.



CAUTION: Never operate the DHW circulating pump while dry. If the unit is placed in operation before the hot water generator piping is connected, be sure that the pump switch is set to the OFF position and inline fuse is removed.

Electrical Connections

General

Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase as that shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

Unit Power Connection

Connect the incoming line voltage wires to L1 and L2 of the contactor as shown in Figure 13C for single-phase unit. Consult the Unit Electrical Data in the Specification Catalog for correct fuse sizes.

Open lower front access panel. Remove ground fastener from bottom of control box (Figure 13B). Swing open control box (Figure 13A). Insert power wires through knockouts on lower left side of cabinet. Route wires through left side of control box and connect to contactor and ground (Figure 13C). Close control box and replace grounding fastener before unit start-up.

Figure 13A:
Wire access (control box open)



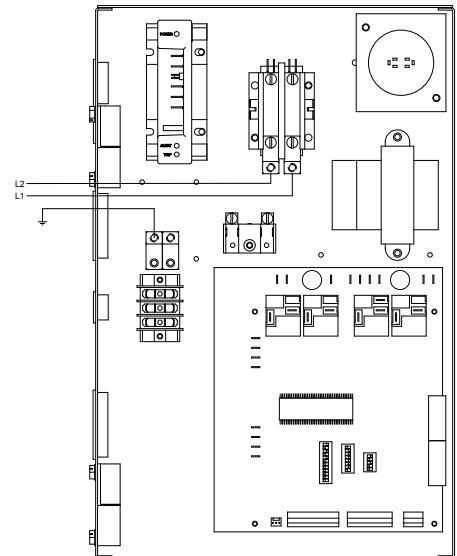
Wire Insert
Location

Figure 13B:
Wire access (control box closed)



Ground Fastener
must be installed for
proper unit ground

Figure 13C:
Line Voltage 208-230/60/1 control box



Accessory Relay

A set of “dry” contacts has been provided to control accessory devices, such as water solenoid valves on open loop installations, electronic air cleaners, humidifiers, etc. This relay contact should be used only with 24 volt signals and not line voltage power. The relay has both normally open and normally closed contacts and can operate with either the fan or the compressor. Use DIP switch SW2-3 to cycle the relay with fan or compressor. The relay contacts are available on terminals #2 and #3 of P3.

208 Volt Operation

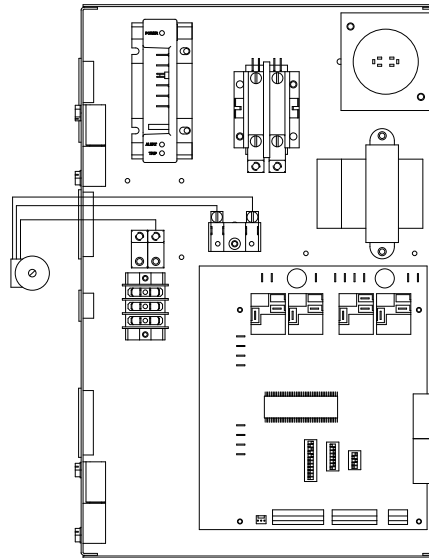
All Envision 208/230 units are factory wired for 230 volt operation. For 208 volt operation, the red and blue transformer wires must be switched on terminal strip PS.

Electrical Connections cont.

Pump Wiring

See Figure 14 for electrical connections from control box to pumps.

Figure 14: Pump Wiring 208-230/60/1

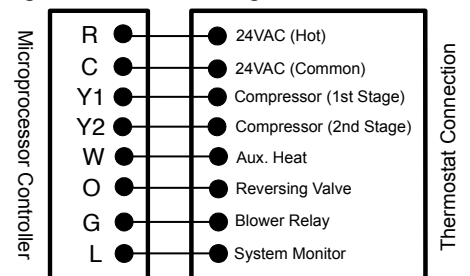


Electronic Thermostat Installation

Position the thermostat subbase against the wall so that it is level and the thermostat wires protrude through the middle of the subbase. Mark the position of the subbase mounting holes and drill holes with a 3/16-inch bit. Install supplied anchors and secure base to the wall. Thermostat wire must be 8-conductor, 18-AWG wire. Strip the wires back 1/4-inch (longer strip lengths may cause shorts) and insert the thermostat wires into the connector as shown. Tighten the screws to insure secure connections. The thermostat has the same type connectors, requiring the same wiring. See instructions enclosed in the thermostat for detailed installation and operation information.

Note: DIP switch SW2-8 is required to be in the "OFF" position for the control to operate with FaultFlash or ComforTalk thermostats. SW2-8 in the "ON" position configures the control to operate with typical thermostats (continuous lockout signal). There must be a wire connecting Y2 on the microprocessor controller to 2nd stage compressor on the thermostat for proper operation.

Figure 15: Thermostat Wiring



Auxiliary Heat Ratings

Model	KW		Stages	BTU/HR		Min CFM	Envision Series Compatibility			
	208V	230V		208V	230V		022	026 - 030	036 - 042	048 - 072
EAM(H)5	3.6	4.8	1	12,300	16,300	450	•	•		
EAM(H)8	5.7	7.6	2	19,400	25,900	550	•	•		
EAM(H)10	7.2	9.6	2	24,600	32,700	650		•		
EAL(H)10	7.2	9.6	2	24,600	32,700	1100			•	•
EAL(H)15	10.8	14.4	3	36,900	49,100	1250			•	•
EAL(H)20	14.4	19.2	4	49,200	65,500	1500				•

"H" is used in part number for horizontal units

Electrical Data

Single Speed ECM2

Model	Rated Voltage	Voltage Min/Max	Compressor				HWG Pump FLA	Ext Loop FLA	Fan Motor FLA	Total Unit FLA	Min Circ Amp	Max Fuse/HACR
			MCC	RLA	LRA	LRA**						
022	208-230/60/1	197/254	14.0	9.0	48.0	17.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	18.8	21.0	30
030	208-230/60/1	197/254	20.0	12.8	58.3	21.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	22.6	25.8	35
036	208-230/60/1	197/254	22.0	14.1	73.0	26.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	23.9	27.4	40
036*	208-230/60/1	197/254	22.0	14.1	73.0	26.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	26.9	30.4	40
042	208-230/60/1	197/254	26.0	16.6	79.0	28.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	26.4	30.6	45
042*	208-230/60/1	197/254	26.0	16.6	79.0	28.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	29.4	33.6	50
048	208-230/60/1	197/254	31.0	19.8	109.0	38.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	29.6	34.6	50
048*	208-230/60/1	197/254	31.0	19.8	109.0	38.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	32.6	37.6	50
060	208-230/60/1	197/254	41.2	26.4	134.0	47.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	39.2	45.8	70
070	208-230/60/1	197/254	47.0	30.1	158.0	55.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	42.9	50.4	80

5/6/09

Dual Capacity ECM2

Model	Rated Voltage	Voltage Min/Max	Compressor				HWG Pump FLA	Ext Loop FLA	Fan Motor FLA	Total Unit FLA	Min Circ Amp	Max Fuse/HACR
			MCC	RLA	LRA	LRA**						
026	208-230/60/1	197/254	16.0	10.2	52.0	18.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	20.0	22.6	30
038	208-230/60/1	197/254	26.0	16.6	82.0	29.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	26.4	30.6	45
038*	208-230/60/1	197/254	26.0	16.6	82.0	29.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	29.4	33.6	50
049	208-230/60/1	197/254	33.0	21.1	96.0	34.0	0.4	5.4	4.0	30.9	36.2	50
049*	208-230/60/1	197/254	33.0	21.1	96.0	34.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	33.9	39.2	60
064	208-230/60/1	197/254	40.0	25.6	118.0	41.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	38.4	44.8	70
072	208-230/60/1	197/254	42.5	27.2	150.0	53.0	0.4	5.4	7.0	40.0	46.8	70

5/6/09

Single Speed PSC

Model	Rated Voltage	Voltage Min/Max	Compressor				HWG Pump FLA	Ext Loop FLA	Fan Motor FLA	Total Unit FLA	Min Circ Amp	Max Fuse/HACR
			MCC	RLA	LRA	LRA**						
NS022	208-230/60/1	197/253	14.0	9.0	48.0	17.0	0.4	5.4	1.2	16.0	18.2	25
NS022*	208-230/60/1	197/253	14.0	9.0	48.0	17.0	0.4	5.4	1.5	16.3	18.5	25
NS030	208-230/60/1	197/253	20.0	12.8	58.3	21.0	0.4	5.4	1.5	20.1	23.3	35
NS030*	208-230/60/1	197/253	20.0	12.8	58.3	21.0	0.4	5.4	2.8	21.4	24.6	35
NS036	208-230/60/1	197/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	26.0	0.4	5.4	2.8	22.7	26.2	40
NS036*	208-230/60/1	197/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	26.0	0.4	5.4	3.5	23.4	26.9	40
NS042	208-230/60/1	197/253	26.0	16.6	79.0	28.0	0.4	5.4	3.5	25.9	30.1	45
NS042*	208-230/60/1	197/253	26.0	16.6	79.0	28.0	0.4	5.4	4.6	27.0	31.2	45
NS048	208-230/60/1	197/253	31.0	19.8	109.0	38.0	0.4	5.4	3.5	29.1	34.1	50
NS048*	208-230/60/1	197/253	31.0	19.8	109.0	38.0	0.4	5.4	4.6	30.2	35.2	50
NS060	208-230/60/1	197/253	41.2	26.4	134.0	47.0	0.4	5.4	5.9	38.1	44.7	70
NS070	208-230/60/1	197/253	47.0	30.1	158.0	55.0	0.4	5.4	5.9	41.8	49.3	70

NOTES:

* With optional 1 HP ECM2 motor

** With optional IntelliStart™

Rated voltage of 208/230/60/1

Min/Max voltage on 197/254

All fuses Class RK-5

HACR circuit breaker in USA only

5/6/09

Fan Performance Data - PSC

Standard PSC Motor

Model	Fan Spd	Blower Size	Motor HP	Airflow (cfm) at External Static Pressure (in. wg)															
				0	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
022	H	9 x 7	1/5	1110	1095	1080	1065	1045	1020	995	970	945	915	880	810	-	-	-	-
	M			850	845	835	825	815	805	795	775	755	735	715	-	-	-	-	-
	L			750	745	740	735	725	715	700	685	670	650	630	-	-	-	-	-
030	H	9 x 7	1/3	1290	1270	1245	1220	1190	1160	1125	1090	1055	1020	985	880	760	-	-	-
	M			1100	1090	1075	1060	1045	1020	995	970	940	910	875	785	625	-	-	-
	L			910	905	900	895	885	875	865	850	835	810	780	710	560	-	-	-
036	H	9 x 7	1/2	1665	1640	1610	1580	1550	1515	1480	1450	1415	1315	1215	1090	980	-	-	-
	M			1465	1445	1425	1400	1375	1350	1325	1260	1190	1140	1090	990	890	-	-	-
	L			1130	1115	1100	1090	1075	1035	995	965	930	895	860	795	730	-	-	-
042	H	10 x 10	1/2	2010	1975	1940	1905	1870	1825	1780	1735	1690	1640	1590	1470	1210	-	-	-
	M			1670	1650	1630	1610	1590	1560	1530	1495	1460	1425	1390	1190	1080	-	-	-
	L			1220	1215	1210	1295	1200	1180	1160	1130	1100	1060	1020	930	-	-	-	-
048	H	10 x 10	1/2	2010	1975	1940	1905	1870	1825	1780	1735	1690	1640	1590	1470	1210	-	-	-
	M			1670	1650	1630	1610	1590	1560	1530	1495	1460	1425	1390	1190	1080	-	-	-
	L			1220	1215	1210	1295	1200	1180	1160	1130	1100	1060	1020	930	-	-	-	-
060	H	11 x 10	1	2430	2400	2365	2330	2290	2255	2215	2180	2140	2095	2045	1945	1835	1715	1510	1330
	M			2265	2235	2205	2175	2145	2110	2070	2035	2000	1960	1915	1825	1730	1605	1440	1260
	L			2075	2050	2020	1995	1965	1940	1915	1885	1850	1820	1785	1720	1610	1505	1335	1175
070	H	11 x 10	1	2430	2400	2365	2330	2290	2255	2215	2180	2140	2095	2045	1945	1835	1715	1510	1330
	M			2265	2235	2205	2175	2145	2110	2070	2035	2000	1960	1915	1825	1730	1605	1440	1260
	L			2075	2050	2020	1995	1965	1940	1915	1885	1850	1820	1785	1720	1610	1505	1335	1175

Optional High Static PSC Motor

Model	Fan Spd	Blower Size	Motor HP	Airflow (cfm) at External Static Pressure (in. wg)															
				0	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
022	H	9 x 7	1/3	1290	1270	1245	1220	1190	1160	1125	1090	1055	1020	985	880	760	-	-	-
	M			1100	1090	1075	1060	1045	1020	995	970	940	910	875	785	625	-	-	-
	L			910	905	900	895	885	875	865	850	835	810	780	710	560	-	-	-
030	H	9 x 7	1/2	1365	1340	1325	1305	1280	1250	1215	1180	1140	1100	1055	960	850	-	-	-
	M			1040	1040	1035	1030	1020	1005	990	970	945	915	885	810	735	-	-	-
	L			880	880	880	880	875	870	860	840	820	800	775	730	480	-	-	-
036	H	9 x 7	1/2	1930	1905	1875	1840	1805	1765	1725	1680	1635	1530	1425	1270	1150	1025	-	-
	M			1635	1620	1600	1580	1555	1530	1505	1465	1425	1335	1240	1135	1035	775	-	-
	L			1230	1230	1225	1215	1200	1165	1130	1095	1060	1035	1005	935	795	675	-	-
042	H	10 x 10	3/4	2115	2075	2035	1980	1920	1900	1880	1840	1795	1730	1660	1390	1225	1070	-	-
	M			2005	1980	1950	1910	1865	1815	1765	1725	1685	1585	1485	1315	1140	1025	-	-
	L			1860	1835	1805	1780	1750	1715	1675	1635	1590	1540	1490	1260	1115	980	-	-
048	H	10 x 10	3/4	2115	2075	2035	1980	1920	1900	1880	1840	1795	1730	1660	1390	1225	1070	-	-
	M			2005	1980	1950	1910	1865	1815	1765	1725	1685	1585	1485	1315	1140	1025	-	-
	L			1860	1835	1805	1780	1750	1715	1675	1635	1590	1540	1490	1260	1115	980	-	-

Factory settings are in Bold

High-Static option not available for 060 and 070

Air flow values are with dry coil and standard filter

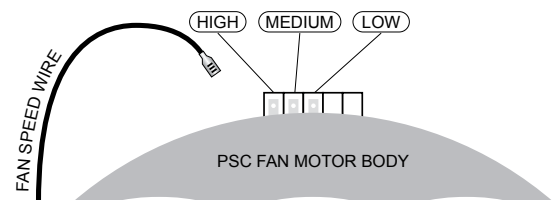
For wet coil performance first calculate the face velocity of the air coil (Face Velocity [fpm] = Airflow [cfm] / Face Area [sq ft]).

Then for velocities of 200 fpm reduce the static capability by 0.03 in. wg, 300 fpm by 0.08 in. wg, 400 fpm by 0.12 in. wg.

Setting Fan Speed - PSC



CAUTION: Disconnect all power before performing this operation.



Fan Performance Data - ECM2

Single Speed

MODEL	MAX ESP	AIR FLOW DIP SWITCH SETTINGS											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
022	0.50		400	500 L	600 M	700	800 H	900	1000	1100	1200		
030	0.50		400	500 L	600	700 M	800	900 H	1000	1100	1200		
036	0.50	650	750	850 L	1000	1100 M	1200	1300 H	1400	1500			
036 w/1hp*	0.75	800	1000 L	1100 M	1300 H	1500	1600	1800					
042	0.50	650	800	900 L	1050	1150 M	1250	1350	1450 H	1550			
042 w/1hp*	0.75	800	900 L	1000	1200 M	1400 H	1600	1700	1850	2000	2200	2300	2400
048	0.50	650	800	900 L	1050 L	1150	1250	1350 M	1450	1550 H			
048 w/1hp*	0.75	800	900	1000 L	1200	1400 M	1600 H	1700	1850	2000	2200	2300	2400
060	0.75	800	950	1100 L	1300	1500 M	1750	1950 H	2100	2300			
070	0.75	800	950	1100 L	1300	1500	1750 M	1950	2100 H	2300			

5/30/06

Factory settings are at recommended L-M-H DIP switch locations
M-H settings MUST be located within boldface CFM range
Lowest and Highest DIP switch settings are assumed to be L and H respectively

CFM is controlled within $\pm 5\%$ up to the maximum ESP
Max ESP includes allowance for wet coil and standard filter

Dual Capacity

MODEL	MAX ESP	AIR FLOW DIP SWITCH SETTINGS											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
026	0.50		400	500 L	600	700 M	800	900 H	1000	1100	1200		
038	0.50	650	750 L	850	1000	1100 M	1200	1300 H	1400	1500			
038 w/1hp*	0.75	800 L	1000	1100 M	1300 H	1500	1600	1800					
049	0.50	650	800 L	900	1050	1150	1250	1350 M	1450	1550 H			
049 w/1hp*	0.75	800 L	900	1000	1200	1400 M	1600 H	1700	1850	2000	2200	2300	2400
064	0.75	800	950 L	1100	1300	1500 M	1750	1950 H	2100	2300			
072	0.75	800	950 L	1100 L	1300	1500	1750 M	1950	2100 H	2300			

5/30/06

Factory settings are at recommended L-M-H DIP switch locations
M-H settings MUST be located within boldface CFM range
Lowest and Highest DIP switch settings are assumed to be L and H respectively

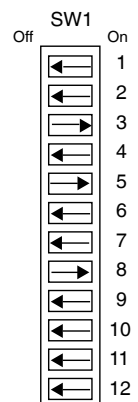
CFM is controlled within $\pm 5\%$ up to the maximum ESP
Max ESP includes allowance for wet coil and standard filter

A 12-position DIP switch package on the control allows the airflow levels to be set for low, medium, and high speed when using the ECM2 blower motor. Only three of the DIP switches can be in the "on" position.

- The first "on" switch (the lowest position number) determines the low speed fan setting.
- The second "on" switch determines the medium speed fan setting.
- The third "on" switch determines the high speed fan setting.

The example to the right shows SW1 on the control board configured for the following NS042 airflow settings.

- Low Speed Fan: 900 CFM
- Medium Speed Fan: 1150 CFM
- High Speed Fan: 1450 CFM



Setting Fan Speed - ECM2

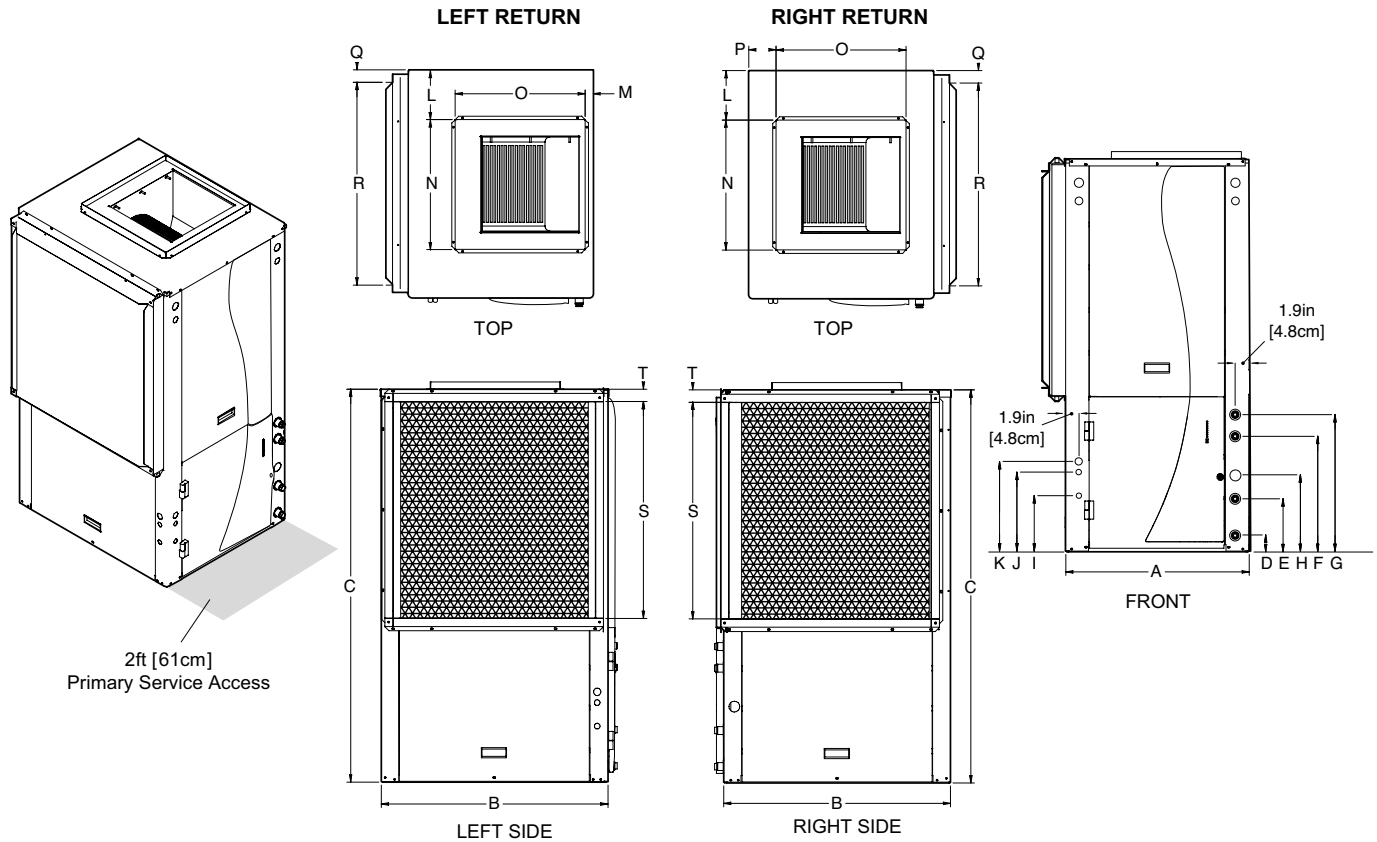
ECM2 fan motors have a 12-speed selector dip switch on the logic board (SW1) and are factory set for optimum performance. To change speeds, select the appropriate speeds on dip switch SW1. Consult the ECM2 fan performance table below for specific airflow and switch information.



CAUTION: Disconnect all power before performing this operation.

Vertical Dimensional Data

Top Air Discharge



Vertical Models	Overall Cabinet			Water Connections							Electrical Knockouts			Discharge Connection duct flange installed (±0.10 in)					Return Connection using std deluxe filter rack (±0.10 in)			
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Loop		I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
	Width	Depth	Height*	In	Out	HWG In	HWG Out	Cond-ensate	Water FPT	HWG FPT	1/2" cond	1/2" cond	3/4" cond			Supply Width	Supply Depth		Return Depth	Return Height		
022-030	in.	22.5	26.5	48.5	2.0	7.0	13.5	16.5	10.2		8.5	10.4	11.8	6.1	0.8	14.0	14.0	4.4	1.7	22.2	26.0	1.7
	cm.	57.2	67.2	123.2	5.0	17.7	34.2	41.8	26.0		21.6	26.4	29.8	15.5	2.1	35.6	35.6	11.1	4.2	56.3	66.0	4.4
036-038	in.	25.6	31.6	50.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6		8.0	11.3	12.8	6.9	1.1	18.0	18.0	3.8	1.7	28.1	26.0	1.7
	cm.	65.0	80.2	128.0	5.7	18.4	40.3	47.9	26.8		20.3	28.6	32.4	17.5	2.8	45.7	45.7	9.6	4.4	71.2	66.0	4.3
042-049	in.	25.6	31.6	54.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6		8.0	11.3	12.8	6.9	1.1	18.0	18.0	3.8	1.7	28.1	30.0	1.7
	cm.	65.0	80.2	138.2	5.7	18.4	40.3	47.9	26.8		20.3	28.6	32.4	17.5	2.8	45.7	45.7	9.6	4.4	71.2	76.2	4.3
060-072	in.	25.6	31.6	58.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6		8.0	11.3	12.8	6.9	1.1	18.0	18.0	3.8	1.7	28.1	34.0	1.7
	cm.	65.0	80.2	148.3	5.7	18.4	40.3	47.9	26.8		20.3	28.6	32.4	17.5	2.8	45.7	45.7	9.6	4.4	71.2	86.4	4.3

Condensate is 3/4" PVC female glue socket and is switchable from side to front

Vertical unit shipped with deluxe 2" (field adjustable to 1") duct collar/filter rack extending from unit 3.25" and is suitable for duct connection.

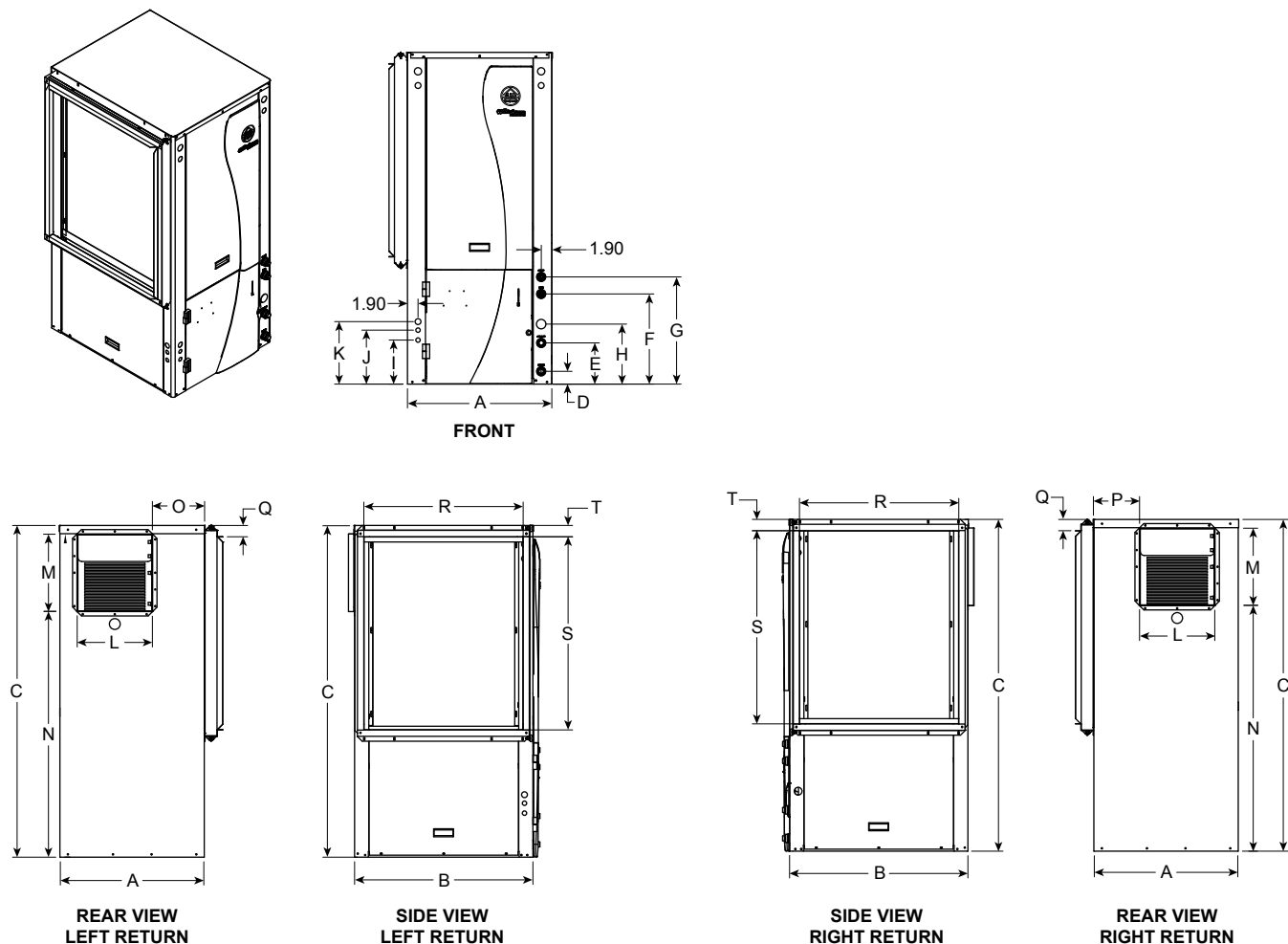
Discharge flange is field installed and extends 1" [25.4 mm] from cabinet

Decorative molding and water connections extend 1.2" [30.5mm] beyond front of cabinet.

Rev.: 07/19/06 B

Vertical Dimensional Data

Rear Air Discharge



Vertical Topflow Model		Overall Cabinet			Water Connections							Electrical Connections		
		A Width	B Depth	C Height	D Loop In	E Loop Out	F HWG In	G HWG Out	H Condensate	Loop Water FPT	HWG FPT	I 1/2" cond Low Voltage	J 1/2" cond Ext Pump	K 3/4" cond Power Supply
036-038	in.	25.6	31.6	50.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6	1" Swivel	1" Swivel	8.0	11.3	12.8
	cm.	65.0	80.3	128.0	5.8	18.5	40.4	48.0	26.9			20.3	28.7	32.5
042-049	in.	25.6	31.6	54.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6	1" Swivel	1" Swivel	8.0	11.3	12.8
	cm.	65.0	80.3	138.2	5.8	18.5	40.4	48.0	26.9			20.3	28.7	32.5
060-072	in.	25.6	31.6	58.4	2.3	7.3	15.9	18.9	10.6	1" Swivel	1" Swivel	8.0	11.3	12.8
	cm.	65.0	80.3	148.3	5.8	18.5	40.4	48.0	26.9			20.3	28.7	32.5

Vertical Topflow Model	Discharge Connection duct flange installed (±0.10 in)						Return Connection using std deluxe filter rack (±0.10 in)			
	L Supply Width	M Supply Depth	N	O	P	Q	R Return Depth	S Return Height	T	
036-038	in.	13.3	13.6	35.4	9.1	8.1	1.7	28.1	26.0	1.7
	cm.	33.8	34.5	89.9	23.1	20.6	4.3	71.4	66.0	4.3
042-049	in.	13.3	13.6	39.4	9.1	8.1	1.7	28.1	30.0	1.7
	cm.	33.8	34.5	100.1	23.1	20.6	4.3	71.4	76.2	4.3
060-072	in.	13.3	13.6	43.4	9.1	8.1	1.7	28.1	34.0	1.7
	cm.	33.8	34.5	110.2	23.1	20.6	4.3	71.4	86.4	4.3

Condensate is 3/4 in. PVC female glue socket and is switchable from side to front

Unit shipped with deluxe 2 in. (field adjustable to 1 in.) duct collar/filter rack extending from unit 3.25 in. and is suitable for duct connection.

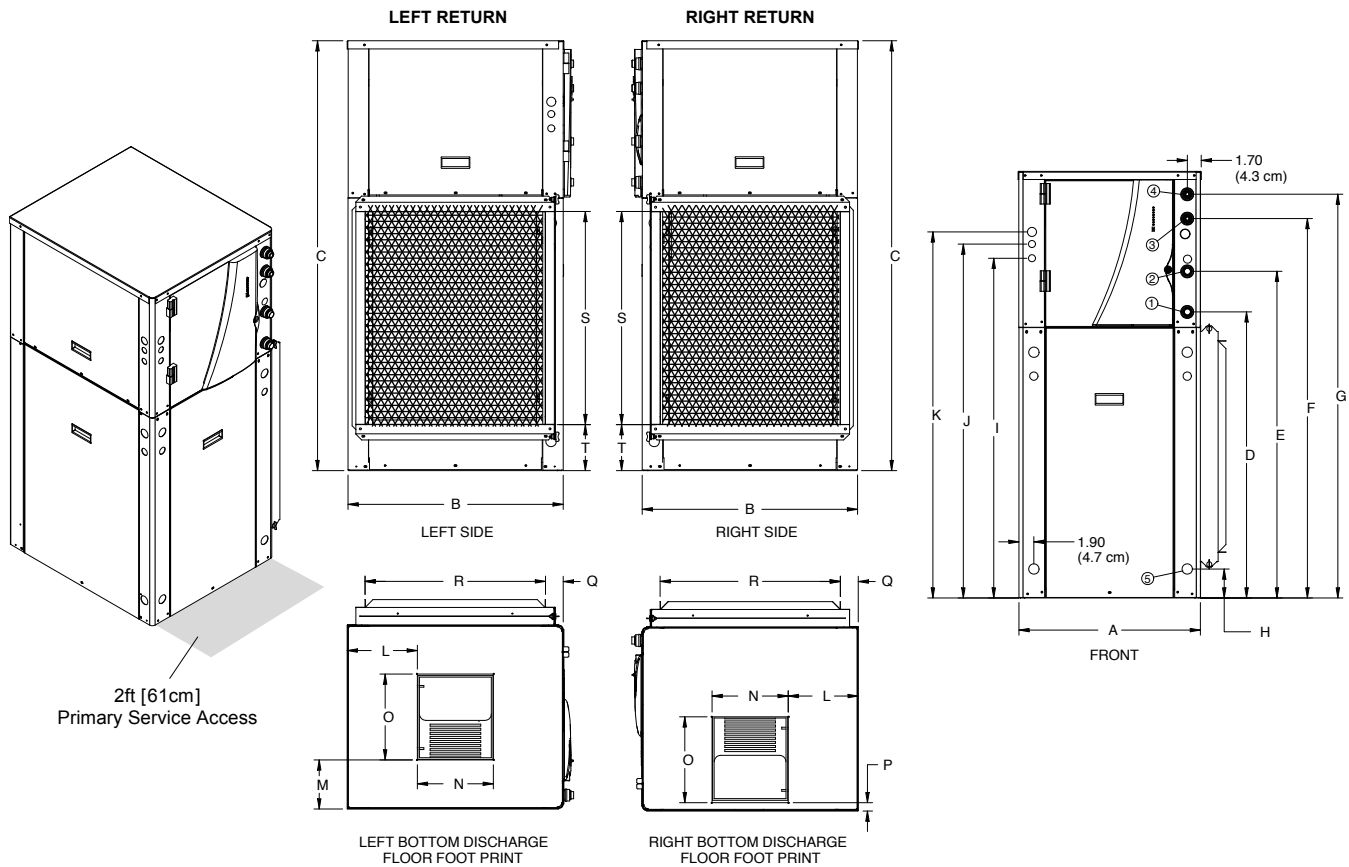
Discharge flange is field installed and extends 1 in. [25.4 mm] from cabinet

Decorative molding and water connections extend 1.2 in. [30.5 mm] beyond front of cabinet.

8/6/08

Vertical Dimensional Data

Bottom Air Discharge



Bottomflow Models		Overall Cabinet			Water Connections							Electrical Knockouts			Discharge Connection duct flange installed (±0.10 in)					Return Connection using std deluxe filter rack (±0.10 in)			
					1	2	3	4	5	Loop Water FPT	HWG FPT	I	J	K	L	M	N Supply Width	O Supply Depth	P	Q	R Return Depth	S Return Height	T
		D	E	F	G	H	1/2" cond	1/2" cond	3/4" cond														
		A	B	C	In	Out	HWG In	HWG Out	Condensate			Low Voltage	Ext Pump	Power Supply									
022-030	in.	22.5	26.5	52.5	35.3	40.2	46.7	49.7	3.6	1" Swivel	1" Swivel	41.9	43.6	45.1	8.6	6.0	9.3	10.5	1.0	2.2	22.2	26.0	5.6
	cm.	57.2	67.3	133.4	89.7	102.1	118.6	126.2	9.1			106.4	110.7	114.6	21.8	15.2	23.6	26.7	2.5	5.6	56.4	66.0	14.2
036-072	in.	25.5	31.5	62.5	43.4	48.4	57.0	60.0	3.6	1" Swivel	1" Swivel	48.9	50.8	52.2	9.1	4.8	13.4	13.6	1.5	1.8	28.1	34.0	5.6
	cm.	64.8	80.0	158.8	110.2	122.9	144.8	152.4	9.1			124.2	129.0	132.6	23.1	12.2	34.0	34.5	3.8	4.6	71.4	86.4	14.2

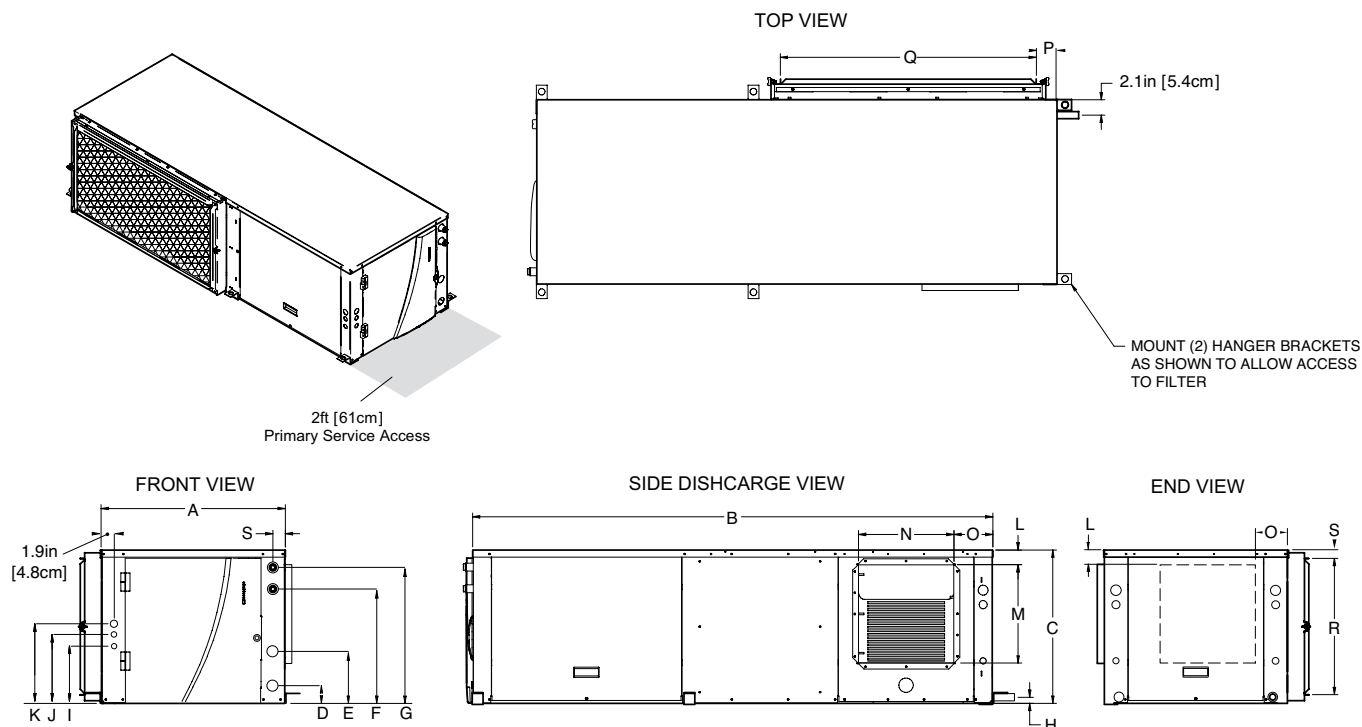
Condensate is 3/4" PVC female glue socket and is switchable from side to front

Vertical bottomflow unit shipped with deluxe 2" (field adjustable to 1") duct collar/filter rack extending from unit 3.25" and is suitable for duct connection.

Decorative molding and water connections extend 1.2" (30.5mm) beyond front of cabinet

Rev : 09/27/07

Horizontal Dimensional Data



AS SHOWN LR UNIT (RR UNIT ON OPPOSITE SIDE—SAME DIMENSIONS)

Horizontal Models	Overall Cabinet			Water Connections							Electrical Knockouts			Discharge Connection duct flange installed (±0.10 in)				Return Connection using std deluxe filter rack (±0.10 in)			
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Loop		I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S
	Width	Depth	Height*	In	Out	HWG In	HWG Out	Condensate	Water FPT	HWG FPT	1/2" cond Low Voltage	1/2" cond Ext Pump	3/4" cond Power Supply		Supply Height	Supply Depth			Return Depth	Return Height	
022-030	in. cm.	22.5 57.2	63.0 160.0	19.3 49.0	2.0 5.0	7.0 17.7	13.5 34.2	16.5 41.8	0.8 2.1	1" Swivel	8.8 22.2	9.4 24.0	11.8 30.0	2.3 5.8	10.5 26.5	9.4 23.8	5.8 14.7	2.8 7.0	30.5 77.3	16.9 42.9	1.3 3.3
036-038	in. cm.	25.6 65.0	72.0 182.9	21.3 54.1	2.3 5.7	7.3 18.4	15.9 40.3	18.9 47.9	0.8 2.1	1" Swivel	8.8 22.2	9.4 24.0	11.8 30.0	SEE CHART	13.6 34.6	13.2 33.5	SEE CHART	2.8 7.0	35.5 90.0	18.9 47.9	1.3 3.3
042-049	in. cm.	25.6 65.0	77.0 195.6	21.3 54.1	2.3 5.7	7.3 18.4	15.9 40.3	18.9 47.9	0.8 2.1	1" Swivel	8.8 22.2	9.4 24.0	11.8 30.0	SEE CHART	13.6 34.6	13.2 33.5	SEE CHART	2.8 7.0	40.4 102.5	18.9 47.9	1.3 3.3
060-072	in. cm.	25.6 65.0	82.0 208.3	21.3 54.1	2.3 5.7	7.3 18.4	15.9 40.3	18.9 47.9	0.8 2.1	1" Swivel	8.8 22.2	9.4 24.0	11.8 30.0	SEE CHART	13.6 34.6	13.2 33.5	SEE CHART	2.8 7.0	45.4 115.2	18.9 47.9	1.3 3.3

Rev: 07/18/06 B

Units Not Shown Above		L	O
Right Return End Discharge	in.	2.8	4.6
	cm.	7.1	11.8
Right Return Side Discharge	in.	4.9	6.9
	cm.	12.4	17.5
Left Return End Discharge	in.	4.9	7.6
	cm.	12.4	19.4
Left Return Side Discharge	in.	2.8	6.9
	cm.	7.1	17.5

Condensate is 3/4" PVC female glue socket and is switchable from side to front

Horizontal unit shipped with deluxe 2" (field adjustable to 1") duct collar/filter rack extending from unit 2.88" and is suitable for duct connection.

Discharge flange is field installed and extends 1" [25.4 mm] from cabinet

Decorative molding and water connections extend 1.2" [30.5mm] beyond front of cabinet.

Physical Data - Single Speed

Model		SINGLE SPEED						
		NS022	NS030	NS036	NS042	NS048	NS060	NS070
Compressor (1 each)		Copeland Scroll						
Factory Charge R410A, oz [kg]	Vertical	62 [1.76]	62 [1.76]	82 [2.32]	82 [2.32]	98 [2.78]	110 [3.12]	146 [4.14]
Factory Charge R410A, oz [kg]	Horizontal	60 [1.70]	66 [1.87]	82 [2.32]	82 [2.32]	98 [2.78]	94 [2.67]	122 [3.46]
Fan Motor & Blower								
Fan Motor Type/Speeds	ECM	ECM Variable Speed						
	PSC	PSC 3 Speeds						
Fan Motor- hp [W]	ECM	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1 [746]	1 [746]
	PSC	1/5 [149]	1/3 [249]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1 [746]	1 [746]
Optional - Oversized PSC Fan Motor - hp [W]	PSC	1/3 [249]	1/3 [249]	1/2 [373]	3/4 [560]	3/4 [560]	Not Available	Not Available
Blower Wheel Size (Dia x W), in [mm]	ECM	9 x 7 [229 x 178]	9 x 7 [229 x 178]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]
	PSC	9 x 7 [229 x 178]	9 x 7 [229 x 178]	10 x 10 [254 x 254]	10 x 10 [254 x 254]	10 x 10 [254 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]
Coax and Water Piping								
Water Connections Size - Swivel - in [mm]		1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]
HWG Connection Size - Swivel - in [mm]		1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]	1 [25.4]
Coax & Piping Water Volume - gal [l]		0.7 [2.6]	1.0 [3.8]	1.3 [4.9]	1.3 [4.9]	1.6 [6.1]	1.6 [6.1]	2.3 [8.7]
Vertical								
Air Coil Dimensions (H x W), in [mm]		28 x 20 [711 x 542]	28 x 20 [711 x 542]	28 x 25 [711 x 635]	32 x 25 [813 x 635]	32 x 25 [813 x 635]	36 x 25 [914 x 635]	36 x 25 [914 x 635]
Air Coil Total Face Area, ft ² [m ²]		3.9 [0.362]	3.9 [0.362]	4.9 [0.451]	5.6 [0.570]	5.6 [0.570]	6.3 [0.641]	6.3 [0.641]
Air Coil Tube Size, in [mm]		3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]
Air Coil Number of rows		3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Filter Standard - 2 in [51 mm] Pleated MERV 11 Throwaway, in [mm]		28 x 24 [712 x 610]	28 x 24 [712 x 610]	28 x 30 [712 x 762]	32 x 30 [813 x 762]	32 x 30 [813 x 762]	36 x 30 [914 x 762]	36 x 30 [914 x 762]
Weight - Operating, lb [kg]		305 [138]	320 [145]	365 [166]	380 [172]	420 [190]	455 [206]	480 [218]
Weight - Packaged, lb [kg]		315 [143]	330 [150]	375 [170]	390 [177]	430 [195]	465 [211]	490 [222]
Horizontal								
Air Coil Dimensions (H x W), i. [mm]		18 x 30 [457 x 762]	18 x 30 [457 x 762]	20 x 35 [508 x 889]	20 x 40 [508 x 1016]	20 x 40 [508 x 1016]	20 x 45 [508 x 1143]	20 x 45 [508 x 1143]
Air Coil Total Face Area, ft ² [m ²]		3.9 [0.362]	3.9 [0.362]	4.9 [0.451]	5.6 [0.570]	5.6 [0.570]	6.3 [0.641]	6.3 [0.641]
Air Coil Tube Size, in [mm]		3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]
Air Coil Number of rows		3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Filter Standard - 2 in [51 mm] Pleated MERV 11 Throwaway, in [mm]		1 - 18 x 32 [457 x 813]	1 - 18 x 32 [457 x 813]	1 - 20 x 37 [686 x 940]	1 - 20 x 20 [508 x 508] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]	1 - 20 x 20 [508 x 508] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]	1 - 20 x 25 [508 x 635] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]	1 - 20 x 25 [508 x 635] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]
Weight - Operating, lb [kg]		307 [139]	322 [146]	370 [168]	385 [175]	425 [193]	460 [209]	485 [220]
Weight - Packaged, lb [kg]		322 [146]	337 [153]	385 [175]	400 [181]	440 [200]	475 [215]	500 [227]

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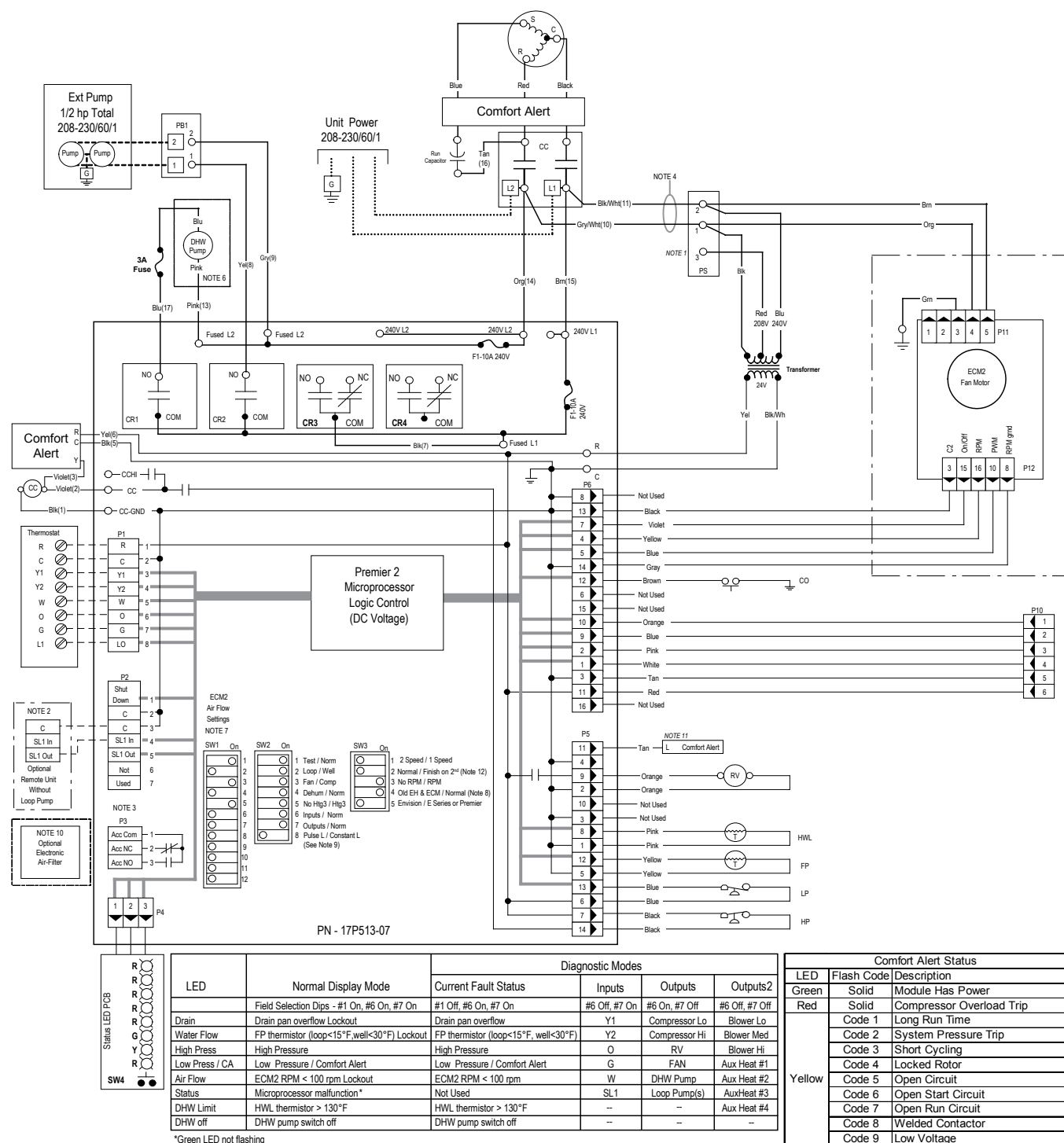
Physical Data - Dual Capacity

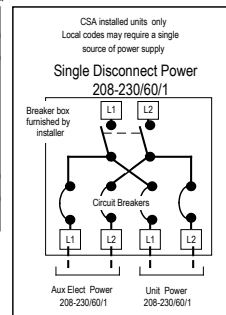
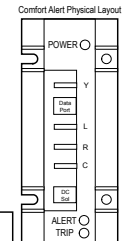
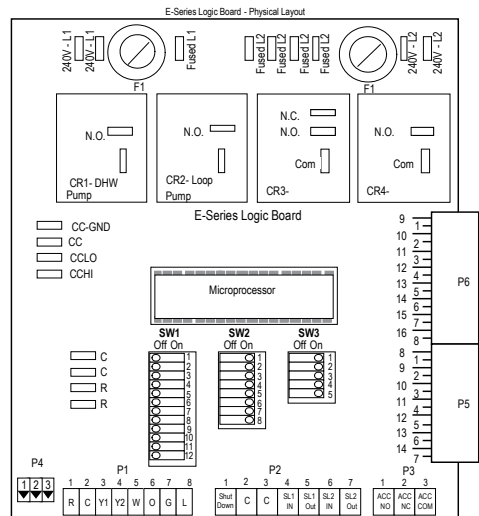
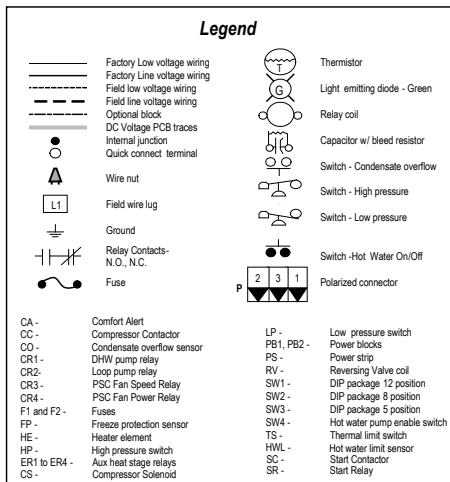
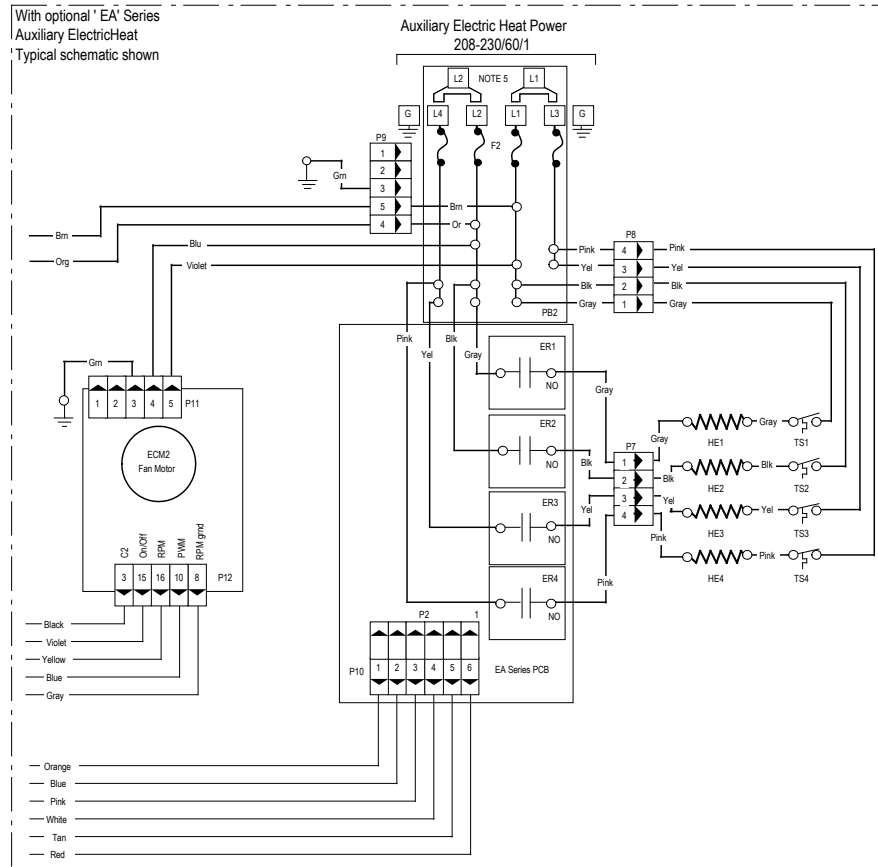
Model	DUAL CAPACITY				
	026	038	049	064	072
Compressor (1 each)	Copeland 2-speed Scroll, UltraTech				
Factory Charge R410a, oz [kg] Vertical	62 [1.76]	78 [2.21]	89 [2.52]	122 [3.46]	140 [3.97]
Factory Charge R410a, oz [kg] Horizontal	60 [1.70]	76 [2.16]	89 [2.52]	124 [3.52]	160 [4.54]
ECM Fan Motor & Blower					
Fan Motor Type/Speeds	ECM Variable Speed				
Fan Motor- hp [W]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1/2 [373]	1 [746]	1 [746]
Blower Wheel Size (Dia x W), in. [mm]	9 x 7 [229 x 178]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]	11 x 10 [279 x 254]
Coax and Water Piping					
Water Connections Size - Swivel - in [mm]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]
HWG Connection Size - Swivel - in [mm]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]	1" [25.4]
Coax & Piping Water Volume - gal [l]	0.7 [2.6]	1.3 [4.9]	1.6 [6.1]	1.6 [6.1]	2.3 [8.7]
Vertical					
Air Coil Dimensions (H x W), in. [mm]	28 x 20 [711 x 542]	28 x 25 [711 x 635]	32 x 25 [813 x 635]	36 x 25 [914 x 635]	36 x 25 [914 x 635]
Air Coil Total Face Area, ft2 [m2]	3.9 [0.362]	4.9 [0.451]	5.6 [0.570]	6.3 [0.641]	6.3 [0.641]
Air Coil Tube Size, in [mm]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]
Air Coil Number of rows	3	3	3	4	4
Filter Standard - 2" [51mm] Pleated MERV11 Throwaway, in [mm]	28 x 24 [712 x 610]	28 x 30 [712 x 762]	32 x 30 [813 x 762]	36 x 30 [914 x 762]	36 x 30 [914 x 762]
Weight - Operating, lb [kg]	305 [138]	370 [168]	420 [190]	465 [211]	480 [218]
Weight - Packaged, lb [kg]	315 [143]	380 [172]	430 [195]	475 [215]	490 [222]
Horizontal					
Air Coil Dimensions (H x W), in. [mm]	18 x 30 [457 x 762]	20 x 35 [508 x 889]	20 x 40 [508 x 1016]	20 x 45 [508 x 1143]	20 x 45 [508 x 1143]
Air Coil Total Face Area, ft2 [m2]	3.9 [0.362]	4.9 [0.451]	5.6 [0.570]	6.3 [0.641]	6.3 [0.641]
Air Coil Tube Size, in [mm]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]	3/8 [9.5]
Air Coil Number of rows	3	3	3	4	4
Filter Standard - 2" [51mm] Pleated MERV11 Throwaway, in [mm]	1 - 18 x 32 [457 x 813]	1 - 20 x 37 [686 x 940]	1 - 20 x 20 [508 x 508] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]	1 - 20 x 25 [508 x 635] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]	1 - 20 x 25 [508 x 635] 1 - 20 x 22 [508 x 559]
Weight - Operating, lb [kg]	307 [139]	375 [170]	425 [193]	470 [213]	485 [220]
Weight - Packaged, lb [kg]	322 [146]	390 [177]	440 [200]	485 [220]	500 [227]

NOTES: Sizes 038, 049 also available with 1HP blower motor (ECM only).

4/9/07





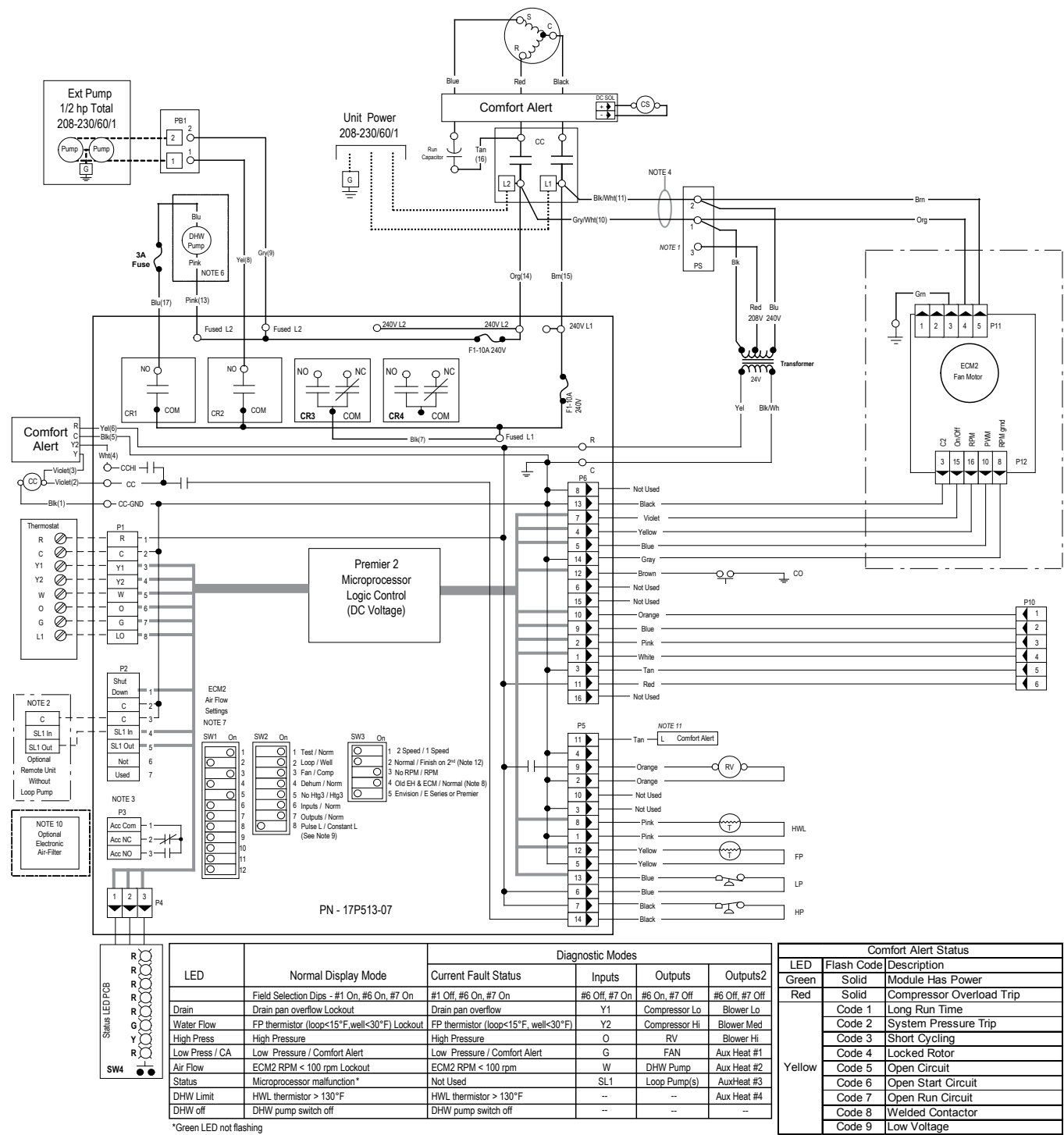


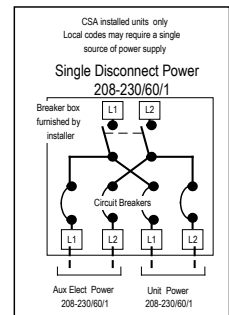
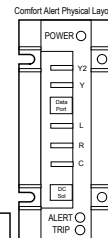
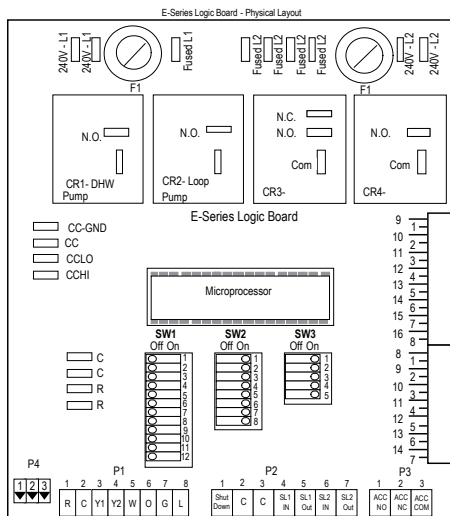
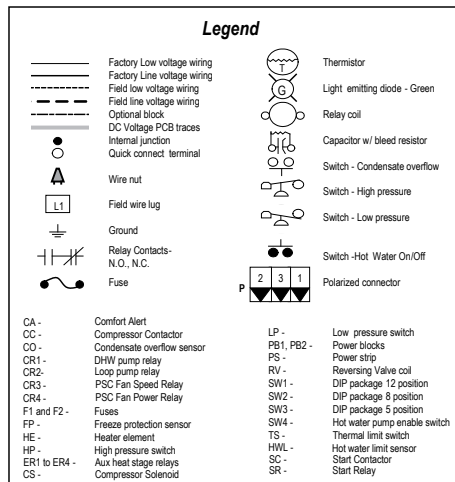
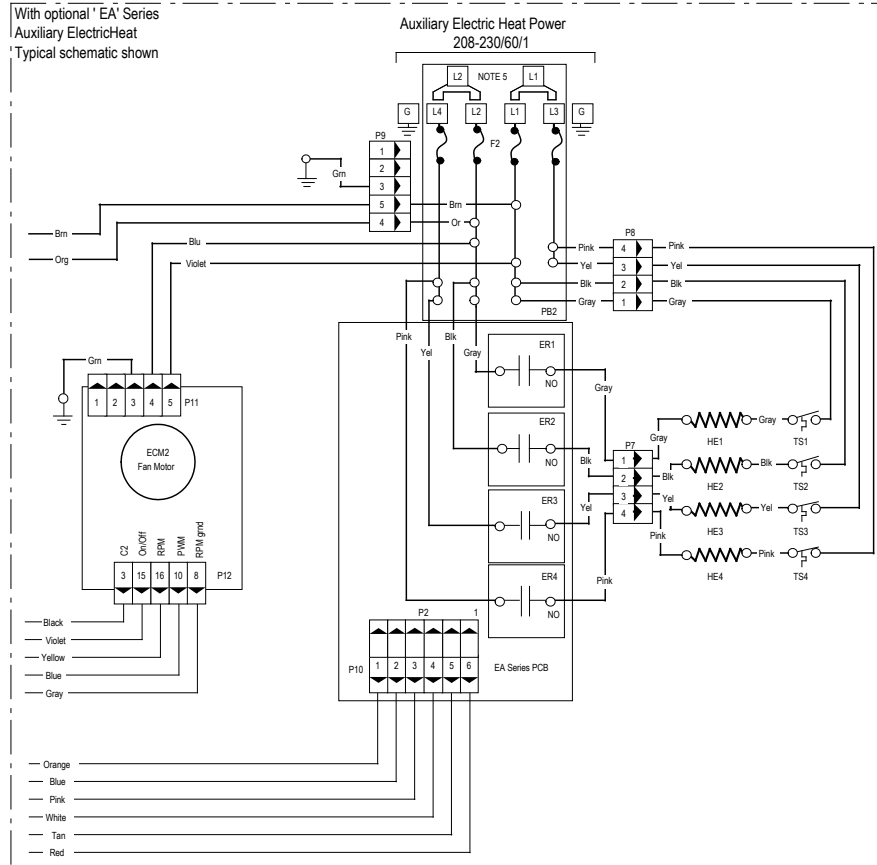
NOTES

- Switch Blue and Red wires for 208V operation.
- Connection of remote unit that does not have a loop pump for slave operation.
- 24V Accessory relay (see SW2-3 for description of operation).
- The blkwht and graywh wires are removed when Aux Heat is installed.
- Buss lugs L1 and L2 can be removed and dual power wire sets connected directly to box lugs L1, L2, and L3, L4.
- DHW pump only in models with hot water generation option.
- Air Flow Configuration Example: SW1 configured for dip 1 as low, dip 3 as medium, and dip 5 as high speed ECM2 fan.
- SW3-4 should be in the OFF position when using ECM motor and 17P501A01 electric heat board and should be ON when using ECM2 with 17P514A01 electric heat board.
- SW2-8 must be in the OFF position for pulsed "L" lockout signal and in the ON position for constant "L" lockout signal.
- When optional electronic air-filter is installed, power for the electronic air-filter is provided by P2-2 and 24 VAC.
- Comfort Alert fault output to Premier Control Board.
- This switch allows the unit to down stage with the t-stat when off and finish with second stage when on. Finish on second stage reduces stage changing in recip dual capacity compressors and should be ON for unzoned Dual Cap E Series or Premier 2 Speed.

Wiring Schematics cont.

Envision - Dual Capacity Wiring Schematic - 208-230/60/1- ECM





NOTES

- Switch Blue and Red wires for 208V operation.
- Connection of remote unit that does not have a loop pump for slave operation.
- 24V Accessory relay (see SW2-3 for description of operation).
- The blk/wh and gray/wh wires are removed when Aux Heat is installed.
- Buss lugs L1 and L2 can be removed and dual power wire sets connected directly to box lugs L1, L2, and L3, L4.
- DHW pump only in models with hot water generation option.
- Air Flow Configuration Example: SW1 configured for dip 1 as low, dip 3 as medium, and dip 5 as high speed ECM2 fan.
- SW3-4 should be in the OFF position when using ECM motor and 17P501A01 electric heat board and should be ON when using ECM2 with 17P514A01 electric heat board.
- SW2-8 must be in the OFF position for pulsed "L" lockout signal and in the ON position for constant "L" lockout signal.
- When optional electronic air-filter is installed, power for the electronic air-filter is provided by P2-2 and 24 VAC.
- Comfort Alert fault output to Premier Control Board.
- This switch allows the unit to down stage with the t-stat when off and finish with second stage when on. Finish on second stage reduces stage changing in recip dual capacity compressors and should be ON for unfused Dual Cap E Series or Premier 2 Speed.

Microprocessor Control

Startup

The unit will not operate until all the inputs and safety controls are checked for normal conditions. At first power-up, a four-minute delay is employed before the compressor is energized.

Component Sequencing Delays

Components are sequenced and delayed for optimum space conditioning performance.

Accessory Relay

An accessory relay on the control board allows for field connection of solenoid valves, electronic air cleaners, etc. The accessory relay has a normally open output and a normally closed output.

Short Cycle Protection

The control employs a minimum "off" time of four minutes to provide for short cycle protection of the compressor.

Condensate Overflow Protection

The Envision control board incorporates an impedance sensing liquid sensor at the top of the drain pan. Upon a continuous 30-second sensing of the condensate, compressor operation is suspended (see Fault Retry), and the condensate overflow lockout LED begins flashing.

Shutdown Mode

A 24VAC common signal to the "shutdown" input on the control board puts the unit into shutdown mode. Compressor, hot water pump and fan operation are suspended.

Safety Controls

The Envision control receives separate signals for a high pressure switch for safety, a low pressure switch to prevent loss of charge damage, and a low suction temperature thermistor for freeze sensing. Upon a continuous 30-second measurement of the fault (immediate for high pressure), compressor operation is suspended, the appropriate lockout LED begins flashing. (Refer to the "Fault Retry" section below.)

Testing

The Envision control allows service personnel to shorten most timing delays for faster diagnostics. (Refer to DIP switch SW2-1 in the DIP Switch Settings table.)

Fault Retry

All faults (except for low RPM faults with the ECM2 fan motor and Comfort Alert faults which result in lock-out) are retried twice before finally locking the unit out. An output

signal is made available for a fault LED at the thermostat. The "fault retry" feature is designed to prevent nuisance service calls.

Diagnostics

The Envision control board allows all inputs and outputs to be displayed on the LEDs for fast and simple control board diagnosis. (Refer to DIP Switches SW2-6 and SW2-7 in the DIP Switch Settings table.)

Resistance Heat Control (208-230 Units)

The electric heat control module contains the appropriate high-voltage control relays. Control signals energize the relays in the proper sequence, and the LED display board indicates which stages are energized.

Hot Water High Limit (Domestic Hot Water Option)

This mode occurs when the hot water input temperature is at or above 130°F for 30 continuous seconds. The DHW limit status LED on the unit illuminates and the hot water pump de-energizes. Hot water pump operations resume on the next compressor cycle or after 15 minutes of continuous compressor operation during the current thermostat demand cycle.

Hot Water Justification

Since compressor hot gas temperature is dependant on loop temperature in cooling mode, loop temperatures may be too low to allow proper heating of water. The control will monitor water and refrigerant temperatures to determine if conditions are satisfactory for heating water. The DHW limit status LED on the unit illuminates when conditions are not favorable for heating water.

Heating Operation

Heat, 1st Stage (Y1)

The fan motor is started on low speed immediately (PSC ON), the loop pump is energized 5 seconds after the "Y1" input is received, and the compressor is energized on low capacity 10 seconds after the "Y1" input. The fan is switched to medium speed 15 seconds after "Y1" input (ECM only). The hot water pump is cycled 30 seconds after the "Y1" input.

Heat, 2nd Stage (Y1,Y2) Single-Speed Units

The hot water pump is de-energized, which directs all heat to satisfying the thermostat, and the fan changes to high speed 15 seconds after the "Y2" input (ECM only).

Heat, 2nd Stage (Y1,Y2) Dual Capacity Units

The second stage compressor will be activated 5 seconds after receiving a "Y2" input as long as the minimum first stage compressor run time of 1 minute has expired. The

Microprocessor Control cont.

ECM blower changes from medium to high speed 15 seconds after the "Y2" input.

The Comfort Alert will delay the second stage compressor until 5 seconds after it receives a "Y2" from the board.

Heat, 3rd Stage (Y1,Y2,W) Single-Speed Units

The first stage of resistance heat is energized 10 seconds after "W" input, and with continuous 3rd stage demand, the additional stages of resistance heat engage sequentially every 5 minutes.

Heat, 3rd Stage (Y1,Y2,W) Dual Capacity Units

The hot water pump is de-energized which directs all heat to satisfy the thermostat. The 1st stage of resistance heat is energized 10 seconds after "W" input, and with continuous 3rd stage demand, the additional stages of resistance heat engage sequentially every 5 minutes.

Emergency Heat (W only)

The fan is started on high speed, and the first stage of resistance heat is energized 10 seconds after the "W" input. Continuing demand will engage the additional stages of resistance heat sequentially every 2 minutes.

Cooling Operation

In all cooling operations, the reversing valve directly tracks the "O" input. Thus, anytime the "O" input is present, the reversing valve will be energized.

Cool, 1st Stage (Y1,O)

The blower motor and hot water pump are started immediately, the loop pump(s) is energized 5 seconds after the "Y1" input is received. The compressor will be energized (on low capacity for Dual Capacity units) 10 seconds after the "Y1" input. The ECM blower will shift from low to medium speed 15 seconds after the "Y1" input (85% of medium speed if in dehumidification mode).

Cool, 2nd Stage (Y1, Y2, O) Single Speed Units

The fan changes to high speed (85% of high speed if in dehumidification mode) 15 seconds after the "Y2" input (ECM only).

Cool, 2nd Stage (Y1, Y2, O) Dual Capacity Units

The second stage compressor will be activated 5 seconds after receiving a "Y2" input as long as the minimum first stage compressor run time of 1 minute has expired. The ECM blower changes to high speed 15 seconds after the "Y2" input (85% of high speed if in dehumidification mode). The Comfort Alert will delay the second stage compressor until 5 seconds after it receives a "Y2" from the board.

Fan (G only)

The fan starts on low speed (PSC ON). Regardless of fan input "G" from thermostat, the fan will remain on low speed for 30 seconds at the end of each heating, cooling or emergency heat cycle.

A DIP switch on the Envision control allows field selection of 15% reduced fan speeds for cooling in the dehumidification mode or medium and high fan speeds for cooling in the normal mode.

NOTE: Fan speed can change automatically only with an ECM Motor.

ECM2 Airflow Selection DIP Switches (SW1)

A 12-position DIP switch package on the Envision control allows the airflow levels to be set for low, medium and high speed. (Refer to the ECM Blower table.)

Only three of the DIP switches can be in the "on" position. The first "on" switch (the lowest position number) determines the "low speed fan" setting. The second "on" switch determines the "medium speed fan" setting, and the third "on" switch determines the "high speed fan" setting.

Lockout Conditions

During lockout mode, the appropriate unit and thermostat lockout LEDs will illuminate. The compressor, loop pump, hot water pump, and accessory outputs are de-energized. Unless the lockout is caused by an ECM2 low RPM fault, the fan will continue to run on low speed. If the thermostat calls for heating, emergency heat operation will occur.

Comfort Alert lockouts cannot be reset at the thermostat. All other lockout modes can be reset at the thermostat after turning the unit off, then on, which restores normal operation but keeps the unit lockout LED illuminated. Interruption of power to the unit will reset a lockout without a waiting period and clear all lockout LEDs.

High Pressure

This lockout mode occurs when the normally closed safety switch is opened momentarily (set at 600 PSI).

Low Pressure

This lockout mode occurs when the normally closed low pressure switch is opened for 30 continuous seconds (set at 40 PSI). A low pressure fault may also be indicated when a Comfort Alert lockout has occurred.

Microprocessor Control cont.

Freeze Detection (Water Flow)

This lockout mode occurs when the freeze thermistor temperature is at or below the selected freeze sensing point (well 30°F or loop 15°F) for 30 continuous seconds.

Condensate Overflow

This lockout mode occurs when the condensate overflow level has been reached for 30 continuous seconds.

Fan RPM

The control board monitors fan RPM to sense operation. This lockout mode occurs if the fan RPM falls below the low RPM limit (100 RPM) for 30 continuous seconds (ECM only).

IntelliStart™

Some models shall be equipped with an optional IntelliStart. IntelliStart is a single phase soft starter which reduces the normal start current (LRA) by 60-70%. This allows the heat pump to more easily go “off grid.” Using IntelliStart will also provide a substantial reduction in light flicker, reduce start-up noise, and improve the compressor’s start behavior. The IntelliStart is self calibrating and may take several starts to optimize the compressor’s starting characteristics.

Features

- Automatic adjustment of the compressor starting current to the available supply voltage —maintaining constant starting torque and current.
- Supply line impedance monitoring and compensation.
- Automatic compensation for residual backpressure in the system.
- Monitoring of supply voltage while compressor is running to prevent motor stalling, causing excessive currents, under low voltage conditions.
- Light flicker reductions of up to 10:1 over LRA under the same conditions.

Microprocessor Control cont.

Compressor Monitoring/Comfort Alert

The Comfort Alert displays abnormal compressor conditions through a unique flash code and communicates the conditions to the heat pump microprocessor control. The heat pump microprocessor will determine which fault to act on and ignore. Fault codes 2 (system pressure), 4 (locked rotor), 6 (open start circuit), and 7 (open run circuit) will result in a lockout. All other fault codes are passive. All compressor alerts are displayed on the module by flashing the yellow Alert LED a specific number of times consecutively followed by a pause, and then repeated. The number of consecutive flashes or "Flash Code" correlates to a specific abnormal condition. The red "TRIP" LED means there is a thermostat demand signal "Y" present but the compressor is not running. The green "POWER" LED means the module has power.

Green "POWER" LED - module has power

Red "TRIP" LED - Thermostat "Y" demand signal is present, but the compressor is not running.

Comfort Alert Flash Codes		
Yellow "ALERT" LED	LED Description	Cause
Flash Code 1	Long Run Time	Eighteen consecutive hours of compressor run time
Flash Code 2	System Pressure Trip	Not applicable
Flash Code 3	Short Cycling	Compressor run time of less than 3 minutes on 4 consecutive cycles
Flash Code 4	Locked Rotor	Four consecutive compressor protector trips indicating compressor won't start
Flash Code 5	Open Circuit	"Y" thermostat demand signal with no compressor current
Flash Code 6	Open Start Circuit	"Y" thermostat demand signal with no current in the start circuit
Flash Code 7	Open Run Circuit	"Y" thermostat demand signal with no current in the run circuit
Flash Code 8	Welded Contactor	Current detected with no "Y" thermostat demand signal present
Flash Code 9	Low Voltage	Less than 17 VAC detected in control circuit

* Flash code number corresponds to a number of LED flashes, followed by a pause and then repeated.

* TRIP and ALERT LEDs flashing at the same time indicates control circuit voltage is too low for operation.

* Reset ALERT flash code by removing 24 VAC power from module.

* Last ALERT flash code is displayed for 1 minute after module is powered on.

Resetting Comfort Alert Codes

Alert codes can be reset manually by cycling power off and on to the Comfort Alert module. Alert codes will reset automatically if conditions return to normal.

Flash Code Number	LED Description	Automatic Reset of Alert Codes
Flash Code 1	Long Run Time	Thirty "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 2	System Pressure Trip	Not applicable
Flash Code 3	Short Cycling	Four "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 4	Locked Rotor	Four "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 5	Open Circuit	One "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 6	Open Start Circuit	One "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 7	Open Run Circuit	One "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 8	Welded Contactor	One "alert free" on and off cycles to reset automatically
Flash Code 9	Low Voltage	Resets when voltage rises above 19 VAC

* Reset ALERT flash code by removing 24 VAC power from module.



Microprocessor Control cont.

Thermostat Displays

Fault Flash

When using a TA32W01 or TP32W02 thermostat and SW2-8 is in the pulsing "L" position, FaultFlash will enable a user to view the thermostat and count the fault indicator flashes to determine the lockout condition the unit is experiencing.

ComfortTalk

When using a TP32U03, 04 or 05 thermostat and SW2-8 is in the pulsing "L" position, ComfortTalk will enable the user to view the thermostat and determine the fault. The thermostat can be configured to show either lockout text or lockout codes.

The LED board on the front of the unit will display all lockouts. The Low Pressure LED will flash for a low pressure condition or a Comfort Alert fault. If the low pressure lockout was caused by Comfort Alert codes 4, 6 or 7, then the Comfort Alert will be flashing. If no Comfort Alert code is visible, then it is a low pressure lockout.

The following tables show the codes that will be displayed on the different ComfortTalk and FaultFlash thermostats.

FaultFlash Thermostats

TA32W01 and TP32W02 Thermostats	
Thermostat Display Lockout Code	Lockout Description
2 Flashes	High Pressure Fault
3 Flashes	Low Pressure Fault
4 Flashes	Not Applicable
5 Flashes	Water Flow Fault
6 Flashes	Not Applicable
7 Flashes	Condensate Fault
8 Flashes	Voltage out of Range
9 Flashes	RPM Fault
10 Flashes	Comfort Alert Compressor Module Fault

Lockout code 10 - see Comfort Alert module to determine the specific flash code for compressor abnormalities.

ComfortTalk Thermostats

TP32U03, TP32U04 and TP32U05 Thermostats	
Thermostat Display Lockout Code	Lockout Description
"High Pressure" or "E2"	High Pressure Fault
"Low Pressure" or "E3"	Low Pressure Fault
"E4"	Not Applicable
"Water Flow" or "E5"	Water Flow Fault
"E6"	Not Applicable
"Condensate" or "E7"	Condensate Fault
"Voltage Range" or "E8"	Voltage out of Range
"RPM" or "E9"	RPM Fault
"Comfort Alert" or "E10"	Comfort Alert Compressor Module Fault

These thermostats can be configured to display the lockout condition "text" or error number.
 * A slow flash of 1 second on and off means the heat pump microprocessor SW2-1 is configured for "Test Mode" or thermostat is miswired.
 Lockout code 10 - see Comfort Alert module to determine the specific flash code for compressor abnormalities.

Microprocessor Control cont.

DIP Switch Settings

Prior to powering unit, ensure that all DIP switches on SW2 and SW3 are set properly according to the tables below.

FACTORY SETUP DIP SWITCHES (SW3)				
DIP SWITCH NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	OFF POSITION	ON POSITION
SW 3-	1	Dual Capacity/Single-Speed Configures the control for single-speed compressor operation or dual capacity operation.	Dual Capacity Operation	Single-Speed Operation
SW 3-	2	Zoned/Finish on Second Stage This switch allows the unit to down stage with the thermostat when off and finish with second stage when on. Finish on second stage reduces stage changing in reciprocating dual capacity compressors.	Normal - All Other Systems	Finish on 2nd - Unzoned Dual Capacity E Series or Premier 2 Speed
SW 3-	3	No RPM/RPM Configures the control to monitor the RPM output of an ECM/ECM2 blower motor. When using IntelliZone or a PSC fan motor, the control should be configured for "NO RPM" sensing.	PSC Fan/RPM Monitoring Disabled	ECM-ECM2 Fan/RPM Monitoring Enabled
SW 3-	4	Electric heat and ECM2 Allows backward compatibility with older P Series. In the Off position this switch allows older electric heat board (17P501A01) and older ECM (square end) compatibility. On is for all newer EH board (17P514A01) and ECM2 (round end).	Old EH & Old ECM	Normal
SW 3-	5	On dual capacity units this switch allows stage change: on the fly when off, and 1 minute delay when on. A delay is required on all reciprocating dual capacity units.	Envision	E Series or P Series

FACTORY SETUP DIP SWITCHES (SW2)				
DIP SWITCH NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	OFF POSITION	ON POSITION
SW 2-	1	Service Test Mode On the control, allows field selection of "NORMAL" or "TEST" operational modes. Test mode accelerates most timing functions 16 times to allow faster troubleshooting. Test mode also allows viewing the "CURRENT" status of the fault inputs on the LED display.	Test Mode	Normal Speed Operation
SW 2-	2	Freeze Detection Sensing This DIP switch allows field selection of low source water thermistor fault sensing for well water (30°F) or antifreeze-protected (15°F) earth loops.	Loop Water Freeze Detection 15° F	Well Water Freeze Detection 30° F
SW 2-	3	Accessory Relay Allows field selection of the accessory relay to operate with the compressor or fan.	Acc Relay Tracks Fan	Acc Relay Tracks Compressor
SW 2-	4	Fan Speed Control Allows field selection of reduced fan speed (85% of selected medium and high speed - ECM only) for cooling in the dehumidification mode.	Dehumidification Fan Speeds	Normal Fan Speeds
SW 2-	5	Auxiliary Off Disables 3rd-stage Heating. Full emergency heat would still be available if needed.	Disable Heating Stage 3	Enable Heating Stage 3
SW 2-	6	Diagnostics Inputs Allows viewing the inputs from the thermostat to the control board such as Y1, Y2, O, G, W, SL1-In on the LED display.	Diagnostic Inputs Viewed at LEDs	Normal Display Viewed at LEDs
SW 2-	7	Diagnostics Outputs Allows viewing the outputs from the control board such as compressor, reversing valve, blower, hot water pump, and loop pump on the LED display.	Diagnostic Outputs Viewed at LEDs	Normal Display Viewed at LEDs
SW 2-	8	Thermostat Selection Configures the control for a pulsed lockout signal (ComforTalk and FaultFlash thermostats) or continuous 5 VAC lockout signal.	Pulsed "L" signal	Continuous "L" signal

Unit Startup

Before Powering Unit, Check The Following:

NOTE: Remove and discard the two compressor hold down shipping bolts located at the front and rear of the compressor mounting bracket. The bolts can then be discarded.

- High voltage is correct and matches nameplate.
- Fuses, breakers and wire size correct.
- Low voltage wiring complete.
- Piping completed and water system cleaned and flushed.
- Air is purged from closed loop system.
- Isolation valves are open, water control valves or loop pumps wired.
- Condensate line open and correctly pitched.
- Transformer switched to 208V if applicable.
- Black/white and gray/white wires in unit control box have been removed if auxiliary heat has been installed.
- Dip switches are set correctly.
- DHW pump switch is "OFF" unless piping is completed and air has been purged.
- Blower rotates freely - foam shipping support has been removed.
- Blower speed correct (dip switch is set correctly).
- Air filter/cleaner is clean and in position.
- Service/access panels are in place.
- Return air temperature is between 50-80°F heating and 60-95°F cooling.
- Check air coil cleanliness to insure optimum performance. Clean as needed according to maintenance guidelines. To obtain maximum performance the air coil should be cleaned before startup. A 10-percent solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended for both sides of coil, a thorough water rinse should follow.

Startup Steps

NOTE: Complete the Equipment Start-Up/Commissioning Check Sheet during this procedure. Refer to thermostat operating instructions and complete the startup procedure.

1. Initiate a control signal to energize the blower motor. Check blower operation.
2. Initiate a control signal to place the unit in the cooling mode. Cooling setpoint must be set below room temperature.
3. First stage cooling will energize after a time delay.
4. Be sure that the compressor and water control valve or loop pump(s) are activated.
5. Verify that the water flow rate is correct by measuring the pressure drop through the heat exchanger using the P/T plugs and comparing to unit capacity data in specification catalog.
6. Check the temperature of both the supply and discharge water (see the Unit Operating Parameters tables).
7. Check for an air temperature drop of 15°F to 25°F across the air coil, depending on the fan speed and entering water temperature.
8. Decrease the cooling set point several degrees and verify high-speed blower operation.
9. Adjust the cooling setpoint above the room temperature and verify that the compressor and water valve or loop pumps deactivate.
10. Initiate a control signal to place the unit in the heating mode. Heating set point must be set above room temperature.
11. First stage heating will energize after a time delay.
12. Check the temperature of both the supply and discharge water (see the Unit Operating Parameters tables).
13. Check for an air temperature rise of 20°F to 35°F across the air coil, depending on the fan speed and entering water temperature.
14. If auxiliary electric heaters are installed, increase the heating setpoint until the electric heat banks are sequenced on. All stages of the auxiliary heater should be sequenced on when the thermostat is in the Emergency Heat mode. Check amperage of each element.
15. Adjust the heating setpoint below room temperature and verify that the compressor and water valve or loop pumps deactivate.
16. During all testing, check for excessive vibration, noise or water leaks. Correct or repair as required.
17. Set system to desired normal operating mode and set temperature to maintain desired comfort level.
18. Instruct the owner/operator in the proper operation of the thermostat and system maintenance.

NOTE: Be certain to fill out and forward all warranty registration papers.

Operation Logic Data

OPERATION LOGIC	HEATING				COOLING		FAN ON	SL1 - IN ON
	STG1	STG2	STG3	EMERG	STG1	STG2		
SINGLE SPEED UNITS								
Compressor	On	On	On	Off	On	On	-	-
ECM2 Normal	Med	High	High	High	Med	High	Low	-
ECM2 Dehumidify	Med	High	High	High	85% Med	85% High	Low	-
PSC	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	-
Rev Valve	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On	-	-
Loop Pump	On	On	On	Off	On	On	-	On
DHW Pump	On	Off	Off	Off	On	On	-	-
Aux Heater	Off	Off	Staged	Staged	Off	Off	-	-
Secondary 1- Out	On	On	On	Off	On	On	-	-
Emerg LED	Off	Off	Off	On	Off	Off	Off	-
T-Stat Signal	Y1	Y1, Y2	Y1, Y2, W	W	Y1, O	Y1, Y2, O	G	-
DUAL CAPACITY UNITS								
Compressor-Lo	On	Off	Off	Off	On	Off	-	-
Compressor-Hi	Off	On	On	Off	Off	On	-	-
ECM2 Normal	Med	High	High	High	Med	High	Low	-
ECM2 Dehumidify	Med	High	High	High	85% Med	85% High	Low	-
Rev Valve	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On	-	-
Loop Pumps	On	On	On	Off	On	On	-	On
DHW Pump	On	On	Off	Off	On	On	-	-
Aux Heater	Off	Off	Staged	Staged	Off	Off	-	-
Secondary 1- Out	On	On	On	Off	On	On	-	-
Secondary 2- Out	Off	On	On	Off	Off	On	-	-
Emerg LED	Off	Off	Off	On	Off	Off	-	-
T-Stat Signal	Y1	Y1, Y2	Y1, Y2, W	W	Y1, O	Y1, Y2, O	G	-

Unit Operating Parameters

Single Speed Models

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Cooling -- No Hot Water Generator					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	022-070 Superheat	022-070 Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB
50	1.5	133 - 148	205 - 225	17 - 26	10 - 14	18 - 22	18 - 22
	3.0	129 - 144	185 - 205	20 - 29	7 - 11	8 - 10	18 - 22
70	1.5	139 - 154	280 - 300	8 - 11	8 - 12	18 - 22	18 - 22
	3.0	137 - 152	250 - 270	9 - 12	7 - 11	8 - 10	18 - 22
90	1.5	143 - 158	360 - 380	8 - 11	9 - 13	18 - 22	16 - 20
	3.0	141 - 156	330 - 350	9 - 12	8 - 12	8 - 10	16 - 20

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Heating -- No Hot Water Generator							
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	022-070 Superheat	022-040 Subcooling	048 Subcooling	060-070 Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
30	1.5	73 - 79	279 - 304	7 - 13	2 - 6	11 - 15	4 - 8	7 - 10	18 - 24
	3.0	79 - 85	285 - 310	8 - 14	2 - 6	11 - 15	4 - 8	3 - 6	20 - 26
50	1.5	103 - 109	308 - 333	8 - 12	4 - 8	13 - 17	6 - 10	8 - 11	20 - 26
	3.0	110 - 116	315 - 340	9 - 13	4 - 8	13 - 17	6 - 10	4 - 7	22 - 28
70	1.5	140 - 146	330 - 365	10 - 14	7 - 11	14 - 18	9 - 13	11 - 14	26 - 32
	3.0	146 - 153	340 - 375	10 - 14	7 - 11	14 - 18	9 - 13	7 - 10	28 - 34

Note: Cooling performance based on entering air temperatures of 80° F DB, 67° F WB.

Heating performance based on entering air temperature of 70° F DB.

Unit Operating Parameters cont.

Dual Capacity Models

First Stage Operation

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Cooling -- No Hot Water Generator					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB
50	1.5	125-140	205-225	12-20	8-14	17-21	17-23
	3.0	120-135	190-210	12-20	8-14	8-12	17-23
70	1.5	135-145	280-290	10-16	8-14	16-20	17-23
	3.0	133-143	250-260	10-16	8-14	9-13	17-23
90	1.5	142-152	345-355	8-12	8-14	14-20	17-23
	3.0	140-150	330-340	8-12	8-14	8-12	17-23

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Heating -- No Hot Water Generator					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
30	1.5	76-84	280-295	8-12	3-10	5-9	12-16
	3.0	80-88	285-300	8-12	3-10	3-7	14-18
50	1.5	100-115	310-330	10-14	3-10	7-11	18-22
	3.0	105-120	315-335	10-14	3-10	5-9	20-24
70	1.5	135-150	325-350	12-16	3-10	8-12	24-28
	3.0	140-155	330-355	12-16	3-10	6-10	22-30

Second Stage Operation

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Cooling -- No Hot Water Generator					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB
50	1.5	130-140	215-235	12-20	8-14	16-22	17-23
	3.0	128-138	190-210	12-20	8-14	8-12	17-23
70	1.5	138-148	280-310	10-16	10-16	15-21	17-23
	3.0	136-146	250-280	10-16	8-14	7-13	17-23
90	1.5	145-155	350-380	9-14	10-16	14-20	17-23
	3.0	143-153	320-350	9-14	8-14	6-10	17-23

Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Heating -- No Hot Water Generator					
		Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
30	1.5	73-85	270-305	8-14	3-10	6-10	15-21
	3.0	77-90	280-315	8-14	3-10	4-8	17-23
50	1.5	97-110	290-325	10-16	3-10	9-13	22-28
	3.0	102-115	300-335	10-16	3-10	7-11	24-30
70	1.5	130-145	320-355	13-19	3-10	10-14	30-36
	3.0	135-150	325-360	13-19	3-10	8-12	32-38

Note: Cooling performance based on entering air temperatures of 80° F DB, 67° F WB.

Heating performance based on entering air temperature of 70° F DB.

Pressure Drop

Single Speed Models

Model	GPM	Pressure Drop (psi)				
		30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	110°F
022	3.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7
	4.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
	6.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.2
	8.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.6
030	4.0	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1
	6.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3
	8.0	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.9
	10.0	7.7	7.2	6.8	6.3	5.8
036	5.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
	7.0	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6
	9.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6
	12.0	6.3	5.9	5.5	5.1	4.8
042	5.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
	8.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7
	11.0	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.3
	14.0	7.6	6.7	6.3	5.8	5.4
048	6.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
	9.0	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7
	12.0	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.0
	16.0	6.7	6.3	5.9	5.5	5.1
060	9.0	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.8
	12.0	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.9
	15.0	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.3
	20.0	9.5	8.9	8.3	7.8	7.2
070	12.0	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2
	15.0	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.3
	18.0	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.4
	24.0	9.7	9.1	8.5	7.9	7.3

Dual Capacity Models

Model	GPM	Pressure Drop (psi)				
		30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	110°F
026 full load	4.0	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0
	6.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1
	8.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5
	10.0	7.0	6.6	6.2	5.8	5.3
026 part load	3.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
	5.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5
	7.0	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8
	9.0	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.4
038 full load	5.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
	7.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7
	9.0	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6
	11.0	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.0	3.7
038 part load	4.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
	6.0	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
	8.0	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.1
	10.0	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.2
049 full load	6.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
	9.0	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.8
	12.0	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.9
	15.0	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.3
049 part load	5.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7
	8.0	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5
	11.0	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.5
	14.0	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8
064 full load	8.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3
	12.0	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8
	16.0	6.5	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.8
	20.0	9.7	9.1	8.5	8.0	7.4
064 part load	6.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
	10.0	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0
	14.0	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8
	18.0	8.1	7.6	7.1	6.6	6.1
072 full load	12.0	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4
	15.0	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.4
	18.0	6.0	5.7	5.3	4.9	4.6
	21.0	7.8	7.3	6.8	6.4	5.9
072 part load	10.0	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7
	13.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6
	16.0	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	3.7
	19.0	6.5	6.2	5.8	5.4	5.0

Troubleshooting

Standard Microprocessor Controls

To check the unit control board for proper operation:

1. Disconnect thermostat wires at the control board.
2. Jumper the desired test input (Y1, Y2, W, O or G) to the R terminal to simulate a thermostat signal.
3. If control functions properly:
 - Check for thermostat and field control wiring (use the diagnostic inputs mode).
4. If control responds improperly:
 - Ensure that component being controlled is functioning (compressor, blower, reversing valve, etc.).
 - Ensure that wiring from control to the component is functioning (refer to the LED Definition table below and use the diagnostic outputs mode).
 - If steps above check properly, replace unit control.

LED Definitions and Diagnostics

Standard Microprocessor

LED	NORMAL DISPLAY MODE		DIAGNOSTIC MODES							
			CURRENT FAULT STATUS		INPUTS		OUTPUTS 1		OUTPUTS 2	
	Field Selection DIPS									
	SW2-	1 On	SW2-	1 Off	SW2-	1 NA	SW2-	1 NA	SW2-	1 NA
	SW2-	6 On	SW2-	6 On	SW2-	6 Off	SW2-	6 On	SW2-	6 Off
	SW2-	7 On	SW2-	7 On	SW2-	7 On	SW2-	7 Off	SW2-	7 Off
Drain	Drain Pan Overflow Lockout		Drain Pan Overflow		Y1		Compressor (On or Low)		Blower Low	
Water Flow	Freeze Detection (Loop <15°F, Well<30°F) Lockout		Freeze Detection (Loop <15°F, Well<30°F)		Y2		Compressor (On or High)		Blower Medium	
High Pressure	High Pressure >600 PSI Lockout		High Pressure >600		O		Reversing Valve		Blower High	
Low Pressure/Compressor	Low Pressure <40 PSI Lockout or Comfort Alert		Low Pressure <40 or Comfort Alert		G		Fan		Aux Heat 1	
Airflow	ECM2 RPM <100 RPM		ECM2 RPM <100 RPM		W		DHW Pump		Aux Heat 2	
Status	Microprocessor Malfunction		Not Used		SL1		Loop Pump(s)		Aux Heat 3	
DHW Limit	HWL Thermistor >130°		HWL Thermistor >130°F		Not Used		-		Aux Heat 4	
DHW Off	DHW Pump Switch Off		DHW Pump Switch Off		-		-		-	

Refrigerant Systems

To maintain sealed circuit integrity, do not install service gauges unless unit operation appears abnormal. Compare the change in temperature on the air side as well as the water side to the Unit Operating Parameters tables. If the unit's performance is not within the ranges listed, and the airflow and water flow are known to be correct, gauges should then be installed and superheat and subcooling numbers calculated. If superheat and subcooling are outside recommended ranges, an adjustment to the refrigerant charge may be necessary.

NOTE: Refrigerant tests must be made with hot water generator turned "OFF". Verify that air and water flow rates are at proper levels before servicing the refrigerant circuit.

Preventive Maintenance

Water Coil Maintenance

1. Keep all air out of the water. An open loop system should be checked to ensure that the well head is not allowing air to infiltrate the water line. Lines should always be airtight.
2. Keep the system under pressure at all times. It is recommended in open loop systems that the water control valve be placed in the discharge line to prevent loss of pressure during off cycles. Closed loop systems must have positive static pressure.

NOTE: On open loop systems, if the installation is in an area with a known high mineral content (125 PPM or greater) in the water, it is best to establish with the owner a periodic maintenance schedule so the coil can be checked regularly. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures which are compatible with either the cupronickel or copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit the less chance for scaling.

Other Maintenance

Filters

Filters must be clean to obtain maximum performance. They should be inspected monthly under normal operating conditions and be replaced when necessary. Units should never be operated without a filter.

Condensate Drain

In areas where airborne bacteria produce a slime in the drain pan, it may be necessary to treat chemically to minimize the problem. The condensate drain can pick up lint and dirt, especially with dirty filters. Inspect twice a year to avoid the possibility of overflow.

Blower Motors

ECM blower motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings and require no periodic oiling. PSC blower motors should only be lubricated if dry operation is suspected.

Hot Water Generator Coil

See Water Coil Maintenance section above.

Air Coil

The air coil must be cleaned to obtain maximum performance. Check once a year under normal operating conditions and, if dirty, brush or vacuum (with a brush attachment) clean. Care must be taken not to damage the aluminum fins while cleaning.



CAUTION: Fin edges are sharp.

Replacement Procedures

Obtaining Parts

When ordering service or replacement parts, refer to the model number and serial number of the unit as stamped on the serial plate attached to the unit. If replacement parts are required, mention the date of installation of the unit and the date of failure, along with an explanation of the malfunctions and a description of the replacement parts required.

In-Warranty Material Return

Material may not be returned except by permission of authorized warranty personnel. Contact your local distributor for warranty return authorization and assistance.



Manufactured by
WaterFurnace International, Inc.
9000 Conservation Way
Fort Wayne, IN 46809
www.waterfurnace.com

Product:	Envision Residential
Type:	Geothermal/Water Source Heat Pumps
Size:	2-6 Ton Single Speed 2-6 Ton Dual Capacity
Document:	Installation Manual

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